## Fourier Transformation Signal and Image Processing

## February 16, 2023

You can work on this assignment and submit your solution (report and code) as a GROUP. This assignment counts towards your grade and have to be submitted in order to pass the course. You must follow the report guidelines found in guidelines.pdf. The page limit for this assignment is 10 pages including everything, i.e. illustrations and code snippets.

- Fourier Transform Theory: The following investigate theoretical properties of Fourier series and transform.
  - 1.1. (1 point) What is the difference between a Fourier series and the Fourier Transform?
  - 1.2. (1 point) Prove that the continuous Fourier transform of a real and even function is real and even.
  - 1.3. (1 point) Derive the continuous Fourier transform of  $\delta(x-d) + \delta(x+d)$  for  $x \in \mathbb{R}$  and some constant  $d \in \mathbb{R}$ .
  - 1.4. Consider the box function

$$b_a(x) = \begin{cases} 1/a & \text{if } |x| \le \frac{a}{2} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (1)

- i. (1 point) Show that  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} b_a(x) dx = 1$
- ii. (1 point) Show that the continuous Fourier transform of  $b_a$ , using the definition of the Fourier transform given in Bracewell Chapter 2 (system 1), is  $B_a(k) = \frac{1}{ak\pi}\sin(ak\pi)$ . Rewrite  $B_a(k)$  using the  $\sin(x) = \frac{\sin x}{x}$ .
- iii. (1 point) Show that  $\lim_{a\to 0} B_a(k) = 1$  (Hint:  $\lim_{x\to 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$ ).
- iv. (1 point) When a is near zero, then  $b_a$  is narrow in the x space domain. In this case, would you consider its Fourier transform narrow or wide in the frequency domain, k? What is the relation, when a is large? Explain your answer.

Deliverables: Include crucial steps in derivations, and a short comment to each answer.

## 2. Fourier Transform – Practice:

- 2.1. (1 point) Write two programs: 1) that implements convolution as a nested for loop of the spatial representation of the kernel and image, and 2) that implements the same convolution using Fast Fourier Transformation (scipy.fft.fft2 and its inverse scipy.fft.ifft2). Compare the two implementations, both in terms of the result and the computation time for a number of kernel sizes and image sizes.
- 2.2. (1 point) Write a program that adds the function  $a_0cos(v_0x + w_0y)$  to cameraman.tif. Compute and describe the power spectrum of the result. Design a filter, which removes any such planar waves given  $v_0$  and  $w_0$ . You don't need to automate this process, i.e., this design step is allowed to involve you hand-crafting a filter for a particular combination of  $v_0, w_0$ .

**Deliverables:** Each of theses answers should include examples of the input and output, possibly crucial Python code snippets, and definitely a description of which problems were solved, how, and an evaluation of the results.