Rworksheet_Rabago#4a

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```
1.
```

##		ShoeSize	Height	Gender
##	1	6.5	66.0	F
##	2	9.0	68.0	F
##	3	8.5	64.5	F
##	4	8.5	65.0	F
##	5	10.5	70.0	M
##	6	7.0	64.0	F
##	7	9.5	70.0	F
##	8	9.0	71.0	F
##	9	13.0	72.0	M
##	10	7.5	64.0	F
##	11	10.5	74.5	M
##	12	8.5	67.0	F
##	13	12.0	71.0	M
##	14	10.5	71.0	M
##	15	13.0	77.0	M
##	16	11.5	72.0	M
##	17	8.5	59.0	F
##	18	5.0	62.0	F
##	19	10.0	72.0	M
##	20	6.5	66.0	F
##	21	7.5	64.0	F
##	22	8.5	67.0	M
##	23	10.5	73.0	M
##	24	8.5	69.0	F
##	25	10.5	72.0	M
##	26	11.0	70.0	M
##	27	9.0	69.0	M
##	28	13.0	70.0	M

1.a.

The data contains three variables. The first variable is shoe size, which is numeric and shows the respondents' shoe sizes. The second variable is height, also numeric, representing the respondents' height in inches. The third variable is gender, which is categorical and represented as "M" for male and "F" for female.

```
1.b.
```

```
fshoesize <- subset(data,Gender == "F",select = c(ShoeSize,Height))</pre>
mshoesize <- subset(data,Gender == "M",select = c(ShoeSize,Height))</pre>
fshoesize
##
      ShoeSize Height
## 1
           6.5
                  66.0
## 2
           9.0
                  68.0
## 3
           8.5
                  64.5
## 4
           8.5
                  65.0
## 6
           7.0
                  64.0
## 7
           9.5
                  70.0
## 8
           9.0
                  71.0
           7.5
## 10
                  64.0
## 12
           8.5
                  67.0
## 17
           8.5
                  59.0
           5.0
## 18
                  62.0
## 20
           6.5
                  66.0
## 21
           7.5
                  64.0
## 24
           8.5
                  69.0
mshoesize
##
      ShoeSize Height
## 5
          10.5
                  70.0
## 9
          13.0
                  72.0
## 11
          10.5
                  74.5
## 13
          12.0
                  71.0
## 14
          10.5
                  71.0
## 15
          13.0
                  77.0
## 16
          11.5
                  72.0
## 19
          10.0
                  72.0
## 22
           8.5
                  67.0
```

1.c.

23

25

26

27

28

```
meanshoesize <- mean(data$ShoeSize)
meanheight <- mean(data$Height)
meanshoesize</pre>
```

```
## [1] 9.410714
```

10.5

10.5

11.0

9.0

13.0

73.0

72.0

70.0

69.0

70.0

meanheight

[1] 68.57143

1.d.

-There is no relationship between shoe size and height because they are separate physical traits. Even though both vary from person to person, one does not directly affect the other. People of the same height can have different shoe sizes, and vice versa.

```
2.
months_vector <- c("March", "April", "January", "November", "January",</pre>
                   "September", "October", "September", "November", "August",
                   "January", "November", "February", "May", "August",
                   "July", "December", "August", "August", "September", "November",
                   "February", "April")
factor_months_vector <- factor(months_vector)</pre>
factor_months_vector
## [1] March
                                                            September October
                  April
                             January
                                       November
                                                  January
## [8] September November August
                                       January
                                                  November
                                                            November February
## [15] May
                  August
                             July
                                       December August
                                                            August
                                                                      September
## [22] November February April
## 11 Levels: April August December February January July March May ... September
  3.
summary(months_vector)
##
                 Class
                             Mode
      Length
##
          24 character character
summary(factor_months_vector)
       April
##
                August December February
                                              January
                                                            July
                                                                     March
                                                                                  May
##
           2
                     4
                                1
                                          2
                                                     3
                                                               1
                                                                          1
                                                                                    1
##
    November
               October September
##
           5
                     1
  4.
direction <- c("East", "West", "North")</pre>
frequency \leftarrow c(1,4,3)
factor data <- direction
new_order_data <- factor(factor_data, levels = c("East","West","North"))</pre>
new_order_data
## [1] East West North
## Levels: East West North
5.a.
import_march <- read.table("import_march.csv", header = TRUE, sep = ",")</pre>
5.b.
import_march
##
     Students Strategy1 Strategy2 Strategy3
## 1
                      8
         Male
                                10
                                           8
## 2
                                           6
                       4
                                 8
```

3

4

15

12

3

4

5

Female

0

14

10

6

4

2

6 6 0 9