**On Orbital Mechanics:**

Premise:

I want to better understand the idea of orbital mechanics and how they apply to flight trajectories and space mission planning. The goal is to make several projects that demonstrate my understanding of orbital mechanics and how they apply to spacecraft. I hope to show that with enough research and through understanding of the physics principles, I can apply what I know to create physics simulations programs, with varying degrees of complexity. Furthermore, I hope that this series of projects will demonstrate my ability to apply what I know about physics to real life space-systems.

*Document guidelines:*

I have chosen a very specific way to lay out this document (this specific way may change as I fill it out, but you can always refer to the change logs of the guidelines to see what is different). Each project will be described initially with a general description, and different aims of the project, at varying levels of difficulty. This level system will serve as a rough guide to how I will go about creating the project and in what order I will complete things, but this is not a set in stone way of completing it. Additionally there will be a short description of how I intend to make the project, (style, language, engine, etc) and why I chose to do it this way.

Each project will also have a log of what I have found to be difficult, what I needed to research, the updates to the project, and anything else that I might see as relevant.

I will also include the physics behind the systems that I am building, to better understand how I will go about implementing the project.

Project 1: 2D Gravity simulation

For the first project I aim to create a solar system with fixed orbits, and realistic sizes and distances, so that I may simulate the trajectory of space craft through the solar system.

This project will be created in a Unity 2D project. I have chosen this engine to create the project, but I will not be relying too heavily on any built-in physics systems that would complete the work that I want to understand for myself. What I mean by this is all the built-in physics mechanics such as moving an object, applying velocity or force will be used, but any built-in components that would allow me to calculate a trajectory, or would otherwise take away from the exploratory aspect of this project, will not be used. A Unity project was primarily chosen to facilitate the rendering and graphical implementation of the project, so I can focus on the simulations and physics.

*Level 1 Aims:*

* To understand gravitational attraction and how it affects orbital trajectories.
* Simulate a space craft moving through the solar system to different planets

*Level 2 Aims:*

* Be able to accurately simulate a near-Earth orbit, and an Earth-Moon orbit
* Be able to adjust the orbit along the way, simulating propulsion burns and new trajectories mid-flight

*Level 3 Aims:*

* Re-create real-world space flights with accurate trajectories and rocket burns throughout the flight (such as Apollo 8 or Apollo 11)

*Level 4 Aims:*

* Simulate the landing and launching of a spacecraft from the surface of a terrestrial body (Moon landing, Mars landing etc)

*Logs:*

2/07/25

#1: Immediately I have run into a problem of scale, as is typical when working with such vast distances. The sizes of each of the planets are quite well scaled with each other, but it is their distance from the Sun that is causing an issue. The furthest plant, Neptune, sits at approximately 80,000 meters away from the sun at (0, 0) when using a 56,000:1km scale. Putting the sun at roughly 12.5m in radius.

This scale system does work, and is accurate, but I worry how it might affect the performance of the system if it must calculate large far-off numbers.

A screenshot of a video game

AI-generated content may be incorrect.



#2: The scale I am working with seems to be working well for the time being and I have set up a very basic, circular fixed orbit system using a basic point on circle equation, where:

A computer screen shot of a program

AI-generated content may be incorrect.A screenshot of a computer

AI-generated content may be incorrect.To calculate the position of the planets as they orbit the Sun. Right now you can just input the radius and angular velocity, but I want to be able to just input the radius and period of the orbit and calculate the velocity from there, (Kepler would be proud). Here is what the orbit script looks like now:

I now want to apply the updated version, but first I want to have the fixed orbit calculate the position around an ellipse, not a circle.