## Use rand()%100 to store random values to an array of n

```
int* randomArray(int n)
{
    int *A = new int [n];
    for(int i=0; i<n;i++)
    {
        A[i] = rand()%100;
    }
    return A;
}</pre>
int * A = randomArray(20);
displayArray(A, 20);
```

## Implementation of Merge Sort

```
void merge(int a[], int leftBottom, int
leftTop, int rightBottom, int rightTop)
  int length = rightTop-leftBottom+1;
                                                 merge\_sort(A,0,19);
  int temp[length];
                                                 displayArray(A, 20);
  int left = leftBottom;
  int right = rightBottom;
  for (int i = 0; i < length; ++i) {
     if (left > leftTop)
       temp[i] = a[right++];
     else if (right > rightTop)
       temp[i] = a[left++];
     else if (a[left] <= a[right])
       temp[i] = a[left++];
     else
       temp[i] = a[right++];
  for (int i=0; i < length; ++i)
     a[leftBottom++] = temp[i];
}
/***************/
void merge_sort(int a[], int left, int right)
if(left >= right) return;
else {
 int mid = (left + right)/2;
 merge_sort(a, left, mid);
 merge_sort(a, mid+1, right);
 merge(a, left,mid,mid+1,right);
  }
```

## Implementation of Quick Sort

```
void swapArray(int* A, int i, int j)
                                             quicksort(A,0,19);
  int temp;
                                                displayArray(A, 20);
  temp = A[i];
  A[i] = A[i];
  A[j] = temp;
}
/***************/
int partition(int *A,int StartIndx,int endIndx)
{for(int i=StartIndx;i<endIndx;i++)
       if(A[i] \le A[endIndx])
       swapArray(A,i,StartIndx);
       StartIndx++;
  swapArray(A,StartIndx,endIndx);
  return StartIndx;
/*****************/
void quicksort(int *A,int Left,int Right)
       if(Left<Right)
       { int pivot= partition(A,Left,Right);
    quicksort(A,Left,pivot-1);
    quicksort(A,pivot+1,Right);
}
```