

# Stat753\_HW12\_JaleesaHoule

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```
[1]: import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

## 1 Question 1

Consider the switch SDE:  $dX(t) = -c \cdot \text{sgn}(X(t) - m)dt + \sigma dW(t)$ . Here,  $c, \sigma > 0$ , and  $\text{sgn}$  is the signum function:

$$\text{sgn}(y) := \begin{cases} +1, y > 0; \\ 0, y = 0; \\ -1, y < 0. \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

Show that the Laplace distribution with mean  $m$  and variance  $v$  is a stationary distribution, and find the variance  $v$ .

```
[2]: def SDE1(mu, sigma, c, dt, T):
    simX=[0]
    N=int(T/dt)
    noise = np.random.normal(0,np.sqrt(dt),N)

    for i in range(N):
        old = simX[-1]
        if (old-mu)>0:
            new= -c*dt + sigma*noise[i] + old
        elif (old-mu)<0:
            new= c*dt + sigma*noise[i] + old
        elif (old-mu)==0:
            new= sigma*noise[i] + old

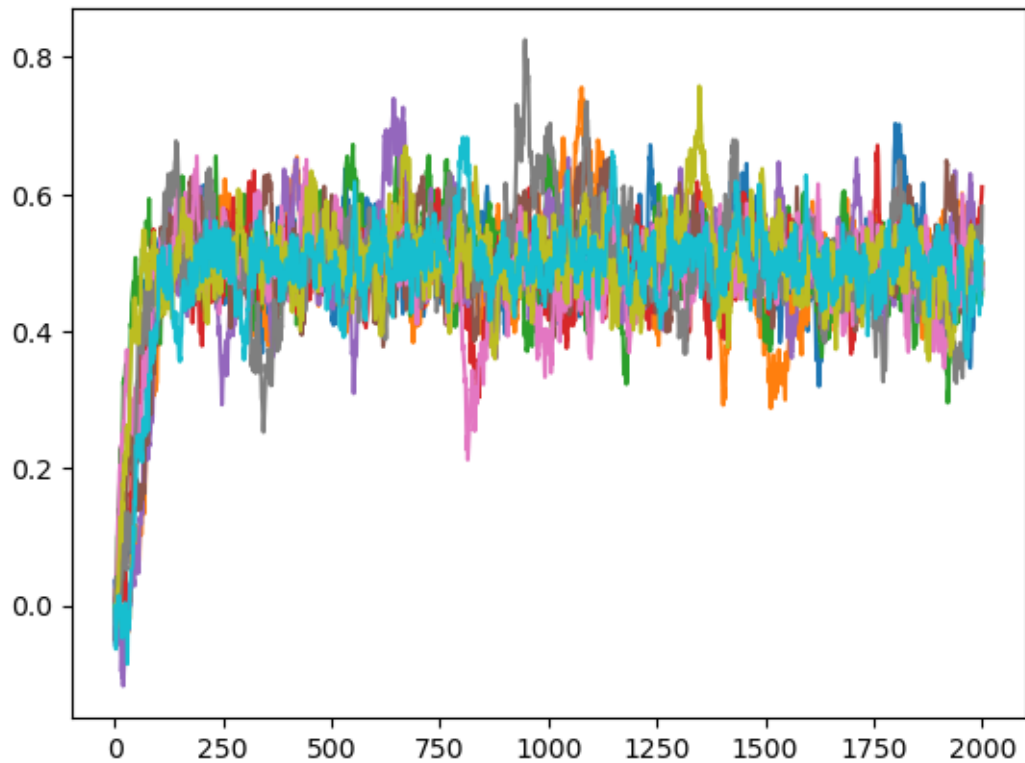
        simX.append(new)
    return simX
```

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[3]: sigma=.2
m=.5
c=.5
b= sigma**2/(2*c)
dt=0.01
```

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T=20
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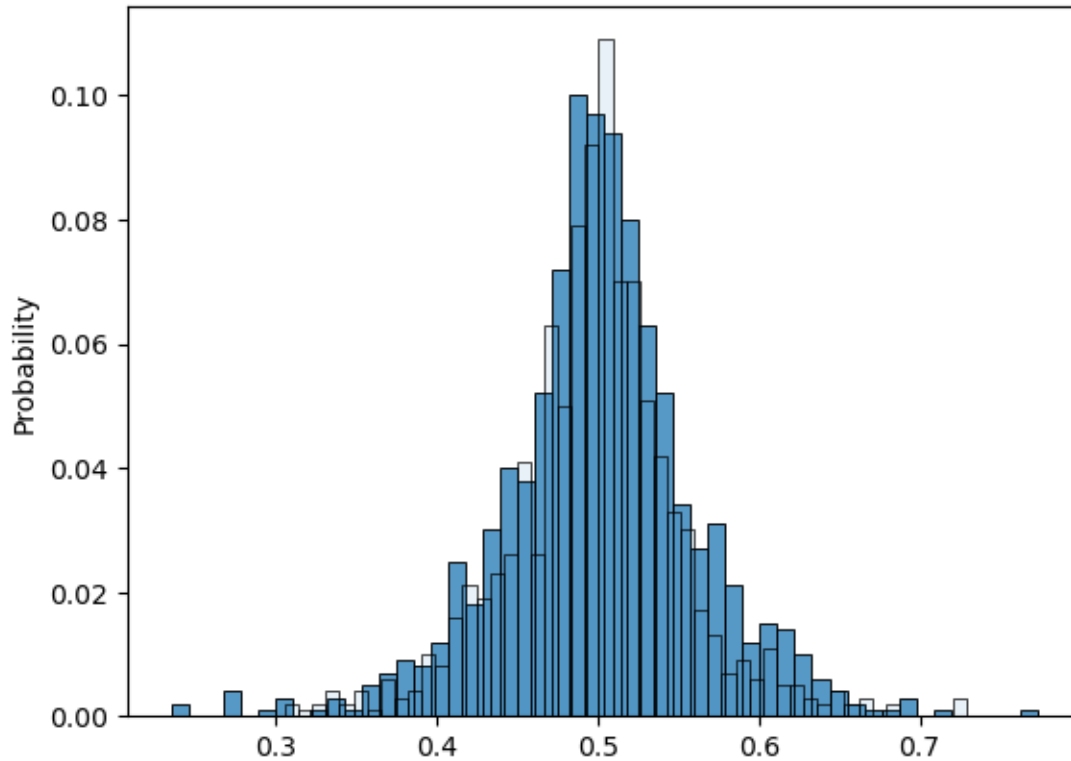
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[4]: sims=[]  
     np.random.seed(1)  
     for i in range(1000):  
         sims.append(SDE1(m,sigma,c, dt, T))
```

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[5]: for i in range(10):  
     plt.plot(sims[i])
```



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[6]: X = np.random.laplace(loc=m, scale=b , size=1000)  
     sns.histplot(np.array(sims)[: ,1000],stat='probability', bins=50)  
     sns.histplot(X, bins=50,stat='probability', alpha=.1)
```

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[6]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='Probability'>
```



```
[7]: print('Empirical mean:', np.mean(np.array(sims)[: ,500]))
      print('Empirical variance:', np.var(np.array(sims)[: ,500]))

      print('Theoretical mean:', m)
      print('Theoretical variance:', 2*b**2)
```

```
Empirical mean: 0.5038519384972718
Empirical variance: 0.0035413485192730544
Theoretical mean: 0.5
Theoretical variance: 0.00320000000000000015
```

## 2 Question 2

Consider the Ornstein-Uhlenbeck process in the log scale modeling the Volatility Index VIX:

$$d\ln V(t) = (-0.1188\ln V(t) + 0.3482)dt + 0.1589dW(t), V(0) = 16. \quad (2)$$

Find the mean and variance of  $V$  in its stationary distribution.

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[8]: def SDE2(m,c, sigma, dt, T, X0):
      simX=[X0]
      N= int(T/dt)
```

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noise = np.random.normal(0,np.sqrt(dt),N)

for i in range(N):
    old = simX[-1]
    new= (np.exp(c*m*dt)) * (old**(-c*dt)) * np.exp(sigma*noise[i]) * old
    simX.append(new)
return simX

```

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[9]: c = .1188
m = 0.3482/c
sigma=0.1589
dt= .01
T=30
X0=16

p2 = sigma*2 / 2*c

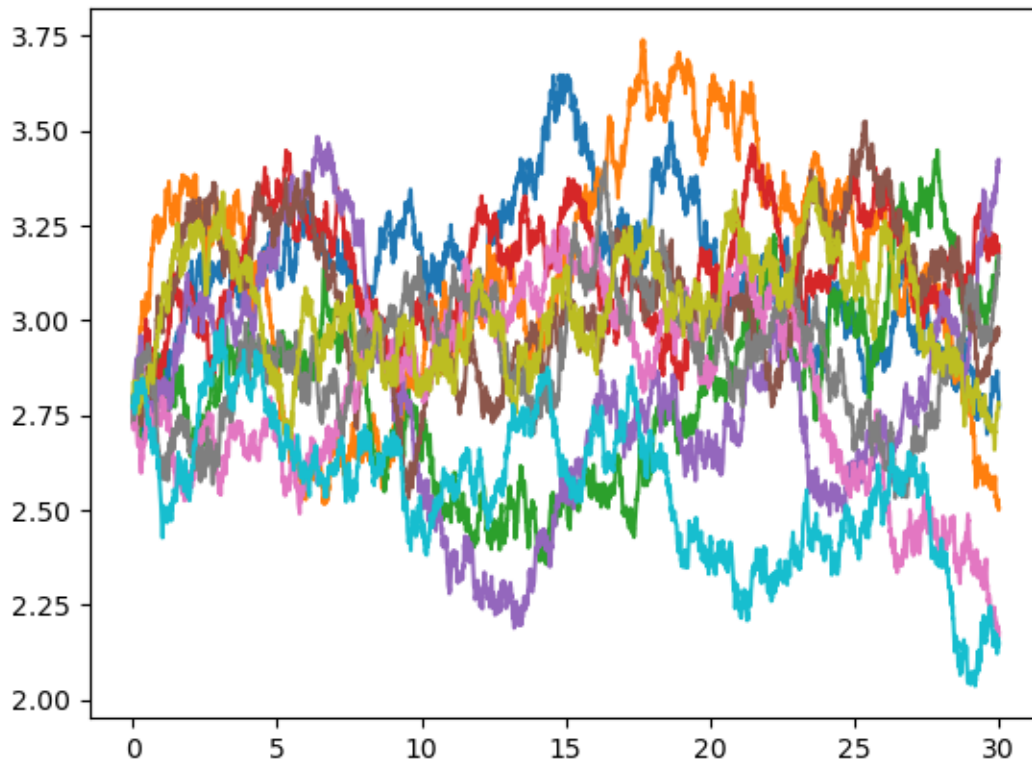
np.random.seed(1)
sims=[]
for i in range(1000):
    sims.append(SDE2(m,c,sigma, dt, T, X0))

```

```

[10]: time = np.linspace(0,T,int(T/dt)+1)
for i in range(10):
    plt.plot(time, np.log(sims[i]))

```



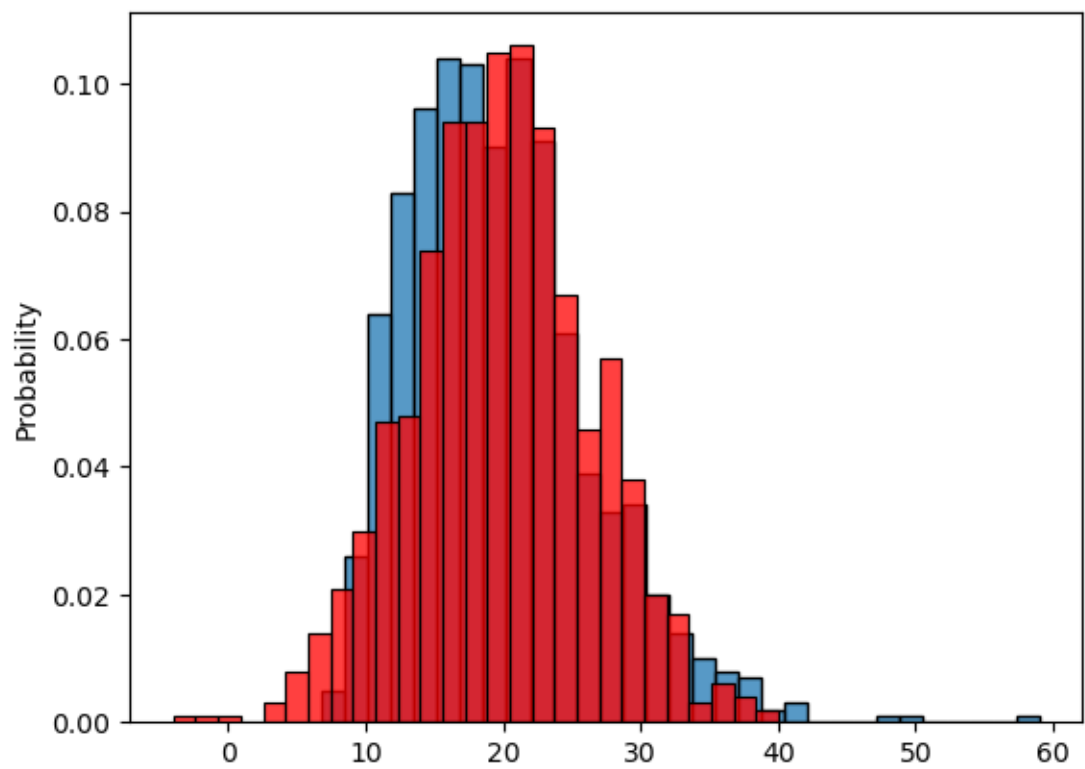
```
[11]: p2 = sigma**2 / (2*c)
print('Empirical mean:', np.mean(np.array(sims)[: ,1000:]))
print('Empirical variance:', np.var(np.array(sims)[: ,1000:]))

print('Theoretical mean:', np.exp(m + (p2/2)))
print('Theoretical variance:', (np.exp(2*m + 4*p2/2) - np.exp(m + p2/2)**2))
```

```
Empirical mean: 19.335080974581142
Empirical variance: 43.44341712167216
Theoretical mean: 19.76890582446917
Theoretical variance: 43.81740930293188
```

```
[17]: X = np.random.normal(19.76890582446917, np.sqrt(43.81740930293188), size=1000)
sns.histplot(np.array(sims)[: ,2500], stat='probability')
sns.histplot(X, stat='probability', color='red')
```

```
[17]: <AxesSubplot:ylabel='Probability'>
```



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