

Week 8 Practical Exercises

Note:

- All week 8 exercises will be assessed as part of the Practical Set 2 submission.
- Include HTML comments for your student ID, Name, and Practical Class Time at the top of each source file created.
- All files must be uploaded to your TWA web site before submission of Practical Set 2.

Objectives:

- write php scripts that correctly connect to a MySQL database
- write php scripts to view content of tables within the MySQL database
- write php scripts that incorporate form user input to query the database and view the returned data
- implement simple server-side form input validation
- write php scripts that correctly retrieve form inputs using the basic ideas of postback and query the database and incorporate simple server-side form input validation.

Suggested Resources:

- PHP Manual <https://www.php.net/manual/en/index.php>
- PHP tutorials <https://www.w3schools.com/php/>

PHP Database Access

The following task is to help you work through how to connect to a MySQL database from your PHP scripts. You will use a MySQL database named **electrical** that is installed on the TWA server. The **electrical** database consists of **four** tables: **customer**, **purchase**, **product** and **staff**. Below gives the definition of these four tables, the underlined fields indicate the primary key of each table.

Table Name: **customer**

Field Name	Data type	Description
<u>customerID</u>	CHAR(6)	unique identifier for a customer
firstName	CHAR(30)	customer first name
lastName	CHAR(30)	customer last name
address	CHAR(150)	customer street address
suburb	CHAR(25)	customer suburb
state	CHAR(3)	customer state
postcode	CHAR(4)	customer postcode

Table Name: **purchase**

Field Name	Data type	Description
<u>id</u>	INT	unique identifier for an order placed by a customer
orderID	CHAR(7)	the order number
productCode	VARCHAR(10)	a product within an order
quantity	INT	how many of the product ordered
orderDate	DATETIME	when the order was placed by the customer
shippingDate	DATETIME	when the order was shipped to the customer
shipped	CHAR(1)	indicates if the order has been shipped
customerID	CHAR(6)	who the order is for
staffID	CHAR(7)	which staff member processed the order

Table Name: **product**

Field Name	Data type	Description
<u>productCode</u>	VARCHAR(10)	unique identifier for a product
name	VARCHAR(60)	product name
quantityInStock	INT	how many of the product are in stock
price	FLOAT	how much the product costs to the customer

Table Name: **staff**

Field Name	Data type	Description
<u>staffID</u>	CHAR(7)	Unique identifier for a staff member
staffName	VARCHAR(50)	Staff members name

To connect to the **electrical** database use the following in your php script

```
$dbConn = new mysqli("localhost", "TWA_student", "TWA_2020_Autumn", "electrical");
if($dbConn->connect_error) {
    die("Failed to connect to database " . $dbConn->connect_error);
}
```

Exercise 1:

- In the **practicals/prac2** folder of your TWA web site create a new subfolder named **week8**
 - Upload styles.css (found in the zip file for this practical) to the **week8** folder of your TWA web site
- A. Create a PHP file named **conn.php** in the week8 folder of your TWA web site. Copy the **electrical** database connection details as given above into conn.php and save the file.
- B. Create a PHP file named **Exercise1.php** in the week8 folder of your TWA web site. The purpose of this file will be to display all records of the **product** table from the **electrical** database. **Note** that all fields of the **product** table should be displayed. The following example code will be helpful (you will need to refer to the database table definitions above to determine the names of the fields that are not included in the example code below:

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
    <meta charset="utf-8">
    <title>Week 8 Exercise 1</title>
    <link rel="stylesheet" href="styles.css">
</head>
<body>
<?php

    require_once("conn.php");

    $sql = "SELECT * FROM product";
    $results = $dbConn->query($sql)
        or die ('Problem with query: ' . $dbConn->error);
?>

<h1>Product table</h1>
<table>
    <tr>
        <th>Product Code</th>
        <th>Name </th>
        <th>Quantity In Stock</th>
        <th>Price</th>
    </tr>
```

```
<?php
while ($row = $results->fetch_assoc()) { ?>
<tr>
<td><?php echo $row["productCode"]?></td>
<td><?php echo $row["name"]?></td>
<!-- output the other fields here from the $row array -->
</tr>
<?php }
$dbConn->close(); ?>
</table>
</body>
</html>
```

Exercise 2

This exercise will provide you with a view of the data that exists in the four tables of the electrical database from exercise 1 without needing to recode exercise 1 for each table. **Note:** you will need to have completed exercise 1A before the **allTables.php** file below will work.

- Upload the file **allTables.php** (found in the zip file for this practical) to the week8 folder of your TWA website
- Run the **allTables.php** file to view the data for each table from the **electrical** database. You will need to refer to the output of this script to assist you with some of the following exercises.

Exercise 3

- A. Write an SQL statement that extracts the **name**, **quantityInStock**, and **price** from the **product** table for the products that have **more than 10** in stock and sorts the results in ascending order of **quantityInStock**. Incorporate this SQL in a PHP page to **display the results in an HTML table**. Above the table display the heading: **Products with stock > 10**. Save the file as **Exercise3.php**. Upload it to your web site and test it. *Verify your output by comparing with the data in the product table as obtained from Exercise 2 above.*

Note: you can use the code from Exercise 1 as a guide for producing the required php script for this exercise.

Exercise 4

- Upload the file **exercise4.html** (found in the zip file for this practical) to the week8 folder of your TWA website
 - Create a PHP file named **Exercise4.php** in the week8 folder of your TWA web site. This file will be the PHP script that processes the data submitted from exercise4.html (ie, this is the action URL of the form in exercise4.html).
- A. As a starting point, copy the code from Exercise3.php into Exercise4.php. Modify the code in Exercise4.php so that the sql query incorporates the value from the form into the **where clause** instead of the quantity value always being 10 as in exercise 3. Test the script by loading the form in the browser, entering a value in the form and submitting. *Verify your output by comparing with the data in the product table as obtained from Exercise 2.*
- B. If you enter a value in the form that is greater than 60 the PHP script will produce output that looks like:

Products with stock > 60

Name	Quantity	Price
------	----------	-------

Note: this value is the value entered in the form by the user **not** a static value.

This type of output is not very helpful to users. Instead, an appropriate message should be displayed. Modify your script in exercise4.php so that instead of the above being displayed the script displays the message:

There are no products that have more than 60 in stock.

- C. If you enter a value in the form that is not a number the PHP script will crash with an error message regarding the query. Test this by entering a word in the text box and submitting the form to observe the error that is generated. Instead of allowing the code to crash in this situation we should validate that the value entered into the form is a number **before running the query**.

Modify your script in exercise4.php to validate that the value entered into the form is a number.

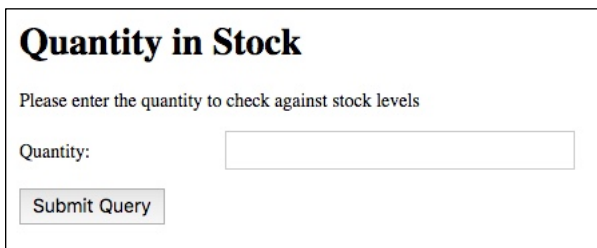
Note: the validation **MUST** be written in PHP not JavaScript. That is, the validation of the user input occurs on the server not the client. The output generated by the script, when the value entered is not a number, should be the message:

The value entered for the quantity was not a number.

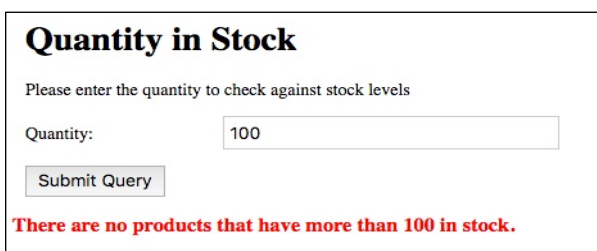
Exercise 5

- Create a PHP file named **Exercise5.php** in the week8 folder of your TWA web site.
 - Combine the code from exercise4.html and exercise4.php into Exercise5.php (this is similar to exercise 3 in week 7 practical exercises) so that the php script and the html form are in the same file.
- A. Modify the code so that
- i. The form uses postback (ie, the form action is the same file exercise5.php)
 - ii. Only the form is displayed on first load of the page
 - iii. The table of products is only displayed when there are records to display
 - iv. The form **and** the messages as described in exercise 4 are displayed **when appropriate** in **appropriate** locations
 - v. The value that the user enters in the form is maintained in the text box after form submission

The following screen dumps provide guidance for expected output for the above scenarios:



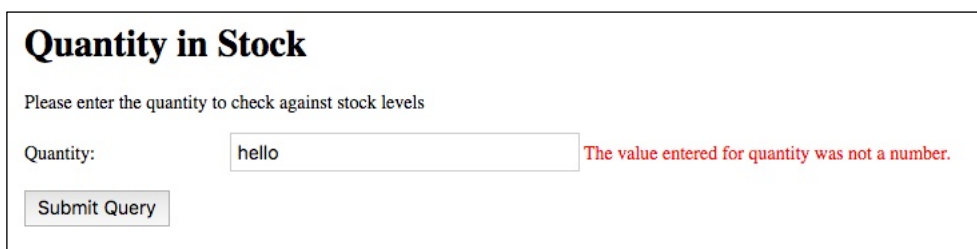
A(ii) only the form displayed on first page load



A(iii) table of products is only displayed when there are records to display

A(iv) The form **and** the messages as described in exercise 4 are displayed **when appropriate** in **appropriate** locations

A(v) The value that the user enters in the form is maintained in the text box after form submission



A(iii) table of products is only displayed when there are records to display

A(iv) The form **and** the messages as described in exercise 4 are displayed **when appropriate** in **appropriate** locations

A(v) The value that the user enters in the form is maintained in the text box after form submission

Products with stock > 40

Product Code	Name	Quantity In Stock	Price
A0987	Google Home Mini	60	75
R2345	Samsung 320W Dolby Soundbar	50	549
R2456	JBL Junior Pop Kids Wireless Speaker	50	49.95

Quantity in Stock

Please enter the quantity to check against stock levels

Quantity:

A(iii) table of products is only displayed when there are records to display
A(iv) The form **and** the messages as described in exercise 4 are displayed **when appropriate** in **appropriate** locations
A(v) The value that the user enters in the form is maintained in the text box after form submission