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COMP 4200

Homework 1

EXERCISES

0.1 Examine the following formal descriptions of sets so that you understand which members they contain. Write a short informal English description of each set.

- a. $\{1, 3, 5, 7, \dots\}$
- b. $\{\dots, -4, -2, 0, 2, 4, \dots\}$
- c. $\{n \mid n = 2m \text{ for some } m \text{ in } \mathcal{N}\}$
- d. $\{n \mid n = 2m \text{ for some } m \text{ in } \mathcal{N}, \text{ and } n = 3k \text{ for some } k \text{ in } \mathcal{N}\}$
- e. $\{w \mid w \text{ is a string of 0s and 1s and } w \text{ equals the reverse of } w\}$
- f. $\{n \mid n \text{ is an integer and } n = n + 1\}$

F.) This set is an empty set. E.g., $n=3 \Rightarrow 3 \neq 3+1$

E.) This set holds the string w of 0s and 1s while having the reverse values of w .

- 0.6** Let X be the set $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$ and Y be the set $\{6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$. The unary function $f: X \rightarrow Y$ and the binary function $g: X \times Y \rightarrow Y$ are described in the following tables.

n	$f(n)$
1	6
2	7
3	6
4	7
5	6

g	6	7	8	9	10
1	10	10	10	10	10
2	7	8	9	10	6
3	7	7	8	8	9
4	9	8	7	6	10
5	6	6	6	6	6

- What is the value of $f(2)$?
- What are the range and domain of f ?
- What is the value of $g(2, 10)$?
- What are the range and domain of g ?
- What is the value of $g(4, f(4))$?

D.)

The range of function g is $\{6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$

The domain of function g will contain the values of X and Y .

$X \sim \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$

$Y \sim \{6, 7, 8, 9, 10\}$

Domain is equal to $X * Y =$

$\{(1, 6) (1, 7) (1, 8) (1, 9) (1, 10) (2, 6) (2, 7) (2, 8) (2, 9) (2, 10) (3, 6) (3, 7) (3, 8) (3, 9) (3, 10) (4, 6) (4, 7) (4, 8) (4, 9) (4, 10) (5, 6) (5, 7) (5, 8) (5, 9) (5, 10)\}$

E.) The value of $g(4, f(4))$ is $g(4, 7)$ which is the number **8**.

Problem 2

Total: 40 points (20 points each)

Prove the following by mathematical induction. For each solution, please specify your (1) base case; (2) induction hypothesis; and (3) inductive step.

1. For all $n \in \mathbb{N}$:

$$5^n + 5 < 5^{n+1}$$

2. For all $n \in \mathbb{N}$:

$$\sum_{i=1}^n (-1)^i i^2 = (-1)^n \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

1.

Basis Step: $n=1$

$$5^{(1)} + 5 < 5^{(1)+1}$$

$$10 < 25$$

✓

Inductive Step :

$$n = k+1$$

$$k+1$$

$$k+1 = 5^{(k+1)} + 5 < 5^{(k+1)+1}$$

Induction Hypothesis.

Assume the formula is true
for $n=k$

$$k = 5^{(k)} + 5 < 5^{(k)+1}$$

- The formula remains true with n being either 1, 2, or $k+1$. The induction hypothesis was correct.

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1. For all $n \in \mathbb{N}$:

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2. For all $n \in \mathbb{N}$:

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2. Basis Step
 $n=1$

LHS

$$\sum_{i=1}^1 (-1)^i (i)^2 = \underline{-1}$$

RHS

$$\frac{(-1)^1 \cdot 1(1+1)}{2} = \underline{-1}$$

Induction Hypothesis:

Assume the formula is true for $n=k$

Inductive Step: $n=k+1$

$$\begin{aligned} \sum_{i=1}^{k+1} (-1)^i i^2 &= \sum_{i=1}^k (-1)^i i^2 + (-1)^{k+1} (k+1)^2 \\ &= \frac{(-1)^k k(k+1)}{2} + (-1)^{k+1} (k+1)^2 \\ &= \frac{(-1)^k k(k+1)}{2} (k-2(k+1)) \\ &= \frac{(-1)^k k(k+1)}{2} (-k-2) \\ &= \boxed{\frac{(-1)^{k+1} (k+1)(k+2)}{2}} \end{aligned}$$

- The formula remains true with n being either 1, 2, or $k+1$. The induction hypothesis was correct.