Assignment 8

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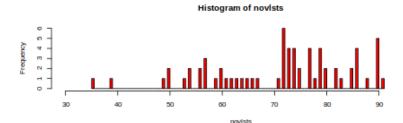
November 17, 2017

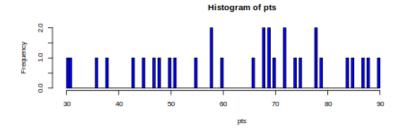
Problem 1

```
a)
d <- read.csv("http://www.stat.yale.edu/~jtc5/238/data/cost-of-the-muse.csv")
ages <- d$Age
novlsts <- ages[d$Type == "Novels"]
pts <- ages[d$Type == "Poems"]
nfcts <- ages[d$Type == "Nonfiction"]

par(mfrow = c(3,1))
rg <- range(ages)

hist(novlsts, 100, xlim = rg, col="red")
hist(pts, 100, xlim = rg, col="blue")
hist(nfcts, 100, xlim = rg, col="green")</pre>
```





Histogram of nfcts 40 50 60 70 80 90

```
b)
lik <- function(th){
  mu1 <- th[1]; mu2 <- th[2]; mu3 <- th[3]
  s1 <- th[4]; s2 <- th[5]; s3 <- th[6]
  return(
    prod(dnorm(novlsts, mean=mu1, sd = s1)) *
    prod(dnorm(pts, mean=mu2, sd = s2)) *
    prod(dnorm(nfcts, mean=mu3, sd = s3))
)
}
prior <- function(th){
  mu1 <- th[1]; mu2 <- th[2]; mu3 <- th[3]
  s1 <- th[4]; s2 <- th[5]; s3 <- th[6]
  return(prod(dunif(th, 0, 100)))</pre>
```

```
}
post <- function(th){</pre>
  s1 <- th[4]; s2 <- th[5]; s3 <- th[6]
  if((s1 < 0) | (s2 < 0) | (s3 < 0))return(0)
  return(prior(th) * lik(th))
}
MCMC <- function(reps, th){</pre>
  path <- matrix(0, nrow=reps, ncol=6)</pre>
  path[1, ] <- th
  for(i in 2:reps)
    candidate <- th + rnorm(6)</pre>
    ratio <- post(candidate)/post(th)</pre>
    if(runif(1) < ratio) th <- candidate</pre>
    path[i, ] <- th</pre>
  return(path)
reps <- 10000
strt <- c(65, 65, 65, 20, 20, 20)
results <- MCMC(10000, strt)
mu1 <- results[, 1]</pre>
mu2 <- results[, 2]</pre>
mu3 <- results[, 3]</pre>
sd1 <- results[, 4]</pre>
sd2 <- results[, 5]</pre>
sd3 <- results[, 6]</pre>
qts <- c(0.025, 0.5, 0.975)
```

0.025 0.5 0.975

Novelist μ credible intervals (0.025, 0.5, 0.97, respectively) quantile(mu1, qts)

68.279693490428 71.4616761425772 74.8208908432986

Novelist SD credible intervals (0.025, 0.5, 0.97, respectively) quantile(sd1, qts)

11.3638852594947 13.2705816035933 15.8373466476875

Poets μ credible intervals (0.025, 0.5, 0.97, respectively) quantile(mu2, qts)

57.1944221434365 63.2242358562457 69.0383701320644

Novelist SD credible intervals (0.025, 0.5, 0.97, respectively) quantile(sd2, qts)

14.025471795276 17.9889332578746 24.1268678417386

Nonfiction writers μ credible intervals (0.025, 0.5, 0.97, respectively) quantile(mu3, qts)

70.8826163141118 76.6621468998993 82.2454072795531

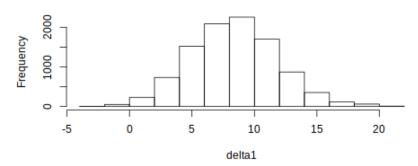
Nonfiction writers SD credible intervals (0.025, 0.5, 0.97, respectively) quantile(sd3, qts)

11.2462241539382 14.8611998181229 20.5064952415497

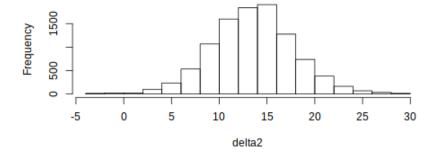
```
c)
df <- (as.data.frame(results))
names(df) <- c("mu1", "mu2", "mu3", "sd1", "sd2", "sd3")
# novelist - poets
delta1 <- df$mu1 - df$mu2
# nonfiction writers - poets
delta2 <- df$mu3 - df$mu2

par(mfrow = c(2,1))
hist(delta1)
hist(delta2)</pre>
```

Histogram of delta1



Histogram of delta2



Novelist - poets credible intervals (0.025, 0.975)

```
quantile(delta1, c(0.025,0.975))
                          1.82649328592878
                          15.4865634533126\\
   Nonfiction writers - poets credible intervals (0.025, 0.975)
quantile(delta2, c(0.025,0.975))
                         5.03124181787953
                         22.2888167376865
\mathbf{d}
delta3 <- delta2 - delta1
mean(delta3 > 0)
0.9403
Problem 2
library('rjags')
mymodel <- "
  model {
    for(i in 1:length(novlsts)){
      novlsts[i] ~ dnorm(mu1 , tau1)
    for(i in 1:length(pts)){
      pts[i] ~ dnorm(mu2 , tau2)
    for(i in 1:length(nfcts)){
      nfcts[i] ~ dnorm(mu3 , tau3)
  mu1 ~ dunif(0, 100)
  mu2 ~ dunif(0, 100)
  mu3 ~ dunif(0, 100)
  sig1 ~ dunif(0, 100)
  sig2 ~ dunif(0, 100)
  sig3 ~ dunif(0, 100)
  tau1 <- 1/(sig1 ^2)
  tau2 <- 1/(sig2 ^2)
```

```
tau3 <- 1/(sig3 ^2)
}
jm <- jags.model (file = textConnection ( mymodel ),</pre>
                    data=list(novlsts=novlsts ,
                               pts=pts,
                               nfcts=nfcts),
                    inits=list(mu1 =65, sig1 =20,
                                mu2 = 65, sig2 = 20,
                                mu3 =65, sig3 =20))
cs <- coda.samples (jm , c('mu1', 'sig1', 'mu2', 'sig2', 'mu3', 'sig3'), 100000)
s <- as.data.frame (cs [[1]])
qts <- c(0.025, 0.5, 0.975)
quantile(s$mu1, qts)
                       0.025 \quad 68.2467778031878
                         0.5 \quad 71.4358081522129
                       0.975 \quad 74.6465196684498
qts <- c(0.025, 0.5, 0.975)
quantile(s$sig1, qts)
                       0.025 \quad 11.2466288801889
                         0.5 \quad 13.2170804017298
                       0.975 \quad 15.8769467329275
qts <- c(0.025, 0.5, 0.975)
quantile(s$mu2, qts)
                       0.025 \quad 56.8408695246123
                         0.5 63.1785840942802
                       0.975 \quad 69.5388634163273
qts <- c(0.025, 0.5, 0.975)
quantile(s$sig2, qts)
                       0.025
                              14.032656853907
                         0.5 \quad 17.7715410431306
                       0.975 \quad 23.4585322202547
qts <- c(0.025, 0.5, 0.975)
quantile(s$mu3, qts)
```

```
0.025 70.8154910038315

0.5 76.8770028433609

0.975 82.9686162380408

qts <- c(0.025, 0.5, 0.975)

quantile(s$sig3, qts)

0.025 11.1451597067461

0.5 14.6521626614445

0.975 20.4100336403886

dt1 <- s$mu1 - s$mu2

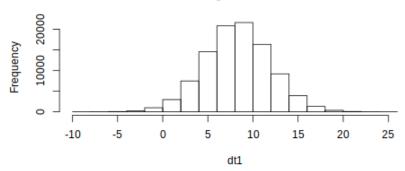
dt2 <- s$mu3 - s$mu2

par(mfrow = c(2,1))

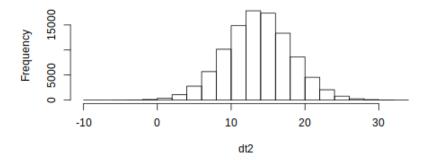
hist(dt1)

hist(dt2)
```

Histogram of dt1



Histogram of dt2



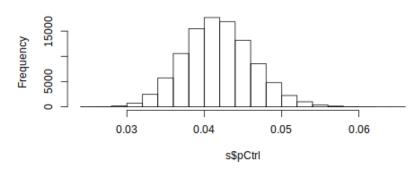
```
dt3 <- dt2 - dt1
mean(dt3 > 0)
0.93957
```

Problem 3

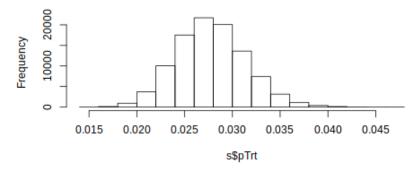
a)

```
xTrt <- 56
xCtrl <- 84
modelHeart <- "
model{
    xTrt ~ dbin(pTrt, 2051)
    xCtrl ~ dbin(pCtrl, 2030)</pre>
```

Histogram of s\$pCtrl



Histogram of s\$pTrt



```
b)
qt <- c(0.025, 0.975 )
quantile(s$pCtrl, qt)</pre>
```

 $0.025 \quad 0.0335144495945179 \\ 0.975 \quad 0.0508070951553886$

quantile(s\$pTrt, qt)

 $\begin{array}{ccc} 0.025 & 0.0211767269637845 \\ 0.975 & 0.0353057663606585 \end{array}$

```
P(\theta_{trt}) = P(\theta_{ctrl}) = U(0,1) = Beta(1,1)
L(\theta_{trt}) = Beta(56, 1995), L(\theta_{ctrl}) = Beta(84, 1946)
Thus the post. dist. for \theta_{trt} is: B(56+1,1995+1) and the post dist for \theta_{ctrl}
is: Beta(84+1, 1946+1)
Credible intervals for \theta_{\rm trt}
i1 <- qbeta(.025, 57, 1996)
i2 <- qbeta(.975, 57, 1996)
sprintf("The credible interval is [%s, %s]", i1, i2)
The credible interval is [0.021105000440969, 0.0352939682359724]
   Credible intervals for \theta_{\rm ctrl}
i1 <- qbeta(.025, 85, 1947)
i2 <- qbeta(.975, 85, 1947)
sprintf("The credible interval is [%s, %s]", i1, i2)
The credible interval is [0.0335636928570328, 0.0509513571991438]
```

7.90152955146893

52.4127972295888

0.025

0.975

4)

a)

b)

c)

sTrt <- rbeta(10000, 57, 1996) sCtrl <- rbeta(10000, 85, 1947)

quantile(reduc, c(0.025, 0.975))

reduc <- (100* (sCtrl - sTrt))/sCtrl</pre>

8.6158405610662852.7245199349204