# PhD Progress Update

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### 1 Overview

In this report, I aim to provide a clear view of my objectives for this PhD and the progress I have made towards achieving them.

This report is divided into three principal sections:

- 1. **Overview**: This section provides a brief introduction to my current progress in both research and the PhD Study Programme, along with the overarching aims of the PhD.
- 2. Research: Discusses both current and projected research activities as part of this PhD programme.
- 3. **PhD Study Programme**: Details both progress to date and future objectives aligned with the study requirements of the programme.

#### Aim

This PhD aims to enhance the understanding and transparency of machine learning predictions through the introduction of novel methods and evaluations of explainable AI (XAI). With a technical focus, I aim to concurrently develop usable, open-source tools that complement my research.

### Current projects

The contributions are categorised as follows: Papers that have been submitted are highlighted in **bold**, and those that are ongoing are in *italics*:

#### • Novel Explanation Methods:

- XAIStories: Natural language narratives formed from SHAP and counterfactual explanations.
- CoF Tables: A method to aggregate instance-level explanations to identify shortcuts in image classification models.

### • Evaluation of XAI Methods:

- PCherry: Evaluates the probability that a given set of counterfactuals includes cherry-picked explanations.
- AXA Collaboration: Improving mail switching LLM through the analysis of counterfactual explanations.

### Progress towards Study Program

The program requires the accumulation of 30 credits. Below is the summary of credits earned to date:

Competency	Name	${f Credits}$	Date
A	DLCV	6	Jun 23
С	Masters Supervision	1	Jan 23
С	Masters Supervision	1	Jan 24
D	XAIStories arXiv	2	Sep 23
Total Credits			10

### 2 Research

This section overviews the research I am undertaking as a part of this PhD. It is split into two subsections: Current; covering the papers already submitted or under review, and Future; covering the research I have started working on or plan to work on in the next few months.

#### 2.1 Current

#### **XAIStories**

In today's critical domains, the predominance of black-box machine learning models amplifies the demand for Explainable AI (XAI). The widely used SHAP values, while quantifying feature importance, are often too intricate and lack human-friendly explanations. Furthermore, counterfactual (CF) explanations present 'what ifs' but leave users grappling with the 'why'. To bridge this gap, we introduce XAIstories. Leveraging Large Language Models, XAIstories provide narratives that shed light on AI predictions: SHAPstories do so based on SHAP explanations to explain a prediction score, while CFstories do so for CF explanations to explain a decision. Our results are striking: over 90% of the surveyed general audience finds the narrative generated by SHAPstories convincing. Data scientists primarily see the value of SHAPstories in communicating explanations to a general audience, with 92% of data scientists indicating that it will contribute to the ease and confidence of nonspecialists in understanding AI predictions. Additionally, 83% of data scientists indicate they are likely to use SHAPstories for this purpose. In image classification, CFstories are considered more or equally convincing as users own crafted stories by over 75% of lay user participants. CFstories also bring a tenfold speed gain in creating a narrative, and improves accuracy by over 20% compared to manually created narratives. The results thereby suggest that XAIstories may provide the missing link in truly explaining and understanding AI predictions.

Aim: To enhance the understanding behind AI predictions for lay-users by providing natural language explanations.

Currently revising for Decision Support Systems.

#### CoF Tables

The rise of deep learning in image classification has brought unprecedented accuracy but also highlighted a key issue: the use of 'shortcuts' by models. Such shortcuts are easy-to-learn patterns from the training data that fail to generalise to new data. Examples include the use of a copyright watermark to recognise horses, snowy background to recognise huskies, or ink markings to detect malignant skin lesions. The explainable AI (XAI) community has suggested using instance-level explanations to detect shortcuts without external data, but this requires the examination of many explanations to confirm the presence of such shortcuts, making it a labour-intensive process. To address these challenges, we introduce Counterfactual Frequency (CoF) tables, a novel approach that aggregates instance-based explanations into global insights, and exposes shortcuts. The aggregation implies the need for some semantic concepts to be used in the explanations, which we solve by labelling the segments of an image. We demonstrate the utility of CoF tables across several datasets, revealing the shortcuts learned from them.

Aim: To detect shortcuts in image classification models through the aggregation of local explanations.

Currently under review at SIGKDD, likely resubmitting to NeurIPS.

#### 2.2 Future

- Fairness in Image Classification: An investigation into the fairness of image classification models using CoF tables.
- PCherry Fairness Spin-Off: Examines the propensity of counterfactual explanations to fairwash through
  optimisations aimed at enhancing plausibility and sparsity.
- CoF Tables 2.0: Improving CoF tables through combinations of segments, new segmentation and edit functions. Ablation studies to measure effectiveness of different components.
- Personalised Explanation Improvement.

# 3 PhD Study Programme

### 3.1 Courses

- DLCV Summer School
- Optimisation with Meta Heuristics Need to complete the research portion of the course. For this I plan to optimise the combination of segment within

## 3.2 Other Requirements

• Masters Supervisions

Student Name	Date of Completion
Camille Dams	Jan 23
Margot Willemse	Jan 24
Tibo Vanleke	Expected May 24

## 4 Other

- Research Stays
- Cambridge Summer School and Probabilistic Machine Learning
- Reviewer for KDD