CPRDTools: a CPRD data wrangling toolkit

Abstract

The analysis of large scale data, and moreover the analysis of large scale electronic health records data is become more commonplace. The ease and ability of modern data generation and capture means there is the potential across almost all industries to capture more data now, than ever before and that equates to large data resources, with CPRD no exception. These large data resources, as attractive and appealing as they may be to researchers, pose a significant problem - how to manage all that data? CPRDTools is a collection of wrapper R functions intended to simplify the loading, extraction and management of Clinical Practice Research Datalink (CPRD) GOLD specific and associated electgronic health records data. Allowing for the loading of CPRD and non-CPRD data into a SQLite based database, providing an efficient, secure and updatable repository for the data, keeing the origional source files intact. Through data queries, user-defined data are drawn allowing for subsetting, joining and filtering in a signle step, creating alaysis ready data.

Introduction

The CPRD is one of the largest longitudinal medical records databases in the world, supported by the National Institute of Health (NIHR) and the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA). It was first established in 1987 as the Value Added Medical Products (VAMP) dataset, this grew into the General Practice Research Database (GPRD) in 1993, before its final transition into CPRD in 2012 (Herrett et al. 2015).

PRD GOLD data are comprised of ten separate datasets: patient, practice, staff, consultation, clinical, additional clinical details, referral, immunisation, test and therapy (Padmanabhan 2017). These datasets contain their specific data and are linkable through a unique linkage key field, where key does not imply importance but a unique variable contained in two datasets allowing them to be joined, such as the CPRD-assigned and anonymised unique patient identifier patid.

Due to the size of CPRD, data extracted for research are spread over multiple text (.txt) files within each dataset to enable file transfer. This means that for CPRD clinical data, for instance, a researcher may receive their requested clinical data broken up over 25 individual text files. This is done to aid with file completeness and reduce turn-around times if errors are found. If an error occurred during the transfer of data between the data owner and the researcher or in the extraction of the requested data by the data owner, the error can potentially be limited to only select files, requiring only their replacement with the corrected/error-free versions.

Often these text files are additionally zipped, or compressed, requiring that these files first be uncompressed or unzipped. These multiple files from each dataset (clinical, referral etc.) then need to be grouped together and amalgamated into a single table. Tables are a collection of data of the same shape, from the same dataset. In CPRD, each separate dataset (patient, practice, clinical etc.) forms a table. These tables are then stored in the SQLite database.

SQLite is an opensource, SQL based database engine (SQLite 2017). The use of a SQLite database provides an efficient storage solution, allowing for the loading, updating and maintenance of the database, all while retaining the original raw data files unaltered. An SQlite database permits for rapid data extraction through the use of data queries, drawing the required data from the database, allowing filtering, sub-setting, limiting and the joining of data in a single execution step.

This document aims to provide a simple and introductory overview of CPRDTools and its application to

arbitrary (fictional) data. This data though are provided in the manner in which many CPRD data extract are received, where data are spread over multiple files and often located in sub-folders.

CPRDTools are loaded using:

```
library(devtools)
install_github("JamesCFSchmidt/CPRDTools")
library(CPRDTools)
```

CPRDTools overview

The functions within 'CPRDTools' broadly fall into three groups, categorised by their general application area: (1) - loading, (2) - maintenance and other tasks and (3) - extraction. **Loading** encompasses all functions used in the reading, converting and writing of data into the database including a function used to list all available files and all available CPRD files in a specified location, functions used in database maintenance, query speed improvements and date conversion functions fall under **maintenance and other tasks**, and finally, functions used to, and in the process of, drawing and retrieving data from the database fall within **extraction**.

The data

```
DB.path="/rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test"
FILE.path = "/rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test"
```

Loading

Before loading any data into the database, it is best practice to understand the layout of the *raw* data. This can be achieved by either navigating to the location where the data are stored or by employing the list_files and list_cprd functions.

Listing available data

[1] "/rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test"

The list_files function provides a list of all files of a specified type in a specified location. To view all text (.txt) files in the data location

```
##
## $files
##
                                                                    files
## 1 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_001.zip
## 2 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_002.zip
## 3 /rfs/LRWE Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2 Extract Clinical 003.zip
## 4 /rfs/LRWE Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2 Extract Clinical 004.zip
## 5 /rfs/LRWE Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305720.ms1 Extract Practice 001.zip
## 6 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305720.ms2_Extract_Practice_001.zip
And to view all files in the data location, excluding files in sub-folders
list files(file location = FILE.path,
           file_type = "all")
## $file_location
## [1] "/rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test"
##
## $files
##
                                                                     files
## 1
      /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_001.zip
      /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_002.zip
      /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_003.zip
     /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_004.zip
      /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305720.ms1_Extract_Practice_001.zip
## 6
      /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305720.ms2_Extract_Practice_001.zip
## 7
                                   /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/CCI.xlsx
## 8
                   /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/hes_patient_19_253R.txt
## 9
                                 /rfs/LRWE Proj59/jcfs2/Test/ons lt.csv
                                    /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/patient
## 10
From the above it can be seen that there are six zipped text files (.zip), one excel file (.xlsx), one standard
text file (.txt) and a folder, patient. In order to view CPRD GOLD specific files, corresponding to names
CPRD GOLD datasets (patient, practice, staff, consultation, clinical, additional clinical details, referral,
immunisation, test and therapy), the list cprd function is used. This function provides the core functionality
to the loading of CPRD GOLD data, generating a list of CPRD GOLD specific files in the specified location.
list_cprd(file_location = FILE.path,
          folder = F.
          zip = T)
```

```
## $file_location
## [1] "/rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test"
##
## $all_files_tables
##
                                                                files
                                                                         table
## 1 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_001.zip Clinical
## 2 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_002.zip Clinical
## 3 /rfs/LRWE Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2 Extract Clinical 003.zip Clinical
## 4 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_004.zip Clinical
## 5 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305720.ms1_Extract_Practice_001.zip Practice
## 6 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305720.ms2_Extract_Practice_001.zip Practice
##
## $tables
        Table File_Count
## 1 Clinical
```

```
## 2 Practice 2
```

Here the folders input is defined as FALSE, showing only zipped data contained in the data location specified. When the folder input is TRUE, the available data found in the patient folder is displayed.

```
## $file location
## [1] "/rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test"
##
## $all_files_tables
##
                                                                        files
## 1 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/patient/305508.ms1_Extract_Patient_001.zip
## 2 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/patient/305508.ms2_Extract_Patient_001.zip
       table
##
## 1 Patient
## 2 Patient
##
## $tables
##
       Table File_Count
## 1 Patient
```

In the **\$table** output, the **list_cprd** function defines the tables and the count of *raw* files associated with that table in the data location. This outputted list is core to the automated loading of CPRD data, using the tables and files in each table to load all or a selection of specified CPRD GOLD files.

Loading all available data

The load_cprd function, relying on the list_cprd function for file and table list from a specified data location is able to automatically load in a selection or all available CPRD GOLD files in a specified location. Importing, uncompressing (unzipping) and appending all files from a CPRD GOLD-specific table into a database.

To load the patient data into a new database, the load_cprd function is defined as

```
load_cprd(db_path = DB.path,
    file_location = FILE.path,
    tables_to_load = "Patient",
    folder = T,
    zip = T,
    load_mapping = F,
    overwrite = F)
```

```
## Rows: 12 Columns: 20
## -- Column specification ------
## Delimiter: "\t"
## chr (4): frd, crd, tod, deathdate
## dbl (14): patid, vmid, gender, yob, marital, famnum, CHSreg, prescr, capsup,...
## 1gl (2): mob, CHSdate
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
## ------LOAD OF TABLE Patient, FILE No. 1 SUCCESSFUL-------
```

```
##
## Rows: 12 Columns: 20-- Column specification ------
## Delimiter: "\t"
## chr (4): frd, crd, tod, deathdate
## dbl (14): patid, vmid, gender, yob, marital, famnum, CHSreg, prescr, capsup,...
## lgl (2): mob, CHSdate
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
## -----LOAD OF TABLE Patient, FILE No. 2 SUCCESSFUL-----
##
## $database_location
## [1] "/rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test"
## $files_in_location
                                                                    files
## 1 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/patient/305508.ms1_Extract_Patient_001.zip
## 2 /rfs/LRWE Proj59/jcfs2/Test/patient/305508.ms2 Extract Patient 001.zip
##
      table
## 1 Patient
## 2 Patient
##
## $tables in location
      Table File_Count
##
## 1 Patient
##
## $loaded_tables
## [1] "Patient"
##
## $load_report
##
      table load_total file_total size_Mb size_Gb
                            2 35.28125
## 1 Patient
                     2
##
## $database_tables
## [1] "Patient"
##
## $load_start
## [1] "2022-07-08 13:12:06 BST"
## $load end
## [1] "2022-07-08 13:12:08 BST"
##
## $load_time
## Time difference of 1.916269 secs
```

The patient data are found in a sub-folder within the data location () and the data are compressed (). As this is a new load of the database, no overwriting is required () and no CPRD specific mapping is needed ().

Alternatively to specifying each individual table to load (additional, clinical, consultation, immunisation, patient, practice, referral, staff, test, therapy), the specification of the loading of all tables can be performed.

```
zip = T,
         load_mapping = F,
         overwrite = F)
This returns an error
## Error in load_cprd(db_path = DB.path, file_location = FILE.path, tables_to_load = "all", : tables_to
The error is due to the patient table already being contained in the database. The should only be applied
on new databases or in conjunction with . The remainder of the CPRD GOLD data are loaded with
load_cprd(db_path = DB.path,
         file_location = FILE.path,
         tables_to_load = c("Clinical", "Practice"),
         folder = F,
         zip = T,
         load_mapping = F,
         overwrite = F)
## Rows: 12 Columns: 10
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: "\t"
## chr (2): eventdate, sysdate
## dbl (8): patid, constype, consid, medcode, staffid, episode, enttype, adid
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
## -----LOAD OF TABLE Clinical, FILE No. 1 SUCCESSFUL-----
## Rows: 12 Columns: 10-- Column specification ------
## Delimiter: "\t"
## chr (2): eventdate, sysdate
## dbl (8): patid, constype, consid, medcode, staffid, episode, enttype, adid
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
## -----LOAD OF TABLE Clinical, FILE No. 2 SUCCESSFUL-----
## Rows: 12 Columns: 10-- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: "\t"
## chr (2): eventdate, sysdate
## dbl (8): patid, constype, consid, medcode, staffid, episode, enttype, adid
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
## -----LOAD OF TABLE Clinical, FILE No. 3 SUCCESSFUL-----
##
## Rows: 12 Columns: 10-- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: "\t"
## chr (2): eventdate, sysdate
## dbl (8): patid, constype, consid, medcode, staffid, episode, enttype, adid
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
```

-----LOAD OF TABLE Clinical, FILE No. 4 SUCCESSFUL------

```
##
## Rows: 5 Columns: 4-- Column specification ------
## Delimiter: "\t"
## chr (2): lcd, uts
## dbl (2): pracid, region
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
## -----LOAD OF TABLE Practice, FILE No. 1 SUCCESSFUL-----
## Rows: 5 Columns: 4-- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: "\t"
## chr (2): lcd, uts
## dbl (2): pracid, region
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
## -----LOAD OF TABLE Practice, FILE No. 2 SUCCESSFUL------
##
## $database location
## [1] "/rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test"
## $files in location
                                                            files
## 1 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_001.zip Clinical
## 2 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_002.zip Clinical
## 3 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_003.zip Clinical
## 4 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_004.zip Clinical
## 5 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305720.ms1_Extract_Practice_001.zip Practice
## 6 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305720.ms2_Extract_Practice_001.zip Practice
## $tables_in_location
       Table File_Count
## 1 Clinical
## 2 Practice
## $loaded_tables
## [1] "Clinical" "Practice"
## $load report
       table load_total file_total size_Mb size_Gb
## 1 Clinical
                     4
                               4 44.06250
## 2 Practice
                                2 10.76562
##
## $database_tables
## [1] "Clinical" "Patient" "Practice"
##
## $load_start
## [1] "2022-07-08 13:12:09 BST"
## $load_end
## [1] "2022-07-08 13:12:11 BST"
```

```
## $load_time
## Time difference of 2.721077 secs
```

The \$loaded_tables output shows the current tables loaded and available in the database '

Loading a single CPRD table

The patient table previously could have been loaded singularly using the load_table function. Similar to the load_cprd function, this will load CPRD-specific data tables, using the compiled list of available files and their respective tables generated in the list_cprd function. This function imports, unzips and appends the files specific to a CPRD GOLD table but performs the task on a single table at a time.

This may be of use when the data are stored in separate file locations, not within sub-folders in the same data location. The loading of the **practice** information is performed using

```
load_table(db_path = DB.path,
          file_location = FILE.path,
          table name = "practice",
          zip = T,
          overwrite = T)
## -----Overwrite = TRUE, DELETION OF practice COMPLETE-----
##
## Rows: 5 Columns: 4
## -- Column specification ------
## Delimiter: "\t"
## chr (2): lcd, uts
## dbl (2): pracid, region
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
## -----LOAD OF TABLE practice, FILE No. 1 SUCCESSFUL-----
##
## Rows: 5 Columns: 4-- Column specification ------
## Delimiter: "\t"
## chr (2): lcd, uts
## dbl (2): pracid, region
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
## -----LOAD OF TABLE practice, FILE No. 2 SUCCESSFUL-----
##
## $database_location
## [1] "/rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test"
## $files_in_location
                                                           files
                                                                   table
## 1 /rfs/LRWE Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2 Extract Clinical 001.zip Clinical
## 2 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_002.zip Clinical
## 3 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_003.zip Clinical
## 4 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305546.ms2_Extract_Clinical_004.zip Clinical
## 5 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305720.ms1_Extract_Practice_001.zip Practice
## 6 /rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test/305720.ms2_Extract_Practice_001.zip Practice
```

```
##
## $tables_in_location
##
       Table File Count
## 1 Clinical
## 2 Practice
##
## $loaded table
## [1] "practice"
##
## $load_report
        table load_total file_total size_Mb size_Gb
                       2
                                  2 10.76562
## 1 Clinical
                       2
                                  2 10.76562
## 2 Practice
##
## $database_tables
## [1] "Clinical" "Patient" "practice"
##
## $load start
## [1] "2022-07-08 13:12:12 BST"
## $load_end
## [1] "2022-07-08 13:12:13 BST"
##
## $load time
## Time difference of 1.431082 secs
```

Here as the practice table was previously loaded.

Updating a CPRD GOLD table

If you were to receive a new month or year of patient data, this would be appened to the data already contained in the database using

Note that capitalisation of the table name for CPRD-specific tables in unimportant. In general, SQL and therefore SQLite is not case sensitive.

Updating an additional file

For peripheral or additional data, whether CPRD or non-CPRD specific, the use of the load_additional function is employed. This function loads a singular file into a table (new or existing).

```
## Rows: 24 Columns: 5
## -- Column specification -----
## Delimiter: "\t"
## dbl (5): patid, pracid, gen_hesid, n_patid_hes, match_rank
```

```
##
## i Use 'spec()' to retrieve the full column specification for this data.
## i Specify the column types or set 'show_col_types = FALSE' to quiet this message.
## -----LOAD OF TABLE hes_patient SUCCESSFUL-----
##
## $database_location
## [1] "/rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test"
##
## $table_loaded
## [1] "hes_patient"
## $database_tables
## [1] "Clinical"
                     "Patient"
                                   "hes_patient" "practice"
##
## $load_start
## [1] "2022-07-08 13:12:13 BST"
## $load_end
## [1] "2022-07-08 13:12:14 BST"
##
## $load_time
## Time difference of 0.5491819 secs
```

The accepted files types are .txt, .csv, .dta, .rds, .excel, .xl, .xls and .xlsx with no additional input for file importing.

Updating an additional file

[1] "Clinical"

If sub-setting, manipulation or sheet selection, for instance, is required prior to the loading of a file into a table (new or existing) is required, it is first recommended to import the file in the usual manner into R. Once the data are in the format and layout that is required, the load_global function can be employed

```
## first import the life table data from .csv
life_table <- read.csv("/rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Database/Final.Datasets/ons_lt.csv")</pre>
##sub-set the data to the required fields
life_table <- life_table[,c("gender","year","age","pop_rate")]</pre>
## load into database
load_global(db_path = DB.path,
            file_to_load = life_table,
            table_name = "Life_table",
            overwrite = F)
## -----LOAD OF TABLE Life table SUCCESSFUL-----
##
## $database_location
## [1] "/rfs/LRWE_Proj59/jcfs2/Test"
##
## $table_loaded
## [1] "Life_table"
## $database_tables
```

"hes_patient" "practice"

"Life_table" "Patient"

Extracting

Maintenace and other tasks

References

Herrett, Emily, Arlene M. Gallagher, Krishnan Bhaskaran, Harriet Forbes, Rohini Mathur, Tjeerd van Staa, and Liam Smeeth. 2015. "Data Resource Profile: Clinical Practice Research Datalink (CPRD)." *International Journal of Epidemiology* 44 (3): 827–36. https://doi.org/10.1093/ije/dyv098.

Padmanabhan, Shivani. 2017. "CPRD Gold Data Specification." https://cprdcw.cprd.com/_docs/CPRD_GOLD Full Data Specification v2.0.pdf.

SQLite. 2017. SQLite. Charlotte, North Caolina: Hipp, Wyrick and Company, Inc. https://www.sqlite.org/index.html.