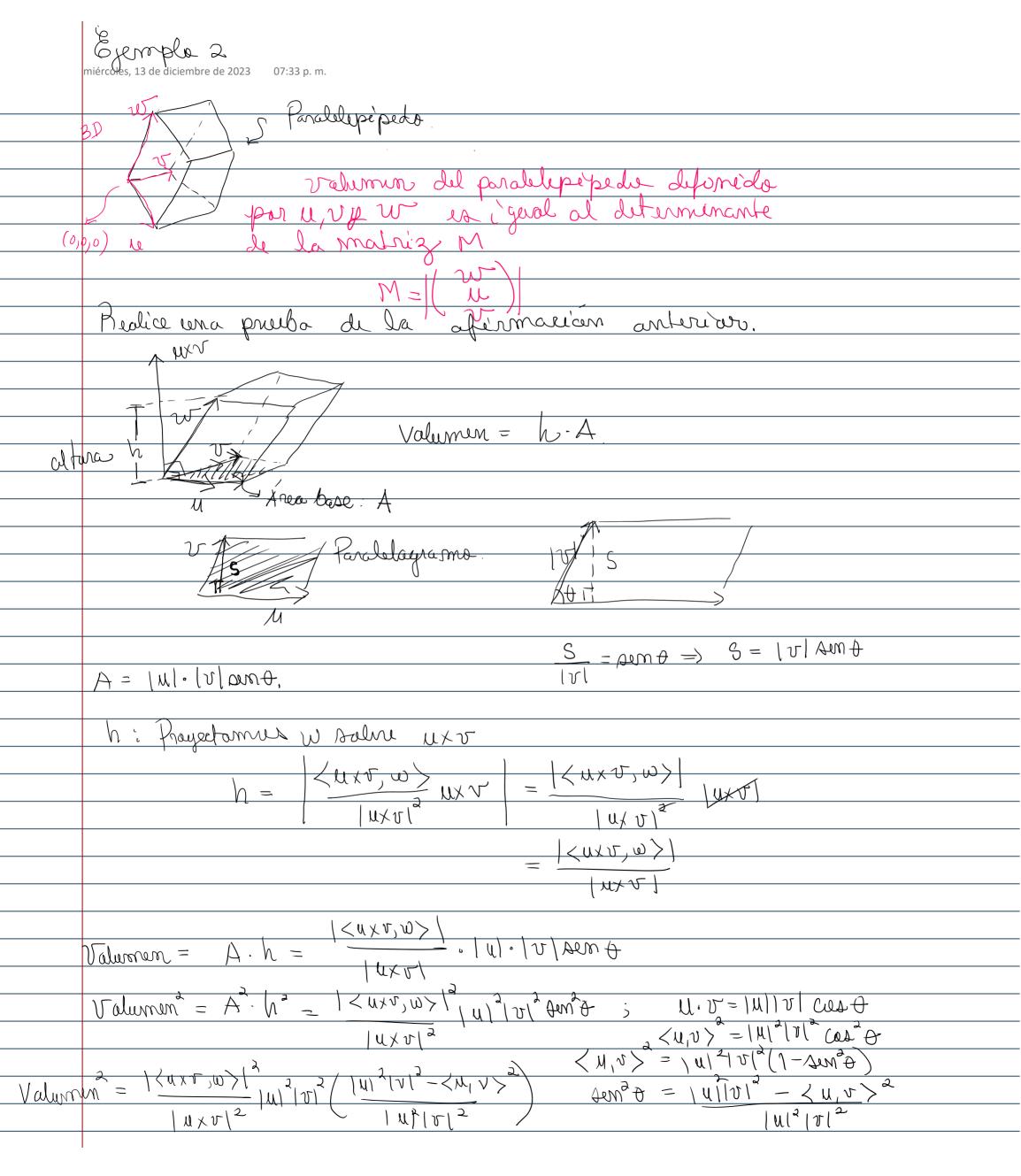
miércoles, 13 de diciembre de 2023 06:05 p. m.
Ejemple: Relaciones implictors o explicitos.
y = x + 1 $exp(xy) + x = 2$
"y está defina explicitamente en "y está definida termines de x" implicatamente en
ne etnemations de la comisant
ternmas de "
$Aem(xy) + e^{xy} + coa(y) = 2$ $xy = lm(a-x)$ $X=0, Aem(0) + e^{x} + coa(y) = 2$ $y = lm(a-x)$
$x\mu = lm(a-x)$
$X=0$, $Aem(0) + e^0 + ces(y) = 2$ $y = \frac{1}{2} lm(2-x)$
$0 + 1 + \operatorname{Cub}(y) = 2$
Coord = 7
y = 1/2+ 2nt
(x,y): $y = f(x)$ (explicita)
g(x,y) = 0 (implicito)
The CONT
$X = \mathcal{G}(t)$
g(t) h(t)
_ V
Parámetro enhanced (f(r,y,z), x,y,z)
Define el color f(x,y,t) en el punto (x,y,t)
= = =
La L
Z21,1,2,1
/ 9



$Valunum = \frac{1}{ u } u ^2 v ^2 - \langle u ^2 v ^2 $
$Valunum = \frac{1}{ u v } \frac{ u v }{ u v ^2}$
\u\v\2 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
$=\frac{\left \langle u \times v_1 w \rangle \right ^2}{\left u \times v_1 \right ^2} \left(\left u \times v_1 v_2 v_3 v_4 v_4 v_4 v_5 v_4 v_5 v_4 v_4 v_4 v_4 v_4 v_4 v_4 v_4 v_4 v_4$
$= \frac{1}{\sqrt{ u ^2(v)^2 - \langle u, v \rangle}}$
UKV/2
Valumen - defermémente (W) = 0
Valumuii - apprincionine (7)] -0