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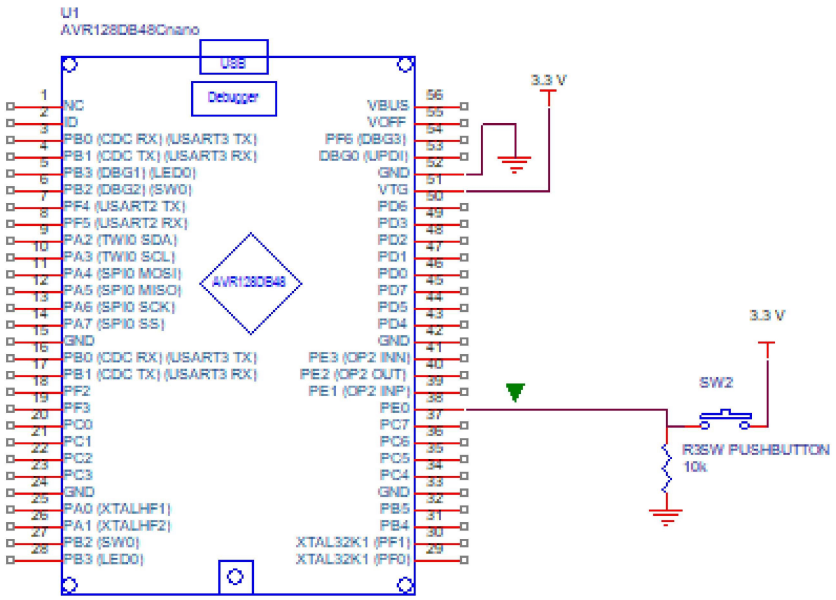
Lab 10
Polling and Interrupts- Using Pin Change Interrupt Flags(INTs)
Section L04
Bench #10



Title: Lab 10- Polling and Interrupts using pin change interrupt flags (INTs)			
Size: A	Document Number: Jake Lin- ESE 280 Fall 2023		Rev: <RevCode>
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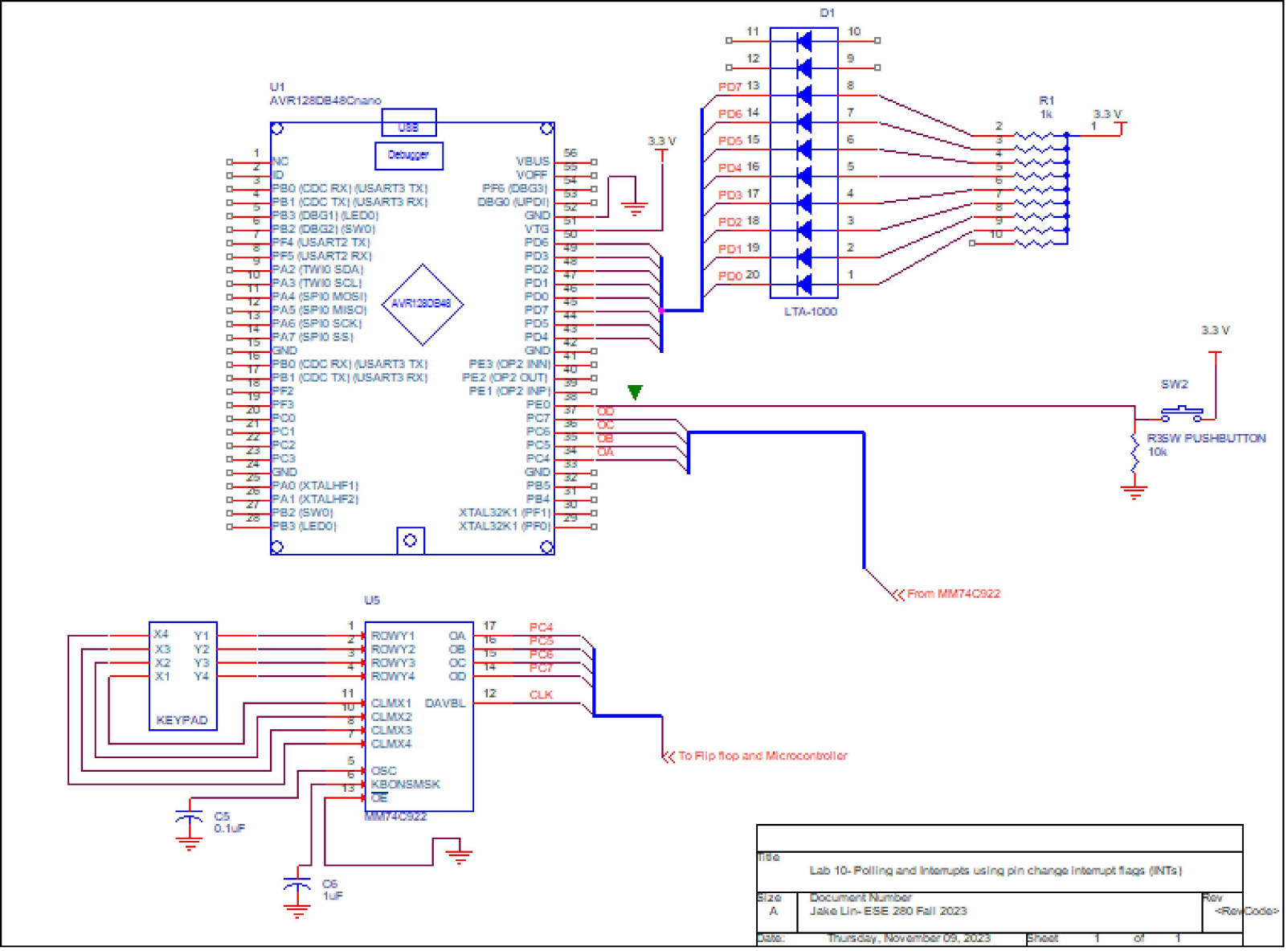
```
;
; keypad_test_INT0.asm
;
; Created: 10/10/2023 10:41:23 PM
; Author : Jake
;


; Replace with your application code
ldi r16, 0xFF
out VPORTD_DIR, r16
out VPORTD_OUT, r16;make port d into output
ldi r16, 0x00;load 0s
out VPORTC_DIR, r16;make portc into input
cbi VPORTE_DIR, 0; make port b at bit 5 into a input

ldi r16, 0x02
sts PORTE_PIN0CTRL, r16

cycle:
lds r16, PORTE_INTFLAGS
sbrs r16, 0
rjmp cycle

in r16, VPORTC_IN
andi r16, 0xF0; mask the values so that the led only lights up for pd4-pd7
com r16
out VPORTD_OUT, r16; lights up the corresponding leds

ldi r16, PORT_INT0_bm
sts PORTE_INTFLAGS, r16

rjmp cycle
```


D1
LTA-1000
U1
AVR128DB48Cnano
USB
Debugger
4VR128DB48
R1
1k
3.3 V
SW2
R3SW PUSHBUTTON
10k
From MM74C922
U5
KEYPAD
MM74C922
C5
0.1uF
C6
1uF
To Flip flop and Microcontroller
Title
Lab 10- Polling and Interupts using pin change interupt flags (INTs)
Size
A
Document Number
Jake Lin- ESE 280 Fall 2023
Rev
<RevCode>
Date:
Thursday, November 09, 2023
Sheet
1
of
1

```
; PWM_100_levels_intr.asm
;
; Created: 11/5/2023 7:04:45 PM
; Author : Jake
;

 .CSEG
 ; interrupt vector table, with several 'safety' stubs
 rjmp RESET ;Reset/Cold start vector
 reti ;External Intr0 vector
 reti ;External Intr1 vector

 .org PORTE_PORT_vect
jmp take_input      ;vector for all PORTE pin change IRQs

RESET:
 sbi VPORTA_DIR, 7 ; set PA7 = output.
 sbi VPORTA_OUT, 7 ; set /SS of DOG LCD = 1 (Deselected)
 sbi VPORTD_DIR, 0
 rcall init_lcd_dog ; init display, using SPI serial interface

ldi r16, 0x00;load 0s
 out VPORTC_DIR, r16;make portc into input
 cbi VPORTE_DIR, 0; make port b at bit 5 into a input
 ;used r16
 ldi r16, 0x02
 sts PORTE_PIN0CTRL, r16; make pin 0 in porte detect rising edge

 ;write the prelimaries
initial:
line1:
ldi ZL, LOW(text1<<1); makes z point to the first text at position 1
ldi ZH, HIGH(text1<<1)
rcall load_msg;its the initial display being executed
rcall update_lcd_dog; print the skeleton

ldi r18,0; this is used to ensure we dont type more than 3 digits
ldi r16, 0
sei

main_loop:
mov r19, r16
ldi r17, 100; load 100 into r17
sub r17, r16; subtract 100 by r16 to get low count inserted into r17

cpi r16, 0; check if the high count is 0
breq pwm_low; if it is that means that the duty cycle is 0

sbi VPORTD_OUT, 0; if it isn't that means the there is some positive pulse to be made,
   so first
; do that to the output pin
```

```
pwm_high:
dec r16; then while r16 isn't 0, keep outputing the 1
brne pwm_high
mov r16, r19
cpi r17, 0; finished with the high, check if r17 is 0,
breq main_loop; if it is , then there is no low
cbi VPORTD_OUT, 0; if it isnt, there is some low
pwm_low:
dec r17; dec low until 0
brne pwm_low

rjmp main_loop


;subroutines start below
 .include "lcd_dog_asm_driver_avr128.inc"

;load message subroutine
load_msg:; this is only called when trying to initialize the lcd
ldi YL, LOW(dsp_buff_1); make y point to the beginning of sram
ldi YH, HIGH(dsp_buff_1)
lpm r16, Z+; take the first value that z is pointing to and load to r16
cpi r16, 1; compare to 1
breq load_msg2; if it is 1, then begin reading the first line
load_msg2:
lpm r16, Z+; load whats following, 1,2, or3 to r16
cpi r16, 9; compare if that value is 9, which is shouldnt
breq add_space; if it is 9 then you have reached the end of the line and you read next
   line
st Y+, r16; store all the values from the line into the sram
rjmp load_msg2; go back load_ms2 if the line has not finished reading
add_space:
ldi r16, 32
ldi r17, ' '
addspace:
st Y+, r17
dec r16
cpi r16, 0
brne addspace
ret


take_input:
push r16
push r19
push r17
cli ;dont allow new values to influence interrupt
ldi r16, PORT_INT0_bm; gets the bit mask
sts PORTE_INTFLAGS, r16; makes the bit in the flag register a 0 again
 in r16, VPORTC_IN

 cpi r18, 4
```

```
 brne PC+8
 cpi r16, 0b00110001
 breq clear
 pop r17
 pop r19
 pop r16
 sei
 reti

 lsr r16 ;move r16 value to the right four decimals
 lsr r16
 lsr r16
 lsr r16
 rcall retrieve_data; get the equivalent from the tablelookup

;make sure r16 isn't any of these characters
cpi r16, $42
breq return_mainloop
cpi r16, $46
breq return_mainloop
cpi r16, $45
breq return_mainloop
cpi r16, $44
breq return_mainloop
jmp PC+4
return_mainloop:
sei
reti

;is it enter?
cpi r16, $43 ; is the key code enter?
brne is_clear; if it isnt then is it clear?
pop r19
pop r16
cpi r18, 3
brne return_mainloop
inc r18
ldi YL, LOW(dsp_buff_1+12); make y point to the third digit
ldi YH, HIGH(dsp_buff_1+12)
ld r16, Y+; loads the left position Y
ld r17, Y+; move to the next
ld r19, Y
subi r16, $30; finds the decimal equivalent
subi r17, $30
subi r19, $30
cpi r16, 2
brge clear
ldi r20, $64; multiplies by 100 the left most value
mul r16, r20
mov r16, r0
ldi r20, $0A; multiplies by 10 the middle value
mul r17, r20
```

```
mov r17, r0
add r16, r17
add r16, r19; adds the values together
cpi r16, 101
brge clear
mov r19, r16
pop r17
sei
reti


is_clear: ;is it clear?
cpi r16, $41; is the key code clear?
brne is_char; if it isnt then it has to be a character
clear:
ldi r16, '0'; load 0 in
st Y, r16; store 0 in the sram
sbiw Y,1
st Y, r16; store another _ afterwards
sbiw Y,1
st Y, r16; store a 0 at the last position
ldi r18,0
rcall update_lcd_dog; update the lcd
pop r19
pop r16
pop r17
sei
reti; clear completed


is_char: ;its a random character
cpi r18, 3; dont allow new characters to be inputted if theres 3 digits already
breq return_mainloop
ldi YL, LOW(dsp_buff_1+13); make Y point to the beginning of sram
ldi YH, HIGH(dsp_buff_1+13)
ld r17, Y
sbiw Y, 1
st Y, r17
adiw Y, 2
ld r17, Y
sbiw Y, 1
st Y+, r17
st Y, r16

rcall update_lcd_dog; update the lcd
inc r18
pop r19
pop r16
pop r17
sei
reti ; return to mainloop
```

```
 retrieve_data:
andi r16, 0x0F; mask the values so that only the first four bits are contained
cpi r16, 16 ;result 0-15?
brlo lookup ;yes look up the keycode
 ldi r16, 0
 clc
 ret lookup:
 ldi ZH, high (segtable*2)
ldi ZL, low(segtable*2)
 ldi r17, $00
 add ZL, r16
 adc ZH, r17
 lpm r16, Z
 sec
ret

;A is clear, C is enter
//segtable: .db $01, $04,$07,$0A,$02,$05,$08,$00,$03,$06,$09,$0B,$0F,$0E,$0D,$0C
text1: .db 1, "Duty Cycle= 000%", 9
segtable: .db $31, $34,$37,$41,$32,$35,$38,$30,$33,$36,$39,$42,$46,$45,$44,$43;
```