Project --> Quora Questions Pair Similarity

importing libraries

import pandas as pd import numpy as np import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns import warnings warnings.filterwarnings('ignore') import os import sys import datetime %matplotlib inline

from subprocess import check_output import gc import re import distance from nltk.corpus import stopwords from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer

plotly related libraries:

import plotly.offline as py py.init_notebook_mode(connected=True) import plotly.graph_objects as go import plotly.tools as tls

plt.yscale('log', nonposy='clip')

!pip install distance --upgrade

EDA

loading Train.csv file

```
In [2]:
```

```
df = pd.read_csv("train.csv")
df.head(3)
```

Out[2]:

	id	qid1	qid2	question1	question2	is_duplicate
(0	1	2	What is the step by step guide to invest in sh	What is the step by step guide to invest in sh	0
1	1 1	3	4	What is the story of Kohinoor (Koh-i-Noor) Dia	What would happen if the Indian government sto	0
2	2 2	5	6	How can I increase the speed of my internet co	How can Internet speed be increased by hacking	0

In [3]:

```
df.columns
```

Out[3]:

```
Index(['id', 'qid1', 'qid2', 'question1', 'question2', 'is_duplicate'], dtype='object')
```

In [4]:

```
len(df), df.isnull().sum(), df.is_duplicate.value_counts()
```

Out[4]:

```
In [5]:
```

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 404290 entries, 0 to 404289
Data columns (total 6 columns):
                404290 non-null int64
qid1
               404290 non-null int64
qid2
               404290 non-null int64
               404289 non-null object
question1
question2
               404288 non-null object
               404290 non-null int64
is_duplicate
dtypes: int64(4), object(2)
memory usage: 18.5+ MB
```

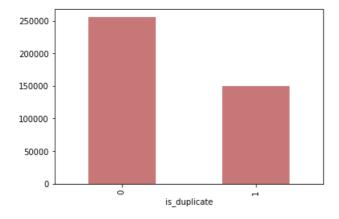
Disribution of data

In [6]:

```
df.groupby('is_duplicate')['id'].count().plot.bar(color="#C77777")
```

Out[6]:

<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f83a68a4390>



In [7]:

```
##percent if son similar questions in dataset.
print(np.round(df['is_duplicate'].value_counts()[0] / len(df), 2))
```

0.63

No of Unique Questions

In [8]:

```
ques_uniq = pd.concat([df.qid1, df.qid2], axis=0).nunique()
ques_repeat = sum(pd.concat([df.qid1, df.qid2], axis=0).value_counts() > 1)
ques_max = sum(pd.concat([df.qid1, df.qid2], axis=0).value_counts().head(1))
print('Unique question counts = {}\nRepeated Question counts = {}\nMaximum quesion asked count = {}\.'
}'.format(ques_uniq, ques_repeat,ques_max))
```

Unique question counts = 537933 Repeated Question counts = 111780 Maximum quesion asked count = 157

plotting unique questions vs. repeated question

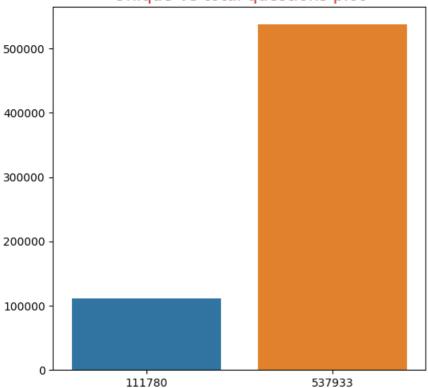
```
In [9]:
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6), dpi=100)
sns.barplot([ques_uniq, ques_repeat], [ques_uniq, ques_repeat])
plt.title('Unique Vs total questions plot', color='#D42929', size=15)
```

Out[9]:

Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Unique Vs total questions plot')

Unique Vs total questions plot



finding duplicate rows

In [10]:

```
duplicate_rows_df = pd.concat([df.qid1, df.qid2], axis=1).duplicated(subset=['qid1', 'qid2'])
len(duplicate_rows_df)

#conclusion: there's no duplicate rows found since the length of the dataframe equals to the the l
ength of the original df.
```

Out[10]:

404290

Null values checks and replacement

In [11]:

```
#Checking whether there are any rows with null values
nan_rows = df[df.isnull().any(1)]
print (nan_rows)

#filling NA values
print('\n' * 2)
df = df.fillna('Filling Null Values')
nan_rows = df[df.isnull().any(1)]
print (nan_rows)
```

```
id qid1 qid2 question1 \
105780 105780 174363 174364 How can I develop android app?
201841 201841 303951 174364 How can I create an Android app?
```

```
363362 363362 493340 493341
                                                              NaN
                                                 question2
                                                            is duplicate
105780
                                                       NaN
201841
                                                       NaN
                                                                       0
363362 My Chinese name is Haichao Yu. What English na...
                                                                       0
Empty DataFrame
Columns: [id, qid1, qid2, question1, question2, is duplicate]
In [12]:
len(df)
Out[12]:
```

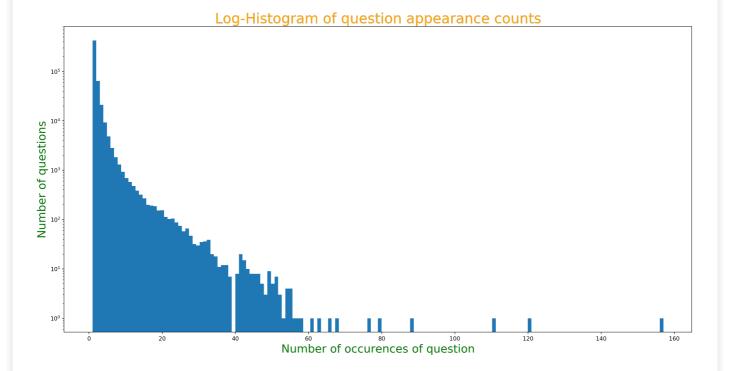
Plotting

404290

In [13]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(20, 10), dpi=200)
plt.hist(pd.concat([df.qid1, df.qid2], axis=0).value_counts(), bins=160)
plt.yscale('log', nonposy='clip')
plt.title('Log-Histogram of question appearance counts', color='orange', size=25)
plt.xlabel('Number of occurences of question', size=20, color='green')
plt.ylabel('Number of questions', size=20, color='green')
print ('Maximum number of times a single question is repeated: {}\n'.format(max(pd.concat([df.qid1, df.qid2], axis=0).value_counts())))
```

Maximum number of times a single question is repeated: 157



Functional Approach --Basic Feature Extraction (before cleaning)

Let us now construct a few features like:

• freq_qid1 = Frequency of qid1's

```
• q1len = Length of q1
 • q2len = Length of q2
 • q1_n_words = Number of words in Question 1
 • q2_n_words = Number of words in Question 2
 • word_Common = (Number of common unique words in Question 1 and Question 2)
 • word_Total =(Total num of words in Question 1 + Total num of words in Question 2)
 • word_share = (word common)/(word Total)
 • freq_q1+freq_q2 = sum total of frequency of qid1 and qid2
 • freq_q1-freq_q2 = absolute difference of frequency of qid1 and qid2
In [14]:
def basic feature extraction(*args: 'variable number of arguments'):
    '''doing the basic feature extraction technique using column engineering and
       making into set of new columns
    global df
    #def common_word_count(w1, w2):
        #w1 = w1.strip(' \n').split()
        #w2 = w2.strip('\n').split()
        \#common\ word = 0
        \#tmp = w1 \ if \ len(w1) > len(w2) \ else \ w2
        #for words in tmp:
            #if (words in w1) & (words in w2):
                #common word += 1
            #else:
               #continue
        #return common word
    df['freq qid1']
                         = df.groupby(args[0])[args[0]].transform('count')
    df['freq_qid2']
                         = df.groupby(args[1])[args[1]].transform('count')
    df['qllen']
                         = df[args[2]].apply(lambda x: len(x))
    df['q2len']
                         = df[args[3]].apply(lambda x: len(x))
    df['q1 n words']
                         = df[args[2]].apply(lambda x: len(x.split()))
    df['q2 n words']
                         = df[args[3]].apply(lambda x: len(x.split()))
                         = [set(x[3].strip('\n').lower().split()) \& set(x[4].strip('\n').lower().sp
    df['word overlap']
lit()) for x in df.values]
    df[args[3]].apply(lambda x: len(x.strip('\n').split()))
    df['word share'] = df['word common'] / df['word total']
    df['freq q1+freq q2'] = df['freq qid1'] + df['freq qid2']
    df['freq_q1-freq_q2'] = np.abs(df['freq_qid1'] - df['freq_qid2'])
    df.drop('word_overlap', axis=1, inplace=True)
    return df
In [15]:
%%time
df = basic feature extraction('qid1', 'qid2', 'question1', 'question2')
CPU times: user 6.4 s, sys: 392 ms, total: 6.8 s
Wall time: 6.79 s
In [16]:
df.columns
Out[16]:
'word common', 'word_total', 'word_share', 'freq_q1+freq_q2',
       'freq q1-freq q2'],
```

• freq_qid2 = Frequency of qid2's

dtype='object')

In [16]:

```
df.head(3)
```

Out[16]:

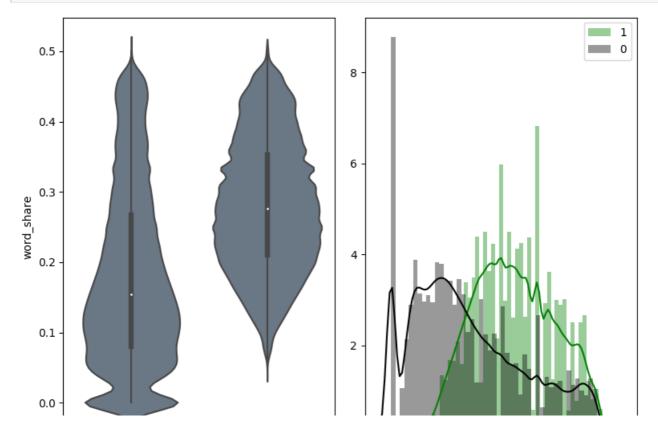
	id	qid1	qid2	question1	question2	is_duplicate	freq_qid1	freq_qid2	q1len	q2len	q1_n_words	q2_n_words	word_common w
0	0	1	2	What is the step by step guide to invest in sh	What is the step by step guide to invest in sh	0	1	1	66	57	14	12	10
1	1	3	4	What is the story of Kohinoor (Koh-i- Noor) Dia	What would happen if the Indian government sto	0	4	1	51	88	8	13	4
2	2	5	6	How can I increase the speed of my internet co	How can Internet speed be increased by hacking	0	1	1	73	59	14	10	4
4													F

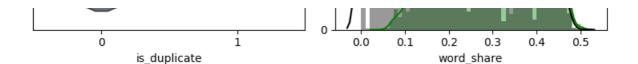
Plotting - Distribution of word_share column

In [17]:

```
fig = plt.subplots(figsize=(8,6), dpi=100)
plt.subplot(121)
sns.violinplot(x='is_duplicate', y='word_share', data=df, color='#667788')

#plot2:
plt.subplot(122)
sns.distplot(df[df['is_duplicate'] == 1.0]['word_share'] , label = "1", color = 'green')
sns.distplot(df[df['is_duplicate'] == 0.0]['word_share'] , label = "0" , color = 'black')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```





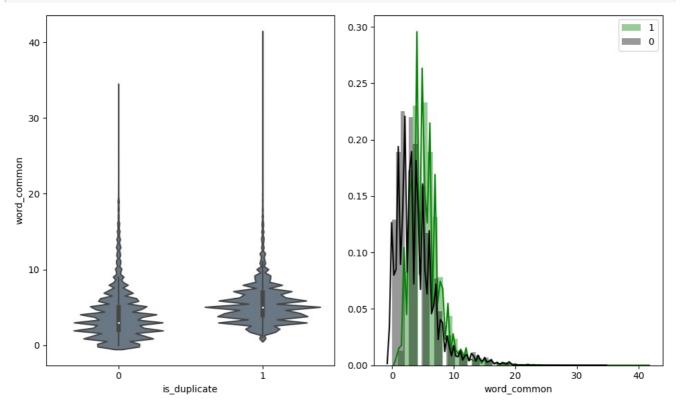
As we can see from above the column word_share has some importance as the labels are neither perfectly overlapping nor completely noon overlapping..we will see it later

Plotting - Distribution of word common column

In [18]:

```
fig = plt.subplots(figsize=(10,6), dpi=100)
plt.subplot(121)
sns.violinplot(x='is_duplicate', y='word_common', data=df, color='#667788')

#plot2:
plt.subplot(122)
sns.distplot(df[df['is_duplicate'] == 1.0]['word_common'] , label = "1", color = 'green')
sns.distplot(df[df['is_duplicate'] == 0.0]['word_common'] , label = "0" , color = 'black')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



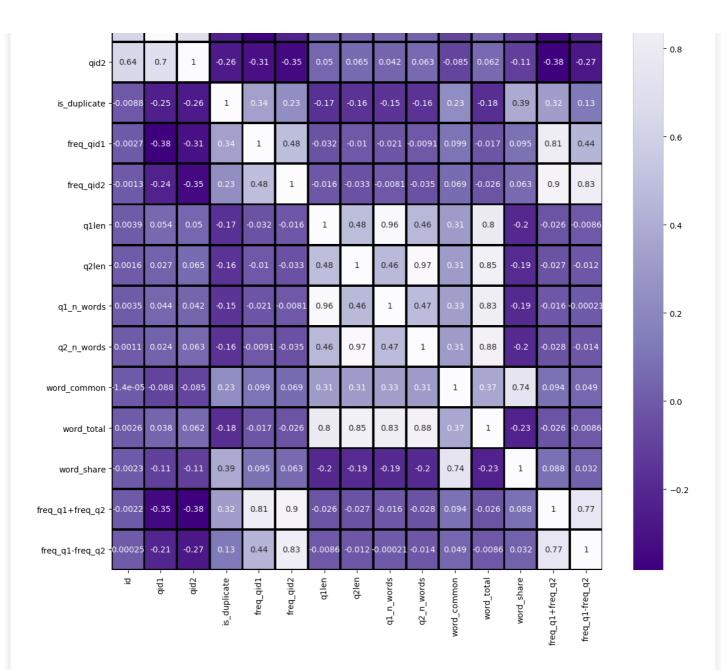
we could see that the word common feature is not as good as word_share feature as there are multiple overlaps seen in it

HEATMAP -To check collereation values

```
In [19]:
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(12,12), dpi=100)
sns.heatmap(df.corr(), annot=True, linecolor='black', linewidth=2, cmap='Purples_r')
plt.tight_layout()
```

id -	1	0.63	0.64	-0.0088	-0.0027	-0.0013	0.0039	0.0016	0.0035	0.0011	-1.4e-05	0.0026	-0.0023	-0.0022	0.00025
qid1 -	0.63	1	0.7	-0.25	-0.38	-0.24	0.054	0.027	0.044	0.024	-0.088	0.038	-0.11	-0.35	-0.21



EDA- Advanced Feature extraction

Preliminary Preprocessing Text

1. Removal HTML tags through Beautiful soap

2. Lemmatization, removal of punctuation and removal of stopwords using SPACY

In [20]:

```
import spacy
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import string

nlp = spacy.load('en_core_web_sm')
stopwords = spacy.lang.en.stop_words.STOP_WORDS
print('spacy stop words lists are: {}'.format(len(stopwords)))

#defining function using spacy
def preprocessing(x, stopwords=stopwords):
    #basic replacement and preprocessing:
```

```
x = str(x).lower()
    x = x.replace(",000,000", "m").replace(",000", "k").replace("'", "'").replace("'", "'")
                            .replace("won't", "will not").replace("cannot", "can not").replace("can'
", "can not") \
                            .replace("n't", " not").replace("what's", "what is").replace("it's", "it
is")\
                            .replace("'ve", " have").replace("i'm", "i am").replace("'re", " are")\
                            .replace("he's", "he is").replace("she's", "she is").replace("'s", " own
) \
                            .replace("%", " percent ").replace("\P", " rupee ").replace("$", " dollar
")\
                            .replace("€", " euro ").replace("'ll", " will")
    x = re.sub(r''([0-9]+)000000'', r'' \setminus 1m'', x)
    x = re.sub(r"([0-9]+)000", r"\1k", x)
    #removing HTML, Punctuation( I am using string module) and LEMMATIZATION( using SPACY module)
    if type(x) == type(''):
       example1 = BeautifulSoup(x)
        x = example1.get text()
    list = []
    for token in nlp(x):
        if token.lemma_ == '-PRON-':
            continue
        if token.is punct:
            continue
        #if token.text in stopwords:
            #continue
        else:
            list .append(token.lemma)
    x = ' '.join(list)
    return x
spacy stop words lists are: 326
In [21]:
df[df['question1'] == True]
df[df['question2'] == True]
df.reset index(drop=True, inplace=True)
len(df)
Out[21]:
```

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Advanced Feature Extraction (NLP and Fuzzy Features)

In [22]:

```
%*time

SAFE_DIV = 0.0001
from fuzzywuzzy import fuzz

q1_tokens = df['question1'].apply(lambda x: preprocessing(x))
q2_tokens = df['question2'].apply(lambda x: preprocessing(x))

q1_tokens = q1_tokens.apply(lambda x: x.split())
q2_tokens = q2_tokens.apply(lambda x: x.split())
print(len(q1_tokens), len(q2_tokens))

q1_words = q1_tokens.apply(lambda x: set([arg for arg in x if arg not in stopwords]))
q2_words = q2_tokens.apply(lambda x: set([arg for arg in x if arg not in stopwords]))
print(len(q1_words), len(q2_words))
```

```
q1 stops = q1 tokens.apply(lambda x: set([arg for arg in x if arg in stopwords]))
q2 stops = q2 tokens.apply(lambda x: set([arg for arg in x if arg in stopwords]))
print(len(q1 stops), len(q2 stops))
common word count = [len(q1 words[i].intersection(q2 words[i])) for i in df.index]
print(len(common word count))
common stop count = [len(q1 stops[i].intersection(q2 stops[i])) for i in df.index]
print(len(common stop count))
common token count = [len(set(q1 tokens[i]).intersection(set(q2 tokens[i]))) for i in df.index]
print(len(common token count))
df['cwc min']
                             = [common word count[i] / (min(len(list(q1 words[i])),
len(list(q2 words[i]))) + SAFE DIV) for i in df.index]
df['cwc max']
                             = [common word count[i] / (max(len(list(q1 words[i])),
len(list(q2_words[i]))) + SAFE_DIV) for i in df.index]
df['csc min']
                            = [common stop count[i] / (min(len(list(q1 words[i])),
len(list(q2_words[i]))) + SAFE_DIV) for i in df.index]
df['csc_max']
                            = [common_stop_count[i] / (max(len(list(q1_words[i])),
len(list(q2 words[i]))) + SAFE DIV) for i in df.index]
df['ctc min']
                             = [common token count[i] / (min(len(q1 tokens[i]), len(q2 tokens[i])) +
SAFE DIV) for i in df.index]
                             = [common token count[i] / (max(len(q1 tokens[i]), len(q2 tokens[i])) +
df['ctc max']
SAFE DIV) for i in df.index]
q1 tokens
                             = q1 tokens.apply(lambda x: x + [' '])
                             = q2\_tokens.apply(lambda x: x + [' '])
q2 tokens
df['last word eq']
                             = [q1 tokens[i][-1] == q2 tokens[i][-1] for i in range(len(df))]
                            = [q1_tokens[i][0] == q2_tokens[i][0] for i in range(len(df))]
df['first_word_eq']
df['abs len diff']
                             = [abs(len(q1_tokens[i]) - len(q2_tokens[i])) for i in range(len(df))]
                            = [(len(q1\_tokens[i]) + len(q2\_tokens[i])) / 2  for i  in range(len(df))]
df['mean len diff']
df["mean len"]
                             = [(len(q1_tokens[i]) + len(q2_tokens[i]) + SAFE_DIV) for i in df.index]
df['longest substr ratio'] = [len(list(distance.lcsubstrings(df['question1'][i], df['question2'][i
]))) / min(len(df['question1'][i]), len(df['question2'][i]) + 1) for i in range(len(df))]
df["token set ratio"]
                          = df.apply(lambda x: fuzz.token set ratio(x["question1"], x["question2"
]), axis=1)
df["token sort ratio"]
                             = df.apply(lambda x: fuzz.token sort ratio(x["question1"],
x["question2"]), axis=1)
df["fuzz ratio"]
                             = df.apply(lambda x: fuzz.QRatio(x["question1"], x["question2"]), axis=
1)
df["fuzz partial ratio"]
                             = df.apply(lambda x: fuzz.partial ratio(x["question1"], x["question2"])
, axis=1)
df['last word eq'] = df.last word eq.apply(lambda x : 1 if x == True else 0)
df['first_word_eq'] = df.first_word_eq.apply(lambda x: 1 if x == True else 0)
4
                                                                                                   +
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CPU times: user 2h 36min 26s, sys: 22 s, total: 2h 36min 48s
Wall time: 2h 36min 51s
In [23]:
df.columns
Out[23]:
Index(['id', 'qid1', 'qid2', 'question1', 'question2', 'is_duplicate',
       'freq_qid1', 'freq_qid2', 'q1len', 'q2len', 'q1_n_words', 'q2_n_words', 'word_common', 'word_total', 'word_share', 'freq_q1+freq_q2',
       'freq_q1-freq_q2', 'cwc_min', 'cwc_max', 'csc_min', 'csc_max',
       'ctc min', 'ctc max', 'last word eq', 'first word eq', 'abs len diff',
       'mean_len_diff', 'longest_substr_ratio', 'token_set_ratio',
       'token sort ratio', 'fuzz ratio', 'fuzz partial ratio'],
```

```
dtype='object')
In [24]:
df.isnull().sum()
Out[24]:
id
                      0
qid1
                      0
qid2
                      0
                     0
question1
question2
is_duplicate
                     0
                     0
freq_qid1
freq qid2
                      0
                     0
q1len
q2len
                     0
                    0
q1 n words
q2_n_words
                    0
                    0
word_common
word_total
word_share
                     0
freq_q1+freq_q2
freq_q1-freq_q2
                     0
                     0
cwc_min
cwc_max
                      0
csc_min
                      0
                     0
csc max
ctc min
                     0
                    0
ctc_max
                    0
last_word_eq
first word eq
               0
abs_len_diff
mean len diff
longest_substr_ratio 0
token_set_ratio 0 token_sort_ratio 0
fuzz_ratio
                      0
fuzz_partial_ratio
                    0
dtype: int64
```

Saving dataframe with Advance Preprocessed features onto disc

```
In [35]:
```

```
df.to_csv('Jalesh_Preprocess.csv', index=False)
```

In [36]:

```
df.head(2)
```

Out[36]:

	id	qid1	qid2	question1	question2	is_duplicate	freq_qid1	freq_qid2	q1len	q2len	 last_word_eq	first_word_eq	abs_len_dif
0	0	1	2	What is the step by step guide to invest in sh	What is the step by step guide to invest in sh	0	1	1	66	57	 1	1	4
1	1	3	4	What is the story of Kohinoor (Koh-i- Noor) Dia	What would happen if the Indian government sto	0	4	1	51	88	 1	1	Ę

2 rows × 33 columns

1 b

Analysis of extracted features

```
In [37]:
```

```
from wordcloud import WordCloud
```

In [38]:

```
df_duplicate = df[df['is_duplicate'] == 1]
df_nonduplicate = df[df['is_duplicate'] == 0]

# Converting 2d array of q1 and q2 and flatten the array: like {{1,2},{3,4}} to {1,2,3,4}
p = np.dstack([df_duplicate["question1"], df_duplicate["question2"]]).flatten()
n = np.dstack([df_nonduplicate["question1"], df_nonduplicate["question2"]]).flatten()

print ("Number of data points in class 1 (duplicate pairs) :",len(p))
print ("Number of data points in class 0 (non duplicate pairs) :",len(n))

#Saving the np array into a text file
np.savetxt('Jalesh_p.txt', p, delimiter=' ', fmt='%s')
np.savetxt('Jalesh_n.txt', n, delimiter=' ', fmt='%s')

#reading file:
textp_w = open(os.path.join('.', 'Jalesh_p.txt')).read()
textn_w = open(os.path.join('.', 'Jalesh_n.txt')).read()

print ("Total number of words in duplicate pair questions :",len(textp_w))
print("Total number of words in non duplicate pair questions :",len(textn_w))
```

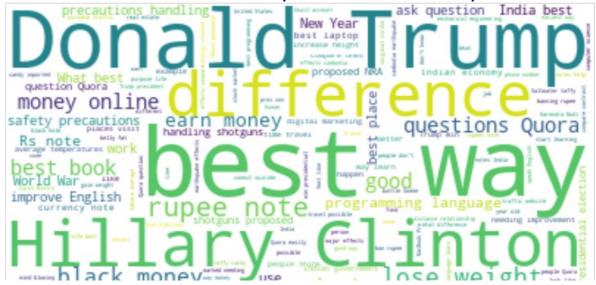
Number of data points in class 1 (duplicate pairs): 298526 Number of data points in class 0 (non duplicate pairs): 510054 Total number of words in duplicate pair questions: 16087608 Total number of words in non duplicate pair questions: 33092336

1. WordCloud

In [39]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8,8), dpi=100)
wc = WordCloud(background_color="white", max_words=len(textp_w), stopwords=stopwords)
wc.generate(textp_w)
#print ("Word Cloud for Duplicate Question pairs")
plt.imshow(wc, interpolation='bilinear')
plt.axis("off")
plt.title("Word Cloud for Duplicate Question pairs", color='black', size=20)
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

Word Cloud for Duplicate Question pairs



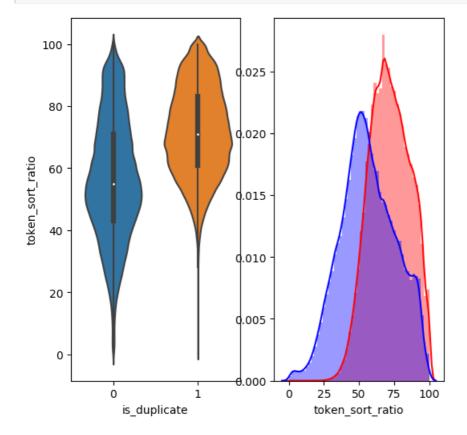
2.Violinlot

In [40]:

```
# Distribution of the token_sort_ratio
plt.figure(figsize=(6, 6), dpi=100)

plt.subplot(1,2,1)
sns.violinplot(x = 'is_duplicate', y = 'token_sort_ratio', data = df[0:] , )

plt.subplot(1,2,2)
sns.distplot(df[df['is_duplicate'] == 1.0]['token_sort_ratio'][0:] , label = "1", color = 'red')
sns.distplot(df[df['is_duplicate'] == 0.0]['token_sort_ratio'][0:] , label = "0" , color = 'blue' )
plt.show()
```



3.tSNE

In [41]:

In [42]:

```
from sklearn.manifold import TSNE
tsne2d = TSNE(
    n components=2,
```

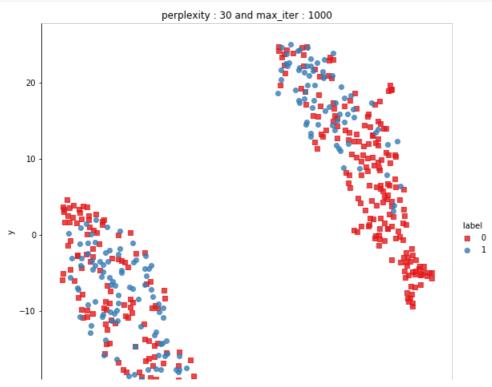
```
random state=101,
    method='barnes hut',
    n iter=1000,
    verbose=2,
    angle=0.5
).fit transform(X)
[t-SNE] Computing 91 nearest neighbors...
[t-SNE] Indexed 500 samples in 0.001s...
[t-SNE] Computed neighbors for 500 samples in 0.017s...
[t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities for sample 500 / 500
[t-SNE] Mean sigma: 0.215459
[t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities in 0.034s
[t-SNE] Iteration 50: error = 59.2758102, gradient norm = 0.5010622 (50 iterations in 0.384s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 100: error = 58.6526222, gradient norm = 0.4975067 (50 iterations in 0.381s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 150: error = 58.4290771, gradient norm = 0.5111917 (50 iterations in 0.375s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 200: error = 58.3918343, gradient norm = 0.4965278 (50 iterations in 0.372s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 250: error = 58.1947746, gradient norm = 0.4879106 (50 iterations in 0.377s)
[t-SNE] KL divergence after 250 iterations with early exaggeration: 58.194775
[t-SNE] Iteration 300: error = 0.5708505, gradient norm = 0.0015301 (50 iterations in 0.340s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 350: error = 0.5216662, gradient norm = 0.0005339 (50 iterations in 0.326s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 400: error = 0.4860596, gradient norm = 0.0003951 (50 iterations in 0.336s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 450: error = 0.4805854, gradient norm = 0.0002282 (50 iterations in 0.326s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 500: error = 0.4768022, gradient norm = 0.0001947 (50 iterations in 0.327s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 550: error = 0.4739868, gradient norm = 0.0001858 (50 iterations in 0.329s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 600: error = 0.4719697, gradient norm = 0.0001705 (50 iterations in 0.329s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 650: error = 0.4700935, gradient norm = 0.0001667 (50 iterations in 0.329s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 700: error = 0.4690734, gradient norm = 0.0001302 (50 iterations in 0.331s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 750: error = 0.4678034, gradient norm = 0.0001304 (50 iterations in 0.332s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 800: error = 0.4670660, gradient norm = 0.0001406 (50 iterations in 0.334s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 850: error = 0.4661894, gradient norm = 0.0001123 (50 iterations in 0.338s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 900: error = 0.4653809, gradient norm = 0.0001299 (50 iterations in 0.333s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 950: error = 0.4646829, gradient norm = 0.0001028 (50 iterations in 0.334s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 1000: error = 0.4641249, gradient norm = 0.0001186 (50 iterations in 0.335s)
[t-SNE] Error after 1000 iterations: 0.464125
```

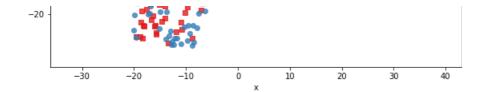
In [43]:

init='random', # pca

```
d = pd.DataFrame({'x':tsne2d[:,0], 'y':tsne2d[:,1],'label':y})

# draw the plot in appropriate place in the grid
sns.lmplot(data=d, x='x', y='y', hue='label', fit_reg=False, size=8,palette="Set1",markers=['s','o'])
plt.title("perplexity: {} and max_iter: {}".format(30, 1000))
plt.show()
```





3.tSNE-3D

In [44]:

```
tsne3d = TSNE(
   n components=3,
   init='random', # pca
   random state=101,
   method='barnes hut',
   n iter=1000,
    verbose=2,
    angle=0.5
).fit transform(X)
[t-SNE] Computing 91 nearest neighbors...
[t-SNE] Indexed 500 samples in 0.001s...
[t-SNE] Computed neighbors for 500 samples in 0.017s...
[t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities for sample 500 / 500
[t-SNE] Mean sigma: 0.215459
[t-SNE] Computed conditional probabilities in 0.033s
[t-SNE] Iteration 50: error = 66.8670273, gradient norm = 0.3592659 (50 iterations in 1.159s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 100: error = 73.1500702, gradient norm = 0.3126838 (50 iterations in 1.017s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 150: error = 78.8705215, gradient norm = 0.2922585 (50 iterations in 1.007s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 200: error = 87.0154343, gradient norm = 0.2738982 (50 iterations in 1.014s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 250: error = 87.6179962, gradient norm = 0.2592096 (50 iterations in 0.989s)
[t-SNE] KL divergence after 250 iterations with early exaggeration: 87.617996
[t-SNE] Iteration 300: error = 2.4458036, gradient norm = 0.0006620 (50 iterations in 1.145s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 350: error = 2.0095630, gradient norm = 0.0002913 (50 iterations in 1.199s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 400: error = 1.7550094, gradient norm = 0.0001679 (50 iterations in 1.157s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 450: error = 1.6056418, gradient norm = 0.0001094 (50 iterations in 1.158s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 500: error = 1.4960916, gradient norm = 0.0000787 (50 iterations in 1.153s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 550: error = 1.4035016, gradient norm = 0.0000717 (50 iterations in 1.154s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 600: error = 1.3250026, gradient norm = 0.0000586 (50 iterations in 1.151s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 650: error = 1.2709816, gradient norm = 0.0000430 (50 iterations in 1.146s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 700: error = 1.2195649, gradient norm = 0.0000478 (50 iterations in 1.130s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 750: error = 1.1692649, gradient norm = 0.0000405 (50 iterations in 1.106s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 800: error = 1.1191503, gradient norm = 0.0000360 (50 iterations in 1.103s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 850: error = 1.0771393, gradient norm = 0.0000313 (50 iterations in 1.102s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 900: error = 1.0438914, gradient norm = 0.0000233 (50 iterations in 1.094s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 950: error = 1.0171566, gradient norm = 0.0000212 (50 iterations in 1.076s)
[t-SNE] Iteration 1000: error = 0.9912969, gradient norm = 0.0000217 (50 iterations in 1.081s)
[t-SNE] Error after 1000 iterations: 0.991297
```

In [45]:

```
trace1 = go.Scatter3d(
    x=tsne3d[:,0],
    v=tsne3d[:,1]
   z=tsne3d[:,2],
   mode='markers',
   marker=dict(
       sizemode='diameter',
        color = y,
        colorscale = 'Portland',
        colorbar = dict(title = 'duplicate'),
        line=dict(color='rgb(255, 255, 255)'),
        opacity=0.75
data=[trace1]
layout=dict(height=800, width=800, title='3d embedding with engineered features')
fig=dict(data=data, layout=layout)
py.iplot(fig, filename='3DBubble')
```

Conclusion 1. I have created functional approach in creation of some of the primary features of data frame 2. I have created SPACY in this project for stopwords, punctuation removal, token creation etc. 3. I have plotted heatmap in order to see the correlation amongst features