

$$p(t) = v(t) i(t)$$

Instantaneous power

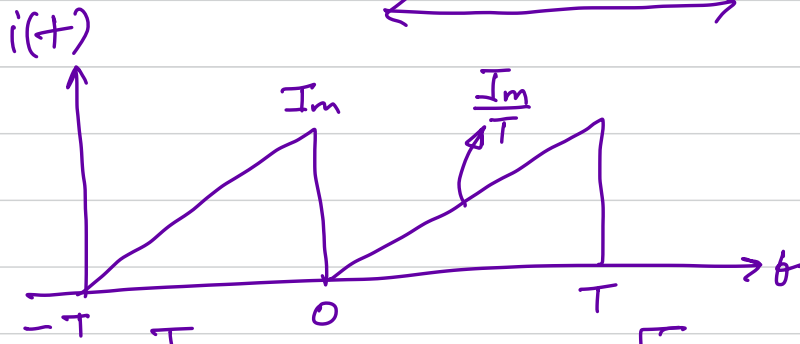
Avg power: $P_{av} = \frac{1}{T} \int_{t_0}^{t_0+T} p(t) dt$

$$\left(\frac{I_m^2 R}{2} \right) W$$

$I_{eff}?$ $\left(\frac{I_m}{\sqrt{2}} \right) \left(\frac{I_m}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$

"R"

$$P_{avg} =$$



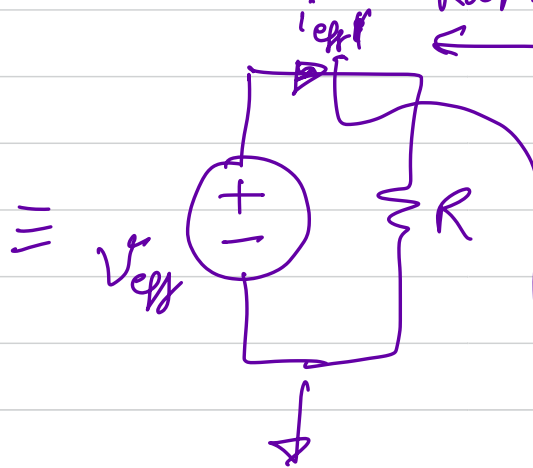
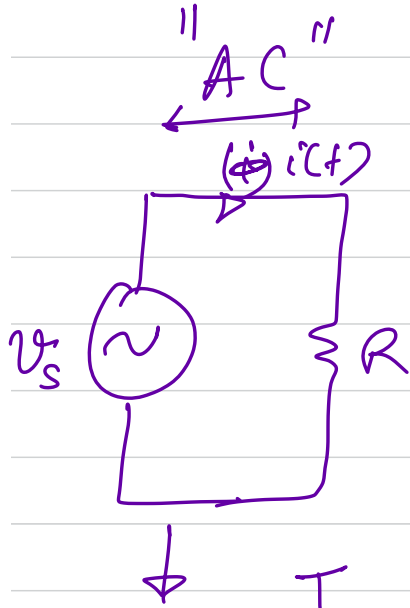
$$\frac{1}{T} \int_0^T \frac{I_m^2}{T^2} t^2 R dt =$$

$$i(t) = \frac{I_m}{T} t$$

$$p(t) = i^2 R = \frac{I_m^2}{T^2} t^2 R$$

Effective value / RMS value

Root mean square



$$P_{dc} = I_{eff}^2 R$$

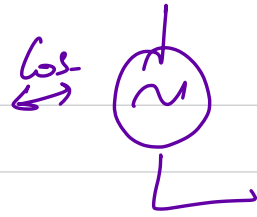
$$I_{eff} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T} \int_0^T i^2 dt}$$

RMS current

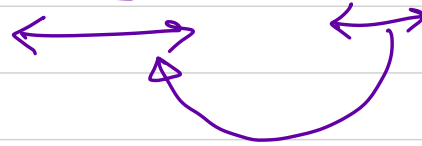
$$v_{eff} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{T} \int_0^T v_{eff}^2 dt}$$

$$P_{avg} = \frac{1}{T} \int_0^T i^2 R dt$$

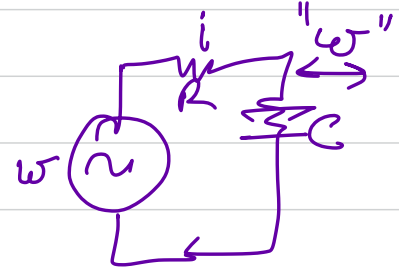
Phasor rep: of sinusoidal signal



$$A \angle \theta \equiv A e^{j\theta} \Rightarrow A(\cos\theta + j\sin\theta)$$

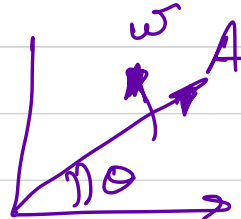
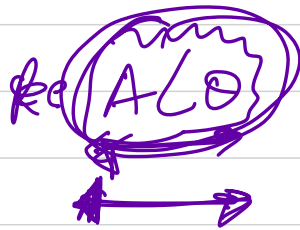


$$\text{Re}\{A e^{j\theta}\} \Rightarrow A \cos\theta$$



$$A \cos(\omega t + \theta)$$

$$A \angle \theta$$

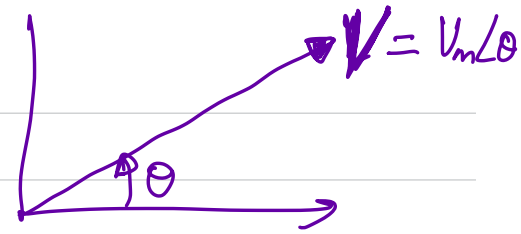


" ω "

$$v(t) = V_m \cos(\omega t + \theta)$$

$$\vec{\tilde{V}} = \underline{V} = V_m \angle \theta$$

$$\vec{\tilde{I}} = \underline{I} = I_m \angle \theta$$



$$i(t) = 25 \cos(\omega t + 45^\circ)$$

$$\underline{I} = 25 \angle 45^\circ = \vec{\tilde{I}}$$

$$v(t) = -15 \sin(\omega t + 30^\circ)$$

$$\underline{V} = 15 \angle 120^\circ = \vec{\tilde{V}}$$

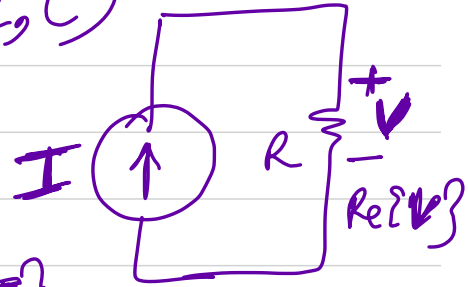
Impedance: $\overleftrightarrow{R}, \overleftrightarrow{L}, \overleftrightarrow{C}$

$$\underline{V} = \overleftrightarrow{Z}(j\omega) \underline{I}$$

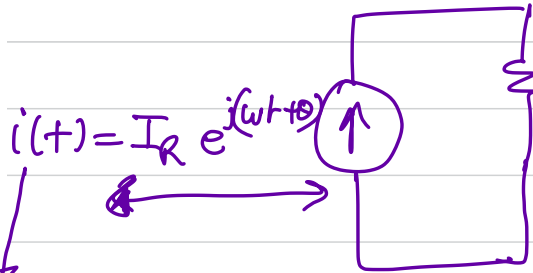
$$Z(j\omega) = f(R, L, C)$$

impedance \Rightarrow freq: dependent

ω



$$\underline{V} = \underline{I} R$$

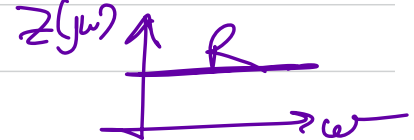


$$V_R(t) = R I_R e^{j(\omega t + \theta)}$$

$$V_R e^{j(\omega t + \theta)} = R I_R e^{j(\omega t + \theta)}$$

$$\underline{V}_R e^{j\theta} = R \underline{I}_R e^{j\theta}$$

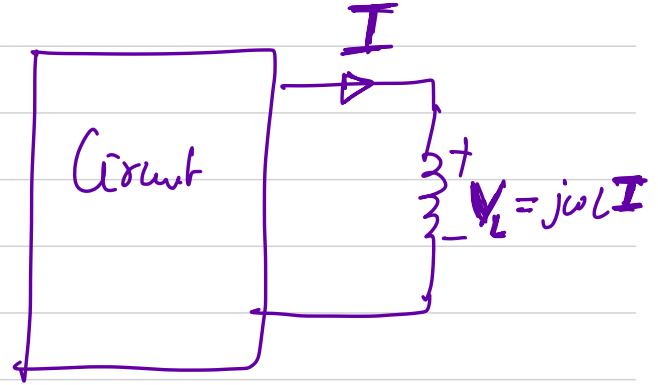
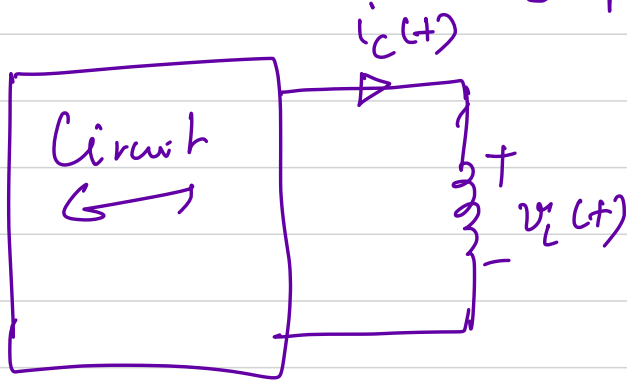
$$\underline{V} = R \underline{I} = \underline{Z}(j\omega) \underline{I}$$



$$\text{Re}\{I_R e^{j(\omega t + \theta)}\}$$

$$I_R \cos \omega t$$

Cap



$$i_c(t) = I_c e^{j(\omega t + \theta)}$$

$$v_c(t) = V_c e^{j(\omega t + \phi)}$$

$$i_c(t) = C \frac{dv_c(t)}{dt} = C \frac{d}{dt} \{V_c e^{j(\omega t + \phi)}\} = j\omega C V_c e^{j(\omega t + \phi)}$$

$$I_c e^{j(\omega t + \theta)} = j\omega C V_c e^{j(\omega t + \phi)}$$

$$\underbrace{I_c e^{j\theta}}_{\leftarrow \rightarrow} = j\omega C \underbrace{V_c e^{j\phi}}_{\leftarrow \rightarrow}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{I} &= \{ I_c e^{j\theta} = I_c \angle \theta \\ \mathbf{V} &= \{ V_c e^{j\phi} = V_c \angle \phi \} \end{aligned}$$

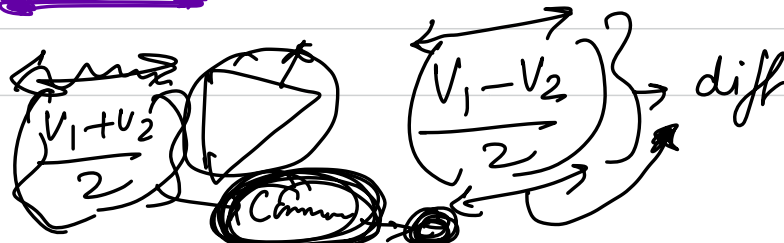
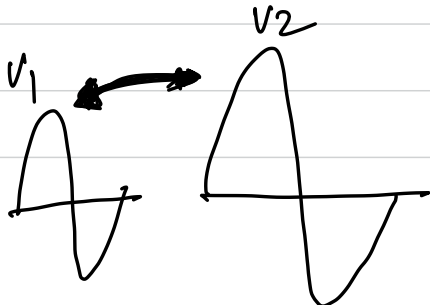
$$\mathbf{I} = j\omega C \mathbf{V}$$

$$-j = \underbrace{1 \angle -90^\circ}_{\leftarrow \rightarrow}$$

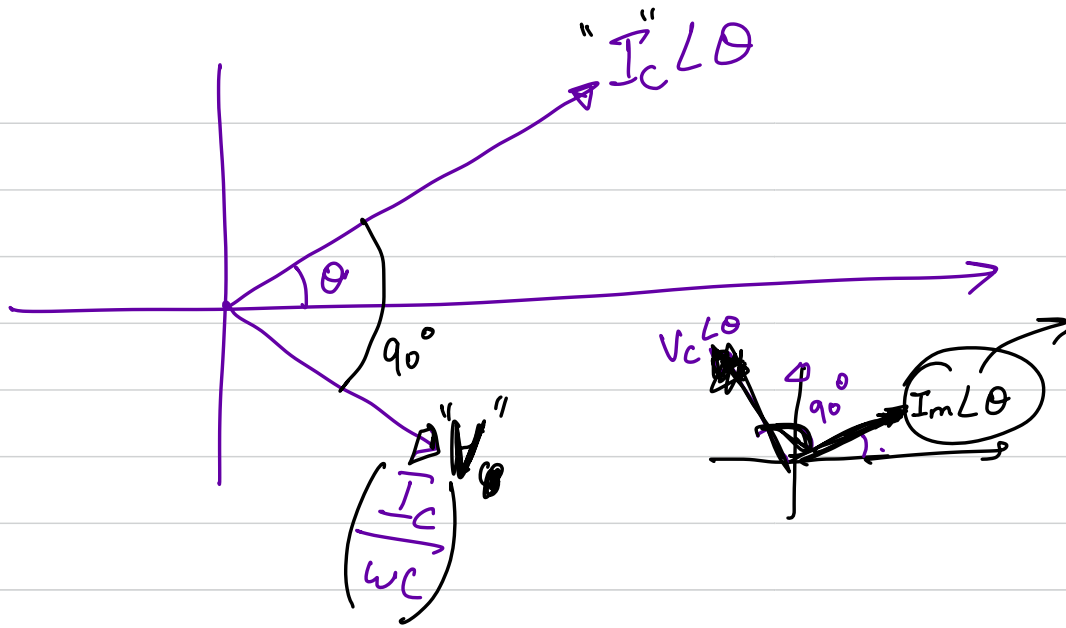
$$\mathbf{V} = \underbrace{\frac{1}{j\omega C}}_{\downarrow} \mathbf{I} \equiv \frac{-j I_c \angle \theta}{\omega C} \equiv \underbrace{\frac{I_c \angle \theta - 90^\circ}{\omega C}}_{\leftarrow \rightarrow}$$

$$\underbrace{Z(j\omega)}_{\leftarrow \rightarrow} \xrightarrow{\text{dc values}} \underbrace{\omega=0}_{\leftarrow \rightarrow} \rightarrow Z(j\omega) = \infty \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{open circuit} \\ \text{S.C} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\underbrace{\omega \rightarrow \infty}_{\leftarrow \rightarrow} \rightarrow Z(j\omega) = 0 \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{open circuit} \\ \text{S.C} \end{array} \right\}$$



$$\underbrace{CMRR}_{\leftarrow \rightarrow}$$

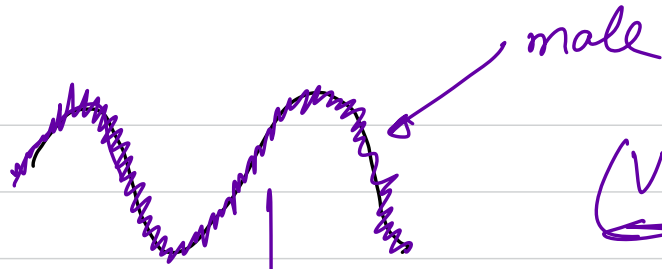


$$V_L = j\omega L I_L = \omega L I_m \angle \theta + 90^\circ$$

$Z(j\omega) = \omega L$

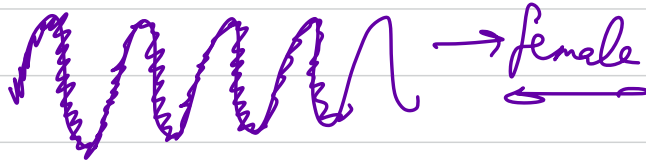
$\omega = 0 \rightarrow Z(j\omega) = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} S.C \end{cases}$

$\omega \rightarrow \infty \rightarrow Z(j\omega) = \infty \rightarrow \begin{cases} O.C \end{cases}$



$$(V_1 - V_2) \quad V_1 + V_2$$

"CMRR"



$$\longleftrightarrow$$

$$g_{m1} g_{m2}$$

$$(V_1 - V_2)$$