## Labs3

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## Task 1

First let's calculate MSE on single coordinate:

$$\mathbb{E}\|\hat{\beta}_i - \beta_i\|^2 = \mathbb{E}\|((X'X + \lambda I)^{-1}X'Y)_i - \beta_i\|^2 =$$
(1)

$$= \mathbb{E}\|((1+\lambda)^{-1}X'Y)_i - \beta_i\|^2 =$$
 (2)

$$= \mathbb{E}\|((1+\lambda)^{-1}X'(X\beta+\epsilon))_i - \beta_i\|^2 =$$
(3)

$$= \mathbb{E}\|((1+\lambda)^{-1}X'(X\beta+\epsilon))_i - \beta_i\|^2 =$$
(4)

$$= \mathbb{E}\|((1+\lambda)^{-1}(X'X\beta + X'\epsilon))_i - \beta_i\|^2 =$$
 (5)

$$= \mathbb{E}\|((1+\lambda)^{-1}(\beta+Z))_i - \beta_i\|^2 =$$
(6)

$$= \mathbb{E} \left\| \frac{Z_i}{\lambda + 1} - \frac{\lambda \beta_i}{\lambda + 1} \right\|^2 = \tag{7}$$

$$= \mathbb{E}\left[\frac{1}{(\lambda+1)^2}Z_i^2\right] - 2\mathbb{E}\left[\frac{\lambda}{(\lambda+1)^2}Z_i\beta_i\right] + \mathbb{E}\left[\frac{\lambda^2}{(\lambda+1)^2}\beta_i^2\right] = \tag{8}$$

$$= \frac{1}{(\lambda+1)^2} \sigma^2 - 2 \cdot 0 + \frac{\lambda^2}{(\lambda+1)^2} \beta_i^2 =$$
 (9)

$$= \frac{1}{(\lambda+1)^2} \sigma^2 + \frac{\lambda^2}{(\lambda+1)^2} \beta_i^2$$
 (10)

Now moving to the vector norm we get:

$$\mathbb{E}\|\hat{\beta} - \beta\|^2 = \frac{p}{(\lambda + 1)^2}\sigma^2 + \frac{\lambda^2}{(\lambda + 1)^2}\|\beta\|^2$$

We can find minimum of MSE by calculating the derivative of MSE with respect to  $\lambda$ :

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda} \mathbb{E} \|\hat{\beta} - \beta\|^2 = \frac{\partial}{\partial \lambda} \left( \frac{p}{(\lambda+1)^2} \sigma^2 + \frac{\lambda^2}{(\lambda+1)^2} \|\beta\|^2 \right) = \frac{-2p}{(\lambda+1)^3} \sigma^2 + \frac{2\lambda}{(\lambda+1)^3} \|\beta\|^2 = 0$$

Now we can get the lambda that minimizes MSE:

$$\lambda = \frac{p\sigma^2}{\|\beta\|^2}$$

For k = 20, 100, 200 we get optimal values of lambda equal to: 3.877551, 0.7755102, 0.3877551.

The expression for bias can also be easily obtained:

$$\operatorname{bias}(\hat{\beta}_i) = \mathbb{E}[\hat{\beta}_i - \beta_i] = \mathbb{E}\left[\frac{Z_i}{\lambda + 1} - \frac{\lambda \beta_i}{\lambda + 1}\right] = \mathbb{E}\left[\frac{Z_i}{\lambda + 1}\right] - \mathbb{E}\left[\frac{\lambda \beta_i}{\lambda + 1}\right] = 0 - \frac{\lambda \beta_i}{\lambda + 1} = -\frac{\lambda}{\lambda + 1}\beta_i$$

For  $\beta_i=0$  bias is actually zero. For  $\beta_i=3.5$  and optimal values of  $\lambda$  for k=20,100,200 we obtain expected biases: -2.7824268, -1.5287356, -0.9779412