

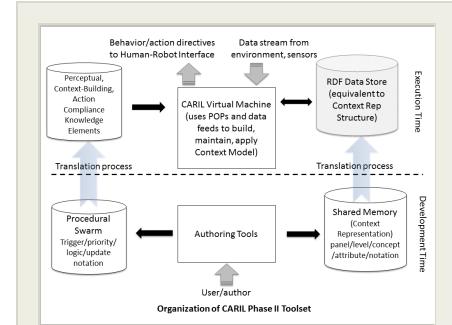


Project Introduction

CHI Systems and the Institute for Human Machine Cognition have teamed to create a human-robot interaction system that leverages cognitive representations of shared context as a basis for a fundamentally new approach to human-robotic interaction. This approach centers on a framework for representing context, and for using context to enable robot adaptive decision-making and behavior. The framework is called CARIL (the Context-Augmented Robotic Interaction Layer). Context is an important part of human-human interaction. Unfortunately, context is often overlooked when designing robotic systems. The challenge is to translate high-level concepts, such as teamwork and collaboration, into specific requirements that can be implemented within control algorithms, interface elements, and behaviors. During Phase I, CHI Systems developed a proof-of-concept CARIL implementation and applied it to a notional simulated robot in a simple station model. This simulation demonstrated CARIL's feasibility by demonstrating how it gave the simulated robot a capability to reason about its context to avoid spatial interference with astronaut activities and tasks.

Anticipated Benefits

Potential NASA Commercial Applications: CARIL allows a robot to have "action compliance" – an ability to adapt its behavior to that of human astronauts around it, by using a human-like model of context. Action Compliance, the behavioral analog of physical-interaction force compliance concept, is an enabling capability. Its post-applications are to the Robonaut-2 program at Johnson Space Center, the Free-flying robot (SPHERES) program at Ames Research Center, and as an embeddable, enabling technology, to all future robotic or robotic programs or future missions requiring robots or robotic vehicles.



Context-Augmented Robotic Interaction Layer (CARIL) Phase II, Phase II

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Organizational Responsibility

Responsible Mission Directorate:

Space Technology Mission
Directorate (STMD)

Lead Center / Facility:

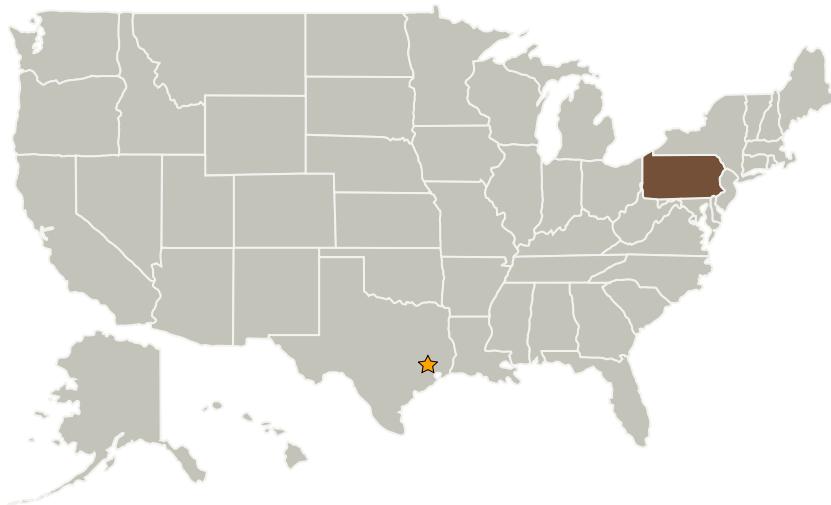
Johnson Space Center (JSC)

Responsible Program:

SBIR/STTR



Primary U.S. Work Locations and Key Partners



Organizations Performing Work	Role	Type	Location
Johnson Space Center (JSC)	Lead Organization	NASA Center	Houston, TX
CHI Systems, Inc.	Supporting Organization	Industry	Plymouth Meeting, PA

Primary U.S. Work Locations

Pennsylvania

Images

Briefing Chart

Context-Augmented Robotic Interaction Layer (CARIL) Phase II
Briefing Chart

Project Management

Program Director:

Therese Griebel

Program Manager:

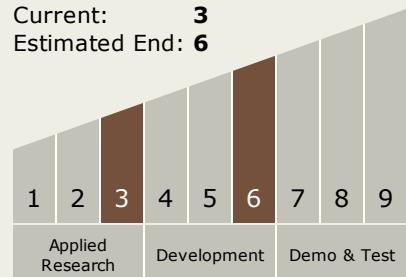
Carlos Torrez

Principal Investigators:

Wayne W Zachary
Taylor W Carpenter

Technology Maturity (TRL)

Start: **3**
Current: **3**
Estimated End: **6**



Technology Areas

Primary:

- Human Health, Life Support, and Habitation Systems (TA 6)
 - Human Health and Performance (TA 6.3)
 - Human Factors (TA 6.3.4)

Other/Cross-cutting:

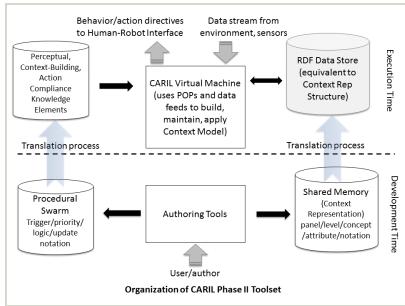
- Robotics and Autonomous Systems (TA 4)

Continued on following page.

Context-Augmented Robotic Interaction Layer (CARIL), Phase II



Completed Technology Project (2015 - 2017)

**Briefing Chart Image**

Context-Augmented Robotic
Interaction Layer (CARIL) Phase
II, Phase II

Technology Areas (cont.)

- └ Human-System Interaction (TA 4.4)
 - └ Distributed Collaboration and Coordination (TA 4.4.5)