

# Descongelen a Victor Moreno

## Contents

1	Estructuras de Datos	1
1.1	Unordered Map . . . . .	1
1.2	Segment tree Recursivo . . . . .	1
1.3	Segment Tree Iterativo . . . . .	2
1.4	Segment Tree Lazy Recursivo . . . . .	3
1.5	Segment Tree Lazy Iterativo . . . . .	3
1.6	Rope . . . . .	4
1.7	Ordered Set . . . . .	5
1.8	Union Find . . . . .	5
2	Varios	5
2.1	Template . . . . .	5
2.2	String a vector<int> . . . . .	5
2.3	Generar permutaciones . . . . .	6

## 1 Estructuras de Datos

### 1.1 Unordered Map

```
1 #include <ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
2 using namespace __gnu_pbds;
3
4 struct custom_hash {
5     static uint64_t splitmix64(uint64_t x) {
6         // http://xorshift.di.unimi.it/splitmix64.c
7         x += 0x9e3779b97f4a7c15;
8         x = (x ^ (x >> 30)) * 0xbf58476d1ce4e5b9;
9         x = (x ^ (x >> 27)) * 0x94d049bb133111eb;
10        return x ^ (x >> 31);
11    }
12
13    size_t operator()(uint64_t x) const {
14        static const uint64_t FIXED_RANDOM = chrono::steady_clock::now().
15            time_since_epoch().count();
16        return splitmix64(x + FIXED_RANDOM);
17    }
18 };
19 gp_hash_table<int, int, custom_hash> m1;
20
21 //Funcion count
22 m1.find(x)!=m1.end()
```

### 1.2 Segment tree Recursivo

```
1 %%
2 %% This is file `.tex',
3 %% generated with the docstrip utility.
4 %%
5 %% The original source files were:
6 %%
7 %% fileerr.dtx (with options: `return')
8 %%
9 %% This is a generated file.
10 %%
11 %% The source is maintained by the LaTeX Project team and bug
12 %% reports for it can be opened at https://latex-project.org/bugs/
13 %% (but please observe conditions on bug reports sent to that address!)
```

```

14 %%
15 %%
16 %% Copyright (C) 1993-2021
17 %% The LaTeX Project and any individual authors listed elsewhere
18 %% in this file.
19 %%
20 %% This file was generated from file(s) of the Standard LaTeX `Tools Bundle
21 %%
22 %%
23 %% -----
24 %%
25 %% It may be distributed and/or modified under the
26 %% conditions of the LaTeX Project Public License, either version 1.3c
27 %% of this license or (at your option) any later version.
28 %% The latest version of this license is in
29 %% https://www.latex-project.org/lppl.txt
30 %% and version 1.3c or later is part of all distributions of LaTeX
31 %% version 2005/12/01 or later.
32 %%
33 %% This file may only be distributed together with a copy of the LaTeX
34 %% `Tools Bundle'. You may however distribute the LaTeX `Tools Bundle'
35 %% without such generated files.
36 %%
37 %% The list of all files belonging to the LaTeX `Tools Bundle' is
38 %% given in the file `manifest.txt'.
39 %%
40 \message{File ignored}
41 \endinput
42 %%
43 %% End of file `.tex'.

```

### 1.3 Segment Tree Iterativo

```

1 //Para procesar queries de tipo k-esimo es necesario crear un arbol binario
2 //perfecto (llenar con 0's)
3 template<typename T>
4 struct SegmentTree{
5     int N;
6     vector<T> ST;
7
8     //Creacion a partir de un arreglo 0(n)
9     SegmentTree(int N, vector<T> & arr): N(N){

```

```

9     ST.resize(N << 1);
10     for(int i = 0; i < N; ++i)
11         ST[N + i] = arr[i]; //Dato normal
12     ST[N + i] = creaNodo(); //Dato compuesto
13     for(int i = N - 1; i > 0; --i)
14         ST[i] = ST[i << 1] + ST[i << 1 | 1]; //Dato normal
15         ST[i] = merge(ST[i << 1], ST[i << 1 | 1]); //Dato compuesto
16     }
17
18     //Actualizacion de un elemento en la posicion i
19     void update(int i, T value){
20         ST[i += N] = value; //Dato normal
21         ST[i += N] = creaNodo(); //Dato compuesto
22         while(i >>= 1)
23             ST[i] = ST[i << 1] + ST[i << 1 | 1]; //Dato normal
24             ST[i] = merge(ST[i << 1], ST[i << 1 | 1]); //Dato compuesto
25         }
26
27     //query en [l, r]
28     T query(int l, int r){
29         T res = 0; //Dato normal
30         nodo resl = creaNodo(), resr = creaNodo(); //Dato compuesto
31         for(l += N, r += N; l <= r; l >>= 1, r >>= 1){
32             if(l & 1) res += ST[l++]; //Dato normal
33             if(!(r & 1)) res += ST[r--]; //Dato normal
34
35             if(l & 1) resl = merge(resl, ST[l++]); //Dato compuesto
36             if(!(r & 1)) resr = merge(ST[r--], resr); //Dato compuesto
37         }
38         return res; //Dato normal
39         return merge(resl, resr); //Dato compuesto
40     }
41
42     //Para estas queries es necesario que el st tenga el tam de la siguiente
43     //potencia de 2
44     //ll nT = 1;
45     // while(nT<n) nT<<=1;
46     //vector<int> a(nT,0);
47
48     //Encontrar k-esimo 1 en un st de 1's
49     int Kth_One(int k) {
50         int i = 0, s = N >> 1;
51         for(int p = 2; p < 2 * N; p <<= 1, s >>= 1) {

```

```

51     if(k < ST[p]) continue;
52     k -= ST[p++]; i += s;
53 }
54 return i;
55 }
56
57 //i del primer elemento >= k en todo el arr
58 int atLeastX(int k){
59     int i = 0, s = N >> 1;
60     for(int p = 2; p < 2 * N; p <= 1, s >= 1) {
61         if(ST[p] < k) p++, i += s;
62     }
63     if(ST[N + i] < k) i = -1;
64     return i;
65 }
66
67 //i del primer elemento >= k en [l,fin]
68 //Uso atLeastX(k,l,1,nT)
69 int atLeastX(int x, int l, int p, int s) {
70     if(ST[p] < x or s <= 1) return -1;
71     if((p < 1) >= 2 * N)
72         return (ST[p] >= x) - 1;
73     int i = atLeastX(x, l, p < 1, s >> 1);
74     if(i != -1) return i;
75     i = atLeastX(x, l - (s >> 1), p < 1 | 1, s >> 1);
76     if(i == -1) return -1;
77     return (s >> 1) + i;
78 }
79 };

```

## 1.4 Segment Tree Lazy Recursivo

```

1 %%
2 %% This is file `tex',
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5 %% The original source files were:
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7 %% fileerr.dtx (with options: `return')
8 %%
9 %% This is a generated file.
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```

```

12 %% reports for it can be opened at https://latex-project.org/bugs/
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34 %% without such generated files.
35 %%
36 %% The list of all files belonging to the LaTeX `Tools Bundle' is
37 %% given in the file `manifest.txt'.
38 %%
39 \message{File ignored}
40 \endinput
41 %% End of file `tex'.

```

## 1.5 Segment Tree Lazy Iterativo

```

1 //Lazy propagation con incremento de u en rango y minimo
2 //Hay varias modificaciones necesarias para suma en ambos
3 template<typename T>
4 struct SegmentTreeLazy{
5     int N,h;
6     vector<T> ST, d;
7

```

```

8 //Creacion a partir de un arreglo
9 SegmentTreeLazy(int n, vector<T> &a): N(n){
10     //En caso de inicializar en cero o algo similar, revisar que la
        construccion tenga su respectivo neutro mult y 1
11     ST.resize(N << 1);
12     d.resize(N);
13     h = 64 - __builtin_clzll(n);
14
15     for(int i = 0; i < N; ++i)
16         ST[N + i] = a[i];
17     //Construir el st sobre la query que se necesita
18     for(int i = N - 1; i > 0; --i)
19         ST[i] = min(ST[i << 1] , ST[i << 1 | 1]);
20 }
21
22 //Modificar de acuerdo al tipo modificacion requerida, +,*,|,^,etc
23 void apply(int p, T value) {
24     ST[p] += value;
25     if(p<N) d[p] += value;
26 }
27
28 // Modifica valores de los padres de p
29 //Modificar de acuerdo al tipo modificacion requerida, +,*,|,^,etc y a la
        respectiva query
30 void build(int p){
31     while(p>1){
32         p >>= 1;
33         ST[p] = min(ST[p << 1], ST[p << 1 | 1]) + d[p];
34         //ST[p] = (ST[p << 1] & ST[p << 1 | 1]) | d[p]; Ejemplos con bitwise
35     }
36 }
37
38 // Propagacion desde la raiz a p
39 void push(int p){
40     for (int s = h; s > 0; --s) {
41         int i = p >> s;
42         if (d[i] != 0) {
43             apply(i << 1, d[i]);
44             apply(i << 1 | 1, d[i]);
45             d[i] = 0; //Tener cuidado si estoy haciendo multiplicaciones
46         }
47     }
48 }

```

```

49
50 // Sumar v a cada elemento en el intervalo [l, r)
51 void increment(int l, int r, T value) {
52     l += N, r += N;
53     int l0 = l, r0 = r;
54     for (; l < r; l >>= 1, r >>= 1) {
55         if(l & 1) apply(l++, value);
56         if(r & 1) apply(--r, value);
57     }
58     build(l0);
59     build(r0 - 1);
60 }
61
62 // min en el intervalo [l, r)
63 T range_min(int l, int r) {
64     l += N, r += N;
65     push(l);
66     push(r - 1);
67     T res = LLONG_MAX;
68     //T res = (1 << 30) - 1;    Requerir operacion and
69     for (; l < r; l >>= 1, r >>= 1) {
70         if(l & 1) res = min(res, ST[l++]);
71         //if(res >= mod) res -= mod;
72         if(r & 1) res = min(res, ST[--r]);
73         //if(res >= mod) res -= mod;
74     }
75     return res;
76 }
77
78 };

```

## 1.6 Rope

```

1 #include <ext/rope>
2 using namespace __gnu_cxx;
3 rope<int> s;
4 // Sequence with O(log(n)) random access, insert, erase at any position
5 // s.push_back(x);
6 // s.insert(i,r) // insert rope r at position i
7 // s.erase(i,k) // erase subsequence [i,i+k)
8 // s.substr(i,k) // return new rope corresponding to subsequence [i,i+k)
9 // s[i] // access ith element (cannot modify)
10 // s.mutable_reference_at(i) // acces ith element (allows modification)

```

```
11 // s.begin() and s.end() are const iterators (use mutable_begin(),
    mutable_end() to allow modification)
```

## 1.7 Ordered Set

```
1 #include<ext/pb_ds/assoc_container.hpp>
2 #include<ext/pb_ds/tree_policy.hpp>
3 using namespace __gnu_pbds;
4 typedef tree<int,null_type,less<int>,rb_tree_tag,
    tree_order_statistics_node_update> ordered_set;
5 // find_by_order(i) -> iterator to ith element
6 // order_of_key(k) -> position (int) of lower_bound of k
```

## 1.8 Union Find

```
1 vector<pair<int,int>>ds(MAX,{-1,0});
2 // Solo siu requieres los elementos del union find, utiliza
3 // dsext en caso contrario borrarlo
4 list<int>dsext[MAX];
5 void init(int n){
6     for(int i=0;i<n;i++)dsext[i].push_back(i);
7 }
8 int find(int x){
9     if(-1==ds[x].first) return x;
10    return ds[x].first=find(ds[x].first);
11 }
12 bool unionDs(int x, int y){
13     int px=find(x),py=find(y);
14     int &rx=ds[px].second,&ry=ds[py].second;
15     if(px==py) return false;
16     else{
17         if(rx>ry){
18             ds[py].first=px;
19         }
20         else{
21             ds[px].first=py;
22             if(rx==ry) ry+=1;
23         }
24     }
25     return true;
26 }
```

## 2 Varios

### 2.1 Template

```
1 #include<bits/stdc++.h>
2 using namespace std;
3
4 #define forn(i,n)      for(int i=0; i<n; i++)
5 #define forr(i,a,n)    for(int i=a; i<n; i++)
6 #define fore(i,a,n)    for(int i=a; i<=n; i++)
7 #define each(a,b)      for(auto a: b)
8 #define all(v)          v.begin(),v.end()
9 #define sz(a)           (int)a.size()
10 #define debln(a)        cout << a << "\n"
11 #define deb(a)          cout << a << " "
12 #define pb              push_back
13
14 typedef long long ll;
15 typedef vector<int> vi;
16 typedef pair<int,int> ii;
17
18 void sol(){
19
20 }
21
22 int main(){
23     ios::sync_with_stdio(false);cin.tie(0);
24
25     int t=1;
26     cin>>t;
27     while(t--){
28         sol();
29     }
30
31     return 0;
32 }
```

### 2.2 String a vector<int>

```
1 //Convertir una cadena de numeros separados por " " en vector de enteros
2 //Leer varias de esas queries
3 cin.ignore();
4 while(q--){
```

```
5   string s;  
6   getline(cin, s);  
7   vector<int> qr;  
8   stringstream ss(s);  
9   int num;  
10  while (ss >> num)    qr.push_back(num);  
11 }
```

## 2.3 Generar permutaciones

```
1 //Generar todas las permutaciones de un arreglo  
2 sort(all(a));  
3 do{  
4     //hacer lo que quieras con la perm generada  
5 }while(next_permutation(all(a)));
```