# SSD1331

## **Advance Information**

96RGB x 64 Dot Matrix **OLED/PLED Segment/Common Driver with Controller** 

This document contains information on a new product. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.



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#### 1 GERENAL INFORMATION

The SSD1331 is a single chip CMOS OLED/PLED driver with 288 segments and 64 commons output, supporting up to 96RGB x 64 dot matrix display. This chip is designed for Common Cathode type OLED/PLED panel.

The SSD1331 had embedded Graphic Display Data RAM (GDDRAM). It supports with 8, 9, 16 bits 8080 / 6800 parallel interface as well as serial peripheral interface. It has 256-step contrast and 65K color control. To facilitate communication between lower operating voltages MCU, it has separate power for I/O interface logic. SSD1331 is suitable for mobile phones, MP3, MP4 and other industrial devices.

#### 2 FEATURES

- Resolution: 96RGB x 64 dot matrix panel
- 65k color depth support by embedded 96x64x16 bit GDDRAM display buffer
- Power supply:
  - $\circ$  V<sub>DD</sub> = 2.4V to 3.5V for IC logic
  - $\circ$  V<sub>CC</sub> = 8.0V to 18.0V for Panel driving
  - $\circ$  V<sub>DDIO</sub> = 1.6V to V<sub>DD</sub> for MCU interface
- Segment maximum source current: 200uA
- Common maximum sink current: 60mA
- 256 step contrast control for the each color component plus 16 step master current control
- Pin selectable MCU interface
  - o 8/9/16 bits 6800-series parallel Interface
  - o 8/9/16 bits 8080-series Parallel Interface
  - o Serial Peripheral Interface
- Color swapping function (RGB <-> BGR)
- Graphic Accelerating Command (GAC) set with Continuous Horizontal, Vertical and Diagonal Scrolling
- Programmable Frame Rate
- Wide range of operating temperature: -40 to 85 °C

#### 3 ORDERING INFORMATION

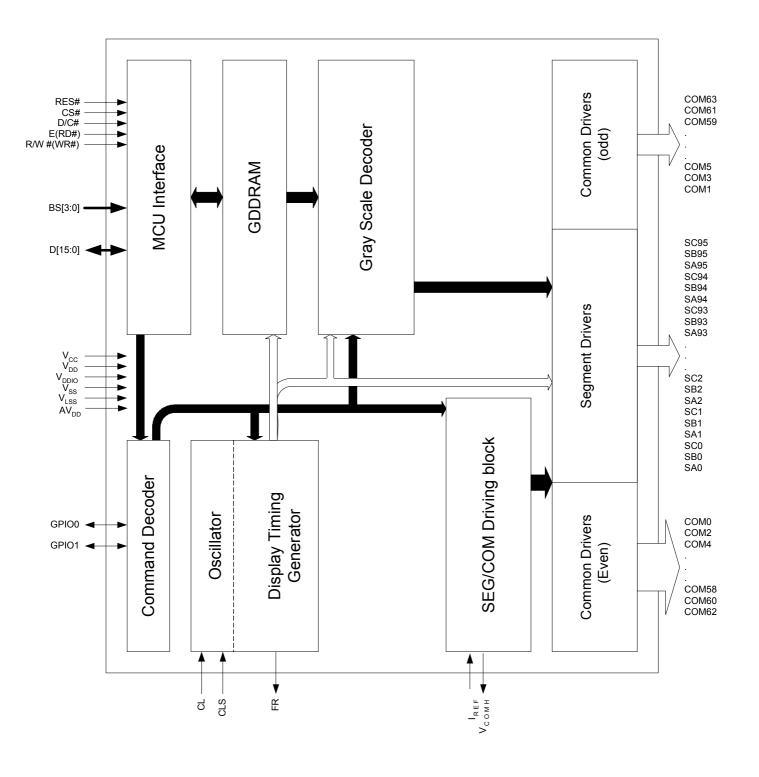
**Table 1 - Ordering Information** 

Ordering Part Number	SEG	СОМ	Package Form	Reference	Remark
SSD1331Z	96x3	64	COG	Page 8, 59	<ul><li>Min SEG pad pitch: 40.2 um</li><li>Min COM pad pitch: 41.8 um</li></ul>
SSD1331U1R1	96x3	64	COF	Page 60	<ul> <li>35mm film, 5 sprocket hole</li> <li>8 bit or SPI interface</li> <li>Output lead pitch: 0.06mm for SEG, 0.09mm for COM</li> </ul>
SSD1331U3R1	96x3	64	COF	Page 64	<ul> <li>35mm film, 4 sprocket hole</li> <li>8 bit or SPI interface</li> <li>Output lead pitch: 0.06mm for SEG, 0.09mm for COM</li> </ul>

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## 4 BLOCK DIAGRAM

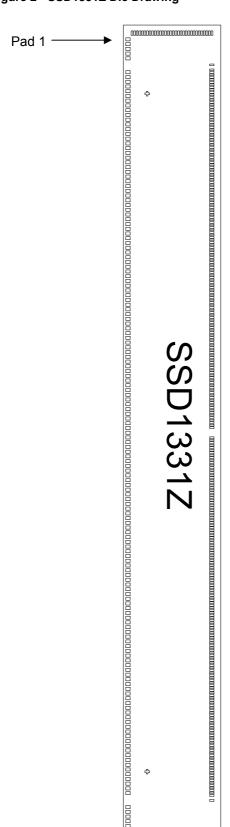
Figure 1 - SSD1331 Block Diagram



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## 5 SSD1331Z GOLD BUMP DIE PAD ASSIGNMENT

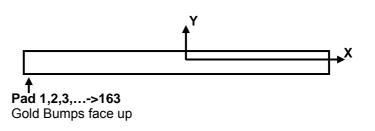
Figure 2 - SSD1331Z Die Drawing



Die size	13.1mm x 1.58mm	
Die height	457um	
Min I/O pad pitch	76.2 um	
Min SEG pad pitch	40.2 um	
Min COM pad pitch	41.8 um	
Bump height	Nominal 15um	

Bump size	
Pad 1-163	50um x 72um
Pad164-195, 486-517	72um x 28um
Pad 196-485	28um x 72um

	Alignment mark	
+ shape	(5446.0, -402.0)	75um x 75um
+ shape	(-5446.0, -402.0)	75um x 75um



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Table 2 - SSD1331Z Die Pad Coordinates

1 2	NC	-6319.4	740 5
2	NO		-712.5
3	NC NC	-6243.2 -6167.0	-712.5 -712.5
4	NC NC	-6090.8	-7 12.5
5	NC	-6014.6	-712.5
6	NC	-5791.2	-712.5
7	VCC	-5715.0	-712.5
8	VCC	-5638.8	-712.5
9	VCC	-5562.6	-712.5
10 11	VLSS VLSS	-5486.4 -5410.2	-712.5 -712.5
12	VLSS	-54 10.2	-7 12.5 -712.5
13	VLSS	-5257.8	-712.5
14	VLSS	-5181.6	-712.5
15	VLSS	-5105.4	-712.5
16	VLSS	-5029.2	-712.5
17	VLSS	-4953.0	-712.5
18 19	VLSS VLSS	-4876.8 -4800.6	-712.5 -712.5
20	VLSS	-4724.4	-7 12.5
21	VLSS	-4648.2	-712.5
22	VSS	-4572.0	-712.5
23	VSS	-4495.8	-712.5
24	VSS	-4419.6	-712.5
25	BGGND	-4343.4	-712.5
26	VDD VDD	-4267.2	-712.5
27 28	VDD	-4191.0 -4114.8	-712.5 -712.5
29	VDDIO	-4038.6	-7 L2.5
30	VDDIO	-3962.4	-712.5
31	VDDIO	-3886.2	-712.5
32	VCC	-3810.0	-712.5
33	VCC	-3733.8	-712.5
34	VCC VSSB	-3657.6	-712.5 -712.5
35 36	VSSB	-3581.4 -3505.2	-7 12.5
37	VSSB	-3429.0	-712.5
38	GDR	-3352.8	-712.5
39	GDR	-3276.6	-712.5
40	GDR	-3200.4	-712.5
41	GDR	-3124.2	-712.5
42	GDR	-3048.0	-712.5
43 44	GDR GDR	-29718 -2895.6	-712.5 -712.5
45	VDDB	-2819.4	-712.5
46	VDDB	-2743.2	-712.5
47	VDDB	-2667.0	-712.5
48	VDDB	-2590.8	-712.5
49	VDDB	-2514.6	-712.5
50	VDD	-2438.4	-712.5
51 52	VDDIO VDD	-2362.2 -2286.0	-712.5 -712.5
52	VDD	-2286.0	-712.5 -712.5
54	FB	-2133.6	-7 12.5
55	VBREF	-2057.4	-712.5
56	VSS	-1981.2	-712.5
57	GPIO0	-1905.0	-712.5
58	GPIO1	-1828.8	-712.5
59	VDDIO	-1752.6	-712.5
60 61	VCIR VCIR	-1676.4 -1600.2	-712.5 -712.5
62	VCIR	-1524.0	-7 12.5
63	VCIR	-1447.8	-712.5
64	VCIR	-1371.6	-712.5
65	VDD	-1295.4	-712.5
66	VDD	-1219.2	-712.5
67	VDD	-1143.0	-712.5
68 69	VDD AVDD	-1066.8 -990.6	-712.5 -712.5
70	AVDD	-914.4	-7 12.5
71	VDDIO	-838.2	-712.5
72	VDDIO	-762.0	-712.5
73	VDDIO	-685.8	-712.5
74	VDDIO	-609.6	-712.5
75 76	VDDIO	-533.4	-712.5
76 77	VDDIO BS0	-457.2 -381.0	-712.5 -712.5
77	VSS	-381.0	-712.5 -712.5
79	BS1	-228.6	-7 12.5
80	VDDIO	-152.4	-712.5

Pad no.	Pad Name	X-Axis	Y-Axis
81	BS2	-76.2	-712.5
82 83	VSS BS3	0.0 76.2	-712.5 -712.5
83 84	VDDIO	76.2 152.4	-712.5 -712.5
85	VDDIO	228.6	-7 12.5 -712.5
86	IREF	304.8	-7 I2.5 -712.5
87	VCC	381.0	-712.5
88	VCC	457.2	-712.5
89	VCC	533.4	-712.5
90	FR	609.6	-712.5
91	CL	685.8	-712.5
92	VSS	762.0	-712.5
93	CLS	838.2	-712.5
94	VDDIO	914.4	-712.5
95	VDDIO	990.6	-712.5
96	VDDIO VDDIO	1066.8	-712.5
97 98	CSB	1143.0 1219.2	-712.5 -712.5
99	VSS	1295.4	-7 12.5 -712.5
100	RESB	1371.6	-7 12.5 -712.5
101	VDDIO	1447.8	-712.5
102	VDDIO	1524.0	-712.5
103	DC	1600.2	-712.5
104	VSS	1676.4	-712.5
105	RW	1752.6	-712.5
106	E	1828.8	-712.5
107	VDDIO	1905.0	-712.5
108	VDD	1981.2	-712.5
109	VDD	2057.4	-712.5
110	VDD	2133.6	-712.5
111 112	D0	2209.8	-712.5
112 113	D1 D2	2286.0 2362.2	-712.5 -712.5
113	D2	2362.2	-712.5 -712.5
115	D3	2514.6	-7 I2.5 -712.5
116	D5	2590.8	-7 I2.5 -712.5
117	D6	2667.0	-712.5
118	D7	2743.2	-712.5
119	D8	2819.4	-712.5
120	D9	2895.6	-712.5
121	D10	29718	-712.5
122	D11	3048.0	-712.5
123	D12	3124.2	-712.5
124	D13	3200.4	-712.5
125	D14	3276.6	-712.5
126	D15	3352.8	-712.5
127	VSS	3429.0	-712.5
128	TR11	3505.2	-712.5
129 130	TR10 TR9	3581.4 3657.6	-712.5 -712.5
131	TR9	3733.8	-712.5 -712.5
132	TR7	3810.0	-7 12.5 -712.5
133	TR6	3886.2	-7 12.5 -712.5
134	VSS	3962.4	-712.5
135	TR5	4038.6	-712.5
136	TR4	4114.8	-712.5
137	TR3	4191.0	-712.5
138	TR2	4267.2	-712.5
139	TR1	4343.4	-712.5
140	TR0	4419.6	-712.5
141	VSS	4495.8	-712.5
142	VCOMH VCOMH	4572.0	-712.5
143 144	VCOMH	4648.2 4724.4	-712.5 -712.5
145	VDD	4800.6	-7 12.5 -712.5
146	VDD	4876.8	-7 l2.5 -712.5
147	VDDIO	4953.0	-712.5
148	VDDIO	5029.2	-712.5
149	VCC	5105.4	-712.5
150	VCC	5181.6	-712.5
151	VCC	5257.8	-712.5
152	VCC	5334.0	-712.5
153	VCC	5410.2	-712.5
154	VCC	5486.4	-712.5
155	NC	5562.6	-712.5
156	VLSS	5638.8	-712.5
157	VLSS	5715.0	-712.5
158	NC NC	57912	-712.5
159 160	NC NC	6014.6 6090.8	-712.5 -712.5
Ю	INC	0.060.0	-1 LL.U

Pad no.	Pad Name	X-A xis	Y-Axis
161	NC	6167.0	-712.5
162	NC NC	6243.2	-712.5
163 164	NC COM 31	6319.4 6420.1	-712.5 -647.9
165	COM 30	6420.1	-606.1
166	COM 29	6420.1	-564.3
167	COM 28	6420.1	-522.5
168 169	COM 27 COM 26	6420.1 6420.1	-480.7 -438.9
170	COM 25	6420.1	-397.1
171	COM 24	6420.1	-355.3
172	COM 23	6420.1	-313.5
173	COM 22	6420.1	-271.7
174 175	COM 21 COM 20	6420.1 6420.1	-229.9 -188.1
176	COM 19	6420.1	-146.3
177	COM 18	6420.1	-104.5
178	COM 17	6420.1	-62.7
179 180	COM 16 COM 15	6420.1 6420.1	-20.9 20.9
181	COM 14	6420.1	62.7
182	COM 13	6420.1	104.5
183	COM 12	6420.1	146.3
184	COM 11	6420.1	188.1
185 186	COM 10 COM 9	6420.1 6420.1	229.9 271.7
187	COM 8	6420.1	313.5
188	COM7	6420.1	355.3
189	COM 6	6420.1	397.1
190 191	COM 5 COM 4	6420.1 6420.1	438.9 480.7
192	COM3	6420.1	522.5
193	COM 2	6420.1	564.3
194	COM1	6420.1	606.1
195	COM 0	6420.1	647.9
196 197	VLSS SA0	5908.5 5828.1	643.6 643.6
198	SB0	5787.9	643.6
199	SC0	5747.7	643.6
200	SA1	5707.5	643.6
201	SB1	5667.3	643.6
202	SC1 SA2	5627.1 5586.9	643.6 643.6
204	SB2	5546.7	643.6
205	SC2	5506.5	643.6
206	SA3	5466.3	643.6
207 208	SB3 SC3	5426.1 5385.9	643.6 643.6
209	SA4	5345.7	643.6
210	SB4	5305.5	643.6
211	SC4	5265.3	643.6
212	SA5 SB5	5225.1 5184.9	643.6 643.6
213 214	SC5	5144.7	643.6
215	SA6	5104.5	643.6
216	SB6	5064.3	643.6
217	SC6 SA7	5024.1 4983.9	643.6 643.6
218 219	SA7 SB7	4983.9	643.6
220	SC7	4903.5	643.6
221	SA8	4863.3	643.6
222	SB8	4823.1	643.6
223 224	SC8 SA9	4782.9 4742.7	643.6 643.6
225	SB9	4702.5	643.6
226	SC9	4662.3	643.6
227	SA 10	4622.1	643.6
228	SB 10	4581.9 4541.7	643.6 643.6
229	SC 10 SA 11	4541.7 4501.5	643.6
231	SB 11	44613	643.6
232	SC11	4421.1	643.6
233	SA 12	4380.9	643.6
234 235	SB 12 SC 12	4340.7 4300.5	643.6 643.6
236	SA 13	4260.3	643.6
237	SB 13	4220.1	643.6
238	SC 13	4179.9	643.6
239	SA 14	4139.7	643.6
240	SB 14	4099.5	643.6

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241 242 243 244 245 246 247 248 249	SC 14 SA 15 SB 15 SC 15	X-A xis 4059.3 4019.1 3978.9	Y-Axis 643.6 643.6 643.6
242 243 244 245 246 247 248	SA 15 SB 15	4019.1	643.6
243 244 245 246 247 248	SB 15		
244 245 246 247 248		3370.3	
245 246 247 248		3938.7	643.6
246 247 248	SA 16	3898.5	643.6
247 248	SB 16	3858.3	643.6
	SC 16	3818.1	643.6
249	SA 17	3777.9	643.6
	SB 17	3737.7	643.6
250	SC 17	3697.5	643.6
251	SA 18	3657.3	643.6
252	SB 18	3617.1	643.6
253	SC 18	3576.9	643.6
254	SA 19	3536.7	643.6
255	SB 19	3496.5	643.6
256	SC19	3456.3	643.6
257	SA 20	3416.1	643.6
258	SB 20	3375.9	643.6
259	SC20	3335.7	643.6
260	SA21	3295.5	643.6
261	SB21	3255.3	643.6
262	SC21	3215.1	643.6
263	SA 22	3174.9	643.6
264	SB 22	3134.7	643.6
265	SC22	3094.5	643.6
266	SA 23	3054.3	643.6
267	SB 23	3014.1	643.6
268	SC23	2973.9	643.6
269	SA 24	2933.7 2893.5	643.6
270	SB 24		643.6
271 272	SC24 SA25	2853.3 2813.1	643.6
272	SA 25 SB 25	2813.1	643.6 643.6
274	SC25	2732.7	643.6
275	SA 26	2692.5	643.6
276	SB 26	2652.3	643.6
277	SC26	2612.1	643.6
278	SA27	2571.9	643.6
279	SB27	2531.7	643.6
280	SC27	2491.5	643.6
281	SA 28	2451.3	643.6
282	SB 28	2411.1	643.6
283	SC28	2370.9	643.6
284	SA 29	2330.7	643.6
285	SB 29	2290.5	643.6
286	SC29	2250.3	643.6
287	SA 30	2210.1	643.6
288	SB 30	2169.9	643.6
289	SC30	2129.7	643.6
290	SA31	2089.5	643.6
291	SB31	2049.3	643.6
292	SC31	2009.1	643.6
293	SA 32	1968.9	643.6
294	SB 32	1928.7	643.6
295	SC32	1888.5	643.6
296	SA 33	1848.3	643.6
297	SB 33	1808.1	643.6
298	SC33	1767.9	643.6
299	SA 34	1727.7	643.6
300	SB 34	1687.5	643.6
301	SC34	1647.3	643.6
302	SA 35	1607.1	643.6
303 304	SB 35 SC 35	1566.9 1526.7	643.6 643.6
304	SC35 SA36	1486.5	643.6
306	SB 36	1446.3	643.6
307	SC36	1406.1	643.6
308	SA37	1365.9	643.6
309	SB 37	1325.7	643.6
310	SC37	1285.5	643.6
311	SA38	1245.3	643.6
312	SB38	1205.1	643.6
313	SC38	1164.9	643.6
314	SA39	1124.7	643.6
315	SB39	1084.5	643.6
316	SC39	1044.3	643.6
317	SA40	1004.1	643.6
318	SB40	963.9	643.6
319	SC40	923.7	643.6
320	SA41	883.5	643.6

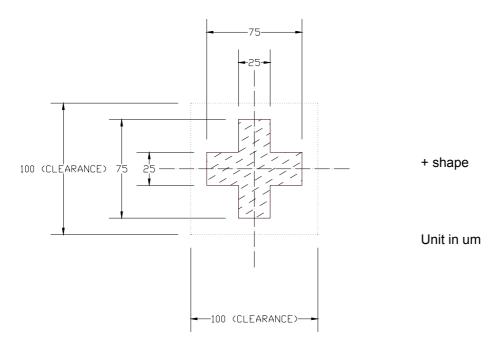
Pad no.	Pad Name	X-Axis	Y-Axis
321	SB41	843.3	643.6
322 323	SC41 SA42	803.1 762.9	643.6 643.6
324	SB42	722.7	643.6
325	SC42	682.5	643.6
326	SA43	642.3	643.6
327	SB43	602.1	643.6
328	SC43	561.9	643.6
329 330	SA44 SB44	521.7 481.5	643.6 643.6
331	SC44	4413	643.6
332	SA45	401.1	643.6
333	SB45	360.9	643.6
334	SC45	320.7	643.6
335	SA46 SB46	280.5	643.6
336 337	SC46	240.3 200.1	643.6 643.6
338	SA47	159.9	643.6
339	SB47	119.7	643.6
340	SC47	79.5	643.6
341	SA48	-81.3	643.6
342 343	SB48 SC48	-121.5 -161.7	643.6 643.6
344	SA49	-2019	643.6
345	SB49	-242.1	643.6
346	SC49	-282.3	643.6
347	SA50	-322.5	643.6
348	SB50	-362.7	643.6
349 350	SC50 SA51	-402.9 -443.1	643.6 643.6
351	SB51	-443.1	643.6
352	SC51	-523.5	643.6
353	SA52	-563.7	643.6
354	SB52	-603.9	643.6
355	SC52	-644.1	643.6
356 357	SA53 SB53	-684.3 -724.5	643.6 643.6
358	SC53	-764.7	643.6
359	SA54	-804.9	643.6
360	SB54	-845.1	643.6
361	SC54	-885.3	643.6
362 363	SA55 SB55	-925.5 -965.7	643.6 643.6
364	SC55	-905.7 -1005.9	643.6
365	SA56	-1046.1	643.6
366	SB56	-1086.3	643.6
367	SC56	-1126.5	643.6
368	SA57	-1166.7	643.6
369 370	SB57 SC57	-1206.9 -1247.1	643.6 643.6
371	SA58	-1287.3	643.6
372	SB58	-1327.5	643.6
373	SC58	-1367.7	643.6
374	SA59	-1407.9	643.6
375 376	SB59 SC59	-1448.1 -1488.3	643.6 643.6
377	SA60	-1528.5	643.6
378	SB60	-1568.7	643.6
379	SC60	-1608.9	643.6
380	SA61	-1649.1	643.6
381 382	SB61 SC61	-1689.3 -1729.5	643.6 643.6
383	SA62	-1769.7	643.6
384	SB62	-1809.9	643.6
385	SC62	-1850.1	643.6
386	SA63	-1890.3	643.6
387	SB63	-1930.5	643.6
388 389	SC63 SA64	-1970.7 -2010.9	643.6 643.6
390	SB 64	-2051.1	643.6
391	SC64	-20913	643.6
392	SA65	-2131.5	643.6
393	SB65	-2171.7	643.6
394 395	SC65 SA66	-2211.9 -2252.1	643.6 643.6
395	SB66	-2292.3	643.6
397	SC66	-2332.5	643.6
398	SA67	-2372.7	643.6
399	SB67	-2412.9	643.6
400	SC67	-2453.1	643.6

Pad no.	Pad Name	X-Axis	Y-Axis
401 402	SA 68 SB 68	-2493.3 -2533.5	643.6 643.6
403	SC68	-2573.7	643.6
404	SA 69	-2613.9	643.6
405	SB 69	-2654.1	643.6
406	SC69	-2694.3	643.6
407	SA70	-2734.5	643.6
408	SB70	-2774.7	643.6
409	SC70	-2814.9	643.6
410	SA71	-2855.1	643.6
411	SB71	-2895.3	643.6
412 413	SC71	-2935.5	643.6
414	SA 72 SB 72	-2975.7 -3015.9	643.6 643.6
415	SC72	-3056.1	643.6
416	SA73	-3096.3	643.6
417	SB73	-3136.5	643.6
418	SC73	-3176.7	643.6
419	SA74	-3216.9	643.6
420	SB 74	-3257.1	643.6
421	SC74	-3297.3	643.6
422	SA 75	-3337.5	643.6
423 424	SB 75	-3377.7 -3417.9	643.6
424 425	SC75 SA76	-3417.9 -3458.1	643.6 643.6
425	SB 76	-3498.3	643.6
427	SC76	-3538.5	643.6
428	SA77	-3578.7	643.6
429	SB77	-3618.9	643.6
430	SC77	-3659.1	643.6
431	SA 78	-3699.3	643.6
432	SB 78	-3739.5	643.6
433	SC78	-3779.7	643.6
434 435	SA 79 SB 79	-3819.9 -3860.1	643.6 643.6
436	SC79	-3900.1	643.6
437	SA 80	-3940.5	643.6
438	SB 80	-3980.7	643.6
439	SC80	-4020.9	643.6
440	SA81	-4061.1	643.6
441	SB81	-4101.3	643.6
442	SC81	-41415	643.6
443	SA 82	-4181.7	643.6
444	SB 82	-42219	643.6
445 446	SC82 SA83	-4262.1 -4302.3	643.6 643.6
447	SB 83	-4342.5	643.6
448	SC83	-4382.7	643.6
449	SA 84	-4422.9	643.6
450	SB 84	-4463.1	643.6
451	SC84	-4503.3	643.6
452	SA 85	-4543.5	643.6
453	SB 85	-4583.7	643.6
454 455	SC85 SA86	-4623.9 -4664.1	643.6
455 456	SA 86 SB 86	-4664.1 -4704.3	643.6 643.6
457	SC86	-4704.5 -4744.5	643.6
458	SA 87	-4784.7	643.6
459	SB 87	-4824.9	643.6
460	SC87	-4865.1	643.6
461	SA 88	-4905.3	643.6
462	SB 88	-4945.5	643.6
463 464	SC88	-4985.7	643.6
464	SA 89 SB 89	-5025.9 -5066.1	643.6 643.6
466	SC89	-5106.3	643.6
467	SA 90	-5146.5	643.6
468	SB 90	-5186.7	643.6
469	SC90	-5226.9	643.6
470	SA91	-5267.1	643.6
471	SB 91	-5307.3	643.6
472	SC91	-5347.5	643.6
473	SA 92	-5387.7	643.6
474 475	SB 92 SC 92	-5427.9 -5468.1	643.6 643.6
475	SC92 SA93	-5468.1	643.6
477	SB 93	-5548.5	643.6
478	SC93	-5588.7	643.6
479	SA 94	-5628.9	643.6
480	SB 94	-5669.1	643.6

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Pad no.	Pad Name	X-Axis	Y-Axis
481	SC94	-5709.3	643.6
482	SA 95	-5749.5	643.6
483	SB 95	-5789.7	643.6
484	SC95	-5829.9	643.6
485	VLSS	-5910.3	643.6
486	COM 32	-6420.1	647.9
487	COM 33	-6420.1	606.1
488	COM 34	-6420.1	564.3
489	COM 35	-6420.1	522.5
490	COM 36	-6420.1	480.7
491	COM 37	-6420.1	438.9
492	COM 38	-6420.1	397.1
493	COM 39	-6420.1	355.3
494	COM 40	-6420.1	313.5
495	COM 41	-6420.1	271.7
496	COM 42	-6420.1	229.9
497	COM 43	-6420.1	188.1
498	COM 44	-6420.1	146.3
499	COM 45	-6420.1	104.5
500	COM 46	-6420.1	62.7
501	COM 47	-6420.1	20.9
502	COM 48	-6420.1	-20.9
503	COM 49	-6420.1	-62.7
504	COM 50	-6420.1	-104.5
505	COM 51	-6420.1	-146.3
506	COM 52	-6420.1	-188.1
507	COM 53	-6420.1	-229.9
508	COM 54	-6420.1	-271.7
509	COM 55	-6420.1	-313.5
510	COM 56	-6420.1	-355.3
511	COM 57	-6420.1	-397.1
512	COM 58	-6420.1	-438.9
513	COM 59	-6420.1	-480.7
514	COM 60	-6420.1	-522.5
515	COM 61	-6420.1	-564.3
516	COM 62	-6420.1	-606.1
517	COM 63	-6420.1	-647.9

Figure 3 - SSD1331Z Alignment mark dimensions



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## **6 PIN DESCRIPTION**

Pin Name	Pin Type	Description
$V_{DD}$	Power	Power supply pin for core V <sub>DD</sub>
$AV_{DD}$	Power	Analog power supply. It must be connected to V <sub>DD</sub> during operation.
$V_{DDIO}$	Power	Power supply for interface logic level. It should be match with the MCU interface voltage level. $V_{\text{DDIO}}$ must always be equal or lower than $V_{\text{DD}}$ .
V <sub>CC</sub>	Power	Power supply for panel driving voltage. This is also the most positive power voltage supply pin.
V <sub>SS</sub>	Power	Ground pin
V <sub>LSS</sub>	Power	Analog system ground pin.
V <sub>COMH</sub>	0	COM signal deselected voltage level. A capacitor should be connected between this pin and V <sub>SS</sub> .
BGGND	Power	Connect to Ground
$V_{DDB}$	Power	Reserved pin. It should be connect to V <sub>DD</sub> externally.
$V_{SSB}$	Power	Reserved pin. It should be connected to V <sub>SS</sub> externally.
GDR	0	Reserved pin. Keep NC (i.e. no connection).
FB	I	Reserved pin. Keep NC (i.e. no connection).
$V_{BREF}$	0	Reserved pin. Keep NC (i.e. no connection).
GPIO0	I/O	Reserved pin. Keep NC (i.e. no connection).
GPIO1	I/O	Reserved pin. Keep NC (i.e. no connection).
$V_{CIR}$	0	Reserved pin. Keep NC (i.e. no connection).
BS[3:0]	I	MCU bus interface selection pins.
		Table 3 - Bus Interface selection
		BS[3:0]         Bus Interface Selection           0000         SPI           0100         8-bit 6800 parallel           0101         16-bit 6800 parallel           0110         8-bit 8080 parallel           0111         16-bit 8080 parallel           1100         9-bit 6800 parallel           1110         9-bit 8080 parallel
I <sub>REF</sub>	I	This pin is the segment output current reference pin. A resistor should be connected between this pin and $V_{SS}$ to maintain the $I_{REF}$ current at 10uA. Please refer to Figure 14 for the details formula of resistor value.

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Pin Name	Pin Type	Description
FR	0	This pin outputs RAM write synchronization signal. Proper timing between MCU data writing and frame display timing can be achieve to prevent tearing effect. Keep NC if not used. Refer to section 7.3.2 for details usage.
CL	I	External clock input pin.  When internal clock is enable, this pin is not used and should be kept NC.  When internal clock is disable, this pin is the external clock source input pin.
CLS	I	Internal clock selection pin. When this pin is pulled high (i.e. connect to V <sub>DDIO</sub> ), internal oscillator is enable (normal operation). When this pin is pulled low, an external clock signal should be connected to CL.
CS#	I	This pin is the chip select input connecting to the MCU.
RES#	I	This pin is reset signal input. When the pin is low, initialization of the chip is executed. Keep this pin high (i.e. connect to $V_{\text{DDIO}}$ ) during normal operation.
D/C#	I	This pin is Data/Command control pin connecting to the MCU. When the pin is pulled high (i.e. connect to $V_{\text{DDIO}}$ ), the data at D[15:0]will be interpreted as data. When the pin is pulled low, the data at D[15:0] will be interpreted as command.
R/W# (WR#)	I	This pin is read / write control input pin connecting to the MCU interface. When interfacing to a 6800-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as Read/Write (R/W#) selection input. Read mode will be carried out when this pin is pulled high (i.e. connect to $V_{\text{DDIO}}$ ) and write mode when low. When 8080 interface mode is selected, this pin will be the Write (WR#) input. Data write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and the chip is selected. When serial interface is selected, this pin R/W#(WR#) must be connected to $V_{\text{SS}}$ .
E (RD#)	1	This pin is MCU interface input. When interfacing to a 6800-series microprocessor, this pin will be used as the Enable (E) signal. Read/write operation is initiated when this pin is pulled high (i.e. connect to $V_{\text{DDIO}}$ ) and the chip is selected. When connecting to an 8080-microprocessor, this pin receives the Read (RD#) signal. Read operation is initiated when this pin is pulled low and the chip is selected. When serial interface is selected, this pin E(RD#) must be connected to $V_{\text{SS}}$ .
D[15:0]	I/O	These pins are bi-directional data bus connecting to the MCU data bus.  Unused pins are recommended to tie low. (Except for D2 pin in serial mode)  Refer to Section 7.1 for different bus interface connection.
SA[95:0] SB[95:0] SC[95:0]	0	These pins provide the OLED segment driving signals. These pins are in high impedance state when display is OFF by command Set Display OFF.  These 288 segment pins are divided into 3 groups, SA, SB and SC. Each group can have different color settings for color A, B and C.

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Pin Name	Pin Type	Description
COM[63:0]	I/O	These pins provide the Common switch signals to the OLED panel. These pins are in high impedance state when display is OFF by command Set Display OFF.
TR[11:0]	I	Testing reserved pins. These pins should be kept float.
NC	NC	Dummy pins. These pins should be kept float and should not be connected to any other signal pins nor any electrical signal. Do not connect NC pins together.

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## 7 FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DESCRIPTIONS

## 7.1 MCU Interface Selection

SSD1331 MCU interface consist of 16 data pin and 5 control pins. The pin assignment at different interface mode is summarized in Table 4. Different MCU mode can be set by hardware selection on BS[3:0] pins (refer to Table 3 for BS pins setting)

Table 4 - MCU interface assignment under different bus interface mode

Pin Name	Data / Con		Control Signal					
Bus Interface	D15 D14 D13 D12 D11 D10 D9 D8	D7 D6 D5 D4 D3	D2 D1 D0	Е	R/W#	CS#	D/C#	RES#
8ь / 8080	Tie Low	D7-D0		RD#	WR#	CS#	D/C#	RES#
8ь / 6800	Tie Low	D7-D0	Е	R/W#	CS#	D/C#	RES#	
9ь / 8080	Tie Low	D8-D0	D8-D0			CS#	D/C#	RES#
9ь / 6800	Tie Low	D8-D0			R/W#	CS#	D/C#	RES#
16b / 8080	I	RD#	WR#	CS#	D/C#	RES#		
16b / 6800	I	Е	R/W#	CS#	D/C#	RES#		
SPI	Tie Low	NC SDIN SCLK	Tie	Low	CS#	D/C#	RES#	

## 7.1.1 6800-series Parallel Interface

A low in R/W# indicates WRITE operation and high in R/W# indicates READ operation.

A low in D/C# indicates COMMAND read/write and high in D/C# indicates DATA read/write.

The E input serves as data latch signal while CS# is low. Data is latched at the falling edge of E signal.

Table 5 - Control pins of 6800 interface

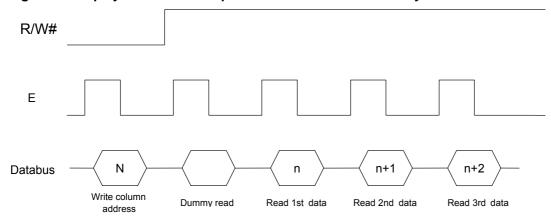
Function	E	R/W#	CS#	D/C#
Write command	$\downarrow$	L	L	L
Read status	$\rightarrow$	Н	L	L
Write data	$\downarrow$	L	L	Н
Read data	$\downarrow$	Н	L	Н

#### Note

(1) ↓ stands for falling edge of signal

In order to match the operating frequency of display RAM with that of the microprocessor, some pipeline processing is internally performed which requires the insertion of a dummy read before the first actual display data read. This is shown in Figure 4

Figure 4 - Display data read back procedure - insertion of dummy read



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<sup>(2)</sup> H stands for high in signal

<sup>(3)</sup> L stands for low in signal

#### 7.1.2 8080-series Parallel Interface

A low in D/C# indicates COMMAND read/write and high in D/C# indicates DATA read/write. A rising edge of RD# input serves as a data READ latch signal while CS# is kept low. A rising edge of WR# input serves as a data/command WRITE latch signal while CS# is kept low.

Figure 5 – Example of Write procedure in 8080 parallel interface mode

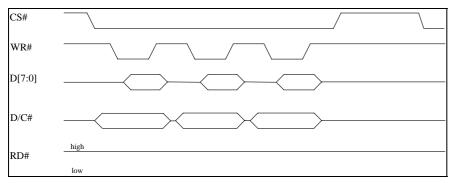


Figure 6 - Example of Read procedure in 8080 parallel interface mode

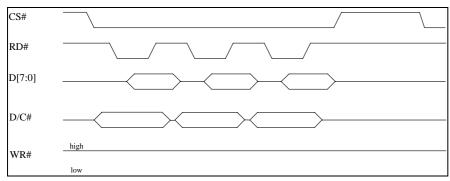


Table 6 - Control pins of 8080 interface (Form 1)

Function	RD#	WR#	CS#	D/C#
Write command	Н	<b>1</b>	L	L
Read status	<b>1</b>	Н	L	L
Write data	Н	$\uparrow$	L	Н
Read data	$\uparrow$	Н	L	Н

#### Note

Alternatively, E(RD#) and R/W#(WR#) can be keep stable while CS# is serve as the data/command latch signal.

Table 7 - Control pins of 8080 interface (Form 2)

Function	RD#	WR#	CS#	D/C#
Write command	Н	L	1	L
Read status	L	Н	<b>1</b>	L
Write data	Н	L	$\uparrow$	Н
Read data	L	Н	1	Н

#### Note

(1) ↑ stands for rising edge of signal

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 $<sup>^{(1)}</sup>$   $\uparrow$  stands for rising edge of signal

H stands for high in signal

<sup>(3)</sup> L stands for low in signal

<sup>(4)</sup> Refer to Figure 37 for Form 1 8080-Series MPU Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics

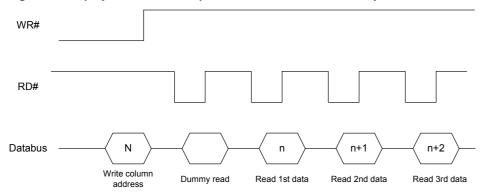
<sup>(2)</sup> H stands for high in signal

<sup>(3)</sup> L stands for low in signal

<sup>(4)</sup> Refer to Figure 38 for Form 2 8080-Series MPU Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics

In order to match the operating frequency of display RAM with that of the microprocessor, some pipeline processing is internally performed which requires the insertion of a dummy read before the first actual display data read. This is shown in Figure 7.

Figure 7 - Display data read back procedure - insertion of dummy read



#### 7.1.3 Serial Interface

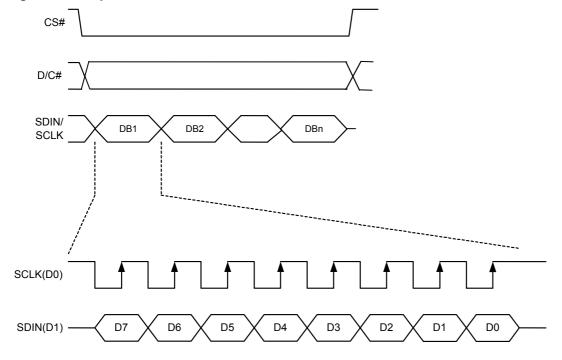
The serial interface consists of serial clock SCLK (D0), serial data SDIN (D1), D/C# and CS#. SCLK is shifted into an 8-bit shift register on every rising edge of SCLK in the order of D7, D6... D0. D/C# is sampled on every eighth clock and the data byte in the shift register is written to the Display Data RAM or command register in the same clock.

Under serial mode, only write operations are allowed.

Table 8 - Control pins of Serial interface

Function	E		CS#	D/C#
Write command	Tie low	Tie low	L	L
Write data	Tie low	Tie low	L	Н

Figure 8 - Write procedure in SPI mode



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#### 7.2 Command Decoder

This module determines whether the input should be interpreted as data or command based upon the input of the D/C# pin.

If D/C# pin is high, data is written to Graphic Display Data RAM (GDDRAM). If it is low, the inputs at D0-D15 are interpreted as a Command and it will be decoded and be written to the corresponding command register.

## 7.3 Oscillator Circuit and Display Time Generator

#### 7.3.1 Oscillator

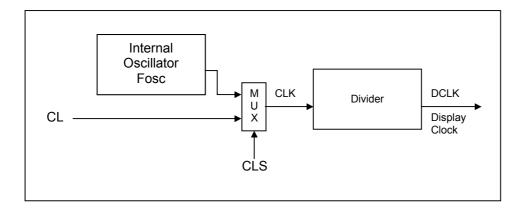


Figure 9 - Oscillator Circuit

This module is an On-Chip low power RC oscillator circuitry (Figure 9). The operation clock (CLK) can be generated either from internal oscillator or external source CL pin by CLS pin. If CLS pin is high, internal oscillator is selected. If CLS pin is low, external clock from CL pin will be used for CLK. The frequency of internal oscillator F<sub>OSC</sub> can be programmed by command B3h (Set oscillator frequency).

The display clock (DCLK) for the Display Timing Generator is derived from CLK. The division factor "D" can be programmed from 1 to 16 by command B3h.

$$DCLK = F_{osc} / D$$

The frame frequency of display is determined by the following formula.

$$F_{FRM} = \frac{F_{osc}}{D \times K \times No. \text{ of Mux}}$$

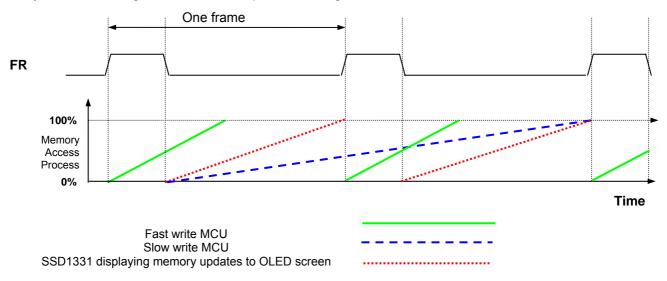
where

- D stands for clock divide ratio. It is set by command B3h A[3:0]. The divide ratio has the range from 1 to 16.
- K is the number of display clocks per row. The value is derived by
   K = Phase 1 period + Phase 2 period + PW63 (longest current drive pulse width)
   = 4 + 7 + 125 = 136 at reset
- Number of multiplex ratio is set by command A8h. The reset value is 64
- F<sub>OSC</sub> is the oscillator frequency. It can be adjusted by command B3h A[7:4]

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## 7.3.2 FR synchronization

FR synchronization signal can be used to prevent tearing effect.



The starting time to write a new image to OLED driver is depended on the MCU writing speed. If MCU can finish writing a frame image within one frame period, it is classified as fast write MCU. For MCU needs longer writing time to complete(more than one frame but within two frames), it is a slow write one.

**For fast write MCU:** MCU should start to write new frame of ram data just after rising edge of FR pulse and should be finished well before the rising edge of the next FR pulse.

**For slow write MCU**: MCU should start to write new frame ram data after the falling edge of the 1<sup>st</sup> FR pulse and must be finished before the rising edge of the 3<sup>rd</sup> FR pulse.

#### 7.4 Reset Circuit

When RES# input is pulled low, the chip is initialized with the following status:

- 1. Display is OFF
- 2. 64 MUX Display Mode
- 3. Display start line is set at display RAM address 0
- 4. Display offset set to 0
- 5. Normal segment and display data column address and row address mapping (SEG0 mapped to address 00H and COM0 mapped to address 00H)
- 6. Column address counter is set at 0
- 7. Master contrast control register is set at 0FH
- 8. Individual contrast control registers of color A, B, and C are set at 80H
- 9. Shift register data clear in serial interface
- 10. Normal display mode (Equivalent to A4 command)

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## 7.5 Graphic Display Data RAM (GDDRAM)

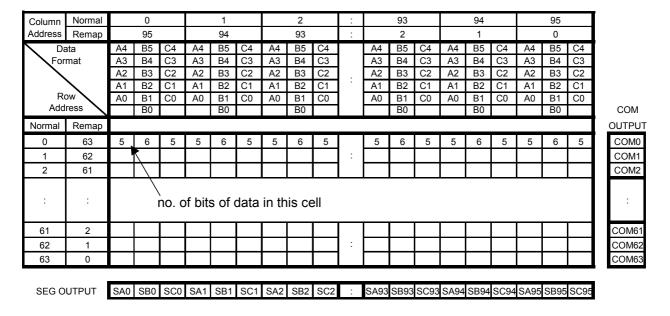
#### 7.5.1 GDDRAM structure

The GDDRAM is a bit mapped static RAM holding the pattern to be displayed. The RAM size is 96 x 64 x 16bits.

For mechanical flexibility, re-mapping on both Segment and Common outputs can be selected by software. For vertical scrolling of the display, an internal register storing display start line can be set to control the portion of the RAM data to be mapped to the display.

Each pixel has 16-bit data. Three sub-pixels for color A, B and C have 6 bits, 5 bits and 6 bits respectively. The arrangement of data pixel in graphic display data RAM is shown below.

Figure 10 - 65k Color Depth Graphic Display Data RAM Structure



## 7.5.2 Data bus to RAM mapping under different input mode

Table 9 - Data bus usage under different bus width and color depth mode

				Data	Data bus														
Bus	width	Color Depth	Input order	D15	D14	D13	D12	D11	D10	D9	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
8	bits	256		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	$C_4$	$C_3$	$C_2$	$B_5$	$B_4$	$\mathbf{B}_3$	$A_4$	$A_3$
8	bits	65k format 1	1st	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	C <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	$C_2$	$C_1$	$C_0$	B <sub>5</sub>	$B_4$	$\mathbf{B}_3$
			2nd	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	$\mathbf{B}_2$	$\mathbf{B}_1$	$\mathbf{B}_0$	$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$
8	bits	65k format 2	1st	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	C <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	$C_2$	C <sub>1</sub>	$C_0$	X
			2nd	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	B <sub>5</sub>	$B_4$	$\mathbf{B}_3$	$\mathbf{B}_2$	$\mathbf{B}_1$	$\mathbf{B}_0$
			3rd	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	X
16	bits	65k		$C_4$	$C_3$	$C_2$	$C_1$	$C_0$	$B_5$	$B_4$	$\mathbf{B}_3$	$B_2$	$\mathbf{B}_1$	$B_0$	$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$
9	bits	65k	1st	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	$C_4$	$C_3$	$C_2$	$C_1$	$C_0$	X	$B_5$	$B_4$	$\mathbf{B}_3$
			2nd	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	$\mathbf{B}_2$	$B_1$	$B_0$	$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$	X

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## 7.5.3 RAM mapping and Different color depth mode

At 65k color depth mode, color A, B, C are directly mapped to the RAM content. At 256-color mode, the RAM content will be filled up to 65k format.

Figure 11 - 256-color mode mapping

			SCn			SBn						SAn					
65k color	$C_4$	$C_3$	$\mathbf{B}_{5}$	$B_5$ $B_4$ $B_3$ $B_2$ $B_1$					$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$				
256 color	$C_4$	$C_3$	$C_2$	*C <sub>4</sub>	*C <sub>4</sub>	$\mathrm{B}_5$	$\mathrm{B}_4$	$\mathbf{B}_3$	$\mathrm{B}_5$	*B <sub>5</sub>	*B <sub>5</sub>	$A_4$	$A_3$	*A <sub>4</sub>	*A <sub>4</sub>	*A <sub>4</sub>	

Note:

 $^{(1)}$  n = 0 ~ 95

## 7.6 Gray Scale Decoder

The gray scale effect is generated by controlling the pulse width of segment drivers in current drive phase. The gray scale table stores the corresponding pulse widths of the 63 gray scale levels (GS0~GS63). The wider the pulse width, the brighter the pixel will be. A single gray scale table supports all the three colors A, B and C. The pulse widths can be set by software commands.

As shown in Figure 12, color B sub-pixel RAM data has 6 bits, represent the 64 gray scale levels from GS0 to GS63. color A and color C sub-pixel RAM data has only 5 bits, represent 32 gray scale levels from GS0, GS2, ..., GS62.

Figure 12 - Relation between GDRAM content and gray scale table entry for three colors in 65K color mode

Color A, C	Color B	Gray Scale	Default pulse width of GS[0:63]
RAM data (5 bits)	RAM data (6 bits)		in terms of DCLK
00000	000000	GS0	0
-	000001	GS1	1
00001	000010	GS2	3
-	000011	GS3	5
00010	000100	GS4	7
:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:
:	:	:	:
11110	111100	GS60	119
-	111101	GS61	121
11111	111110	GS62	123
-	111111	GS63	125

The duration of different GS are programmable.

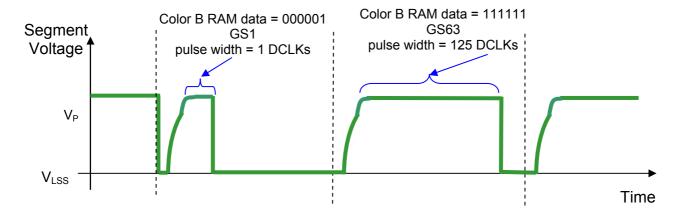
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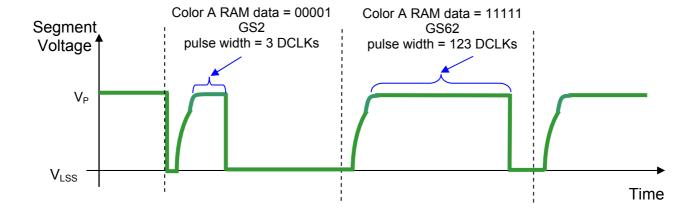
<sup>(2)</sup> bits with \* are copied from corresponding bits in order to fill up 65K format.

Figure 13 - Illustration of relation between graphic display RAM value and gray scale control

## Gray scale table

Gray Scale	Value/DCLKs
GS0	0
GS1	1
GS2	3
:	:
GS62	123
GS63	125





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#### 7.7 SEG / COM Driving block

This block is used to derive the incoming power sources into the different levels of internal use voltage and current.

- V<sub>CC</sub> is the most positive voltage supply.
- V<sub>COMH</sub> is the Common deselected level. It is internally regulated.
- V<sub>LSS</sub> is the ground path of the analog and panel current.
- I<sub>REF</sub> is a reference current source for segment current drivers I<sub>SEG</sub>. The relationship between reference current and segment current of a color is:

 $I_{SEG}$  = Contrast / 256 x  $I_{REF}$  x scale factor

in which

the contrast  $(0\sim255)$  is set by Set Contrast command; and the scale factor  $(1\sim16)$  is set by Master Current Control command.

For example, in order to achieve  $I_{SEG}$  = 160uA at maximum contrast 255,  $I_{REF}$  is set to around 10uA. This current value is obtained by connecting an appropriate resistor from  $I_{REF}$  pin to  $V_{SS}$  as shown in Figure 14.

Recommended range for  $I_{REF} = 10uA +/- 2uA$ 

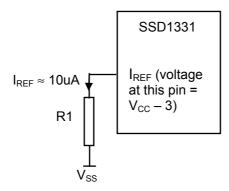
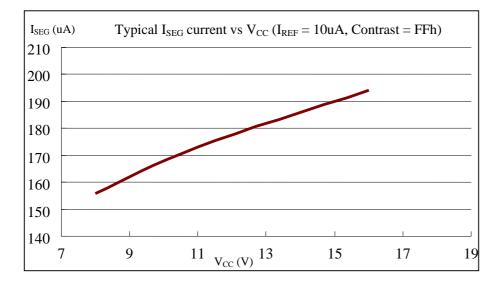


Figure 14 - I<sub>REF</sub> Current Setting by Resistor Value

Since the voltage at  $I_{REF}$  pin is  $V_{CC}-3V$ , the value of resistor R1 can be found as below. R1 = (Voltage at  $I_{REF}-V_{SS}$ ) /  $I_{REF}$  = ( $V_{CC}-3$ ) /  $10uA \approx 1.3M\Omega$  for  $V_{CC}$  = 16V.

Figure 15 -  $I_{SEG}$  current vs  $V_{CC}$  setting at constant  $I_{REF}$ , Contrast = FFh

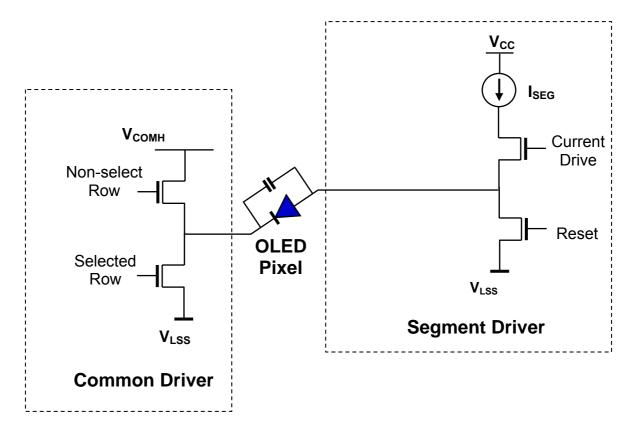


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## 7.8 Common and Segment Drivers

Segment drivers consist of 288 (96 x 3 colors) current sources to drive OLED panel. The driving current can be adjusted from 0 to 160uA with 256 steps by contrast setting command (81h,82h,83h). Common drivers generate scanning voltage pulse. The block diagrams and waveforms of the segment and common driver are shown as follow.

Figure 16 - Segment and Common Driver Block Diagram

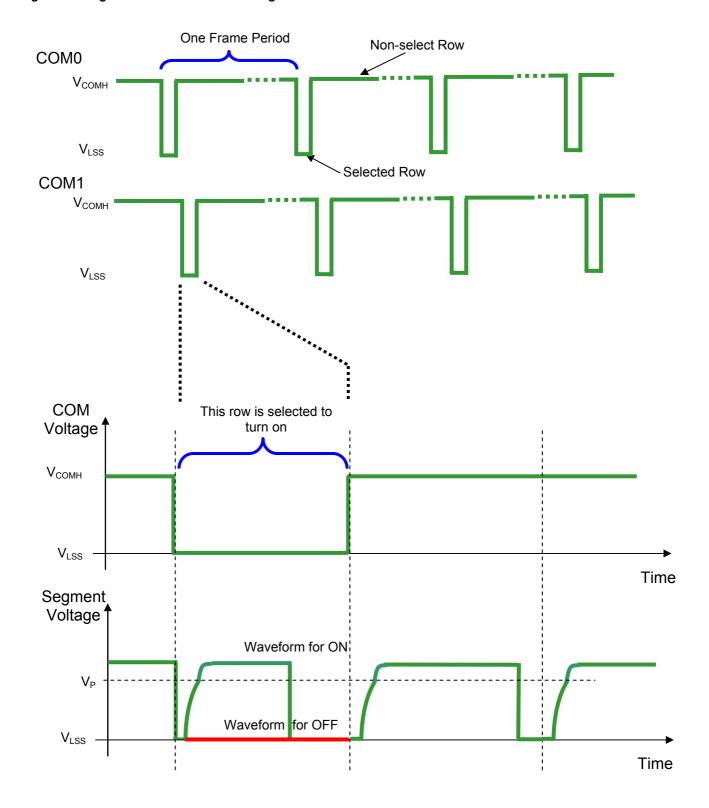


The commons are scanned sequentially, row by row. If a row is not selected, all the pixels on the row are in reverse bias by driving those commons to voltage  $V_{\text{COMH}}$  as shown in Figure 17

In the scanned row, the pixels on the row will be turned ON or OFF by sending the corresponding data signal to the segment pins. If the pixel is turned OFF, the segment current is kept at 0. On the other hand, the segment drives to  $I_{SEG}$  when the pixel is turned ON.

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Figure 17 - Segment and Common Driver Signal Waveform



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There are four phases to driving an OLED a pixel. In phase 1, the pixel is reset by the segment driver to  $V_{LSS}$  in order to discharge the previous data charge stored in the parasitic capacitance along the segment electrode. The period of phase 1 can be programmed by command B1h A[3:0] from 1 to 15 DCLK. An OLED panel with larger capacitance requires a longer period for discharging.

In phase 2, first pre-charge is performed. The pixel is driven to attain the corresponding voltage level  $V_P$  from  $V_{LSS}$ . The amplitude of  $V_P$  can be programmed by the command BBh. The period of phase 2 can be programmed in length from 1 to 15 DCLK by command B1h A[7:4]. If the capacitance value of the pixel of OLED panel is larger, a longer period is required to charge up the capacitor to reach the desired voltage.

In phase 3, the OLED pixel is driven to the targeted driving voltage through second pre-charge. The second pre-charge can control the speed of the charging process. The period of phase 3 can be programmed by commands 8Ah, 8Bh and 8Ch.

Last phase (phase 4) is current drive stage. The current source in the segment driver delivers constant current to the pixel. The driver IC employs Pulse Width Modulation (PWM) method to control the gray scale of each pixel individually. The wider pulse widths in the current drive stage results in brighter pixels and vice versa. This is shown in the following figure.

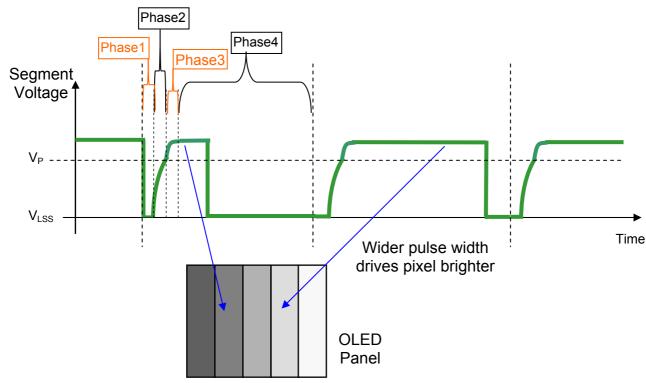


Figure 18 - Gray Scale Control by PWM in Segment

After finishing phase 4, the driver IC will go back to phase 1 to display the next row image data. This four-step cycle is run continuously to refresh image display on OLED panel.

The length of phase 4 is defined by command B8h "Set Gray Scale Table" or B9h "Enable Linear Gray Scale Table". In the table, the gray scale is defined in incremental way, with reference to the length of previous table entry.

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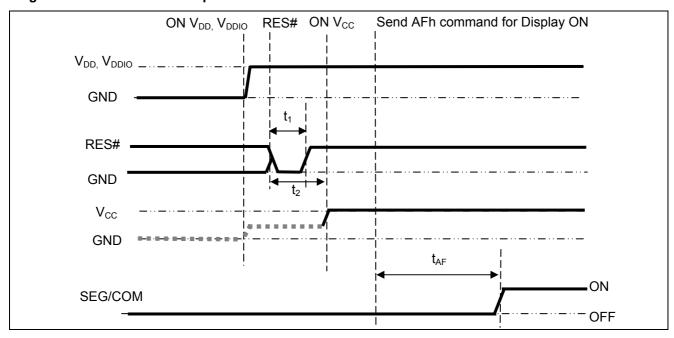
#### 7.9 Power ON and OFF sequence

The following figures illustrate the recommended power ON and power OFF sequence of SSD1331 (assume  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{DDIO}$  are at the same voltage level).

## Power ON sequence:

- 1. Power ON V<sub>DD</sub>, V<sub>DDIO</sub>,
- 2. After V<sub>DD</sub>, V<sub>DDIO</sub> become stable, set RES# pin LOW (logic low) for at least 3us (t<sub>1</sub>) and then HIGH (logic high).
- 3. After set RES# pin LOW (logic low), wait for at least 3us (t<sub>2</sub>). Then Power ON V<sub>CC.</sub><sup>(1)</sup>
- 4. After V<sub>CC</sub> become stable, send command AFh for display ON. SEG/COM will be ON after 100ms (t<sub>AF</sub>).

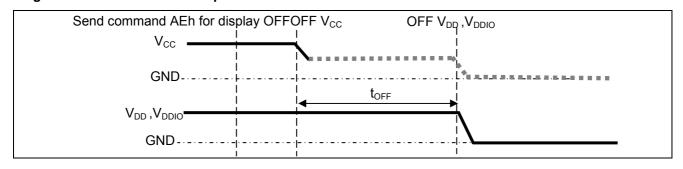
Figure 19: The Power ON sequence



## Power OFF sequence:

- 1. Send command AEh for display OFF.
- 2. Power OFF V<sub>CC</sub> (1), (2)
- 3. Wait for  $t_{OFF}$ . Power OFF  $V_{DD_i}V_{DDIO_i}$  (where Minimum  $t_{OFF}$ =0ms, Typical  $t_{OFF}$ =100ms)

Figure 20: The Power OFF sequence



#### Note:

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 $<sup>^{(1)}</sup>$  Since an ESD protection circuit is connected between  $V_{DD}, V_{DDIO}$  and  $V_{CC}, V_{CC}$  becomes lower than  $V_{DD}$  whenever  $V_{DD}, V_{DDIO}$  is ON and  $V_{CC}$  is OFF as shown in the dotted line of  $V_{CC}$  in Figure 19 and Figure 20 .  $^{(2)}$   $V_{CC}$  should be kept float when it is OFF.

## **8 COMMAND TABLE**

**Table 10 - Command Table** 

Fund	undamental Commands   /C#   Hex   D7   D6   D5   D4   D3   D2   D1   D0   Command   Description   Default											
D/C#	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description	Default
0	15	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	1		Setup Column start and end address	
0	A[6:0]	*	<b>A</b> <sub>6</sub>	$A_5$	A <sub>4</sub>	<b>A</b> <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>		A[6:0] start address from 00d-95d	00d (00h)
0	B[6:0]	*	B <sub>6</sub>	$B_5$	B <sub>4</sub>	Вз	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>		B[6:0] end address from 00d-95d	95d (5Fh)
										Set Column Address		
0	75	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	1		Setup Row start and end address	
0	A[5:0]	*	*	$A_5$	$A_4$	$A_3$	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>		A[5:0] start address from 00d-63d	00d (00h)
0	B[5:0]	*	*	B <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	Вз	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>		B[5:0] end address from 00d-63d	63d (3Fh)
										Set Row Address		
0	81	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1		Set contrast for all color "A" segment	
	01		J	J	ľ	ľ	ľ	ľ			(Pins:SA0 – SA95)	
0	A[7:0]	$A_7$	$A_6$	$A_5$	$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	A <sub>1</sub>	$A_0$		A[7:0] valid range: 00d to 255d	128d (80h)
										Set Contrast for Color "A"		
0	82	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0		Set contrast for all color "B" segment	
	A [7.0]	^	^	^	_	_	_	_	_		(Pins:SB0 – SB95).	1004 (005)
0	A[7:0]	Α <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A4	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	Set Contrast for Color "B"	A[7:0] valid range: 00d to 255d	128d (80h)
0	83	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1		Set contrast for all color "C" segment	
	۸[٦،٥١	٨	٨	٨	_	٨	_	_	٨		(Pins:SC0 – SC95).	1004 (005)
0	A[7:0]	A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	Set Contrast for Color "C"	A[7:0] valid range: 00d to 255d	128d (80h)
0	87	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1		Set master current attenuation factor	
0	A[3:0]	0	0	0	0	<b>A</b> <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>		A[3:0] from 00d to 15d corresponding to 1/16, 2/16 to 16/16 attenuation.	15d (0Fh)
										Master Current Control		

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Fund	Description   Default   Default   Description   Description   Description   Default   Description   Description											
D/C#	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description	Default
0 0 0 0	8A A[7:0] 8B A[7:0] 8C A[7:0]	1 A <sub>7</sub> 1 A <sub>7</sub> 1 A <sub>7</sub>	0 A <sub>6</sub> 0	0 A <sub>5</sub> 0	0 A <sub>4</sub> 0 A <sub>4</sub> 0 A <sub>4</sub>	1 A <sub>3</sub> 1 A <sub>3</sub> 1 A <sub>3</sub>	0 A <sub>2</sub> 1	1	0 A <sub>0</sub> 1 A <sub>0</sub> 0 A <sub>0</sub>	Set Second Pre-charge Speed for Color "A", "B" and "C"	A[7:0]: Set Second Pre-charge Speed Ranges: 0000000b to 1111111b, a higher value of A[7:0] gives a higher Second Pre-charge speed.  Note  (1) The default values of A[7:0] in 8Ah, A[7:0] in 8Bh and A[7:0] in 8Ch are equal to the contrast values for color A, B and C( refer to commands: 81h, 82h, 83h) respectively.  (2) All six bytes (8Ah A[7:0], 8Bh A[7:0] and 8Ch A[7:0]) must be inputted together. For example: the original value is like that  Original value  8Ah A[7:0]:  8Dh  8Ch A[7:0]:  80h  8Ch A[7:0]:  80h  1f it is wanted to change the value of 8Bh  A[7:0] to 75h, then all the following 6 bytes must be inputted:  8Ah,80h, 8Bh,75h, 8Ch,80h.	A[7:0] of 81h A[7:0] of 82h A[7:0] of 83h
0 0	A0 A[7:0]	1 A <sub>7</sub>	0 A <sub>6</sub>	1 A <sub>5</sub>	0 A <sub>4</sub>	0 A <sub>3</sub>	0 A <sub>2</sub>	0 A <sub>1</sub>	0 A <sub>0</sub>		Set driver remap and color depth A[0]=0, Horizontal address increment A[0]=1, Vertical address increment A[1]=0, RAM Column 0 to 95 maps to Pin Seg (SA,SB,SC) 0 to 95 A[1]=1, RAM Column 0 to 95 maps to Pin Seg (SA,SB,SC) 95 to 0	
											A[2]=0, normal order SA,SB,SC (e.g. RGB) A[2]=1, reverse order SC,SB,SA (e.g. BGR)	A[2]=0
										Remap & Color	A[3]=0, Disable left-right swapping on COM A[3]=1, Set left-right swapping on COM	A[3]=0
										Depth setting	A[4]=0, Scan from COM 0 to COM [N –1] A[4]=1, Scan from COM [N-1] to COM0. Where N is the multiplex ratio.	A[4]=0
											A[5]=0, Disable COM Split Odd Even (RESET) A[5]=1, Enable COM Split Odd Even	A[5]=0
											A[7:6] = 00; 256 color format A[7:6] = 01; 65k color format A[7:6] = 10; 65k color format 2 If 9 / 18 bit mode is selected, color depth will be fixed to 65k regardless of the setting.	A[7:6]=01
0	A1 A[5:0]	1	0	1 A <sub>5</sub>	0 A <sub>4</sub>	0 A <sub>3</sub>	0 A <sub>2</sub>	0 A <sub>1</sub>	1 A <sub>0</sub>	Set Display Start Line	Set display start line register by Row A[5:0]: from 00d to 63d	00d (00h)
0	A2 A[5:0]	1 0	0	1 A <sub>5</sub>	0 A <sub>4</sub>	0 A <sub>3</sub>	0 A <sub>2</sub>	1 A <sub>1</sub>	0 A <sub>0</sub>	Set Display Offset	Set vertical offset by Com A[5:0]: from 00d to 63d	00d (00h)

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Fund	damental Commands											
D/C#	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description	Default
0 0 0	A4 / A5 / A6 / A7 /	1	0	1	0	0	1	X <sub>1</sub>	X <sub>0</sub>	Set Display Mode	A4h=Normal Display A5h=Entire Display ON, all pixels turn ON at GS63 A6h=Entire Display OFF, all pixels turn OFF A7h=Inverse Display	A4h
0	A8 A[5:0]	1	0	1 A <sub>5</sub>	0 A <sub>4</sub>	1 A <sub>3</sub>	0 A <sub>2</sub>	0 A <sub>1</sub>	0 A <sub>0</sub>	Set Multiplex Ratio	Set MUX ratio to N+1 Mux N = A[5:0] from 15d to 63d A[5:0] from 00d to 14d are invalid entry	63d (3Fh)
0 0 0 0 0	AB A[7:0] B[7:0] C[7:0] D[7:0] E[4:0]	1 A <sub>7</sub> B <sub>7</sub> C <sub>7</sub> D <sub>7</sub>	B <sub>6</sub> C <sub>6</sub>	C <sub>5</sub>	0 A <sub>4</sub> B <sub>4</sub> C <sub>4</sub> D <sub>4</sub> E <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub> C <sub>2</sub> D <sub>2</sub>	$\begin{array}{c} B_1 \\ C_1 \\ D_1 \end{array}$	$C_0$ $D_0$	Dim Mode Setting	Configure dim mode setting A[7:0] = Reserved. (Set as 00h)  B[7:0] = Contrast setting for Color A, valid range 0 to 255d.  C[7:0] = Contrast setting for Color B, valid range 0 to 255d.  D[7:0] = Contrast setting for Color C, valid range 0 to 255d.  E[4:0] = Precharge voltage setting, valid range 0 to 31d.	
0 0	AD A[0]	1	0	1 0	0	1	1	0 1	1 A <sub>0</sub>	Set Master Configuration	A[0]=0b, Select external V <sub>CC</sub> supply A[0]=1b, Reserved (RESET)  Note  (1) Bit A[0] must be set to 0b after RESET. (2) The setting will be activated after issuing Set Display ON command (AFh)	A[0] = 1
0	AC AE AF	1	0	1	0	1	1	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	Set Display ON/OFF	ACh = Display ON in dim mode AEh = Display OFF (sleep mode) AFh = Display ON in normal mode	AEh
0	B0 A[7:0]	1 A <sub>7</sub>	0 A <sub>6</sub>	1 A <sub>5</sub>	1 A <sub>4</sub>	0 A <sub>3</sub>	0 A <sub>2</sub>	0 A <sub>1</sub>	0 A <sub>0</sub>	Power Save Mode	A[7:0]=1Ah, Enable Power save mode (RESET) A[7:0]=0Bh, Disable Power save mode	1Ah
0	B1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1		A[3:0] Phase 1 period in N DCLK. 1~15 DCLK allowed.	74h
0	A[7:0]	A <sub>7</sub>	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	Phase 1 and 2 period adjustment	A[7:4] Phase 2 period in N DCLK. 1~15 DCLK allowed Note  (1) 0 DCLK is invalid in phase 1 & phase 2	
0	B3 A[7:0]	1 A <sub>7</sub>	0 A <sub>6</sub>	1 A <sub>5</sub>	1 A <sub>4</sub>	0 A <sub>3</sub>	0 A <sub>2</sub>	1 A <sub>1</sub>	1 A <sub>0</sub>	Display Clock Divider / Oscillator Frequency	A[3:0]: Define the divide ratio (D) of the display clocks (DCLK): Divide ratio (D) = A[3:0] + 1 (i.e., 1 to 16)  A[7:4] Fosc frequency.  Frequency increases as setting value increases	D0h

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Fund	Default											
D/C#	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description	Default
0 0 0 0 0 0	B8 A[6:0] B[6:0] C[6:0] AE[6:0] AF[6:0]			B <sub>5</sub> C <sub>5</sub>  AE <sub>5</sub>	B₄ C₄  AE₄	B <sub>3</sub> C <sub>3</sub>  AE <sub>3</sub>	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub> C <sub>1</sub>  AE₁		Set Gray Scale Table	These 32 parameters define pulse widths of GS1 to GS63 in terms of DCLK A[6:0]: Pulse width for GS1, RESET=01d B[6:0]: Pulse width for GS3, RESET=05d C[6:0]: Pulse width for GS5, RESET=09d AE[6:0]: Pulse width for GS61, RESET=121d AF[6:0]: Pulse width for GS63, RESET=125d Note:  (1) GS0 has no pre-charge and current drive stages.	\
0	B9	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1		<ul> <li>(2) GS2, GS4GS62 are derived by Pn = (Pn-1+Pn+1)/2</li> <li>(3) Pn will be truncated to integer if it is with decimal point.</li> <li>(4) Pn+1 should always be set to larger than Pn-1</li> <li>(5) Max pulse width is 125</li> </ul>	1
	вэ	1	0			1	0	U	1	Enable Linear Gray Scale Table	Reset built in gray scale table (Linear)  Pulse width for GS1 = 1d;  Pulse width for GS2 = 3d;  Pulse width for GS3 = 5d;   Pulse width for GS61 = 121d;  Pulse width for GS62 = 123d;  Pulse width for GS63 = 125d.	(
0	BB A[5:0]	1 0	0	1 A <sub>5</sub>	1 A <sub>4</sub>	1 A <sub>3</sub>	0 A <sub>2</sub>	1 A <sub>1</sub>	0	Set Pre-charge level	Set pre-charge voltage level. All three color share the same pre-charge voltage.    A[5:1]   Hex code   pre-charge voltage	3Eh
0	BC-BD	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	X <sub>0</sub>	NOP	Command for No operation	/
0	BE A[5:1]	1 0	0 0	1 A <sub>5</sub>	1 A <sub>4</sub>	1 A <sub>3</sub>	1 A <sub>2</sub>	1 A <sub>1</sub>	0 0	Set V <sub>COMH</sub>	Set COM deselect voltage level (V COMH)           A[5:1]         Hex code         V COMH           00000         00h         0.44 x V <sub>CC</sub> 01000         10h         0.52 x V <sub>CC</sub> 10000         20h         0.61 x V <sub>CC</sub> 11000         30h         0.71 x V <sub>CC</sub> 11111         3Eh         0.83 x V <sub>CC</sub>	3Eh
0	E3	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	NOP	Command for No operation	/
0 0	FD A[2]	1 0	1 0	1 0	1 1	1 0	1 A <sub>2</sub>	0 1	1 0		A[2]: MCU protection status A[2] = 0b, Unlock OLED driver IC MCU interface from entering command [reset]  A[2] = 1b, Lock OLED driver IC MCU interface from entering command  Note  (1) The locked OLED driver IC MCU interface prohibits all commands and memory access except the FDh command.	12h

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Grap	raphic Acceleration Commands    C#   Hex   D7   D6   D5   D4   D3   D2   D1   D0   Command   Description										
D/C#	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description
0	21	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1		A[6:0]: Column Address of Start
0	A[6:0]	*	$A_6$	$A_5$	$A_4$	$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$		B[5:0]: Row Address of Start
0	B[5:0]	*	*	B <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	$B_3$	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>		C[6:0]: Column Address of End
0	C[6:0]	*	$C_6$	$C_5$	C <sub>4</sub>	$C_3$	$C_2$	C <sub>1</sub>	$C_0$		D[5:0]: Row Address of End
0	D[5:0]	*	*	$D_5$	$D_4$			D <sub>1</sub>	$D_0$	Draw Line	E[5:1]: Color C of the line
0	E[5:1]	*	*	E <sub>5</sub>	E <sub>4</sub>	E <sub>3</sub>	E <sub>2</sub>	Εı	*		F[5:0]: Color B of the line
0	F[5:0]	*	*	$F_5$					$F_0$		G[5:1]: Color A of the line
0	G[5:1]	*	*	_					*		O[5.1]. Color A of the line
0	22	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0		A[6:0]: Column Address of Start
0	A[6:0]	*	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	$A_4$	<b>A</b> <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>		B[5:0]: Row Address of Start
0	B[5:0]	*	*	B <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>			B <sub>0</sub>		C[6:0]: Column Address of End
0	C[6:0]	*	C <sub>6</sub>	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>			C <sub>0</sub>		D[5:0]: Row Address of End
0	D[5:0]	*	*	D <sub>5</sub>	D <sub>4</sub>	$D_3$			$D_0$		E[5:1]: Color C of the line
0	E[5:1]	*	*	E <sub>5</sub>	E <sub>4</sub>	E <sub>3</sub>		E <sub>1</sub>	*	Drawing	F[5:0]: Color B of the line
0	F[5:0]	*	*	F <sub>5</sub>	F <sub>4</sub>	F <sub>3</sub>		F <sub>1</sub>	Fo	Rectangle	G[5:1]: Color A of the line
0	G[5:1]	*	*	G <sub>5</sub>	G <sub>4</sub>	G <sub>3</sub>			*		H[5:1]: Color C of the fill area
0	H[5:1]	*	*	H <sub>5</sub>	H <sub>4</sub>	H <sub>3</sub>			*		I[5:0]: Color B of the fill area
	I[5:0]	*	*	١.	_				10		-
0		*	*	l <sub>5</sub>	l <sub>4</sub>	l <sub>3</sub>	l <sub>2</sub>	I <sub>1</sub>	*		J[5:1]: Color A of the fill area
0	J[5:1]			J <sub>5</sub>	J <sub>4</sub>	J <sub>3</sub>	J <sub>2</sub>	J <sub>1</sub>			AFO 01 . O . I A . I
0	23	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	1		A[6:0]: Column Address of Start
0	A[6:0]	*	A <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	<b>A</b> <sub>3</sub>			A <sub>0</sub>		B[5:0]: Row Address of Start
0	B[5:0]	*	*	B <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>		B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>		C[6:0]: Column Address of End
0	C[6:0]	*	C <sub>6</sub>	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>			C <sub>0</sub>	Сору	D[5:0]: Row Address of End
0	D[5:0]	*	*	D <sub>5</sub>	D <sub>4</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>		D <sub>0</sub>		E[6:0]: Column Address of New Start
0	E[6:0]	*	E <sub>6</sub>	E <sub>5</sub>	E <sub>4</sub>	E <sub>3</sub>	E <sub>2</sub>	E <sub>1</sub>	E <sub>0</sub>		F[5:0]: Row Address of New Start
0	F[5:0]	*	*	F <sub>5</sub>	F <sub>4</sub>	F <sub>3</sub>	F <sub>2</sub>	F <sub>1</sub>	F <sub>0</sub>		
0	24	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0		A[6:0]: Column Address of Start
0	A[6:0]	*	$A_6$	$A_5$		$A_3$	$A_2$	$A_1$	$A_0$		B[5:0]: Row Address of Start
0	B[5:0]	*	*	$B_5$	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>	$B_2$	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>		C[6:0]: Column Address of End
0	C[6:0]	*	C <sub>6</sub>	$C_5$	C <sub>4</sub>	$C_3$	$C_2$	$C_1$	$C_0$		D[5:0]: Row Address of End
0	D[5:0]	*	*	$D_5$	D <sub>4</sub>	$D_3$	$D_2$	$D_1$	$D_0$	Dim Window	The effect of dim window:
										Dim Window	GS15~GS0 no change
											GS19~GS16 become GS4
											GS23~GS20 become GS5
											GS63~GS60 become GS15
0	25	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1		A[6:0]: Column Address of Start
0	A[6:0]	*	<b>A</b> <sub>6</sub>	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	<b>A</b> <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	$A_0$		B[5:0]: Row Address of Start
0	B[5:0]	*	*	B <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	B <sub>3</sub>			B <sub>0</sub>		C[6:0]: Column Address of End
0	C[6:0]	*	C <sub>6</sub>	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>			C <sub>0</sub>		D[5:0]: Row Address of End
0	D[5:0]	*	*	D <sub>5</sub>	D <sub>4</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>			$D_0$		
0	26	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0		A0 0 : Disable Fill for Draw Rectangle
1							•	•			Command (RESET)
0	A[4:0]	*	*	*	$A_4$	0	0	0	$A_0$		1 : Enable Fill for Draw Rectangle
										Fill Enable /	Command A[3:1] 000: Reserved values
										Disable	A4 0 : Disable reverse copy (RESET)
											1 : Enable reverse during copy
											command.

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Grap	hic Acce	elera	ation	ı Co	mm	anc	ls				
D/C#	Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Command	Description
0	27 A[6:0]	0	0 A <sub>6</sub>	1 A <sub>5</sub>	0 A <sub>4</sub>	0 A <sub>3</sub>	1 A <sub>2</sub>	1 A <sub>1</sub>	1 A <sub>0</sub>		A[6:0]: Set number of column as horizontal scroll offset Range: 0d-95d ( no horizontal scroll if
0	B[5:0]	*	*	B <sub>5</sub>	B <sub>4</sub>	Вз	B <sub>2</sub>	B <sub>1</sub>	B <sub>0</sub>		equals to 0) B[5:0]: Define start row address
0	C[6:0]	*	C <sub>6</sub>	C <sub>5</sub>	C <sub>4</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>0</sub>		C[6:0]: Set number of rows to be horizontal scrolled B[5:0]+C[6:0] <=64
0	D[5:0]	*	*	D <sub>5</sub>	D <sub>4</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>0</sub>	Continuous	D[5:0]: Set number of row as vertical scroll offset Range: 0d-63d ( no vertical scroll if
0	E[1:0]	*	*	*	*	*	*	E <sub>1</sub>	E <sub>0</sub>	Horizontal & Vertical Scrolling Setup	equals to 0)  E[1:0]: Set time interval between each scroll step 00b 6 frames 01b 10 frames 10b 100 frames 11b 200 frames
											Note:  (1) Vertical scroll is run with 64MUX setting only  (2) The parameters should not be changed after scrolling is activated
0	2E	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	0	Deactivate scrolling	This command deactivates the scrolling action.  Note  (1) After sending 2Eh command to deactivate the scrolling action, the ram data needs to be rewritten.
0	2F	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	Activate scrolling	This command activates the scrolling function according to the setting done by Continuous Horizontal & Vertical Scrolling Setup command 27h.

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#### 8.1 Data Read / Write

To read data from the GDDRAM, input HIGH to R/W#(WR#)# pin and D/C# pin for 6800-series parallel mode, LOW to E (RD#) pin and HIGH to D/C# pin for 8080-series parallel mode. No data read is provided in serial mode operation.

In normal data read mode, GDDRAM column address pointer will be increased by one automatically after each data read.

Also, a dummy read is required before the first data read.

To write data to the GDDRAM, input LOW to R/W#(WR#) pin and HIGH to D/C# pin for 6800-series parallel mode AND 8080-series parallel mode. For serial interface mode, it is always in write mode. GDDRAM column address pointer will be increased by one automatically after each data write.

Table 11 - Address increment table (Automatic)

D/C#	R/W#(WR#)	Comment	Address Increment
0	0	Write Command	No
0	1	Read Status	No
1	0	Write Data	Yes
1	1	Read Data	Yes

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## 9 COMMAND DESCRIPTIONS

#### 9.1 Fundamental Command

## 9.1.1 Set Column Address (15h)

This command specifies column start address and end address of the display data RAM. This command also sets the column address pointer to column start address. This pointer is used to define the current read/write column address in graphic display data RAM. If horizontal address increment mode is enabled by command A0h, after finishing read/write one column data, it is incremented automatically to the next column address. Whenever the column address pointer finishes accessing the end column address, it is reset back to start column address.

## 9.1.2 **Set Row Address (75h)**

This command specifies row start address and end address of the display data RAM. This command also sets the row address pointer to row start address. This pointer is used to define the current read/write row address in graphic display data RAM. If vertical address increment mode is enabled by command A0h, after finishing read/write one row data, it is incremented automatically to the next row address. Whenever the row address pointer finishes accessing the end row address, it is reset back to start row address.

The figure below shows the way of column and row address pointer movement through the example: column start address is set to 2 and column end address is set to 93, row start address is set to 1 and row end address is set to 62. Horizontal address increment mode is enabled by command A0h. In this case, the graphic display data RAM column accessible range is from column 2 to column 93 and from row 1 to row 62 only. In addition, the column address pointer is set to 2 and row address pointer is set to 1. After finishing read/write one pixel of data, the column address is increased automatically by 1 to access the next RAM location for next read/write operation (*solid line in* Figure 21). Whenever the column address pointer finishes accessing the end column 93, it is reset back to column 2 and row address is automatically increased by 1 (*solid line in* Figure 21). While the end row 62 and end column 93 RAM location is accessed, the row address is reset back to 1 (*dotted line in* Figure 21).

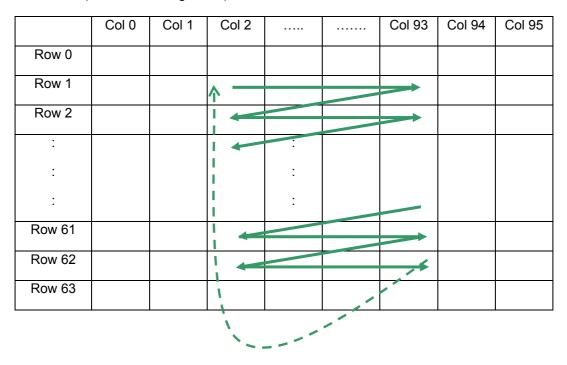


Figure 21 - Example of Column and Row Address Pointer Movement

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#### 9.1.3 Set Contrast for Color A, B, C (81h, 82h, 83h)

This command is to set Contrast Setting of each color A, B and C. The chip has three contrast control circuits for color A, B and C. Each contrast circuit has 256 contrast steps from 00h to FFh. The segment output current  $I_{SEG}$  increases with the contrast step, which results in brighter of the color.

## 9.1.4 Master Current Control (87h)

This command is to control the segment output current by a scaling factor. This factor is common to color A, B and C. The chip has 16 master control steps. The factor is ranged from 1 [0000b] to 16 [1111b]. RESET is 16 [1111b]. The smaller the master current value, the dimmer the OLED panel display is set. For example, if original segment output current of a color is 160uA at scale factor = 16, setting scale factor to 8 to reduce the current to 80uA.

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#### 9.1.5 Set Second Pre-charge Speed for Color A, B, C (8Ah)

The value set should match with the contrast of the color A, B, C. An initial trial should be the value same as the contrast A, B, C. When faster speed is needed, higher value can be set and vice versa. Figure 22 shows the effect of setting second pre-charge under different speeds through using command 8Ah, 8Bh and 8Ch.

Second Pre-charge speed = 255

Phase2

Phase3

Phase3

Phase3

Phase4

Phase3

Phase4

Phase4

Phase4

Phase5

Phase6

Phase7

Phase6

Phase7

Phase6

Phase7

Phase6

Phase6

Phase7

Phase7

Phase7

Phase6

Phase6

Phase6

Phase7

Phase6

Phase7

Phase6

Phase7

Phase7

Phase7

Phase7

Phase7

Phase7

Phase7

Phase7

Phase8

Figure 22 - Effect of setting the second pre-charge under different speeds

#### 9.1.6 Set Re-map & Data Format (A0h)

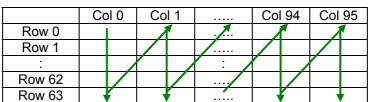
This command has multiple configurations and each bit setting is described as follows.

Address increment mode (A[0])
 When it is set to 0, the driver is set as horizontal address increment mode. After the display RAM is read/written, the column address pointer is increased automatically by 1. If the column address pointer reaches column end address, the column address pointer is reset to column start address and row address pointer is increased by 1. The sequence of movement of the row and column address point for horizontal address increment mode is shown in Figure 23.

Figure 23 - Address Pointer Movement of Horizontal Address Increment Mode

When A[0] is set to 1, the driver is set to vertical address increment mode. After the display RAM is read/written, the row address pointer is increased automatically by 1. If the row address pointer reaches the row end address, the row address pointer is reset to row start address and column address pointer is increased by 1. The sequence of movement of the row and column address point for vertical address increment mode is shown in Figure 24.

Figure 24 - Address Pointer Movement of Vertical Address Increment Mode

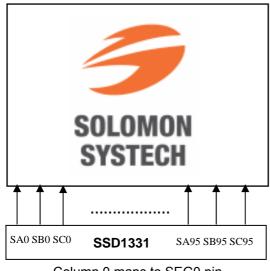


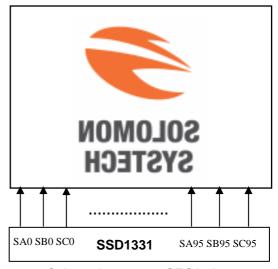
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Column Address Mapping (A[1])

This command bit is made for flexible layout of segment signals in OLED module with segment arranged from left to right or vice versa. The display direction is either mapping display data RAM column 0 to SEG0 pin (A[1] = 0), or mapping display data RAM column 95 to SEG0 pin (A[1] = 1). The effects of both are shown in Figure 25.

Figure 25 - Example of Column Address Mapping





Column 0 maps to SEG0 pin

Column 95 maps to SEG0 pin

RGB Mapping (A[2])

This command bit is made for flexible layout of segment signals in OLED module to match filter design.

• COM Left / Right Remap (A[3])

This command bit is made for flexible layout of common signals in OLED module with COM0 arranged on either left or right side. Details of pin arrangement can be found in Table 12 and Figure 26.

COM Scan Direction Remap (A[4])

This bit determines the scanning direction of the common for flexible layout of common signals in OLED module either from up to down or vice versa. Details of pin arrangement can be found in Table 12 and Figure 26.

Odd Even Split of COM pins (A[5])

This bit can set the odd even arrangement of COM pins.

A[5] = 0: Disable COM split odd even, pin assignment of common is in sequential as COM63 COM62 .... COM 33 COM32..SC95..SA0..COM0 COM1.... COM30 COM31

A[5] = 1: Enable COM split odd even, pin assignment of common is in odd even split as COM63 COM61.... COM3 COM1..SC95..SA0..COM0 COM2.... COM60 COM62 Details of pin arrangement can be found in Table 12 and Figure 26.

Display color mode (A[7:6])

Select either 65k or 256 color mode. The display RAM data format in different mode is described in section 7.5

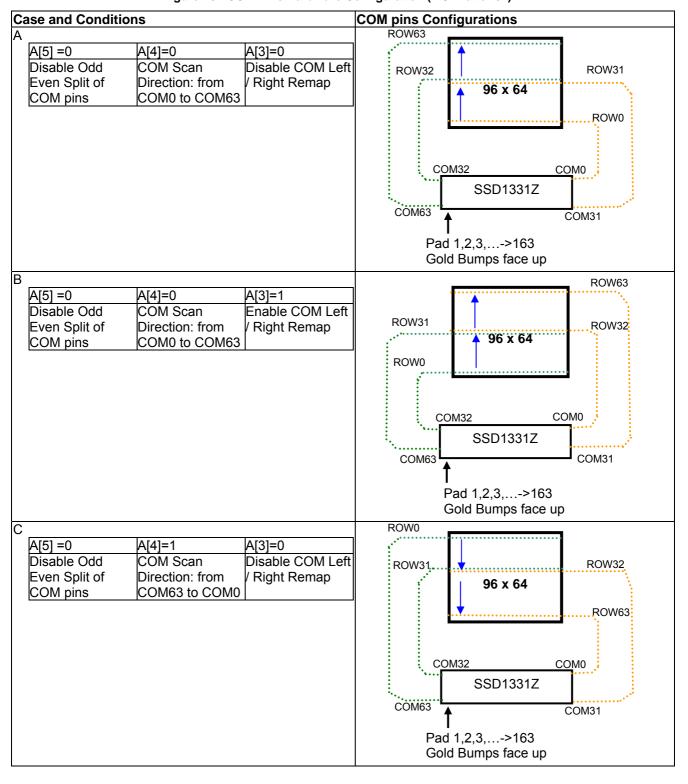
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Table 12 - Illustration of different COM output settings

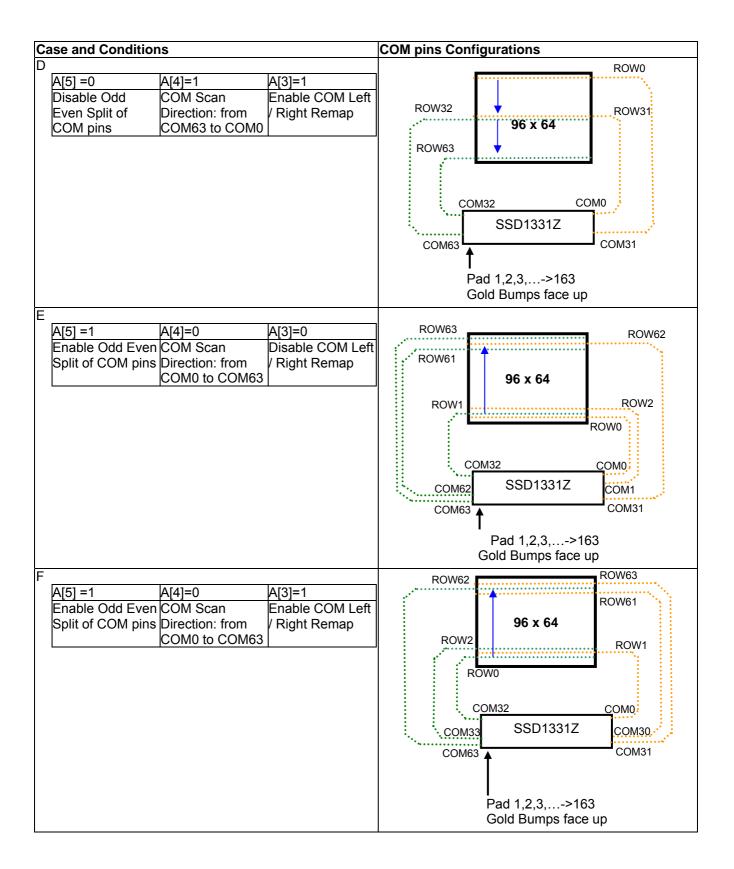
		Case A	Case B	Case C	Case D	Case E	Case F	Case G	Case H
		A[5:3]=000	A[5:3]=001	A[5:3]=010	A[5:3]=011	A[5:3]=100	A[5:3]=101	A[5:3]=110	A[5:3]=111
IC Pad no.	Pin name				Outpu	t signal			
195	СОМО	Row0	Row32	Row63	Row31	Row0	Row1	Row63	Row62
194	COM1	Row1	Row33	Row62	Row30	Row2	Row3	Row61	Row60
193	COM2	Row2	Row34	Row61	Row29	Row4	Row5	Row59	Row58
192	СОМ3	Row3	Row35	Row60	Row28	Row6	Row7	Row57	Row56
191	COM4	Row4	Row36	Row59	Row27	Row8	Row9	Row55	Row54
190	COM5	Row5	Row37	Row58	Row26	Row10	Row11	Row53	Row52
169	COM26	Row26	Row58	Row37	Row5	Row52	Row53	Row11	Row10
168	COM27	Row27	Row59	Row36	Row4	Row54	Row55	Row9	Row8
167	COM28	Row28	Row60	Row35	Row3	Row56	Row57	Row7	Row6
166	COM29	Row29	Row61	Row34	Row2	Row58	Row59	Row5	Row4
165	COM30	Row30	Row62	Row33	Row1	Row60	Row61	Row3	Row2
164	COM31	Row31	Row63	Row32	Row0	Row62	Row63	Row1	Row0
488	COM32	Row32	Row0	Row31	Row63	Row1	Row0	Row62	Row63
489	COM33	Row33	Row1	Row30	Row62	Row3	Row2	Row60	Row61
490	COM34	Row34	Row2	Row29	Row61	Row5	Row4	Row58	Row59
491	COM35	Row35	Row3	Row28	Row60	Row7	Row6	Row56	Row57
492	COM36	Row36	Row4	Row27	Row59	Row9	Row8	Row54	Row55
493	COM37	Row37	Row5	Row26	Row58	Row11	Row10	Row52	Row53
514	COM58	Row58	Row26	Row5	Row37	Row53	Row52	Row10	Row11
515	COM59	Row59	Row27	Row4	Row36	Row55	Row54	Row8	Row9
516	COM60	Row60	Row28	Row3	Row35	Row57	Row56	Row6	Row7
517	COM61	Row61	Row29	Row2	Row34	Row59	Row58	Row4	Row5
518	COM62	Row62	Row30	Row1	Row33	Row61	Row60	Row2	Row3
519	COM63	Row63	Row31	Row0	Row32	Row63	Row62	Row0	Row1

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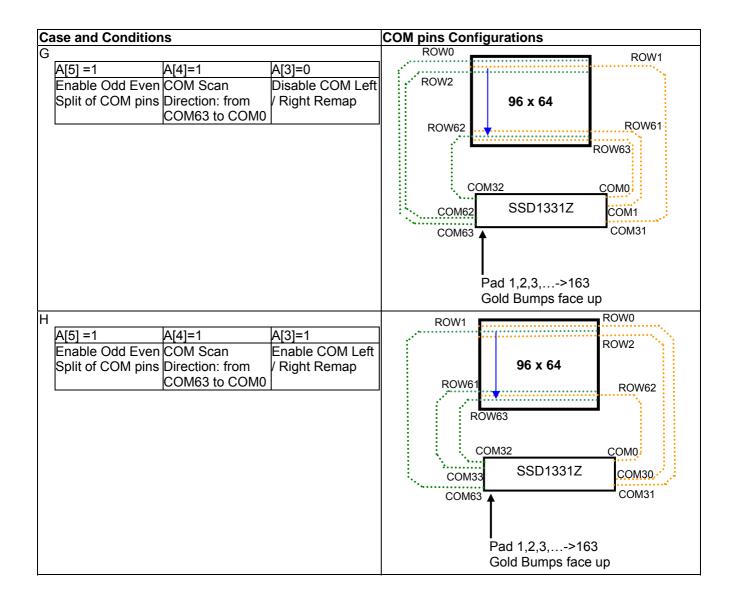
Figure 26 - COM Pins Hardware Configuration (MUX ratio: 64)



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#### 9.1.7 Set Display Start Line (A1h)

This command is to set Display Start Line register to determine starting address of display RAM to be displayed by selecting a value from 0 to 63. Table 13 and Table 14 show examples of this command. In there, "Row" means the graphic display data RAM row.

## 9.1.8 Set Display Offset (A2h)

This command specifies the mapping of display start line (it is assumed that COM0 is the display start line, display start line register equals to 0) to one of COM0-63. For example, to move the COM16 towards the COM0 direction for 16 lines, the 6-bit data in the second command should be given by 0010000b. Table 13 and Table 14 show examples of this command. In there, "Row" means the graphic display data RAM row.

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Table 13 - Example of Set Display Offset and Display Start Line with no Remap

						4		6		6		56
		64 0		6 <u>4</u> 0	6			56 0		5 <u>6</u> 0		5 <u>6</u> 0
lardware pin		0		8		)		0		8		0
name COM0	Row0	0 RAM0	Row8	0 RAM8	Row0	RAM8	Row0	0 RAM0	Row8	0 RAM8	Row0	8 RAM8
COM1	Row1	RAM1	Row9	RAM9	Row1	RAM9	Row1	RAM1	Row9	RAM9	Row1	RAM9
COM2	Row2	RAM2	Row10	RAM10	Row2	RAM10	Row2	RAM2	Row10	RAM10	Row2	RAM10
COM3 COM4	Row3 Row4	RAM3 RAM4	Row11 Row12	RAM11 RAM12	Row3 Row4	RAM11 RAM12	Row3 Row4	RAM3 RAM4	Row11 Row12	RAM11 RAM12	Row3 Row4	RAM11 RAM12
COM5	Row5	RAM5	Row13	RAM13	Row5	RAM13	Row5	RAM5	Row13	RAM13	Row5	RAM13
COM6	Row6	RAM6	Row14	RAM14	Row6	RAM14	Row6	RAM6	Row14	RAM14	Row6	RAM14
COM7 COM8	Row7 Row8	RAM7 RAM8	Row15 Row16	RAM15 RAM16	Row7 Row8	RAM15 RAM16	Row7 Row8	RAM7 RAM8	Row15	RAM15 RAM16	Row7 Row8	RAM15 RAM16
COM9	Row9	RAM9	Row16 Row17	RAM17	Row9	RAM17	Row9	RAM9	Row16 Row17	RAM17	Row9	RAM17
COM10	Row10	RAM10	Row18	RAM18	Row10	RAM18	Row10	RAM10	Row18	RAM18	Row10	RAM18
COM11 COM12	Row11 Row12	RAM11 RAM12	Row19 Row20	RAM19 RAM20	Row11 Row12	RAM19 RAM20	Row11 Row12	RAM11 RAM12	Row19 Row20	RAM19 RAM20	Row11 Row12	RAM19 RAM20
COM13	Row13	RAM13	Row21	RAM21	Row13	RAM21	Row13	RAM13	Row21	RAM21	Row13	RAM21
COM14	Row14	RAM14	Row22	RAM22	Row14	RAM22	Row14	RAM14	Row22	RAM22	Row14	RAM22
COM15 COM16	Row15 Row16	RAM15 RAM16	Row23 Row24	RAM23 RAM24	Row15 Row16	RAM23 RAM24	Row15 Row16	RAM15 RAM16	Row23 Row24	RAM23 RAM24	Row15 Row16	RAM23 RAM24
COM17	Row17	RAM17	Row25	RAM25	Row17	RAM25	Row17	RAM17	Row25	RAM25	Row17	RAM25
COM18	Row18	RAM18	Row26	RAM26	Row18	RAM26	Row18	RAM18	Row26	RAM26	Row18	RAM26
COM19 COM20	Row19 Row20	RAM19 RAM20	Row27 Row28	RAM27 RAM28	Row19 Row20	RAM27 RAM28	Row19 Row20	RAM19 RAM20	Row27 Row28	RAM27 RAM28	Row19 Row20	RAM27 RAM28
COM21	Row21	RAM21	Row29	RAM29	Row21	RAM29	Row21	RAM21	Row29	RAM29	Row21	RAM29
COM22	Row22	RAM22	Row30	RAM30	Row22	RAM30	Row22	RAM22	Row30	RAM30	Row22	RAM30
COM23 COM24	Row23 Row24	RAM23 RAM24	Row31 Row32	RAM31 RAM32	Row23 Row24	RAM31 RAM32	Row23 Row24	RAM23 RAM24	Row31 Row32	RAM31 RAM32	Row23 Row24	RAM31 RAM32
COM25	Row25	RAM25	Row33	RAM33	Row25	RAM33	Row25	RAM25	Row33	RAM33	Row25	RAM33
COM26	Row26	RAM26	Row34	RAM34	Row26	RAM34	Row26	RAM26	Row34	RAM34	Row26	RAM34
COM27 COM28	Row27 Row28	RAM27 RAM28	Row35 Row36	RAM35 RAM36	Row27 Row28	RAM35 RAM36	Row27 Row28	RAM27 RAM28	Row35 Row36	RAM35 RAM36	Row27 Row28	RAM35 RAM36
COM29	Row29	RAM29	Row37	RAM37	Row29	RAM37	Row29	RAM29	Row37	RAM37	Row29	RAM37
COM30 COM31	Row30 Row31	RAM30 RAM31	Row38 Row39	RAM38 RAM39	Row30 Row31	RAM38 RAM39	Row30 Row31	RAM30 RAM31	Row38 Row39	RAM38 RAM39	Row30 Row31	RAM38 RAM39
COM31	Row32	RAM32	Row40	RAM40	Row32	RAM40	Row32	RAM32	Row40	RAM40	Row32	RAM40
COM33	Row33	RAM33	Row41	RAM41	Row33	RAM41	Row33	RAM33	Row41	RAM41	Row33	RAM41
COM34 COM35	Row34 Row35	RAM34 RAM35	Row42 Row43	RAM42 RAM43	Row34 Row35	RAM42 RAM43	Row34 Row35	RAM34 RAM35	Row42 Row43	RAM42 RAM43	Row34 Row35	RAM42 RAM43
COM36	Row36	RAM36	Row44	RAM44	Row36	RAM44	Row36	RAM36	Row44	RAM44	Row36	RAM44
COM37	Row37	RAM37	Row45	RAM45	Row37	RAM45	Row37	RAM37	Row45	RAM45	Row37	RAM45
COM38 COM39	Row38 Row39	RAM38 RAM39	Row46 Row47	RAM46 RAM47	Row38 Row39	RAM46 RAM47	Row38 Row39	RAM38 RAM39	Row46 Row47	RAM46 RAM47	Row38 Row39	RAM46 RAM47
COM40	Row40	RAM40	Row48	RAM48	Row40	RAM48	Row40	RAM40	Row48	RAM48	Row40	RAM48
COM41	Row41	RAM41	Row49	RAM49	Row41	RAM49	Row41	RAM41	Row49	RAM49	Row41	RAM49
COM42 COM43	Row42 Row43	RAM42 RAM43	Row50 Row51	RAM50 RAM51	Row42 Row43	RAM50 RAM51	Row42 Row43	RAM42 RAM43	Row50 Row51	RAM50 RAM51	Row42 Row43	RAM50 RAM51
COM44	Row44	RAM44	Row52	RAM52	Row44	RAM52	Row44	RAM44	Row52	RAM52	Row44	RAM52
COM45 COM46	Row45 Row46	RAM45 RAM46	Row53 Row54	RAM53 RAM54	Row45 Row46	RAM53 RAM54	Row45 Row46	RAM45 RAM46	Row53 Row54	RAM53 RAM54	Row45 Row46	RAM53 RAM54
COM47	Row47	RAM47	Row55	RAM55	Row47	RAM55	Row46 Row47	RAM47	Row55	RAM55	Row46 Row47	RAM55
COM48	Row48	RAM48	Row56	RAM56	Row48	RAM56	Row48	RAM48	-	-	Row48	RAM56
COM49 COM50	Row49 Row50	RAM49 RAM50	Row57 Row58	RAM57 RAM58	Row49 Row50	RAM57 RAM58	Row49 Row50	RAM49 RAM50	_	-	Row49 Row50	RAM57 RAM58
COM51	Row51	RAM51	Row59	RAM59	Row51	RAM59	Row51	RAM51	-	-	Row51	RAM59
COM52	Row52	RAM52	Row60	RAM60	Row52	RAM60	Row52	RAM52	-	-	Row52	RAM60
COM53 COM54	Row53 Row54	RAM53 RAM54	Row61 Row62	RAM61 RAM62	Row53 Row54	RAM61 RAM62	Row53 Row54	RAM53 RAM54	-	-	Row53 Row54	RAM61 RAM62
COM55	Row55	RAM55	Row63	RAM63	Row55	RAM63	Row55	RAM55	-	-	Row55	RAM63
COM56	Row56	RAM56	Row0	RAM0	Row56	RAM0	-	-	Row0	RAM0	-	-
COM57 COM58	Row57 Row58	RAM57 RAM58	Row1 Row2	RAM1 RAM2	Row57 Row58	RAM1 RAM2	-	-	Row1 Row2	RAM1 RAM2	-	-
COM59	Row59	RAM59	Row3	RAM3	Row59	RAM3	-	-	Row3	RAM3	-	-
COM60 COM61	Row60 Row61	RAM60 RAM61	Row4 Row5	RAM4 RAM5	Row60 Row61	RAM4 RAM5	-	-	Row4 Row5	RAM4 RAM5	-	-
COM61 COM62	Row62	RAM62	Rows Row6	RAM6	Row62	RAM6	-	-	Row6	RAM6	-	-
COM63	Row63	RAM63	Row7	RAM7	Row63	RAM7		-	Row7	RAM7	-	-
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Г	-							` /	(4)			
	S	OLOMON		Si	OLOMON							
	9	VOTEOU			YSTECH		SOLOMON SYSTECH					
		(e) (f)										

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Table 14 - Example of Set Display Offset and Display Start Line with Remap

	64 64									0	Output 48 48 48				Cot MI IV rotio (A Ob)
	6			64 1		5 <u>4</u> 1		8 1		18 1		18 1		18 1	Set MUX ratio(A8h) COM Scan Direction Remap (A0
Hardw are		0	8			0		0		<u>.</u> B		0		8	Display offset (A2h)
pin name	(	0	C	)		8	(	0	(	0		8	1	6	Display start line (A1h)
COM0	Row 63	RAM63	Row 7	RAM7	Row 63	RAM7	Row 47	RAM47	-	-	Row 47	RAM7	-	-	
COM1	Row 62	RAM62	Row 6	RAM6	Row 62	RAM6	Row 46	RAM46	-	-	Row 46	RAM6	-	-	
COM2	Row 61	RAM61	Row 5	RAM5	Row 61	RAM5	Row 45	RAM45	-	-	Row 45	RAM5	-	-	
COM3	Row 60	RAM60	Row 4	RAM4	Row 60	RAM4	Row 44	RAM44	-	-	Row 44	RAM4	-	-	
COM4	Row 59	RAM59	Row 3	RAM3	Row 59	RAM3	Row 43	RAM43	-	-	Row 43	RAM3	-	-	
COM5	Row 58	RAM58	Row 2	RAM2	Row 58	RAM2	Row 42	RAM42	-	-	Row 42	RAM2	-	-	
COM6	Row 57	RAM57	Row 1	RAM1	Row 57	RAM1	Row 41	RAM41	-	-	Row 41	RAM1	-	-	
COM7	Row 56	RAM56	Row 0	RAM0	Row 56	RAM0	Row 40	RAM40	- D47	-	Row 40	RAM0	- D47	-	
COM8 COM9	Row 55 Row 54	RAM55	Row 63	RAM63 RAM62	Row 55 Row 54	RAM63 RAM62	Row 39	RAM39 RAM38	Row 47 Row 46	RAM47 RAM46	Row 39	RAM47 RAM46	Row 47 Row 46	RAM63 RAM62	
		RAM54	Row 62				Row 38				Row 38	_			
COM10 COM11	Row 53 Row 52	RAM53 RAM52	Row 61 Row 60	RAM61 RAM60	Row 53 Row 52	RAM61 RAM60	Row 37 Row 36	RAM37 RAM36	Row 45 Row 44	RAM45 RAM44	Row 37 Row 36	RAM45 RAM44	Row 45 Row 44	RAM61 RAM60	
COM12	Row 51	RAM51	Row 59	RAM59	Row 51	RAM59	Row 35	RAM35	Row 43	RAM43	Row 35	RAM43	Row 43	RAM59	
COM13	Row 50	RAM50	Row 58	RAM58	Row 50	RAM58	Row 34	RAM34	Row 42	RAM42	Row 34	RAM42	Row 42	RAM58	
COM14	Row 49	RAM49	Row 57	RAM57	Row 49	RAM57	Row 33	RAM33	Row 41	RAM41	Row 33	RAM41	Row 41	RAM57	
COM15	Row 48	RAM48	Row 56	RAM56	Row 48	RAM56	Row 32	RAM32	Row 40	RAM40	Row 32	RAM40	Row 40	RAM56	
COM16	Row 47	RAM47	Row 55	RAM55	Row 47	RAM55	Row 31	RAM31	Row 39	RAM39	Row 31	RAM39	Row 39	RAM55	
COM17	Row 46	RAM46	Row 54	RAM54	Row 46	RAM54	Row 30	RAM30	Row 38	RAM38	Row 30	RAM38	Row 38	RAM54	
COM18	Row 45	RAM45	Row 53	RAM53	Row 45	RAM53	Row 29	RAM29	Row 37	RAM37	Row 29	RAM37	Row 37	RAM53	
COM19	Row 44	RAM44	Row 52	RAM52	Row 44	RAM52	Row 28	RAM28	Row 36	RAM36	Row 28	RAM36	Row 36	RAM52	
COM20	Row 43	RAM43	Row 51	RAM51	Row 43	RAM51	Row 27	RAM27	Row 35	RAM35	Row 27	RAM35	Row 35	RAM51	
COM21	Row 42	RAM42	Row 50	RAM50	Row 42	RAM50	Row 26	RAM26	Row 34	RAM34	Row 26	RAM34	Row 34	RAM50	
COM22	Row 41	RAM41	Row 49	RAM49	Row 41	RAM49	Row 25	RAM25	Row 33	RAM33	Row 25	RAM33	Row 33	RAM49	
COM23	Row 40	RAM40	Row 48	RAM48	Row 40	RAM48	Row 24	RAM24	Row 32	RAM32	Row 24	RAM32	Row 32	RAM48	
COM24	Row 39	RAM39	Row 47	RAM47	Row 39	RAM47	Row 23	RAM23	Row 31	RAM31	Row 23	RAM31	Row 31	RAM47	
COM25	Row 38	RAM38	Row 46	RAM46	Row 38	RAM46	Row 22	RAM22	Row 30	RAM30	Row 22	RAM30	Row 30	RAM46	
COM26	Row 37	RAM37	Row 45	RAM45	Row 37	RAM45	Row 21	RAM21	Row 29	RAM29	Row 21	RAM29	Row 29	RAM45	
COM27	Row 36	RAM36	Row 44	RAM44	Row 36	RAM44	Row 20	RAM20	Row 28	RAM28	Row 20	RAM28	Row 28	RAM44	
COM28	Row 35	RAM35	Row 43	RAM43	Row 35	RAM43	Row 19	RAM19	Row 27	RAM27	Row 19	RAM27	Row 27	RAM43	
COM29	Row 34	RAM34	Row 42	RAM42	Row 34	RAM42	Row 18	RAM18	Row 26	RAM26	Row 18	RAM26	Row 26	RAM42	
COM30	Row 33	RAM33	Row 41	RAM41	Row 33	RAM41	Row 17	RAM17	Row 25	RAM25	Row 17	RAM25	Row 25	RAM41	
COM31	Row 32	RAM32	Row 40	RAM40	Row 32	RAM40	Row 16	RAM16	Row 24	RAM24	Row 16	RAM24	Row 24	RAM40	
COM32	Row 31	RAM31	Row 39	RAM39	Row 31	RAM39	Row 15	RAM15	Row 23	RAM23	Row 15	RAM23	Row 23	RAM39	
COM33	Row 30	RAM30	Row 38	RAM38	Row 30	RAM38	Row 14	RAM14	Row 22	RAM22	Row 14	RAM22	Row 22	RAM38	
COM34	Row 29	RAM29	Row 37	RAM37	Row 29	RAM37	Row 13	RAM13	Row 21	RAM21	Row 13	RAM21	Row 21	RAM37	
COM35	Row 28	RAM28	Row 36	RAM36	Row 28	RAM36	Row 12	RAM12	Row 20	RAM20	Row 12	RAM20	Row 20	RAM36	
COM36	Row 27	RAM27	Row 35	RAM35	Row 27	RAM35	Row 11	RAM11	Row 19	RAM19	Row 11	RAM19	Row 19	RAM35	
COM37	Row 26	RAM26	Row 34	RAM34	Row 26	RAM34	Row 10	RAM10	Row 18	RAM18	Row 10	RAM18	Row 18	RAM34	
COM38	Row 25	RAM25	Row 33	RAM33	Row 25	RAM33	Row 9	RAM9	Row 17	RAM17	Row 9	RAM17	Row 17	RAM33	
COM39	Row 24	RAM24	Row 32	RAM32	Row 24	RAM32	Row 8	RAM8	Row 16	RAM16	Row 8	RAM16	Row 16	RAM32	
COM40	Row 23	RAM23	Row 31	RAM31	Row 23	RAM31	Row 7	RAM7	Row 15	RAM15	Row 7	RAM15	Row 15	RAM31	
COM41	Row 22	RAM22	Row 30	RAM30	Row 22	RAM30	Row 6	RAM6	Row 14	RAM14	Row 6	RAM14	Row 14	RAM30	
COM42 COM43	Row 21 Row 20	RAM21 RAM20	Row 29 Row 28	RAM29 RAM28	Row 21 Row 20	RAM29 RAM28	Row 5 Row 4	RAM5 RAM4	Row 13 Row 12	RAM13 RAM12	Row 5 Row 4	RAM13 RAM12	Row 13 Row 12	RAM29 RAM28	
COM44	Row 19	RAM19	Row 27	RAM27	Row 19	RAM27	Row 3	RAM3	Row 12	RAM11	Row 3	RAM11	Row 12	RAM27	
COM45	Row 18	RAM18	Row 26	RAM26	Row 18	RAM26	Row 2	RAM2	Row 10	RAM10	Row 2	RAM10	Row 10	RAM26	
COM46	Row 17	RAM17	Row 25	RAM25	Row 17	RAM25	Row 1	RAM1	Row 9	RAM9	Row 1	RAM9	Row 9	RAM25	
COM47	Row 16	RAM16	Row 24	RAM24	Row 16	RAM24	Row 0	RAM0	Row 8	RAM8	Row 0	RAM8	Row 8	RAM24	
COM48	Row 15	RAM15	Row 23	RAM23	Row 15	RAM23	-	-	Row 7	RAM7	-	-	Row 7	RAM23	
COM49	Row 14	RAM14	Row 22	RAM22	Row 14	RAM22	-	-	Row 6	RAM6	-	-	Row 6	RAM22	
COM50	Row 13	RAM13	Row 21	RAM21	Row 13	RAM21	-	-	Row 5	RAM5	-	-	Row 5	RAM21	
COM51	Row 12	RAM12	Row 20	RAM20	Row 12	RAM20	-	-	Row 4	RAM4	-	-	Row 4	RAM20	
COM52	Row 11	RAM11	Row 19	RAM19	Row 11	RAM19	-	-	Row 3	RAM3	-	-	Row 3	RAM19	
COM53	Row 10	RAM10	Row 18	RAM18	Row 10	RAM18	-	-	Row 2	RAM2	-	-	Row 2	RAM18	
COM54	Row 9	RAM9	Row 17	RAM17	Row 9	RAM17	-	-	Row 1	RAM1	-	-	Row 1	RAM17	
COM55	Row 8	RAM8	Row 16	RAM16	Row 8	RAM16	-	-	Row 0	RAM0	-	-	Row 0	RAM16	
COM56	Row 7	RAM7	Row 15	RAM15	Row 7	RAM15	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
COM57	Row 6	RAM6	Row 14	RAM14	Row 6	RAM14	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
COM58	Row 5	RAM5	Row 13	RAM13	Row 5	RAM13	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
COM59	Row 4	RAM4	Row 12	RAM12	Row 4	RAM12	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
COM60	Row 3	RAM3	Row 11	RAM11	Row 3	RAM11	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
COM61	Row 2	RAM2	Row 10	RAM10	Row 2	RAM10	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
COM62	Row 1	RAM1	Row 9	RAM9	Row 1	RAM9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
COM63	Row 0	RAM0	Row 8	RAM8	Row 0	RAM8	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
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#### 9.1.9 Set Display Mode (A4h ~ A7h)

These are single byte command and they are used to set Normal Display, Entire Display ON, Entire Display OFF and Inverse Display.

- Normal Display (A4h)
  - Reset the above effect and turn the data to ON at the corresponding gray level.
- Set Entire Display ON (A5h)
  - Forces the entire display to be at "GS63" regardless of the contents of the display data RAM.
- Set Entire Display OFF (A6h)
  - Forces the entire display to be at gray level "GS0" regardless of the contents of the display data RAM.
- Inverse Display (A7h)
  - The gray level of display data are swapped such that "GS0" <-> "GS63", "GS1" <-> "GS62", ....

## 9.1.10 Set Multiplex Ratio (A8h)

This command switches default 1:64 multiplex mode to any multiplex mode from 16 to 64. For example, when multiplex ratio is set to 16, only 16 common pins are enabled. The starting and the ending of the enabled common pins are depended on the setting of "Display Offset" register programmed by command A2h.

#### 9.1.11 Dim mode setting (ABh)

This command contains multiple bits to configure the dim mode display parameters. Contrast setting of color A, B, C and precharge voltage can be set different to normal mode (AFh).

#### 9.1.12 Set Master Configuration (ADh)

This command selects the external  $V_{CC}$  power supply. External  $V_{CC}$  power should be connected to the  $V_{CC}$  pin. A[0] bit must be set to 0b after RESET.

This command will be activated after issuing Set Display ON command (AFh)

#### 9.1.13 Set Display ON/OFF (ACh / AEh / AFh)

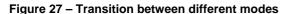
These single byte commands are used to turn the OLED panel display ON or OFF.

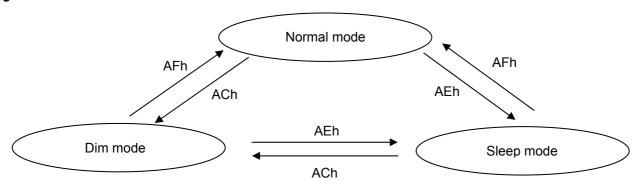
When the display is ON, the selected circuits by Set Master Configuration command will be turned ON. When the display is OFF, those circuits will be turned OFF and the segment and common output are in high impedance state.

These commands set the display to one of the three states:

- o ACh: Dim Mode Display ON
- o AEh: Display OFF (sleep mode)
- AFh : Normal Brightness Display ON

where the dim mode settings are controlled by command ABh.





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#### 9.1.14 Power Save Mode (B0h)

This command is used in enabling or disabling the power save mode.

#### 9.1.15 Phase 1 and 2 Period Adjustment (B1h)

This command sets the length of phase 1 and 2 of segment waveform of the driver.

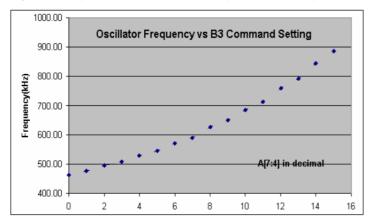
- Phase 1 (A[3:0]): Set the period from 1 to 15 in the unit of DCLKs. A larger capacitance of the OLED pixel may require longer period to discharge the previous data charge completely.
- Phase 2 (A[7:4]): Set the period from 1 to 15 in the unit of DCLKs. A longer period is needed to charge up a larger capacitance of the OLED pixel to the target voltage V<sub>P</sub> for color A, B and C.

#### 9.1.16 Set Display Clock Divide Ratio/ Oscillator Frequency (B3h)

This command consists of two functions:

- Display Clock Divide Ratio (A[3:0])
   Set the divide ratio to generate DCLK (Display Clock) from CLK. The divide ratio is from 1 to 16, with reset value = 1. Please refer to section 7.3.1 for the details relationship of DCLK and CLK.
- Oscillator Frequency (A[7:4])
   Program the oscillator frequency Fosc that is the source of CLK if CLS pin is pulled high. The 4-bit value results in 16 different frequency settings available as shown below. The default setting is 1101b

Figure 28 - Typical Oscillator frequency adjustment by B3 command (V<sub>DD</sub> =2.7V)



#### Note

(1) There is 10% tolerance in the frequency values

#### 9.1.17 Set Gray Scale Table (B8h)

This command is used to set the gray scale table for the display. Except gray scale entry 0, which is zero as it has no pre-charge and current drive, each odd entry gray scale level is programmed in the length of current drive stage pulse width with unit of DCLK. The longer the length of the pulse width, the brighter is the OLED pixel when it's turned ON. Please refer to section 7.6 for more detailed explanation of relation of display data RAM, gray scale table and the pixel brightness.

Following the command B8h, the user has to set the pulse width for GS1, GS3, GS5, ..., GS59, GS61, and GS63 one by one in sequence and complies the following conditions.

Afterwards, the driver automatically derives the pulse width of even entry of gray scale table GS2, GS4, ..., GS62 with the formula like below.

$$GSn = (GSn-1 + GSn+1)/2$$

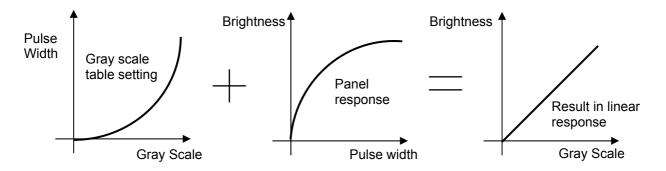
For example, if GS1 = 3 DCLKs and GS3 = 7 DCLKs, GS2 = (3+7)/2 = 5 DCLKs

The setting of gray scale table entry can perform gamma correction on OLED panel display. Normally, it is desired that the brightness response of the panel is linearly proportional to the image data value in display

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data RAM. However, the OLED panel is somehow responded in non-linear way. Appropriate gray scale table setting like example below can compensate this effect.

Figure 29 - Example of gamma correction by gray scale table setting



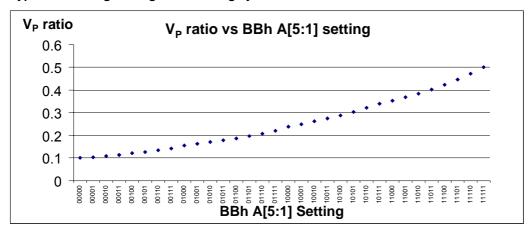
## 9.1.18 Enable Linear Gray Scale Table (B9h)

This command reloads the preset linear gray scale table as GS1 = 1, GS2 = 3, GS3 = 5, ...., GS62 = 123, GS63 = 125 DCLKs.

## 9.1.19 Set Pre-charge voltage (BBh)

This command sets the pre-charge voltage level of segment pins. The level of  $V_P$  is programmed with reference to  $V_{CC}$ . Figure 30 shows the details of setting Pre-charge voltage level by command BBh A[5:1].

Figure 30 - Typical Pre-charge voltage level setting by command BBh.



#### Note

#### 9.1.20 Set V<sub>COMH</sub> Voltage (BEh)

This command sets the high voltage level of common pins. The level of  $V_{\text{COMH}}$  is programmed with reference to  $V_{\text{CC}}$ .

#### 9.1.21 NOP (BCh, BDh, E3h)

These are command for no operation.

#### 9.1.22 Set Command Lock (FDh)

This command is used to lock the OLED driver IC from accepting any command except itself. After entering FDh 16h (A[2]=1b), the OLED driver IC will not respond to any newly entered command (except FDh 12h A[2]=0b) and there will be no memory access. This is call "Lock" state. That means the OLED driver IC ignore all the commands (except FDh 12h A[2]=0b) during the "Lock" state.

Entering FDh 12h (A[2]=0b) can unlock the OLED driver IC. That means the driver IC resume from the "Lock" state. And the driver IC will then respond to the command and memory access.

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 $<sup>^{(</sup>l)}$  V<sub>P</sub> ratio = 0.1 refers to V<sub>P</sub> voltage = 0.1 x V<sub>CC.</sub>

#### 9.2 GRAPHIC ACCELERATION COMMAND SET DESCRIPTION

#### 9.2.1 Draw Line (21h)

This command draws a line by the given start, end column and row coordinates and the color of the line.

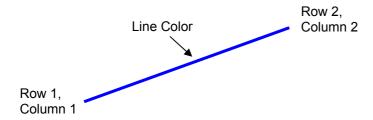


Figure 31 - Example of Draw Line Command

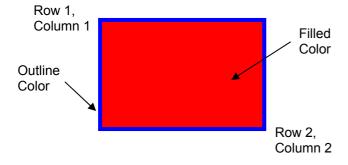
For example, the line above can be drawn by the following command sequence.

- 1. Enter into draw line mode by command 21h
- 2. Send column start address of line, column1, for example = 1h
- 3. Send row start address of line, row 1, for example = 10h
- 4. Send column end address of line, column 2, for example = 28h
- 5. Send row end address of line, row 2, for example = 4h
- 6. Send color C, B and A of line, for example = 35d, 0d, 0d for blue color

## 9.2.2 Draw Rectangle (22h)

Given the starting point (Row 1, Column 1) and the ending point (Row 2, Column 2), specify the outline and fill area colors, a rectangle that will be drawn with the color specified. Remarks: If fill color option is disabled, the enclosed area will not be filled.

Figure 32 - Example of Draw Rectangle Command



The following example illustrates the rectangle drawing command sequence.

- 1. Enter the "draw rectangle mode" by execute the command 22h
- 2. Set the starting column coordinates, Column 1. e.g., 03h.
- 3. Set the starting row coordinates, Row 1. e.g., 02h.
- 4. Set the finishing column coordinates, Column 2. e.g., 12h
- 5. Set the finishing row coordinates, Row 2. e.g., 15h
- 6. Set the outline color C, B and A. e.g., (28d, 0d, 0d) for blue color
- 7. Set the filled color C, B and A. e.g., (0d, 0d, 40d) for red color

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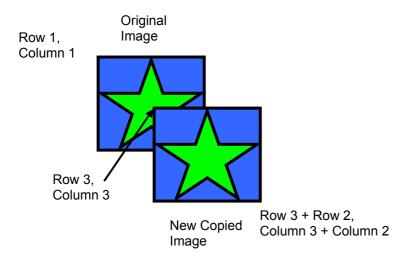
#### 9.2.3 Copy (23h)

Copy the rectangular region defined by the starting point (Row 1, Column 1) and the ending point (Row 2, Column 2) to location (Row 3, Column 3). If the new coordinates are smaller than the ending points, the new image will overlap the original one.

The following example illustrates the copy procedure.

- 1. Enter the "copy mode" by execute the command 23h
- 2. Set the starting column coordinates, Column 1. E.g., 00h.
- 3. Set the starting row coordinates, Row 1. E.g., 00h.
- 4. Set the finishing column coordinates, Column 2. E.g., 05h
- 5. Set the finishing row coordinates, Row 2. E.g., 05h
- 6. Set the new column coordinates, Column 3. E.g., 03h
- 7. Set the new row coordinates, Row 3. E.g., 03h

Figure 33 - Example of Copy Command



#### 9.2.4 Dim Window (24h)

This command will dim the window area specify by starting point (Row 1, Column 1) and the ending point (Row 2, Column 2). After the execution of this command, the selected window area will become darker as follow.

Table 15 - Result of Change of Brightness by Dim Window Command

Original gray scale	New gray scale after dim window command
GS0 ~ GS15	No change
GS16 ~ GS19	GS4
GS20 ~ GS23	GS5
:	:
GS60 ~ GS63	GS15

Additional execution of this command over the same window area will not change the data content.

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#### 9.2.5 Clear Window (25h)

This command sets the window area specify by starting point (Row 1, Column 1) and the ending point (Row 2, Column 2) to clear the window display. The graphic display data RAM content of the specified window area will be set to zero.

This command can be combined with Copy command to make as a "move" result. The following example illustrates the copy plus clear procedure and results in moving the window object.

- 1. Enter the "copy mode" by execute the command 23h
- 2. Set the starting column coordinates, Column 1. E.g., 00h.
- 3. Set the starting row coordinates, Row 1. E.g., 00h.
- 4. Set the finishing column coordinates, Column 2. E.g., 05h
- 5. Set the finishing row coordinates, Row 2. E.g., 05h
- 6. Set the new column coordinates, Column 3. E.g., 06h
- 7. Set the new row coordinates, Row 3. E.g., 06h
- 8. Enter the "clear mode" by execute the command 25h
- 9. Set the starting column coordinates, Column 1. E.g., 00h.
- 10. Set the starting row coordinates, Row 1. E.g., 00h.
- 11. Set the finishing column coordinates, Column 2. E.g., 05h
- 12. Set the finishing row coordinates, Row 2. E.g., 05h

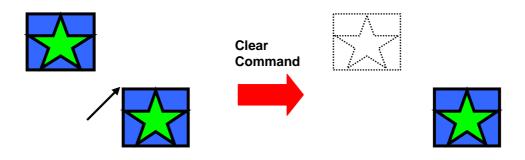


Figure 34 - Example of Copy + Clear = Move Command

#### 9.2.6 Fill Enable/Disable (26h)

This command has two functions.

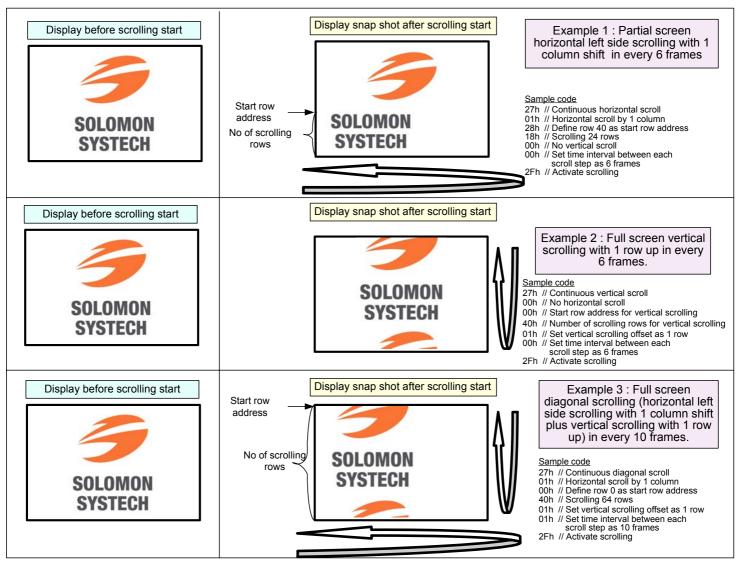
- Enable/Disable fill (A[0])
  - 0 = Disable filling of color into rectangle in draw rectangle command. (RESET)
  - 1 = Enable filling of color into rectangle in draw rectangle command.
- Enable/Disable reverse copy (A[4])
  - 0 = Disable reverse copy (RESET)
  - 1 = During copy command, the new image colors are swapped such that "GS0" <-> "GS63", "GS1" <-> "GS62", ....

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#### 9.2.7 Continuous Horizontal & Vertical Scrolling Setup (27h)

This command setup the parameters required for horizontal and vertical scrolling. The parameters should not be changed after scrolling is activated

Figure 35 - Examples of Continuous Horizontal and Vertical Scrolling command setup



#### 9.2.8 Deactivate scrolling (2Eh)

This command deactivates the scrolling action. After sending 2Eh command to deactivate the scrolling action, the ram data needs to be rewritten.

#### 9.2.9 Activate scrolling (2Fh)

This command activates the scrolling function according to the setting done by Continuous Horizontal & Vertical Scrolling Setup command 27h.

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## **10 MAXIMUM RATINGS**

**Table 16 - Maximum Ratings** 

(Voltage Reference to V<sub>SS</sub>)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
$V_{DD}$		-0.3 to +4	V
$V_{\rm DDIO}$	Supply Voltage	-0.3 to V <sub>DD</sub> +0.5	V
$V_{CC}$		0 to 19.0	V
$V_{SEG}$	SEG output voltage	0 to V <sub>CC</sub>	V
$V_{COM}$	COM output voltage	0 to 0.9* V <sub>CC</sub>	V
$V_{in}$	Input voltage	$V_{SS}$ -0.3 to $V_{DD}$ +0.3	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Temperature	-40 to +85	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to +150	°C

<sup>\*</sup>Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation should be restricted to the limits in the Electrical Characteristics tables or Pin Description.

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## 11 DC CHARACTERISTICS

**Table 17 - DC Characteristics** 

## Conditions (unless specified):

Voltage referenced to  $V_{SS}$   $V_{DD}$  = 2.7,  $V_{DDIO}$  = 1.8V,  $V_{CC}$  = 11.0V,  $I_{REF}$  = 10uA, at  $T_A$  = 25°C.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition		Тур	Max	Unit
$V_{CC}$	Operating Voltage	-	8	11	18	V
$V_{DD}$	Logic Supply Voltage	-	2.4	2.7	3.5	V
$V_{DDIO}$	Power Supply for I/O pins	-	1.6	1.8	$V_{DD}$	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	High Logic Output Level	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100uA, 3.3MHz	$0.9 \times V_{DDIO}$	-	$V_{DDIO}$	V
V <sub>OL</sub>	Low Logic Output Level	I <sub>OUT</sub> = 100uA, 3.3MHz	0	-	$0.1 \times V_{DDIO}$	V
$V_{IH}$	High Logic Input Level	-	$0.8 \times V_{DDIO}$	-	$V_{DDIO}$	V
$V_{IL}$	Low Logic Input Level	-	0	-	$0.2 \times V_{DDIO}$	V
I <sub>DD_SLEEP</sub>	Sleep mode V <sub>DD</sub> Current	Display OFF, No panel attached	-	0	10	uA
I <sub>DDIO</sub> SLEEP	Sleep mode V <sub>DDIO</sub> Current	Display OFF, No panel attached	-	0	10	uA
I <sub>CC_SLEEP</sub>	Sleep mode V <sub>CC</sub> Current	Display OFF, No panel attached	-	0	10	uA
I <sub>cc</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current	Display ON, All 1's pattern, Contrast = FFh, No panel attached	-	790	1200	uA
I <sub>DD</sub>	V <sub>DD</sub> Supply Current	Display ON, All 1's pattern, Contrast = FFh, No panel attached	-	170	500	uA
	Segment Output Current: $V_{DD} = V_{DDIO} = 2.7V$ ,	Contrast = FFh	126	140	154	uA
I <sub>SEG</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> = 8V, Display ON, All 1's	Contrast = 7Fh	-	68	-	uA
ISEG	pattern. (Segment pin under test is connected with a 20K $\Omega$ resistive load to $V_{SS}$ )	Contrast = 3Fh	-	33	-	uA
Dev	Segment Output Current Uniformity: Dev = $(I_{SEG} - I_{MID}) / I_{MID}$ $I_{MID} = (I_{MAX} + I_{MIN}) / 2$ $I_{SEG}$ [0:287] = Segment current at contrast settings $V_{CC}$ =12V	Contrast = FFh	-3	-	+3	%
Adj. Dev	Adjacent pin output current uniformity: Adj Dev = (I[n] - I[n+1]) / (I[n]+I[n+1])	Contrast = FFh	-2	-	+2	%
R <sub>COM_ON</sub>	COM pin output resistance	COM[0:63], I = 20mA	-	25	30	Ω

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## 12 AC CHARACTERISTICS

**Table 18 - AC Characteristics** 

## Conditions (Unless otherwise specified):

Voltage referenced to  $V_{SS}$   $V_{DD} = V_{DDIO} = 2.4V$  to 3.5V  $V_{CC} = 8.0V$  to 18.0V  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 

Symbol	Parameter	<b>Test Condition</b>	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Fosc	Oscillation Frequency of Display Timing Generator	$V_{DD} = 2.7V, V_{CC} = 11.0V$	800	890	980	KHz
F <sub>FRM</sub>	Frame Frequency	Display ON, Internal Oscillator Enabled	-	F <sub>OSC</sub> x 1 / (D x K x N)	-	Hz
RES#	Reset low pulse width	-	3	-	-	us
IXLO#	Reset completion time	-	-	-	2	us

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Note

(1) Fosc stands for the frequency value of the internal oscillator and the value is measured when command B3h A[7:4]=1101b [default value]
(2) D stands for divide ratio

<sup>(3)</sup> K stands for total number of display clocks per row. (RESET=136, i.e. phase1 DCLK+phase2 DCLK+ phase3 DCLK =4+7+125)

<sup>(4)</sup> N stands for number of MUX selected by command A8h

## Table 19 - 6800-Series MPU Parallel Interface Timing Characteristics

(V<sub>DD</sub> - V<sub>SS</sub> = 2.4V to 3.5V, V<sub>DDIO</sub> = 2.4V to V<sub>DD</sub>,  $T_A$  = 25°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>cycle</sub>	Clock Cycle Time (write cycle)	130	-	-	ns
<b>PW</b> <sub>CSL</sub>	Control Pulse Low Width (write cycle)	60	-	1	ns
<b>PW</b> <sub>CSH</sub>	Control Pulse High Width (write cycle)	60	-	1	ns
$t_{\text{cycle}}$	Clock Cycle Time (read cycle)	200	-	1	ns
<b>PW</b> <sub>CSL</sub>	Control Pulse Low Width (read cycle)	100	-	1	ns
$PW_{CSH}$	Control Pulse High Width (read cycle)	100	-	-	ns
t <sub>AS</sub>	Address Setup Time	0	-	-	ns
$t_AH$	Address Hold Time	10	-	-	ns
t <sub>DSW</sub>	Data Setup Time	40	-	-	ns
t <sub>DHW</sub>	Data Hold Time	10	-	-	ns
t <sub>ACC</sub>	Data Access Time	-	-	140	ns
t <sub>OH</sub>	Output Hold time	-	-	70	ns
t <sub>R</sub>	Rise Time	-	-	15	ns
t <sub>F</sub>	Fall Time	-	-	15	ns

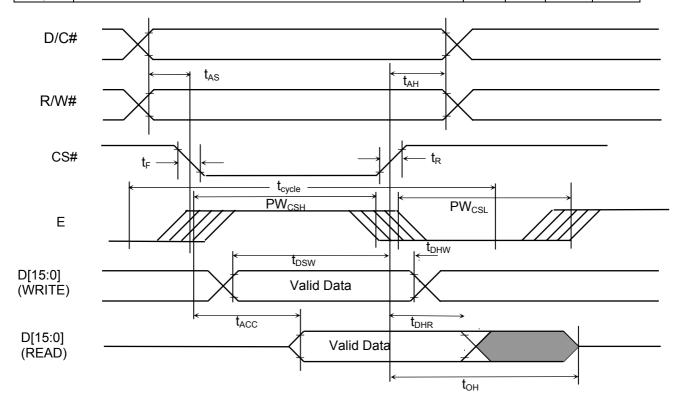


Figure 36 - 6800-series parallel interface characteristics

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 $(V_{DD} - V_{SS} = 2.4V \text{ to } 3.5V, V_{DDIO} = 2.4V \text{ to } V_{DD}, T_A = 25^{\circ}C)$ 

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>cycle</sub>	Clock Cycle Time	130	-	-	ns
t <sub>AS</sub>	Address Setup Time	10	-	-	ns
t <sub>AH</sub>	Address Hold Time	0	-	-	ns
t <sub>DSW</sub>	Write Data Setup Time	40	-	-	ns
t <sub>DHW</sub>	Write Data Hold Time	10	-	-	ns
t <sub>DHR</sub>	Read Data Hold Time	20	-	-	ns
t <sub>OH</sub>	Output Disable Time	-	-	70	ns
t <sub>ACC</sub>	Access Time	-	-	140	ns
t <sub>PWLR</sub>	Read Low Time	150	-	-	ns
t <sub>PWLW</sub>	Write Low Time	60	-	-	ns
t <sub>PWHR</sub>	Read High Time	60	-	-	ns
t <sub>PWHW</sub>	Write High Time	60	-	-	ns
t <sub>R</sub>	Rise Time	-	-	15	ns
t <sub>F</sub>	Fall Time	-	-	15	ns
t <sub>CS</sub>	Chip select setup time	0	-	-	ns
t <sub>CSH</sub>	Chip select hold time to read signal	0	-	-	ns
t <sub>CSF</sub>	Chip select hold time	20	-	-	ns

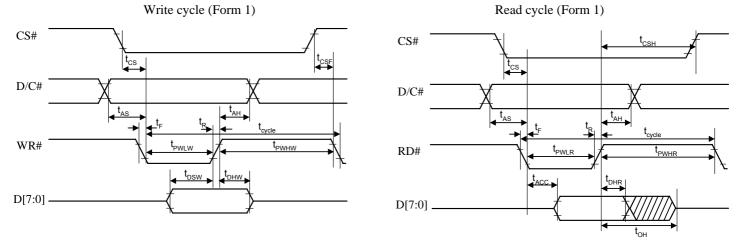


Figure 37 - 8080-series parallel interface characteristics (Form 1)

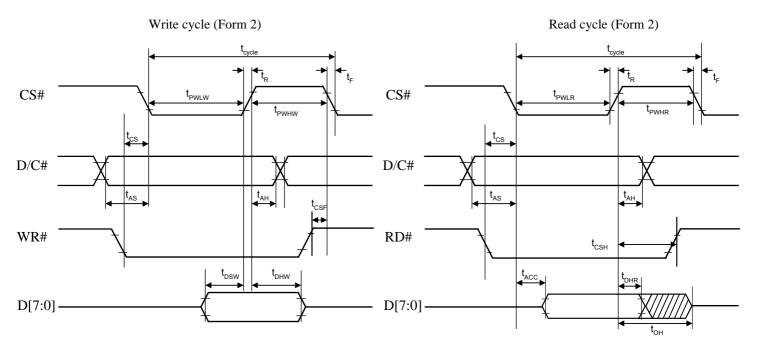


Figure 38 - 8080-series parallel interface characteristics (Form 2)

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## **Table 21 - Serial Interface Timing Characteristics**

(V<sub>DD</sub> - V<sub>SS</sub> = 2.4V to 3.5V, V<sub>DDIO</sub> = 2.4V to V<sub>DD</sub>, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$t_{cycle}$	Clock Cycle Time	150	-	ı	ns
t <sub>AS</sub>	Address Setup Time	40	-	ı	ns
$t_{AH}$	Address Hold Time	40	-	-	ns
t <sub>css</sub>	Chip Select Setup Time	75	-	-	ns
t <sub>CSH</sub>	Chip Select Hold Time	60	-	-	ns
t <sub>DSW</sub>	Write Data Setup Time	40	-	•	ns
t <sub>DHW</sub>	Write Data Hold Time	40	-	-	ns
t <sub>CLKL</sub>	Clock Low Time	75	-	-	ns
t <sub>CLKH</sub>	Clock High Time	75	-	-	ns
$t_R$	Rise Time	- 1	-	15	ns
$t_{\scriptscriptstyle{F}}$	Fall Time	1	-	15	ns

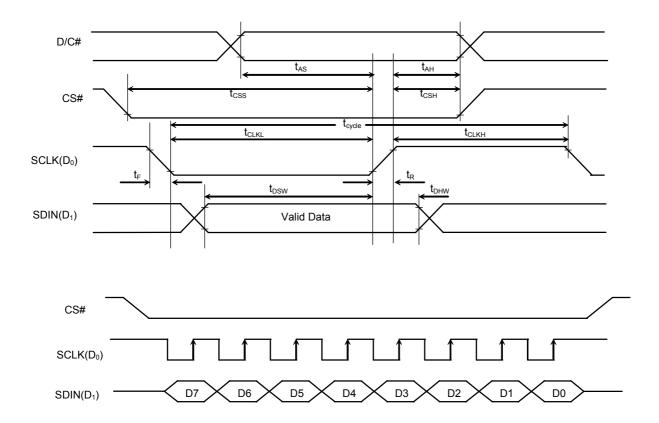


Figure 39 - Serial interface characteristics

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#### 13 APPLICATION EXAMPLE

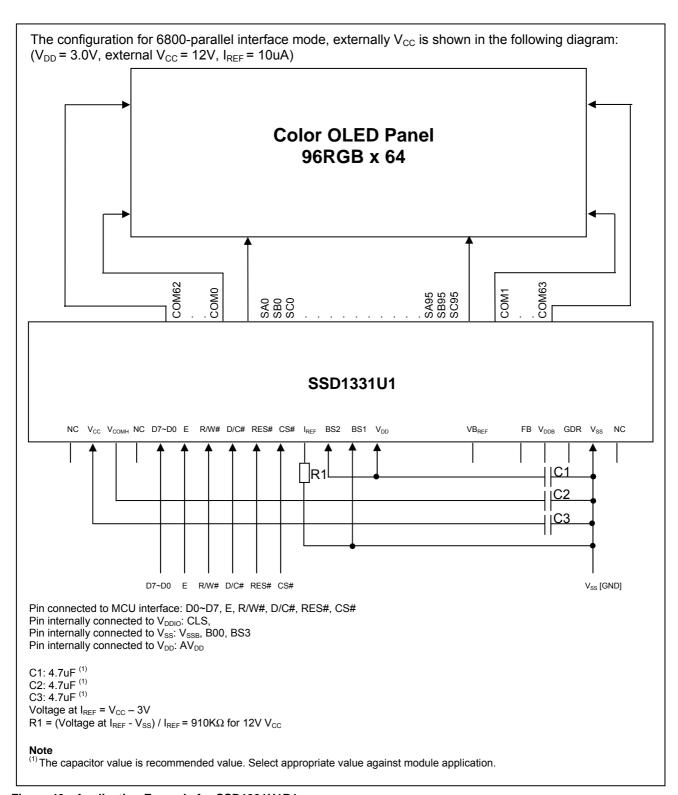


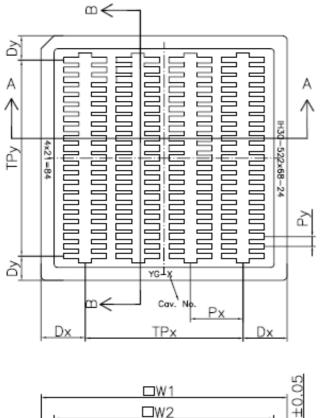
Figure 40 - Application Example for SSD1331U1R1

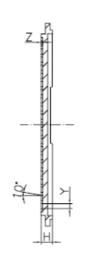
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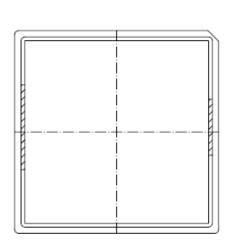
## 14 PACKAGE OPTIONS

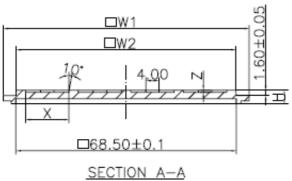
# 14.1 SSD1331Z Die Tray Information

Figure 41 - Die Tray Information







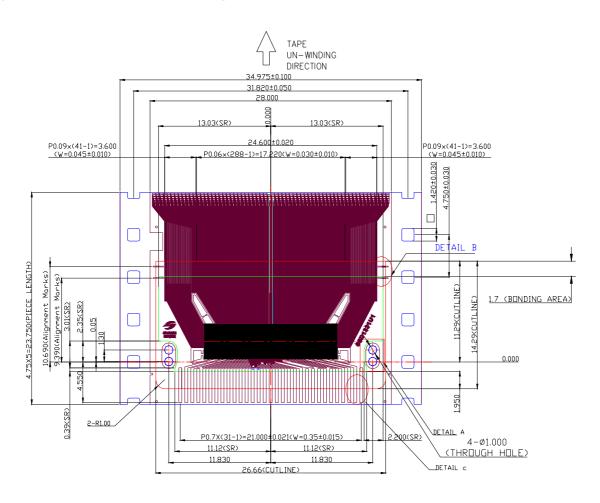


	Spec	
	mm	(mil)
<b>W</b> 1	76.00 ± 0.10	(2992)
W2	68.00 ± 0.10	(2677)
Н	4.20± 0.10	(165)
Dx	13.66±0.10	(538)
TPx	48.78±0.10	(1920)
Dy	7.55±0.10	(297)
ТРу	61.00±0.10	(2402)
Рх	16.26 ± 0.05	(640)
Ру	$3.05 \pm 0.05$	(120)
X	13.25 ± 0.01	(522)
Υ	1.73 ± 0.01	(68)
Z	$0.62 \pm 0.05$	(24)
N	84 (Pocket number)	

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#### 14.2 SSD1331U1R1 COF PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Figure 42 - SSD1331U1R1 outline drawing



NOTE:

1. GENERAL TOLERANCE: ±0.05mm

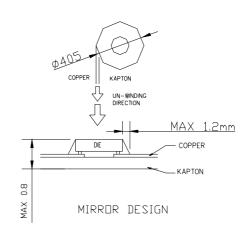
2. MATERIAL PI: 38±4um CU: 8±2um

SR: 15±10um

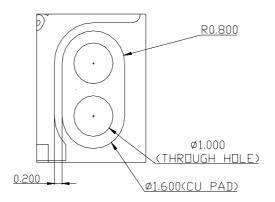
(OTHER TOLERANCE: ±0.200mm)

3. SN PLATING: 0.23±0.05um

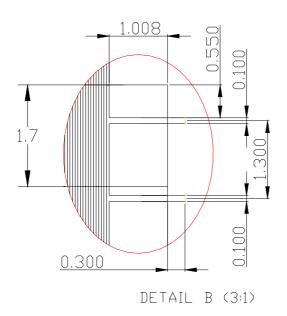
4. TAPSITE: 5 SPH, 23.75mm

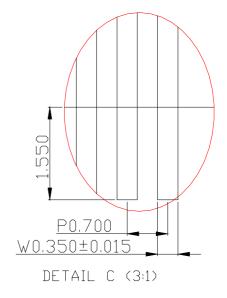


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DETAIL A (3:1)





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## 14.3 SSD1331U1R1 COF PACKAGE PIN ASSIGNMENT

Figure 43 - SSD1331U1R1 pin assignment drawing

N N C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C		0000N 0000N 400	MANGONG MANGON	SCI	<14	V N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	2222	0000 888 888 888		COM59	N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	길
401 400 3999 398 397 396		369 368 367 366 366	364 363 362 360 360	358	75	74 73 72	71 70 69 68	65 65 65 65	o 4	37. 37.	0 8 8 6 0 0 4 6 6	32,000
			8 대 대 대 대 대 대 대 대 대 대 대 대 대 대 대 대 대 대 대	ว 4 เก ฬ	) <b>Γ</b> & σ	20	. ଅ ଅ	ر ا ا		.9 13		
												1
N (	33 S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S	, 9 , 2 , 4 , 5		R/V# D/C#	CO# IREF	BS1 VDD	7 7 2	V BREF NC	, r B	GDR VSS NC		

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Table 22 - SSD1331U1R1 pin assignment

Pin no.	Pin name	Pin no.	Pin name		Pin no.	Pin name	]	Pin no.	Pin name	F	in no.	Pin name
1	NC	81	SA93		161	SB66		241	SC39		321	SA13
2	VCC	82	SC92		162	SA66		242	SB39		322	SC12
3	VCOMH	83	SB92		163	SC65	]	243	SA39		323	SB12
4	NC	84	SA92		164	SB65		244	SC38		324	SA12
5	D7	85	SC91		165	SA65		245	SB38		325	SC11
6	D6	86	SB91		166	SC64		246	SA38		326	SB11
7	D5	87	SA91		167	SB64		247	SC37		327	SA11
8	D4	88	SC90		168	SA64		248	SB37		328	SC10
9	D3	89	SB90		169	SC63		249	SA37		329	SB10
10	D2	90	SA90		170	SB63		250	SC36		330	SA10
11	D1	91	SC89		171	SA63		251	SB36		331	SC9
12	D0	92	SB89		172	SC62		252	SA36		332	SB9
13	E	93	SA89		173	SB62		253	SC35		333	SA9
14	R/W#	94	SC88		174	SA62		254	SB35		334	SC8
15	D/C#	95	SB88		175	SC61		255	SA35		335	SB8
16	RES#	96	SA88		176	SB61		256	SC34	_	336	SA8
17	CS#	97	SC87		177	SA61		257	SB34		337	SC7
18	IREF	98	SB87		178	SC60		258	SA34		338	SB7
19	BS2	99	SA87		179	SB60	1	259	SC33		339	SA7
20	BS1	100	SC86		180	SA60	1	260	SB33		340	SC6
21	VDD	101	SB86		181	SC59		261	SA33		341	SB6
22	NC	102	SA86		182	SB59		262	SC32		342	SA6
23	NC	103	SC85		183	SA59	1	263	SB32		343	SC5
24	NC	104	SB85		184	SC58	1	264	SA32		344	SB5
25	VBREF	105	SA85		185	SB58	1	265	SC31		345	SA5
26	NC	106	SC84		186	SA58	1	266	SB31		346	SC4
27	FB	107	SB84		187	SC57	1	267	SA31		347	SB4
28	VDDB	108	SA84		188	SB57	1	268	SC30		348	SA4
29	GDR	109	SC83		189	SA57		269	SB30		349	SC3
30	VSS	110	SB83		190	SC56	1	270	SA30		350	SB3
31	NC	111	SA83		191	SB56		271	SC29		351	SA3
32	NC	112	SC82		192	SA56		272	SB29		352	SC2
33	NC	113	SB82		193	SC55		273	SA29		353	SB2
34	NC	114	SA82		194	SB55		274	SC28		354	SA2
35	COM63	115	SC81		195	SA55		275	SB28		355	SC1
36	COM61	116	SB81		196	SC54		276	SA28		356	SB1
37	COM59	117	SA81		197	SB54		277	SC27		357	SA1
38	COM57	118	SC80		198	SA54		278	SB27		358	SC0
39	COM55	119	SB80		199	SC53		279	SA27		359	SB0
40	COM53	120	SA80		200	SB53		280	SC26		360	SA0
41	COM51	121	SC79		201	SA53		281	SB26		361	NC
42	COM49	122	SB79		202	SC52		282	SA26		362	NC
43	COM47	123	SA79		203	SB52		283	SC25		363	NC
44	COM45	124	SC78		204	SA52		284	SB25		364	NC
45	COM43	125	SB78		205	SC51		285	SA25		365	NC
46	COM41	126	SA78		206	SB51		286	SC24		366	NC
47	COM39	127	SC77		207	SA51		287	SB24	_	367	COM0
48	COM37	128	SB77		208	SC50		288	SA24		368	COM2
49	COM35	129	SA77		209	SB50		289	SC23		369	COM4
50	COM33	130	SC76	L	210	SA50	1	290	SB23	<u> </u>	370	COM6
51 50	COM31	131	SB76	⊢	211	SC49	1	291	SA23	<u> </u>	371	COM8
52	COM29	132	SA76	L	212	SB49	1	292	SC22	<u> </u>	372	COM10
53	COM27	133	SC75	$\vdash$	213	SA49	1	293	SB22	<u> </u>	373	COM12
54	COM25	134	SB75	┝	214	SC48	1	294	SA22	<u> </u>	374	COM14
55	COM23	135	SA75	<u> </u>	215	SB48	1	295	SC21	<u> </u>	375	COM16
56	COM21	136	SC74	⊢	216	SA48	1	296	SB21	<b>│</b>	376	COM18
57	COM19	137	SB74	$\vdash$	217	SC47	1	297	SA21	<b> </b>	377	COM20
58	COM17	138	SA74	$\vdash$	218	SB47	1	298	SC20	<b>—</b>	378	COM22
59 60	COM15	139	SC73	$\vdash$	219	SA47	1	299	SB20	<b> </b>	379	COM24
60	COM13	140	SB73	$\vdash$	220	SC46	1	300	SA20	<b>—</b>	380	COM26
61	COM11	141	SA73	$\vdash$	221	SB46	1	301	SC19	<b> </b>	381	COM28
62	COM9	142	SC72	$\vdash$	222	SA46	1	302	SB19	<b> </b>	382	COM30
63	COM7	143	SB72	$\vdash$	223	SC45	1	303	SA19 SC18	<b>—</b>	383	COM32
64	COM5	144	SA72	$\vdash$	224	SB45	1	304		<b> </b>	384	COM34 COM36
65	COM3	145	SC71	<u> </u>	225	SA45	1	305	SB18	<b> </b>	385	
66 67	COM1 NC	146 147	SB71	$\vdash$	226 227	SC44 SB44	1	306 307	SA18 SC17	<b> </b>	386 387	COM38 COM40
			SA71 SC70	⊢	228		1			<u> </u>		
68 69	NC NC	148 149	SB70	<u> </u>	228	SA44	1	308 309	SB17 SA17	<u> </u>	388 389	COM42 COM44
70				$\vdash$	230	SC43	1	309		<u> </u>		COM44 COM46
	NC NC	150	SA70	<u> </u>		SB43	1		SC16	<b> </b>	390	
71 72	NC NC	151	SC69	⊢	231	SA43	1	311	SB16	⊢ ⊢	391	COM48
72	NC SCOF	152	SB69	L	232	SC42	1	312	SA16	<u> </u>	392	COM50
73	SC95	153	SA69	$oldsymbol{oldsymbol{eta}}$	233	SB42	1	313	SC15	<u> </u>	393	COM52
74	SB95	154	SC68	L	234	SA42	1	314	SB15	<u> </u>	394	COM54
75 70	SA95	155	SB68	L	235	SC41	1	315	SA15		395	COM56
76	SC94	156	SA68	L	236	SB41	1	316	SC14	<u> </u>	396	COM58
77	SB94	157	SC67	Ĺ	237	SA41	1	317	SB14		397	COM60
78	SA94	158	SB67	L	238	SC40	1	318	SA14		398	COM62
79	SC93	159	SA67	Ĺ	239	SB40	1	319	SC13		399	NC
80	SB93	160	SC66		240	SA40	1	320	SB13		400	NC

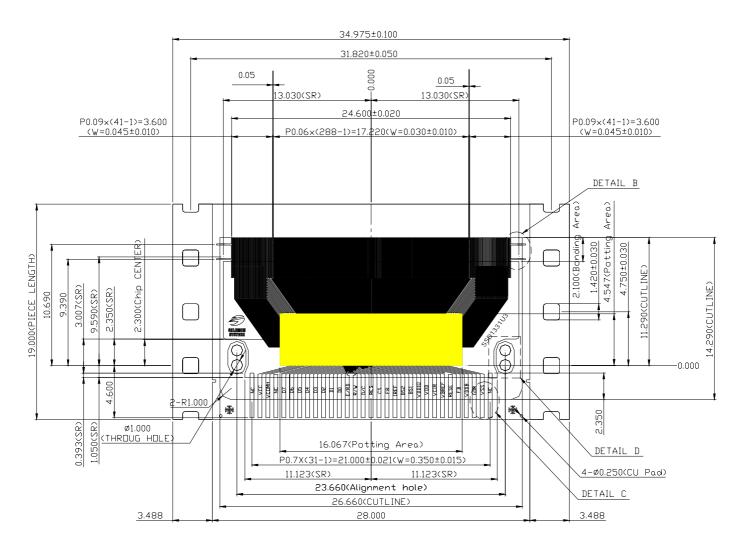
Pin no. 401 Pin name NC

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#### 14.4 SSD1331U3R1 COF PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Figure 44 - SSD1331U3R1 outline drawing





#### NOTE:

1. GENERAL TOLERANCE: ±0.05mm

2. MATERIAL

PI: KAPTON (150EN) 38±4um

CU: 8±2um

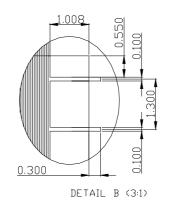
SR: SN9000 15±10um

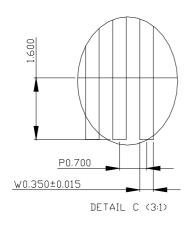
(DTHER TOLERANCE: ±0,200mm)

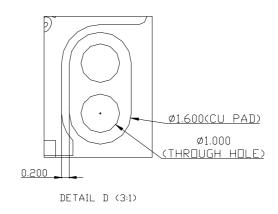
3. SN PLATING: 0.23±0.05um

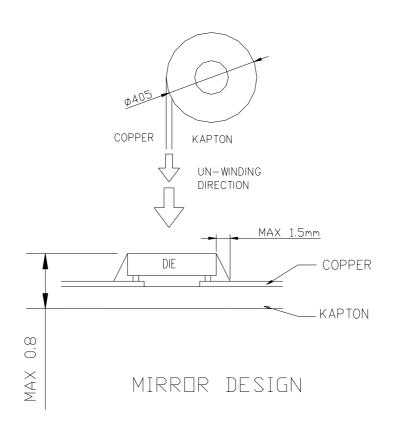
4. TAPSITE: 4 SPH, 19.00mm

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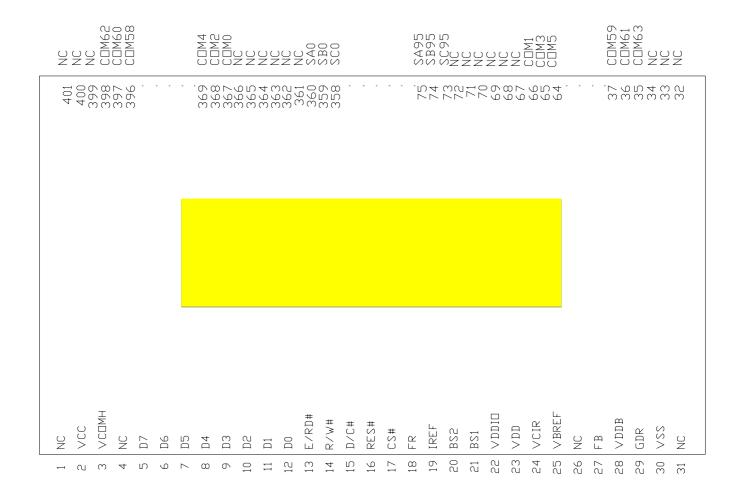




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#### 14.5 SSD1331U3R1 COF PACKAGE PIN ASSIGNMENT

Figure 45 - SSD1331U3R1 pin assignment drawing



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Table 23 - SSD1331U3R1 pin assignment

Pin no.	Pin name	Pin no.	Pin name	ſ	Pin no.	Pin name	1	Pin no.	Pin name	1	Pin no.	Pin name
1	NC	81	SA93		161	SB66		241	SC39		321	SA13
2	VCC	82	SC92		162	SA66	]	242	SB39	]	322	SC12
3	VCOMH	83	SB92		163	SC65		243	SA39		323	SB12
4	NC	84	SA92		164	SB65		244	SC38	]	324	SA12
5	D7	85	SC91		165	SA65		245	SB38		325	SC11
6	D6	86	SB91	L	166	SC64	4	246	SA38	1	326	SB11
7	D5	87	SA91	L	167	SB64		247	SC37		327	SA11
8	D4	88	SC90	L	168	SA64		248	SB37		328	SC10
9	D3	89	SB90		169	SC63	-	249	SA37		329	SB10
10 11	D2 D1	90 91	SA90 SC89		170 171	SB63 SA63	-	250 251	SC36 SB36	-	330 331	SA10 SC9
12	DI D0	92	SB89	F	171	SC62	-	252	SA36	4	332	SB9
13	E/RD#	93	SA89	ŀ	173	SB62	-	253	SC35	•	333	SA9
14	R/W#	94	SC88	┞	174	SA62	-	254	SB35	1	334	SC8
15	D/C#	95	SB88	ŀ	175	SC61	1	255	SA35	-	335	SB8
16	RES#	96	SA88	ŀ	176	SB61	1	256	SC34	1	336	SA8
17	CS#	97	SC87	ŀ	177	SA61	1	257	SB34	1	337	SC7
18	FR	98	SB87	ŀ	178	SC60	1	258	SA34		338	SB7
19	IREF	99	SA87	ľ	179	SB60	1	259	SC33	1	339	SA7
20	BS2	100	SC86	ľ	180	SA60	1	260	SB33	1	340	SC6
21	BS1	101	SB86	ľ	181	SC59	1	261	SA33		341	SB6
22	VDDIO	102	SA86		182	SB59		262	SC32	1	342	SA6
23	VDD	103	SC85	[	183	SA59		263	SB32	]	343	SC5
24	VCIR	104	SB85	[	184	SC58	1	264	SA32	]	344	SB5
25	VBREF	105	SA85	[	185	SB58		265	SC31	]	345	SA5
26	NC	106	SC84		186	SA58	_	266	SB31		346	SC4
27	FB	107	SB84	[	187	SC57	4	267	SA31	Į.	347	SB4
28	VDDB	108	SA84		188	SB57	4	268	SC30	l	348	SA4
29	GDR	109	SC83		189	SA57	-	269	SB30	ł	349	SC3
30 31	VSS NC	110	SB83	ŀ	190 191	SC56	-	270 271	SA30	-	350	SB3
32	NC NC	111 112	SA83 SC82		191	SB56 SA56	-	271	SC29 SB29	-	351 352	SA3 SC2
33	NC NC	113	SB82	F	192	SC55	-	273	SA29	•	353	SB2
34	NC NC	114	SA82	ŀ	194	SB55	-	274	SC28	1	354	SA2
35	COM63	115	SC81	H	195	SA55	-	275	SB28	1	355	SC1
36	COM61	116	SB81	ŀ	196	SC54	1	276	SA28	1	356	SB1
37	COM59	117	SA81	ŀ	197	SB54	1	277	SC27	1	357	SA1
38	COM57	118	SC80	ŀ	198	SA54	1	278	SB27	1	358	SC0
39	COM55	119	SB80	ŀ	199	SC53	1	279	SA27	1	359	SB0
40	COM53	120	SA80	ľ	200	SB53	1	280	SC26	1	360	SA0
41	COM51	121	SC79	ľ	201	SA53	1	281	SB26	1	361	NC
42	COM49	122	SB79		202	SC52	1	282	SA26	1	362	NC
43	COM47	123	SA79		203	SB52	1	283	SC25	1	363	NC
44	COM45	124	SC78		204	SA52		284	SB25		364	NC
45	COM43	125	SB78		205	SC51		285	SA25		365	NC
46	COM41	126	SA78		206	SB51		286	SC24	]	366	NC
47	COM39	127	SC77		207	SA51		287	SB24		367	COM0
48	COM37	128	SB77	L	208	SC50	_	288	SA24		368	COM2
49	COM35	129	SA77	L	209	SB50	_	289	SC23		369	COM4
50	COM33	130	SC76	ŀ	210	SA50		290	SB23	4	370	COM6
51	COM31	131	SB76		211	SC49	-	291	SA23		371	COM8
52 53	COM29 COM27	132 133	SA76 SC75		212 213	SB49 SA49	-1	292 293	SC22 SB22	ł	372 373	COM10 COM12
53 54	COM27	134	SB75		214	SA49 SC48	1	293	SB22 SA22	ł	373	COM12 COM14
54 55	COM25	135	SB75 SA75		214	SC48 SB48	-	294	SA22 SC21	ł	374	COM14 COM16
56	COM21	136	SC74	F	216	SA48	1	296	SB21	ł	376	COM18
57	COM19	137	SB74	F	217	SC47	1	297	SA21	1	377	COM20
58	COM17	138	SA74	F	218	SB47	1	298	SC20	1	378	COM22
59	COM15	139	SC73		219	SA47	1	299	SB20	1	379	COM24
60	COM13	140	SB73		220	SC46	1	300	SA20	1	380	COM26
61	COM11	141	SA73	<b> </b>	221	SB46	1	301	SC19	1	381	COM28
62	COM9	142	SC72		222	SA46	1	302	SB19	1	382	COM30
63	COM7	143	SB72	<b> </b>	223	SC45	1	303	SA19	1	383	COM32
64	COM5	144	SA72		224	SB45	1	304	SC18	1	384	COM34
65	COM3	145	SC71	<b> </b>	225	SA45	1	305	SB18	]	385	COM36
66	COM1	146	SB71		226	SC44	1	306	SA18	]	386	COM38
67	NC	147	SA71		227	SB44	1	307	SC17	]	387	COM40
68	NC	148	SC70	[	228	SA44	1	308	SB17	]	388	COM42
69	NC	149	SB70		229	SC43	1	309	SA17		389	COM44
70	NC	150	SA70		230	SB43	1	310	SC16		390	COM46
71	NC	151	SC69	[	231	SA43	4	311	SB16	Į.	391	COM48
72	NC 0005	152	SB69	[	232	SC42		312	SA16		392	COM50
73	SC95	153	SA69	L	233	SB42	4	313	SC15		393	COM52
74 75	SB95	154	SC68		234	SA42	4	314	SB15	ł	394	COM54
75 76	SA95	155	SB68		235	SC41	4	315	SA15	ł	395	COM56
76 77	SC94	156	SA68		236	SB41	-	316	SC14	ł	396	COM58
77 78	SB94 SA94	157 158	SC67 SB67		237 238	SA41	-	317 318	SB14 SA14	ł	397 398	COM60
78 79	SA94 SC93					SC40	-1			ł		COM62
80	SE93 SB93	159 160	SA67 SC66		239 240	SB40 SA40	-1	319 320	SC13 SB13	ł	399 400	NC NC
60	ರದವರಿ	100	3000	L	<b>24</b> U	3A4U	J	320	3013	J	400	INC

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