Learning Activity: Exceptions

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Educational Objectives

• Gain familiarity with Exception objects.

Instructions

Download the starting point code: <u>Oops.java</u>. Examine the code.

Note: This is a very odd class. It is highly atypical to have Throwables as fields.

Please note: The changes in the following instruction are cumulative. Unless you are explicitly directed to do so, do *not* undo the previous change.

Compile and run the class as is.

1) What is the exception message you get? Include the stack trace in the answer.

Comment out the instantiation on line 27. Compile and run the class again.

2) What is the exception message you get now? Include the stack trace in the answer.

Comment out the instantiation on line 17. Compile and run the class again.

3) What is the exception message you get now? Include the stack trace in the answer.

Comment out the instantiation on line 8. Instantiate the exception within main. This will require a bit more work than adding a single line of code.* Do not make the field static at this time. Compile and run the class again.

4) What is the exception message you get now? Include the stack trace in the answer.

Comment out the instantiation in main. Update the field declaration on line 4 to include an instantiation of the runtime exception. Compile and run the class again.

5) What is the exception message you get now? Include the stack trace in the answer.

Update the field declaration to be static. Keep the instantiation of the exception in the field declaration. Compile and run the class again.

6) What is the exception message you get now? Include the stack trace in the answer.

Examine the answers you have given for the first 6 questions.

7) Summarize what you have found. Comment on it both in terms of instantiating a Throwable and in terms of lifetime for objects.

Submission

Create an ASCII file with the answers to the highlighted questions. (Question 7 will be discussed in the forum.)

^{*} The issue is that the field is not static, while main is. Notice that the method is also not static. To call the method, we use a reference to an Oops instance. You will need to change the code so that the reference can be used twice: once to bind a newly instantiated exception instance to the non-static field, x, and once to call the non-static method, m1.

Include your name and this lab number and name at the top of the file. Make sure you number your answers. Include at least one blank line after each of the answers.

Evaluation Criteria

To get a check:

• Reasonable answers for questions 1 - 6.

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