

9.25

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习题(A)

$$\begin{aligned}
 5. (9) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x - \sin x}{\sin^3 x} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{\cos x} - 1}{\sin^2 x} \\
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\cos x} \cdot \frac{1 - \cos x}{\sin^2 x} \\
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\cos x} \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{1 - \cos^2 x} \\
 &= 1 \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{1 + \cos x} = \frac{1}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$(10) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin 5x - \sin 3x}{\sin x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{5x - 3x}{x} = 2$$

$$(11) \text{ 首先有 } e^{i \cdot 3x} = (e^{ix})^3$$

$$\text{即 } \cos 3x + i \sin 3x = (\cos x + i \sin x)^3$$

$$\text{比较实部 有 } \cos 3x = \cos^3 x + 3 \cos x (-\sin^2 x)$$

$$= 4 \cos^3 x - 3 \cos x$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{因此 } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\cos x - \cos 3x}{x^2} &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{4 \cos x - 4 \cos^3 x}{x^2} \\
 &= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 4 \cos x \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos^2 x}{x^2} \\
 &= 4 \cdot \left( \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} \right)^2 = 4
 \end{aligned}$$

习题(B)

3. 不妨取  $n \geq 7$ , 先证  $n! > 3^n$ 

$$1^\circ \text{ 当 } n=7 \text{ 时 有 } 7! = 5040 > 2187 = 3^7$$

2° 假设 当  $n=k$  时有  $k! > 3^k$  成立则当  $n=k+1$  时

$$(k+1)! = k! \cdot (k+1) \quad \text{由数学归纳法}$$

$$> 3^k \cdot (k+1) \quad \text{可知当 } n \geq 7 \text{ 时}$$

$$> 3^k \cdot 3 = 3^{k+1} \quad \text{有 } n! > 3^n$$

$$\text{那么就有 } \frac{2^n}{n!} < \frac{2^n}{2^n} = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n \quad \text{且 } \frac{2^n}{n!} < 1, \frac{2}{3} < 1$$

$$\text{那么就有 } \frac{2^n}{n!} < \frac{2^n}{3^n} = \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n \Rightarrow \text{即 } 0 < \frac{2^n}{n!} < \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n$$

$$\text{且显然有 } \frac{2^n}{n!} > 0$$

$$\text{取 } n \rightarrow \infty \text{ 有 } 0 < \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^n}{n!} < 0 \text{ 即 } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{2^n}{n!} = 0$$

Q.E.D

$$4. (2) \text{ 原式} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{6}} \sin 3x \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{6}} \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{6} - x)}{\cos 3x}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow \frac{\pi}{6}} \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{6} - x)}{\cos 3x}$$

$$\text{其中 } \cos 3x = \cos\left[3\left(x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right) + \frac{\pi}{2}\right]$$

$$= -\sin\left[3\left(x - \frac{\pi}{6}\right)\right]$$

$$\text{记 } t = x - \frac{\pi}{6}, \text{ 原式} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin(-t)}{-\sin 3t} = \frac{1}{3}$$

(4) 记  $t = x - \frac{\pi}{4}$ , 则有

$$\text{原式} = \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan(t + \frac{\pi}{4}) - 1}{t}$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{\tan t + 1}{1 - \tan t} - 1}{t}$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \tan t}{t(1 - \tan t)}$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{2 \tan t}{t} = 2$$

总习题(2)

4. (2) 法-: 当  $x \rightarrow 0$  时  $(1 + \alpha x)^\beta \sim 1 + \alpha \beta x$

$$\text{因此 原式} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{5x}{(1 + \frac{x}{2}) - (1 - \frac{x}{2})} = \frac{15}{2}$$

法=: 记  $\sqrt[3]{1+x} = a$ ,  $\sqrt[3]{1-x} = b$

$$\text{原式} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{5x(a^2 + ab + b^2)}{(a-b)(a^2 + ab + b^2)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{5x \left[ (1+x)^{\frac{2}{3}} + (1-x)^{\frac{2}{3}} + (1-x)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right]}{a^3 - b^3}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{5x}{2x} \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left[ (1+x)^{\frac{2}{3}} + (1-x)^{\frac{2}{3}} + (1-x)^{\frac{2}{3}} \right]$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{5x}{2x} \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} [1+x + (1-x)^2 + (1-x)^3]$$

$$= \frac{5}{2} \times 3 = \frac{15}{2}$$

$$(4) 1^\circ \text{ 当 } |x| > 1 \text{ 时 原式} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\frac{1}{x^{2n}} - x}{\frac{2}{x^{2n}} + 1} = -x$$

$$2^\circ \text{ 当 } |x| < 1 \text{ 时 原式} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$3^\circ \text{ 当 } x = 1 \text{ 时 原式} = 0$$

$$4^\circ \text{ 当 } x = -1 \text{ 时 原式} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$(6) \text{ 原式} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1+x\sin x - \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 \frac{x}{2} (\sqrt{1+x\sin x} + \cos x)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x\sin x} + \cos x} \cdot \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x (\sin x + x)}{\sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{2\sin \frac{x}{2} \cos \frac{x}{2} (\sin x + x)}{\sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos \frac{x}{2} \cdot \left( \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{\sin \frac{x}{2}} + \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x}{\sin \frac{x}{2}} \right)$$

$$= 1 \times (2 + 2) = 4$$