

Quantitative Risk Management

Assignment 10

Question 1: Consider S_t, \dots, S_{t+h} , the daily prices of an asset. As usual, denote as X_{t+1}, \dots, X_{t+h} the daily log-returns of the same asset.

Provide a formula for the h -period log return $X_{t+h}^{(h)}$ in terms of the daily log-returns and explain why such a return can be considered approximately normal, and under which conditions, even if the daily log-returns are not.

Question 2: Consider the random variable W with Pareto distribution of parameter $\theta > 1$, so that

$$F_W(w) = 1 - w^{-\theta}, \quad w \geq 1.$$

Show that the random vector $X = (X_1, X_2)$ defined by

$$X_1 = \sqrt{W}(Z_1 + Z_2), \quad X_2 = \sqrt{W}(Z_1 - Z_2),$$

with Z_1, Z_2 i.i.d. and $Z_1, Z_2 \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$, is a normal variance mixture and compute its covariance matrix.

Question 3: Consider a loss with distribution function:

$$F(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x < 1 \\ 1 - \frac{1}{1+x}, & x \in [1, 3) \\ 1 - \frac{1}{x^2}, & x \geq 3. \end{cases}$$

Compute the value-at-risk for confidence levels 85% and 95% and the expected shortfall at confidence level 85%.

Question 4: Show that the Gaussian copula admits a pdf. In other words, derive the formula in slide 39 of Lecture 7 for a Gaussian copula in dimension 2. Remark: you can derive your expressions in terms of the Gaussian pdf ϕ and the Gaussian cdf Φ .

Question 5: We model two firms' default times as two random variables X, Y defined as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} X &= \min\{\tau_1, \tau\} \\ Y &= \min\{\tau_2, \tau\}, \end{aligned}$$

where τ, τ_1 and τ_2 are three independent random times exponentially distributed with parameters $\lambda > 0$, $\lambda_1 > 0$ and $\lambda_2 > 0$, respectively. In other words, we claim that both firms can be subject to the same economic shock which occurs at time τ .

1. What is the survival function of X ? What is the survival function of Y ?
2. Determine the joint survival probability $\mathbb{P}(X > s, Y > t)$, with $s, t \in \mathbb{R}_+$.
3. Determine the joint CDF of X and Y .
4. Compute the copula $C(u, v)$ of X and Y .
5. Check that it is a valid copula.
6. Derive the density function of the copula.

Question 6: Consider a random variable with CDF

$$F(x) = 1 - \left(\frac{\kappa}{\kappa + x^\theta} \right)^\lambda,$$

where $x \geq 0$, $\lambda, \kappa, \theta > 0$. Show that F is in the maximum domain of attraction H_ξ and determine ξ as a function of the parameters of the distribution.