## Sensitivity Analysis - Sobol

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This environmental model was completed as an assignment for the course, Environmental Data Science 230 | Environmental Science & Management: Modeling Environmental Systems. The goal of this assignment was to code a function to compute forest growth and conduct a sobol sensitivity analysis that explores how the estimated maximum and mean forest size varies. This assignment focuses on developing skills to create a model of forest growth and conduct a sobol sensitivity analysis.

#### Parameters

- K = carrying capacity (C)
- r = pre-canopy closure rate
- g = post-canopy closure rate

### **Load Libraries**

```
library(here)
library(tidyverse)
library(kableExtra)
library(deSolve)
library(sensitivity)
library(purrr)
```

## 1. Implement a forest growth rate model

Forest size is measured in units of carbon (C)

```
# source the function
source(here("R","forestgrowthrate.R"))
dgrowthrate
```

# 2. Run the model for 300 years (with ODE solver) and plot the result

### Parameters for model

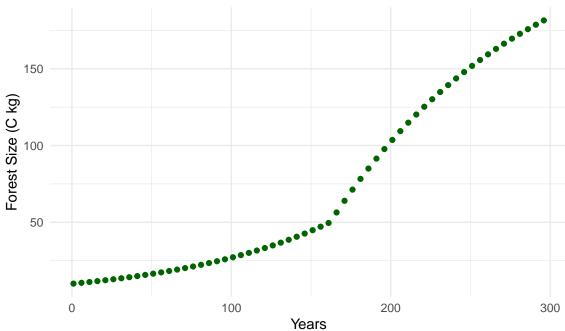
model01\_plot

• threshold = 50 kgC (canopy closure threshold)

```
• K = 250 \text{ kg C (carrying capacity)}
   • r = 0.01 (exponential growth rate before before canopy closure)
   • g = 2 \text{ kg/year} (linear growth rate after canopy closure)
# create parameter list and specify the initial size and years to run the model
# set parameters
K = 250
r = 0.01
g = 2
threshold = 50
initialsize <- 10
years <- seq(from = 1, to = 300, by = 5)
parms <- list(K = K, r = r, g = g, threshold = threshold)
#apply solver
results <- ode(initialsize, years, dgrowthrate, parms)
# convert results to data frame
results <- as.data.frame(results)</pre>
# view sample of df
head(results)
##
    time
## 1 1 10.00000
## 2
       6 10.51272
      11 11.05171
## 4 16 11.61834
## 5 21 12.21403
     26 12.84026
## 6
#add meaningful names to columns of results
colnames(results) = c("year", "C")
# plot results
model01_plot <- results %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = year, y = C)) +
  geom_point(color = "darkgreen") +
  labs(x = "Years", y = "Forest Size (C kg)",
       title = "Forest Growth Rate - 300 Years",
       subtitle = "K = 250kg C, r = 0.01, g = 2 kg/yr, Canopy closure threshold = 50 kgC") +
  theme_minimal()
```

## Forest Growth Rate - 300 Years

K = 250kg C, r = 0.01, g = 2 kg/yr, Canopy closure threshold = 50 kgC



3.A. Run a sobol sensitivity analysis that explores how the estimated maximum and mean forest size (e.g maximum and mean values of C over the 300 years) varies with the pre canopy closure growth rate (r) and post-canopy closure growth rate (g) and canopy closure threshold and carrying capacity(K)

Assume that parameters are all normally distributed with means as given above and standard deviation of 10% of mean value

```
# set the number of parameters
np = 200

K = rnorm(mean = K, sd = K*0.01, n = np)
r = rnorm(mean = r, sd = r*0.01, n = np)
g = rnorm(mean = g, sd = g*0.01, n = np)
threshold = rnorm(mean = threshold, sd = threshold*0.01, n = np)

X1 = cbind.data.frame(r = r, K = K, g = g, threshold = threshold)

# repeat to calculate second set of samples
np = 200

K = rnorm(mean = K, sd = K*0.01, n = np)
r = rnorm(mean = r, sd = r*0.01, n = np)
g = rnorm(mean = g, sd = g*0.01, n = np)
threshold = rnorm(mean = threshold, sd = threshold*0.01, n = np)
X2 = cbind.data.frame(r = r, K = K, g = g, threshold = threshold)
```

```
# create sobol object and get parameters
sens_forest <- sobol(model = NULL, X1, X2, nboot = 300)</pre>
colnames(sens_forest$X) <- c("r", "K", "g", "threshold")</pre>
parameters <- list(r = sens_forest$X[1,1],</pre>
                  K = sens_forest$X[1,2],
                  g = sens_forest$X[1,3],
                  threshold = sens_forest$X[1,4])
forest_sensitivity <- ode(func = dgrowthrate, y = initialsize, times = years, parms = parameters)
forest_sens_df <- as.data.frame(forest_sensitivity)</pre>
colnames(forest_sens_df) = c("time", "C")
# $$$$$$$$
# turn computing our metrics into a function
# compute_metrics = function(result) {
\# maxpop = max(result\$P)
\# idx = which.max(result\$P)
# maxyear = result$time[idx]
# return(list(maxpop=maxpop, maxyear=maxyear))}
# # try it on our first parameter set
# compute_metrics(result)
# or
# https://naomitaque.github.io/ESM232_course/lectures/lecture12_growth.html#(5)
# use a wrapper function to just return the carbon trajectories
# p_wrapper = function(r,harv, K, Pinitial, simtimes, func) {
     parms = list(r=r, K=K, harv=harv)
     result = ode(y=Pinitial, times=simtimes, func=func, parms=parms)
    result=as.data.frame(result)
#
  colnames(result)=c("time", "C")
# # get metrics
  metrics=compute_metrics(result$C)
  return(metrics)
# }
```

- 3.B. Graph the results of the sensitivity analysis as a box plot of maximum forest size and a plot of the two Sobol indices (S and T).
- 3.C. Discuss what the results of your simulation might mean for climate change impacts on forest growth