

# Quantitative Risk Management

## Assignment 7

**Question 1:** Let  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  have the following marginal lognormal distributions:  $\log(X_1) \sim \mathcal{N}(0, 1)$  and  $\log(X_2) \sim \mathcal{N}(0, \sigma^2)$ . Find the minimum and maximum attainable correlations between  $X_1$  and  $X_2$ . Plot these values as a function of  $\sigma$  for  $\sigma \in (0, 5)$ .

**Question 2:** Recall that  $\lambda_l(X_1, X_2) = \lim_{q \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{C(q, q)}{q}$ . Find the corresponding expression for  $\lambda_u(X_1, X_2)$ .

**Question 3:** Compute  $\lambda_u(X_1, X_2)$  and  $\lambda_l(X_1, X_2)$  in terms of  $\theta$  for the Gumbel and Clayton copulas.

**Question 4.** Take the futures data from Moodle. It contains the time series for multiplicatively back-adjusted futures prices on Wheat, Corn, Dow Jones, British Pound, Swiss Frank, SP500, and Nikkei.

- For each of these, build the returns as  $X_i = p_{i,t}/p_{i,t-1} - 1$ .
- For each time series, replace the returns with their historical ranks. Now each return is a number between 0 and  $T_i$ , where  $T_i$  is the number of observations for the  $i$ -th futures contract. Divide them by  $T_i$ . Now, each return has become a number on  $[0, 1]$ . This corresponds to the map  $X \rightarrow F_X(X)$ , and the transformed returns are now uniformly distributed on  $[0, 1]$ .
- You can now study their copulas  $C_{i,j}(x_1, x_2)$  for each  $i, j$ : for each pair of transformed returns, plot the scatter plot of their returns. What do these scatter plots look like? Does it look elliptical?
- Now, estimate the pairwise correlations between the returns  $X_i$ . Based on the estimated correlations, obtain samples from a bi-variate Gaussian copula with the same correlation, show the scatter plots and compare them to the scatter plots you obtained in the previous point. What do you observe?
- Plot  $C(q, q)/q$  for a grid of  $q \in [0, 1]$ . What does  $\lambda_l$  look like for each pair?
- Based on the formula you derived for  $\lambda_u$  in Question 2, repeat the analysis as in the previous point: What does  $\lambda_u$  look like for each pair?