Bugni and Horowitz (2021) Permutation Tests for the Equality of Distributions of Functional Data

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Supervisor: Prof. Dr. Dominik Liebl

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Jakob R. Juergens

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Contents

1	Introduction				
2	Fun	Functional Data Analysis			
	2.1	Hilbert Space of Square Integrable Functions	1		
	2.2	Bases of \mathbb{L}^2	1		
	2.3	Random Functions	1		
	2.4	Probability Measures on \mathbb{L}^2	1		
3	Cra	Cramér-von Mises Tests			
	3.1	Empirical Distribution Functions	1		
	3.2	Nullhypothesis	2		
	3.3	Cramér-von Mises Statistic	2		
	3.4	Asymptotic Distributions	2		
4	Multiple Testing				
	4.1	Bonferroni Correction	2		
5	Per	mutation Tests	2		
	5.1	Functional Principle of Permutation Tests	2		
	5.2	Size and Power	2		
6	Test by Bugni and Horowitz (2021) - Two Samples				
	6.1	Nullhypothesis	3		
	6.2	Assumptions	3		
	6.3	Cramér-von Mises type Test	3		
	6.4	Mean focused Test	3		
	6.5	Combined Permutation Test	4		
	6.6	Properties	4		
7	Sim	ulation Study	4		
	7.1	Use of High-Performance Computing	4		
	7.2	Simulation Setup	4		
	7.3	Results	4		
8	App	Application			
9	Out	Outlook			
10	Bibliography				
11	App	Appendix			
12	Versicherung an Eides statt				

1 Introduction

- Introduce general idea and possible hypothesis to test
- Maybe focus on two sample setting

2 Functional Data Analysis

- Ramsay and Silverman 2005
- Kokoszka and Reimherr 2021
- Hsing and Eubank 2015

2.1 Hilbert Space of Square Integrable Functions

 $\textbf{Definition 1.} \ \, \textbf{Hilbert Spaces}$

content...

Definition 2. Square Integrable Functions

A function $f: A \to \mathbb{R}$ is called square integrable if the following condition holds.

$$\int_{A} [f(t)]^{2} dt < \infty \tag{1}$$

The set of all square integrable functions on A is denoted by $\mathbb{L}^2(A)$.

- 2.2 Bases of \mathbb{L}^2
- 2.3 Random Functions
- 2.4 Probability Measures on \mathbb{L}^2

3 Cramér-von Mises Tests

- Darling 1957
- Anderson and Darling 1952
- Büning and Trenkler 2013

3.1 Empirical Distribution Functions

Gibbons and Chakraborti 2021

Definition 3. Order Statistic

Let $\{x_i \mid i=1,\ldots,n\}$ be a random sample from a population with continuous cumulative distribution function F_X . Then there almost surely exists a unique ordered arrangement within the sample.

$$X_{(1)} < X_{(2)} < \dots < X_{(n)}$$

 $X_{(r)}$ $r \in \{1, \dots, n\}$ is called the rth-order statistic.

Definition 4. Empirical Distribution Function

$$F_n(x) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } x < x_{(1)} \\ \frac{r}{n} & \text{if } x_{(r)} \le x < x_{(r+1)} \\ 1 & \text{if } x \ge x_{(n)} \end{cases}$$
 (2)

3.2 Nullhypothesis

3.3 Cramér-von Mises Statistic

Büning and Trenkler 2013

$$C_{m,n} = \left(\frac{nm}{n+m}\right) \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left(F_m(x) - G_n(x)\right)^2 d\left(\frac{mF_m(x) + nG_n(x)}{m+n}\right)$$
(3)

3.4 Asymptotic Distributions

4 Multiple Testing

• Dunn 1961

4.1 Bonferroni Correction

Bonferroni Inequality / Boole's Inequality

$$\mathbb{P}\left[\bigcup_{i=1}^{\infty} A_i\right] \le \sum_{i=1}^{\infty} \mathbb{P}\left[A_i\right] \tag{4}$$

for a countable set of events A_1, A_2, \ldots

5 Permutation Tests

- Lehmann and Romano 2005
- Vaart and Wellner 1996

5.1 Functional Principle of Permutation Tests

5.2 Size and Power

6 Test by Bugni and Horowitz (2021) - Two Samples

- Bugni and Horowitz 2021
- Bugni, Hall, et al. 2009

Distribution Functions

$$F_X(z) = \mathbb{P}\left[X(t) \le z(t) \quad \forall t \in \mathcal{I}\right] \quad z \in \mathbb{L}^2(\mathcal{I})$$

$$F_Y(z) = \mathbb{P}\left[Y(t) \le z(t) \quad \forall t \in \mathcal{I}\right] \quad z \in \mathbb{L}^2(\mathcal{I})$$
(5)

6.1 Nullhypothesis

$$H_0: \quad F_X(z) = F_Y(z) \quad \forall z \in \mathbb{L}^2(\mathcal{I})$$

$$H_1: \quad \mathbb{P}_{\mu} \left[F_X(Z) \neq F_Y(Z) \right] > 0$$
(6)

Here, μ is a probability measure on $\mathbb{L}^2(\mathcal{I})$ and Z is a random function with probability distribution μ . Doesn't this leave out the case where the Probability functions only differ on a set of μ -measure zero?

6.2 Assumptions

Assumption 1. Contains two assumptions

- 1. X(t) and Y(t) are separable, μ -measurable stochastic processes.
- 2. $\{X_i(t) \mid i = 1, ..., n\}$ is an independent random sample of the process X(t). $\{Y_i(t) \mid i = 1, ..., m\}$ is an independent random sample of Y(t) and is independent of $\{X_i(t) \mid i = 1, ..., n\}$.

Assumption 2. $\mathbb{E}X(t)$ and $\mathbb{E}Y(t)$ exist and are finite for all $t \in [0, T]$.

Assumption 3. $X_i(t)$ and $Y_i(t)$ are observed for all $t \in \mathcal{I}$.

6.3 Cramér-von Mises type Test

Empirical Distribution Functions

$$\hat{F}_X(z) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{1} \left[X_i(t) \le z(t) \quad \forall t \in \mathcal{I} \right]$$

$$\hat{F}_Y(z) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \mathbb{1} \left[Y_i(t) \le z(t) \quad \forall t \in \mathcal{I} \right]$$
(7)

Test statistic

$$\tau = \int_{\mathbb{L}^2(\mathcal{I})} \left[F_X(z) - F_Y(z) \right]^2 d\mu(z) \tag{8}$$

Sample analog:

$$\tau_{n,m} = (n+m) \int_{\mathbb{L}^2(\mathcal{I})} \left[\hat{F}_X(z) - \hat{F}_Y(z) \right]^2 d\mu(z)$$
 (9)

Critical values for Permutation Test Statistic

$$t_{n,m}^*(1-\alpha) = \inf \left\{ \frac{1}{Q} \sum_{i=1}^{Q} \mathbb{1} \left[\tau_{n,m,q} \le t \right] \ge 1 - \alpha \mid t \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$
 (10)

6.4 Mean focused Test

Test statistic

$$\nu = \int_{\mathcal{I}} \left[\mathbb{E}X(t) - \mathbb{E}Y(t) \right]^2 dt \tag{11}$$

Mean Estimators

$$\hat{\mathbb{E}}X(t) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i(t)$$
 (12)
$$\hat{\mathbb{E}}Y(t) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^{m} Y_i(t)$$
 (13)

Sample Analog

$$\nu_{n,m} = (n+m) \int_{\mathcal{I}} \left[\hat{\mathbb{E}} X(t) - \hat{\mathbb{E}} Y(t) \right]^2 dt$$
 (14)

Critical values for Permutation Test Statistic

$$t_{n,m}^*(1-\alpha) = \inf \left\{ \frac{1}{Q} \sum_{i=1}^{Q} \mathbb{1} \left[\nu_{n,m,q} \le t \right] \ge 1 - \alpha \mid t \in \mathbb{R} \right\}$$
 (15)

6.5 Combined Permutation Test

Bonferroni inequality under H_0 leads to

$$\max(\alpha_{\tau}, \alpha_{\nu}) \le \mathbb{P}\left[(\phi_{n,m} > 0) \cup (\tilde{\phi}_{n,m} > 0) \right] \le \alpha_{\tau} + \alpha_{\nu}$$
 (16)

6.6 Properties

7 Simulation Study

7.1 Use of High-Performance Computing

- bonna HPC/A-Cluster der Universität Bonn
- https://www.dice.uni-bonn.de/de/hpc/hpc-a-bonn/infrastruktur

7.2 Simulation Setup

7.3 Results

8 Application

9 Outlook

10 Bibliography

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11 Appendix

12 Versicherung an Eides statt

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Bonn, XX.XX.2021	
Jakob R. Juergens	