Rovnoměrné rozdělení

Rovnoměrné rozdělení *U(a,b)*

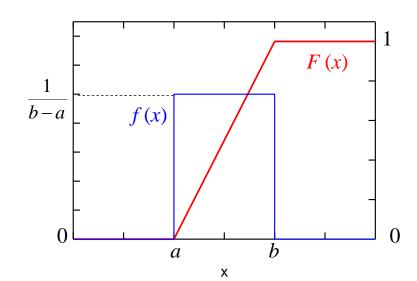
- náhodná proměnná se vyskytuje všude v intervalu (*a*,*b*) se stejnou pravděpodobností ale mimo tento interval nikdy
- hustota pravděpodobnosti

$$f(x|a,b) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{b-a} & \text{pro } x \in \langle a,b \rangle \\ 0 & \text{jinak} \end{cases}$$

$$E[x] \equiv \mu = \frac{a+b}{2}$$
$$V[x] \equiv \sigma^2 = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$$

• distribuční funkce

$$F(x|a,b) = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{pro } x < a \\ \frac{x-a}{b-a} & \text{pro } x \in \langle a,b \rangle \\ 1 & \text{pro } x > b \end{cases}$$



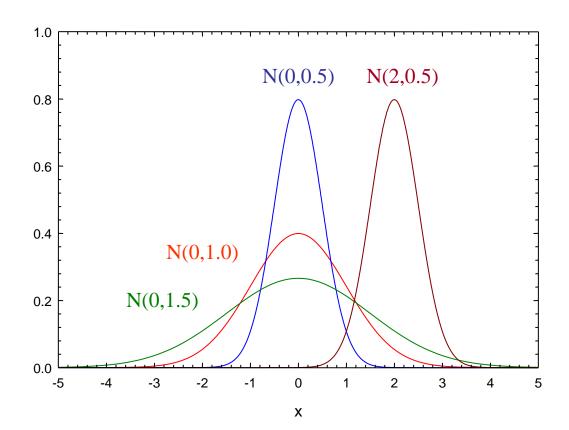
Normální rozdělení $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

$$f(x|\mu,\sigma) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$

$$E[x] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) dx = \mu$$

$$V[x] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} (x - \mu)^2 \exp\left(-\frac{(x - \mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right) dx = \sigma^2$$

hustota pravděpodobnosti
$$f(x|\mu,\sigma) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$

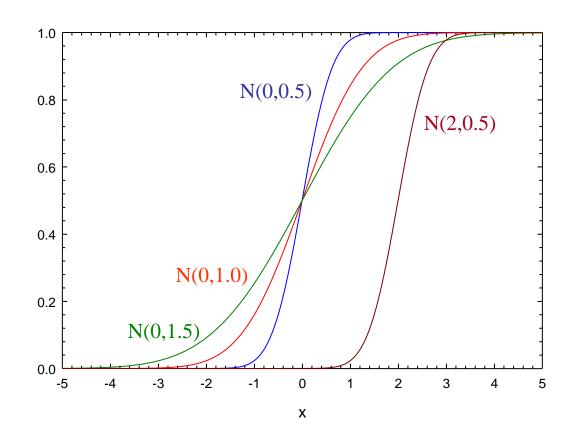


Distribuční funkce
$$F_{\mu,\sigma}(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} f(t) dt = F_{0,1}\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)$$

$$f(x|\mu,\sigma) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}\sigma} \exp\left(-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right)$$

• error funkce:

$$erf(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{0}^{x} e^{-t^2} dt$$

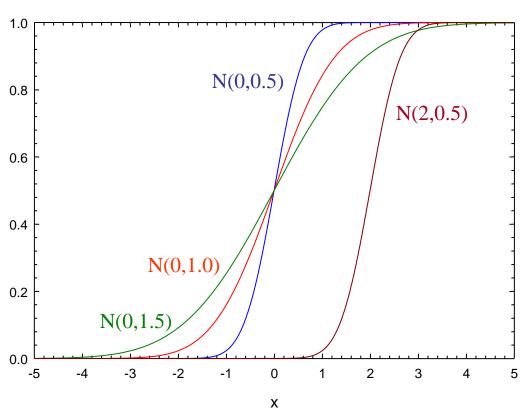


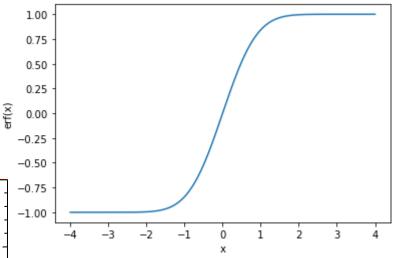
Distribuční funkce

$$F_{\mu,\sigma}(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} f(t) dt = F_{0,1}\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)$$

• error funkce:

$$erf(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{0}^{x} e^{-t^2} dt$$





výpočet error funkce:

např.

Excel: erf (x)

Matlab: erf(x)

Gnuplot: erf(x)

Python:

from scipy import special

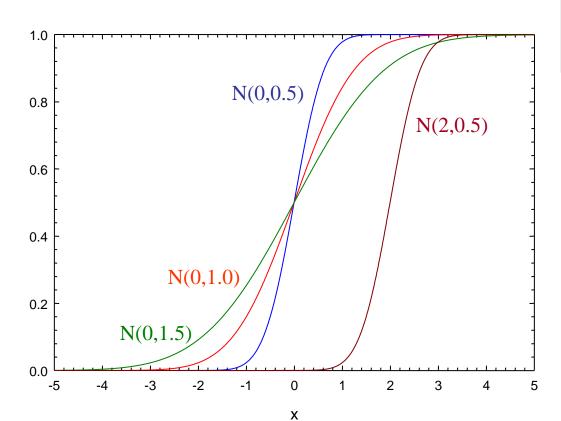
special.erf(x)

Distribuční funkce

$$F_{\mu,\sigma}(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} f(t) dt = F_{0,1}\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)$$

• error funkce:

$$erf(x) = \frac{2}{\sqrt{\pi}} \int_{0}^{x} e^{-t^2} dt$$



$$F_{0,1}(x) = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + erf\left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{2}}\right) \right)$$

$$F_{\mu,\sigma}(x) = \frac{1}{2} \left(1 + erf\left(\frac{x - \mu}{\sqrt{2}\sigma}\right) \right)$$

výpočet error funkce:

např.

Excel: erf(x)

Matlab: erf(x)

Gnuplot: erf(x)

Python:

from scipy import special

special.erf(x)

Standardní Gaussovo rozdělení

$$y = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$$

$$N(\mu, \sigma) \to N(0, 1)$$

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Standardní Gaussovo rozdělení

$$y = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$$

$$N(0,1) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \exp\left(-\frac{x^2}{2}\right)$$

$$N(\mu,\sigma) \to N(0,1)$$

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Standardní Gaussovo rozdělení

$$y = \frac{x - \mu}{\sigma}$$

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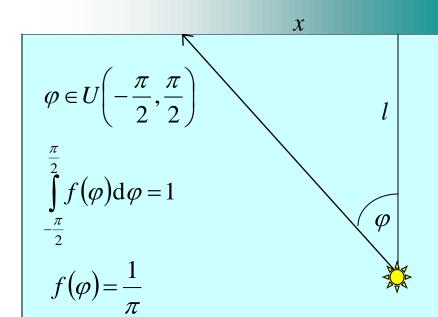
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zápisem výsledku měření ve tvaru $x=(\hat{\mu}_x\pm\hat{\sigma}_{C,x})$ [x]

implicitně předpokládáme, že náhodná proměnná x má normální rozdělení,

tj.
$$P\left(x \in \langle, \hat{\mu}_x - \hat{\sigma}_{C,x}, \hat{\mu}_x + \hat{\sigma}_{C,x}\rangle\right) \approx 0.683$$



$$x = l \operatorname{tg} \varphi$$

$$\varphi = \arctan\left(\frac{x}{l}\right)$$

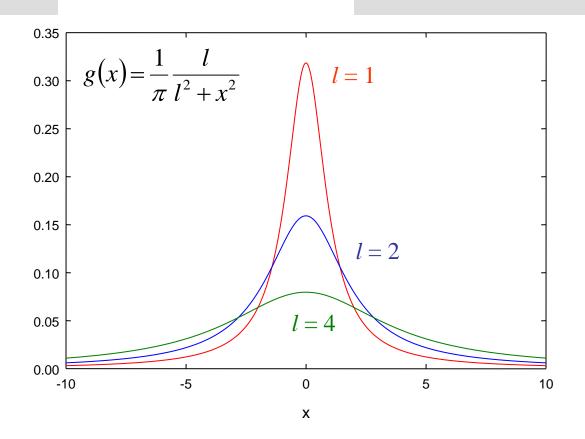
$$g(x) = \left| \frac{\mathrm{d}\varphi}{\mathrm{d}x} \right| f(\varphi(x))$$

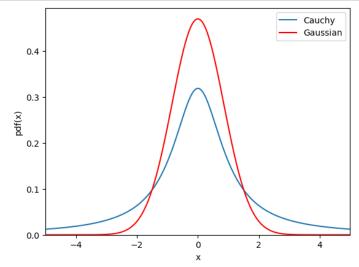
$$g(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{l}{l^2 + x^2}$$

Cauchyho rozdělení

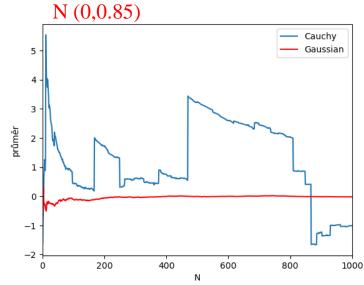
$$g(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{l}{l^2 + x^2}$$

$$\gamma = 2l$$
Breit-Wignerovo rozdělení
$$g(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{\gamma/2}{\gamma^2/4 + (x - x_0)^2}$$





Normální rozdělení



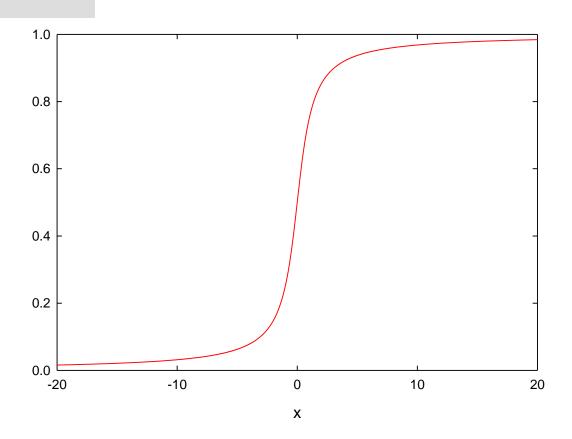
• chování aritmetického průměru $\overline{x} = \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} x^i$ v závislosti na počtu naměřených hodnot N

Distribuční funkce

$$F(x) = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(\arctan x + \frac{\pi}{2} \right)$$

$$F(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{x} \frac{1}{\pi} \frac{1}{1 + t^2} dt$$

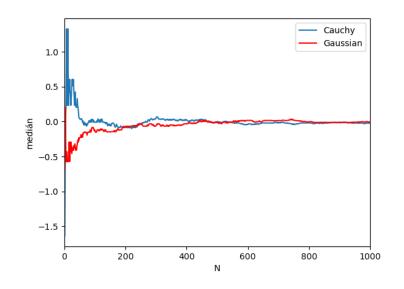
medián:
$$F(x_m) = \frac{1}{2} \longrightarrow x_m = 0$$

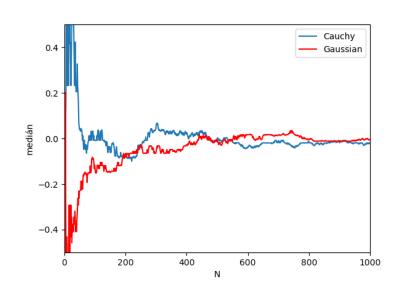


Cauchyho rozděleníNormální rozděleníN (0,0.85)

• chování mediánu

v závislosti na počtu naměřených hodnot N





Centrální limitní věta

- x_i náhodná proměnná s hustotou pravděpodobnosti $f_i(x)$
- x_i nezávislé

$$E[x_i] = \mu_i$$
 $V[x_i] = \sigma_i^2$

$$y = \sum_{i=1}^{N} x_i$$
 pro $N \to \infty$ je $y \in N \left(\sum_{i=1}^{N} \mu_i, \sum_{i=1}^{N} \sigma_i^2 \right)$

$$\frac{y - \sum_{i=1}^{N} \mu_i}{\sqrt{\sum_{i=1}^{N} \sigma_i^2}} \to N(0,1)$$

Centrální limitní věta

