Project Technical Document INVISTICO AIRLINE CLASSIFICATION

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Project	Technical	Details:

Project Description:

Exploratory Data Analysis

Model Building:

Deployment using Flask:

Classification of Invistico Airline Data

Project description:

The aim of this data science project is to analyze the customer satisfaction levels of invistico airline based on the available data. By leveraging data analysis techniques, statistical modeling and machine learning algorithms, we will extract valuable insights to determine whether the customer is satisfied or dissatisfied with the airline's service.

This project will involve data preprocessing, exploratory data analysis, feature engineering, model building, and evaluation to provide actionable recommendation for improving customer satisfaction.

Project Technical Details:

The following diagram shows the various steps that we have followed in our project.

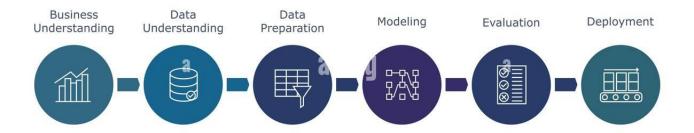
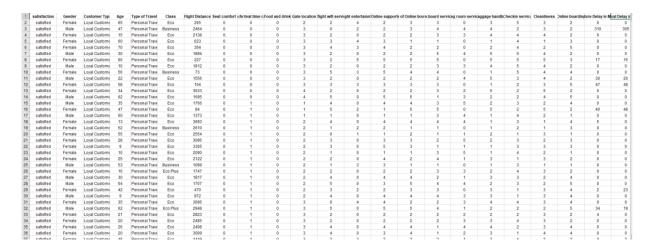


fig 1: General steps of CRISP DM process

1. Data collection:

Below are the raw data collected from Invistico airline excel data which includes various feature and observation. This dataset contain both categorical and numerical data.



- 1. There are 24 features available in the dataset and 129880 Observations.
- 2. Checked the null values or missing values in the dataset. Performed data imputation, filled null values with median and mode.
- 3. The last column named as "@" present at the last column having no data and that was irrelevant to the dataset has been removed.
- 4. There are 2 features having less then 30% important importance in the whole dataset, therefore it is removed.
 - Departure/Arrival time convenient, Gate location
- 5. Considered the main 18 features such as Satisfaction, Gender, Customer Type, Age, Type of Travel, Class, Flight Distance,

Departure/Arrival time convenient, Food and Drink, Inflight wifi service, Online support, Ease of Online booking, On-board service, Leg room service, Baggage handling, checkin service, cleanliness, Online onboarding, Departure delay in minutes, Arrival delay in minutes.

- 6. The column contains 393 null values therefore we replaced that value with the help of
- 7. Label encoding is applied to 5 columns having string values and it is important for the model.
 - Those columns were gender, customer type, age, type of travel and class.
- 8. From the above dataset, it is clear that our target is customer satisfaction.
- 9. As the data present inside the dataset which is not scalable therefore it is normalized with normalization function.
- 10. Outliers present in the data ,explored using standard deviation,Inter Quartile Range(IQR), Median Absolute deviation(MAD), Isolation Forest, Winsorization with 95th Percentile.
- 11. Separated continuous data and checked the correlation between the different features.
- 12. Checking the normalcy of data by using the visualization plots for all the columns.

2. Exploratory Data Analysis:

Analysis done on the basis of several charts which are shown below:

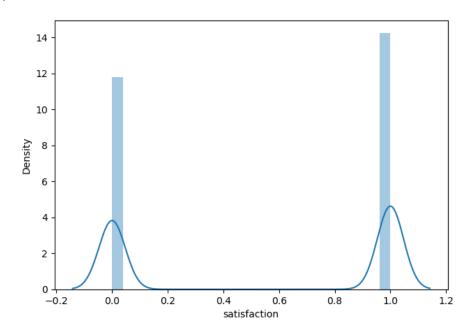
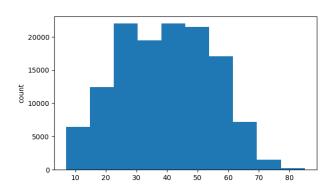
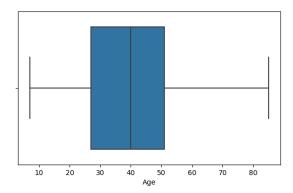


Fig.1 – customer satisfaction graph (left – dissatisfied, right- satisfied)

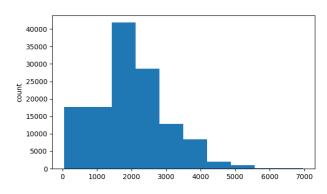
Checking data for each column is normally distributed.

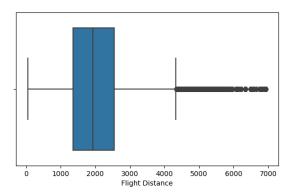
Age



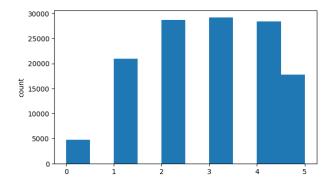


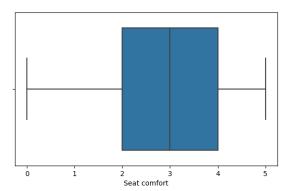
Flight Distance



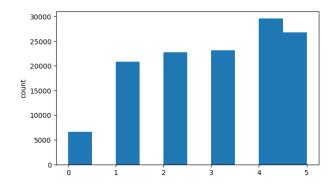


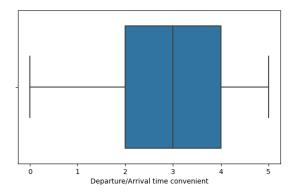
Seat comfort



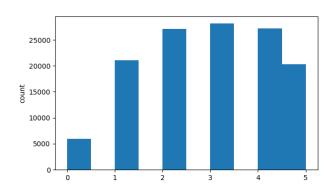


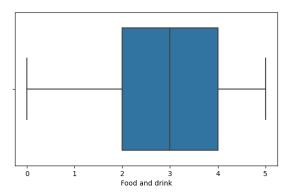
Departure/Arrival Time



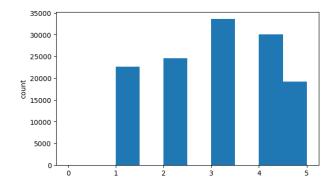


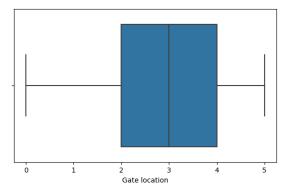
Food and Drink



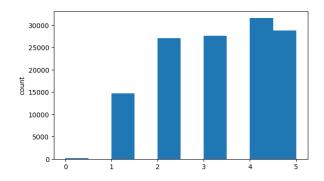


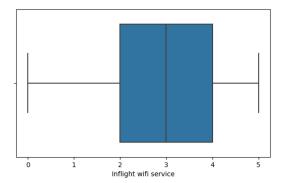
Gate location



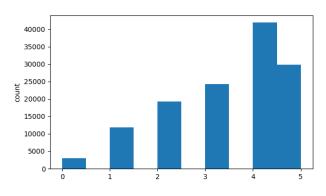


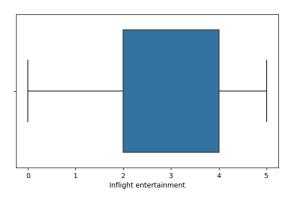
Wi-fi service



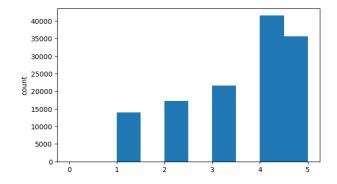


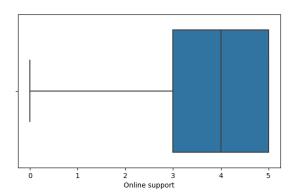
Inflight Entertainment



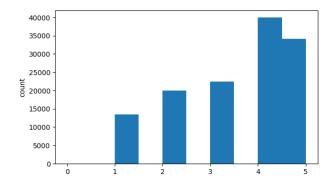


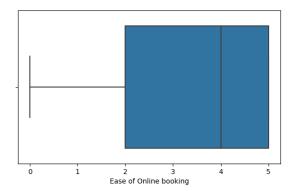
Online Support



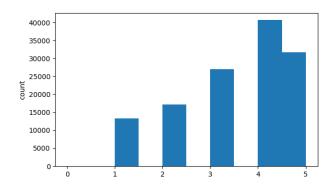


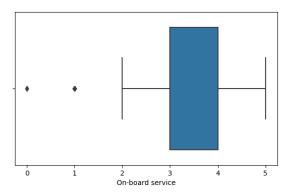
Ease of online booking



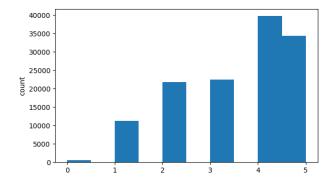


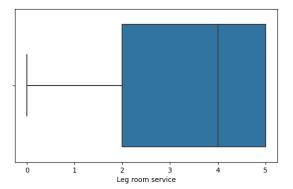
On board service



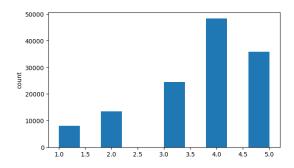


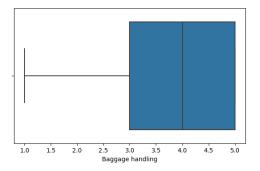
Leg room service



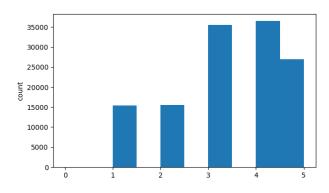


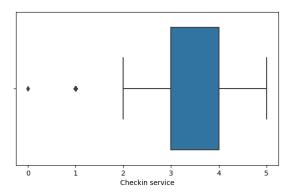
Baggage room



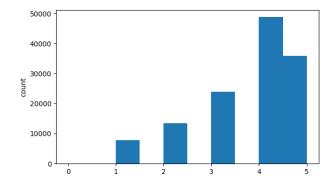


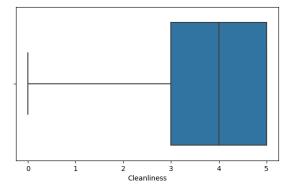
Check-in service



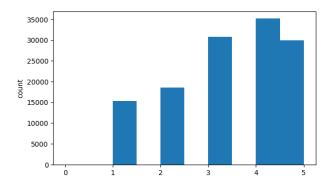


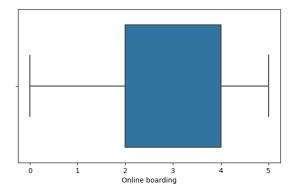
Cleanliness



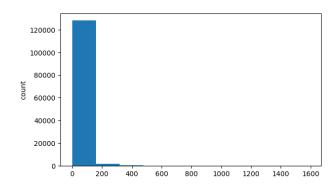


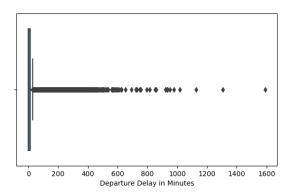
Online onboarding



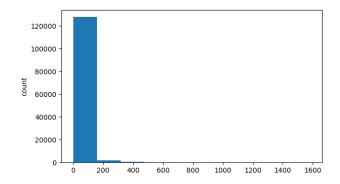


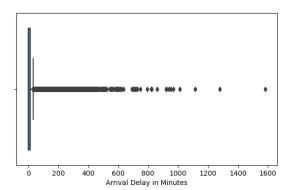
Departure Delays

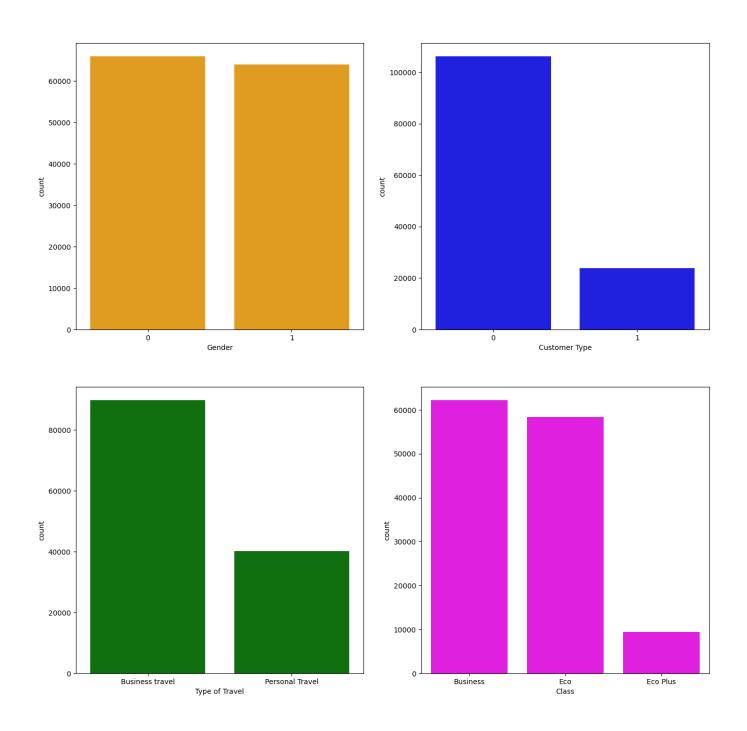




Arrival Delays





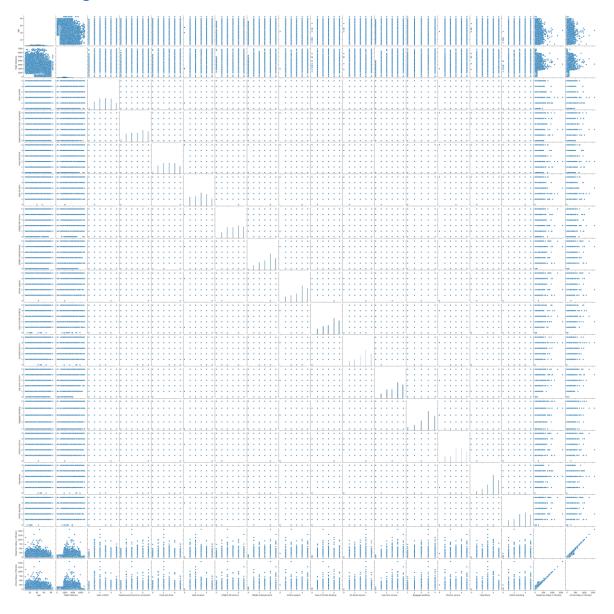


Bar plot for categorical values showing quantity

Inferences from the above charts:

- Both genders are present approx. equal.
- Loyal customers are greater than disloyal customers.
- Airlines having customer who travel for business as compared to personal travel.
- Compared classes that customers have chosen from i.e. business, economy and economy plus.

Correlation among all the columns.



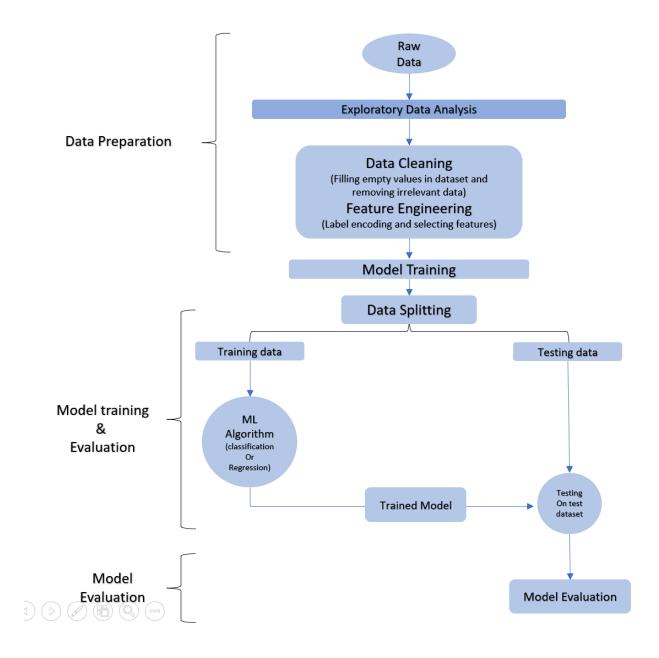
3. Feature Engineering

Following actions were performed in the feature engineering:

- Dropped features based on hypothesis testing (chi-square test)
- Selected features are:
 - Satisfaction, Gender, Customer Type, Age, Type of Travel, Class, Flight Distance, Departure/Arrival time convenient, Food and Drink, Inflight wifi service, Online support, Ease of Online booking, On-board service, Leg room service, Baggage handling, checkin service, cleanliness, Online onboarding, Departure delay in minutes, Arrival delay in minutes.
- The 4 features have been dropped on Hypothesis Testing which are 'Departure/Arrival time convenient', 'Gate location'.

Note: Hypothesis testing is performed on survey data. features are selected on the basis of sampled data. Domain knowledge has not been taken into account.

4. Model building:



Models accuracy:

- Logistic 76% Approx.
- Decision Tree 54% Approx.
- KNN 79% Approx.
- SVM 50% Approx.
- XGB 97% Approx.

Selected model: XGB Classifier

Various machine learning algorithms were explored such as Logistic, Decision Tree, KNN, SVM, Logistic Regression, Decision Tree, ensemble technique – XGB Bagging etc. but the model that gave the highest accuracy is XGB Bagging. As compared to other models, XGB Bagging giving the best model accuracy.

```
Main.py
Import pandas as pd
Import numpy as pd
from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectKBest
from sklearn.feature_selection import chi2
bestfeatures=SelectKBest(score func=chi2,k=4)
x = data1_norm.iloc[:,1:] #independent columns
y = data1_norm[0] #target column is species
#apply SelectKBest class to extract top 10 best features
fit=bestfeatures.fit(x,y)
dfscores=pd.DataFrame(fit.scores_)
dfcolumns=pd.DataFrame(x.columns)
#concat two dataframes for better visualization
featureScore=pd.concat([dfcolumns,dfscores],axis=1)
featureScore.columns=['Specs','Score']
featureScore
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error
# importing machine learning models for prediction
import xgboost as xgb
# importing bagging module
from sklearn.ensemble import BaggingClassifier
# loading train data set in dataframe from train_data.csv file
from sklearn import preprocessing
model = BaggingClassifier(base estimator=xgb.XGBClassifier())
model.fit(x_train,y_train)
pred_train=model.predict(x_train)
print(mean_squared_error(y_train, pred_train))
```

Output:

Front-end

INVESTICO	AIRLINES
Gender :	Customer Type :
ale	Loyal Customer
Type of Travel : ersonal Travel	Class:
ssonal flaver	ECO
Age:	Flight Distance :
nter the Age	Enter the Flight Distance
er the ratings for below services ranges from 0 to 5 ;	
Seat Comfort :	Departure (Arrival Time Convenients
- 5	Departure/Arrival Time Convenient: 0 - 5
Food & Drink:	Gate Location :
- 5	0 - 5
Inflight Entertainment :	Online Support:
Ease Of Online Booking :	Onboard Services :
- 5	0 - 5
Leg Room Service :	Baggage Handling : 0 - 5
	0-3
Check-in Service:	Cleanliness:
- 5	0 - 5
Online Boarding :	Department Delaying in minutes :
Arrival Delaying in minutes :	Inflight Wifi Services:
	0 - 5
Satisfied	t or Not

Result:

Gender:	Customer Type :		
Male	Disloyal Customer		
2			
Type of Travel : Business Travel	Class:		
Age :	Flight Distance :		
nter the ratings for below services ranges from 0 to 5 : Seat Comfort :	Departure/Arrival Time Convenient:		
2	2		
Food & Drink :	Gate Location :		
5	0		
Inflight Entertainment :	Online Support :		
0	2		
Ease Of Online Booking :	Onboard Services :		
2	3		
Leg Room Service :	Baggage Handling :		
3	3		
Check-in Service:	Cleanliness:		
2	3		
Online Boarding :	Department Delaying in minutes :		
۵.	310		
Arrival Delaying in minutes :	Inflight Wifi Services :		
30\$	0		

Invistico Airline uses the following packages and library from python:

import pandas as pd import numpy as np from sklearn import preprocessing import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns import seaborn as sns import matplotlib.pyplot as plt from scipy.stats import skew from numpy import asarray from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler import warnings from sklearn.feature_selection import SelectKBest from sklearn.feature_selection import chi2 from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler import pandas as pd from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error import xgboost as xgb

from sklearn.ensemble import BaggingClassifier
from sklearn import preprocessing

5. Deployment using Flask:

Deployment process was done using flask technique.

```
from flask import Flask, render template, request
import pandas as pd
import pickle
app=Flask( name )
data=pd.read excel('C:\VSCODE\ML TRAINING
pklfile=pickle.load(open('C:\VSCODE\ML TRAINING
@app.route('/')
def index():
    return render template('index.html')
@app.route('/predict', methods=['POST'])
def predict():
    Gender=request.form.get('gender')
    Customer Type=request.form.get('customer-type')
    Age=request.form.get('age')
    Type of travel=request.form.get('type-of-travel')
    Class=request.form.get('class')
    Flight Distance=request.form.get('flight-distance')
    Seat comfort=request.form.get('seat-comfort')
    Departure Arrival Time Convenient=request.form.get('datc')
    Food Drink=request.form.get('food-drink')
    Gate Location=request.form.get('gate-location')
    Inflight Wifi services=request.form.get('Iwifi')
    Inflight entertainment=request.form.get('inflight-ent')
    Online support=request.form.get('online-support')
    Ease of online booking=request.form.get('eoob')
    On board services=request.form.get('onboard-services')
    Leg room services=request.form.get('lrs')
    Baggage handling=request.form.get('bh')
    Checkin services=request.form.get('cis')
    Cleanliness=request.form.get('clean')
    Online boarding=request.form.get('online-boarding')
    Departure delaying=request.form.get('DD-in-min')
```

```
Arrival delaying=request.form.get('AA-in-min')
    if (Customer Type=='Loyal Customer'):
        Customer Type=0
        Customer Type=1
    if(Type of travel=='Personal Travel'):
        Type of travel=0
        Type of travel=1
        Class=1
    elif(Class=='Business'):
        Class=0
input=pd.DataFrame([[Gender,Customer Type,Age,Type of travel,Cla
ss, Flight Distance, Seat comfort, Departure Arrival Time Convenien
t, Food Drink, Gate Location, Inflight Wifi services, Inflight enter
tainment, Online support, Ease of online booking, On board services
, Leg room services, Baggage handling, Checkin services, Cleanliness
,Online boarding,Departure delaying,Arrival delaying]],columns=[
Distance', 'Seat comfort', 'Departure/Arrival time
    prediction=pklfile.predict(input)
    print(prediction)
    if (prediction==1):
```

app.run(debug=True, port=5001)