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Master Thesis Proposal

Working Title: Semi-automatic pattern detection in hierarchical tabular data with flat hierarchies

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Version 2 November 21, 2022

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1 Motivation

Data is becoming increasingly important especially, the use of tabular data in the field of visual analytics. Tabular data is highly preferred and is a critical data management approach as it has been used by many application domain experts such as scientists, financial practitioners and policy-makers [1, 3]. Most of the existing studies focus on flat simple tabular data rather than hierarchical tabular data [6, 11]. Hierarchical tabular data are used, especially in statistical reports and research papers providing better capability of efficient data management [4]. Many research work focuses on diverse types of tabular data such genomic data [9], secRNA data [8], biome data [16], to find patterns. One of the example where tabular data is generated is visual storytelling taxonomies or narrative visualisation taxonomies. Such taxonomies provide a quantitative analysis of storytelling. Stolper et al. [13] create a taxonomy of journalism stories exploring 20 data-driven story telling techniques broadly categorized into 4 main categories creating a hierarchy; against 45 asynchronous data stories. Although authors visualize which techniques where used but do not highlight how often were these different techniques used.

Therefore, it would be great if we had a way to automatically find patterns in such hierarchical tabular data. However, often automatic algorithms depend on certain input parameters. Therefore, this inspires to integrate the execution of the automatic algorithms into an interactive application that allows to customize input parameters and visualize the output in more insightful and effective way.

2 Problem definition and Research Question

Considering above mentioned motivation, this work focuses on:

- 1. investigating extraction of various patterns types from tabular data
- 2. investigating effects of flat hierarchical structures in pattern detection
- 3. examining algorithms to analyse and extract patterns in flat hierarchical tabular data
- 4. designing and implementing an application to analyse tabular data using the most effective algorithm.

3 Related Work

3.1 Interactive visual exploration and analysis of tabular data

Guozheng Li et al. have developed an interactive visual analysis tool for hierarchical tabular data constructing a model which defines row/column headings as bi-clustering and hierarchical structures to explore relationships among the

hierarchical row and column labels interactively and effectively [7]. Whereas, Eckelt et. al. proposes TourDino integrated in the Ordino [14], a drug discovery platform for the purpose of identifying new drug targets. TourDino provides a supporting view that helps users, who are not experts in statistics, to verify generated hypotheses and confirm insights through exploration and validation of statistical hypotheses using interactive visualisation on tabular data [5]. Interestingly, Furmanova et. al. provides scalable visualisation of tabular data, providing interactive analysis through hierarchical aggregation of subsets [6].

3.2 Automatic pattern detection in multi-variate tabular data

Related work shows research in the direction of using dimensionality reduction techniques for high dimensional data to reduce it into lower dimensions combined either with supervised learning tasks such as classification or unsupervised learning tasks such as cluster analysis. Chad A. Steed et al. creates a visual exploration system for multivariate data with heterogeneous type which helps understand inputs to algorithm such as neural network [12]. Xueli Xu et al. used t-SNE algorithm with Aitchson distance as dimentionality reduction and fed the resulting low dimensional features to commonly used machine learning algorithms for compositional microbiome data [15]. On the other hand, Ju Nam et al. describes the importance of cluster analysis using an interactive tool to control cluster parameters on high dimensional aerosol mass spectra data [10]. Zhang et al. diagnose errors and find patterns in machine maintenance heterogeneous and high-dimensional log data through machine learning assisted visual analytics. Here, authors use data-type dependent dimensionality reduction technique, such as use of contrasting clusters in Principal Component Analysis (ccPCA) for numerical data, contrasting clusters in Multiple Correspondence (ccMCA) for categorical data and Uniform manifold approximation and projection (UMPA) for text data in combination with clustering [17]. Zhou et al. address the spatial clusters of air-quality data using visual analytics tool and exemplify factors responsible for the air-quality using MDS and Hierarchical clustering [18]. Devassy et al. show t-SNE outperforming PCA for forensic document analysis done on hyperspectral imaging data [2].

4 Methodology and Evaluation

This work aims to explore various kinds of patterns which can be found in hierarchical tabular data and it intends to do a literature review on existing algorithms used to find patterns in hierarchical tabular data. After the review, suitable algorithms from the literature will be implemented and an interactive R-Shiny based application will be built. This work will review the literature for visualisation used to support detected patterns. To evaluate, a ground truth with known patterns will be validated against the developed application, confirming the usefulness of found patterns in hierarchical tabular data. For usability vali-

dation on actual data, the application will be checked by domain experts from the Chair of Visualization at Otto-von-Guericke University, Magdeburg.

5 Goals and benefits

Descriptive taxonomy generated by Stolper et. al. as the baseline, this work will examine types of patterns created on hierarchical tabular data and create a visual analytics application to semi-automatically find patterns in the hierarchical data. The ways in which these flat relationship can be considered in detecting patterns will be explored. Finding patterns in hierarchical tabular data as well as determining significance of flat hierarchical relationship within the columns will be explored. A tool to effectively find patterns and analyse hierarchical tabular data will be developed for the research community, providing a base for further investigation.

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