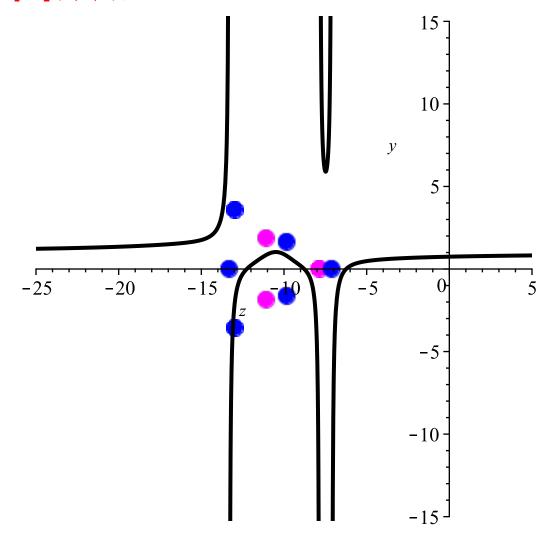
```
> restart;
 > with(plots):with(linalg):alias(w=w(z)):
> P3:=numer(simplify(diff(w,z)^2/w-diff(w,z)/z+(A*w^2+B)/z+C*w^3+
   delta/w-diff(w,z,z)));Digits := 50;
       P3 := C w^4 z + A w^3 + \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial z} w\right)^2 z - \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} w\right) w z + B w - \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial z} w\right) w + \delta z
                                   Digits := 50
                                                                                  (1)
> A:=2*n+2*mu+3;B:=2*n-2*mu+1;C:=1;delta:=-1;n:=2;
                                A := 2 n + 2 u + 3
                                B := 2 n - 2 \mu + 1
                                     C := 1
                                     \delta := -1
                                     n := 2
                                                                                  (2)
 > \#A:=-2*n+2*mu-1;B:=-2*n-2*mu-3;C:=1;delta:=-1;n:=7; 
> phi:=(mu,a)->simplify(LaguerreL(2*a-1,mu-2*a+1,-z)):
> tau:=(mu,n)->det(Wronskian([phi(mu,n),seq(diff(phi(mu,n),z$(2*
   j-2))
   ,j=2..n)],z));
 \tau := (\mu, n) \rightarrow linalg:-det \left(linalg:-Wronskian\left(\left[\phi(\mu, n), seq\left(\frac{\partial^{2j-2}}{\partial z^{2j-2}}\phi(\mu, n), j=2..n\right)\right], z\right)\right)
                                                                                  (3)
> #w:=convert(1+diff(ln(1/phi(mu,n)),z),parfrac,z);
> #w:=convert(1-diff(ln(1/phi(mu-1,n)),z),parfrac,z);
> w:=convert(1-diff(ln(tau(mu+1,n+1)/tau(mu,n)),z),parfrac,z):
> C:=plot(subs(mu=10,w),z=-25..5,y=-15..15,colour=black,thickness=
   2, discont=true):
> with (plots): with (linalg):alias(w=w(z)):
> #P3:=numer(simplify(diff(w,z)^2/w-diff(w,z)/z+(A*w^2+B)/z+C*w^3+
   delta/w-diff(w,z,z)));Digits := 10;
> #A:=2*n+2*mu+3;B:=2*n-2*mu+1;C:=1;delta:=-1;n:=6;
 > \#A:=-2*n+2*mu-1;B:=-2*n-2*mu-3;C:=1;delta:=-1;n:=7; 
> #phi:=(mu,a)->simplify(LaguerreL(2*a-1,mu-2*a+1,-z)):#phi2:=(a)
   ->simplify((-1)^a/a!*KummerU(-a,mu-a+1,-z));
> #tau:=(mu,n)->det(Wronskian([phi(mu,n),seq(diff(phi(mu,n),z$(2*
   j-2))
   ,j=2..n)],z));
     r, `,` unexpected
n=1
> #w:=convert(1+diff(ln(1/phi(mu,n)),z),parfrac,z);
> #w:=convert(1-diff(ln(1/phi(mu-1,n)),z),parfrac,z);
The rest
> #w:=convert(1-diff(ln(tau(mu+1,n+1)/tau(mu,n)),z),parfrac,z):
> #w:=convert(1+diff(ln(tau(mu,n+1)/tau(mu+1,n)),z),parfrac,z):
  #simplify(P3);
> nu:=10;
```

 $\mathbf{v} := 10 \tag{4}$

- > RootOf(subs(mu=nu,tau(mu,n)),z):J1:=evalf(allvalues(%)):RootOf
 (subs(mu=nu,tau(mu+1,n+1)),z):J2:=(allvalues(%)):
- > A:=complexplot([J1],style=point,symbol=solidcircle,color=magenta, symbolsize=25):
- > B:=complexplot([J2],style=point,symbol=solidcircle,color=blue,symbolsize=25):
- > C:=plot(subs(mu=nu,w),z=-25..5,y=-15..15,colour=black,thickness= 3,discont=true):
- > display(A,B,C);



- > restart; with (linalg): with (LinearAlgebra): with (plots): alias (sigma= sigma(z), phi=phi(z)):
- > S3:=(z*(diff(sigma, z, z))-(diff(sigma, z)))^2+4*(diff(sigma,z))
 ^2*(z*diff(sigma,z)-2*sigma)+4*z*theta[infinity]*diff(sigma,z)z^2*(z*diff(sigma,z)-2*sigma+2*theta[0]);

$$S3 := \left(z \left(\frac{\partial^2}{\partial z^2} \sigma \right) - \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \sigma \right) \right)^2 + 4 \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \sigma \right)^2 \left(z \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \sigma \right) - 2 \sigma \right) + 4 z \theta_{\infty} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \sigma \right)$$

$$- z^2 \left(z \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial z} \sigma \right) - 2 \sigma + 2 \theta_0 \right)$$
(5)

> theta[infinity]:=mu^2-(n+1/2)^2;theta[0]:=mu^2+(n+1/2)^2;

```
\theta_{\infty} := \mu^2 - \left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2
                                                  \theta_0 := \mu^2 + \left(n + \frac{1}{2}\right)^2
                                                                                                                                       (6)
    n:=3:nu:=10:
                                                             n := 3
                                                            v := 10
                                                                                                                                       (7)
> phi:=(mu,a)->simplify(LaguerreL(2*a-1,mu-2*a+1,-z)):#phi2:=(a)
->simplify((-1)^a/a!*KummerU(-a,mu-a+1,-z));
> tau:=(mu,n)->det(Wronskian([phi(mu,n),seq(diff(phi(mu,n),z$(2*
     j-2))
  \tau := (\mu, n) \rightarrow linalg:-det \left( linalg:-Wronskian \left( \left[ \phi(\mu, n), seq \left( \frac{\partial^{2j-2}}{\partial z^{2j-2}} \phi(\mu, n), j=2...n \right) \right|, z \right) \right)
                                                                                                                                       (8)
 \sigma := -\frac{1}{4}z^2 - \mu z + \frac{1}{8} + \left(z\left(-\frac{1}{5}\mu + \frac{1}{3}\mu^3 + \frac{2}{3}\mu^2 z + \frac{1}{3}\mu z^2 - \frac{2}{15}z^5 - \frac{2}{15}\mu^5 - \frac{2}{3}\mu^4 z\right)
                                                                                                                                       (9)
       -\frac{4}{3} \mu^3 z^2 - \frac{4}{3} \mu^2 z^3 - \frac{2}{3} \mu z^4) \Big/ \Big( -\frac{1}{5} \mu z + \frac{1}{3} \mu^3 z + \frac{1}{3} \mu^2 z^2 + \frac{1}{9} \mu z^3 - \frac{4}{45} \mu^2 z^4 \Big)
       +\frac{1}{9}\mu^4 - \frac{1}{45}\mu^6 - \frac{1}{45}z^6 - \frac{2}{15}\mu^5z - \frac{1}{3}\mu^4z^2 - \frac{4}{9}\mu^3z^3 - \frac{1}{3}\mu^2z^4 - \frac{2}{15}\mu z^5
> simplify(S3);
                                                                                                                                     (10)
> RootOf(subs(mu=nu,tau(mu,n)),z):J1:=evalf(allvalues(%)):
 > A:=complexplot([J1],style=point,symbol=solidcircle,color=blue,
> C:=plot(subs(mu=nu,sigma/10),z=-25..5,y=-15..15,colour=black,
     thickness=3, discont=true):
 > display(A,C);
```

