



# SMART CONTRACT CODE REVIEW AND SECURITY ANALYSIS REPORT



**pETH**

\$PETH

Stake Smart Contract

**31/03/2023**



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# DISCLAIMER

The information provided on this analysis document is only for general information and should not be used as a reason to invest.

FreshCoins Team will take no payment for manipulating the results of this audit.

The score and the result will stay on this project page information on our website <https://freshcoins.io>

FreshCoins Team does not guarantees that a project will not sell off team supply, or any other scam strategy ( RUG or Honeypot etc )



# INTRODUCTION

**FreshCoins** (Consultant) was contracted by **GenesisRewardPool - Stake Smart Contract** (Customer) to conduct a Smart Contract Code Review and Security Analysis.

**0x79500dc1F7Bef37896cc3e70986d824e7A13102b**

Network: **Arbitrum**

This report presents the findings of the security assessment of Customer's smart contract and its code review conducted on **31/03/2023**



# WEBSITE DIAGNOSTIC

<https://app.palacefinance.io/farm>



0-49



50-89



90-100



Performance



Accessibility



Best Practices



SEO



Progressive Web App

## Metrics



First Contentful Paint

**3.2 s**



Time to interactive

**10.4 s**



Speed Index

**12.2 s**



Total Blocking Time

**344 ms**



Large Contentful Paint

**6.5 s**



Cumulative Layout Shift

**0.019**

# WEBSITE IMPROVEMENTS

---

Reduce unused CSS

---

Reduce unused JavaScript

---

Ensure text remains visible during webfont load

---

Image elements do not have explicit `width` and `height`

---

Reduce JavaScript execution time `2.0 s`

---

Image elements do not have `[alt]` attributes

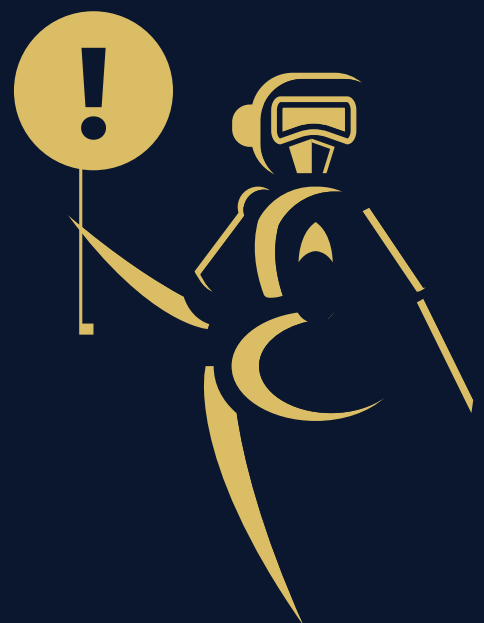
---

Links do not have a discernible name

---

Heading elements are not in a sequentially-descending order

---



# AUDIT OVERVIEW



Security Score



Static Scan

Automatic scanning for common vulnerabilities



ERC Scan

Automatic checks for ERC's conformance



High



Medium



Low



Optimizations



Informational



No.	Issue description	Checking Status
1	Compiler Errors / Warnings	Passed
2	Reentrancy and Cross-function	Passed
3	Front running	Passed
4	Timestamp dependence	Passed
5	Integer Overflow and Underflow	Passed
6	Reverted DoS	Passed
7	DoS with block gas limit	Passed
8	Methods execution permissions	Passed
9	Exchange rate impact	Passed
10	Malicious Event	Passed
11	Scoping and Declarations	Passed
12	Uninitialized storage pointers	Passed
13	Design Logic	Passed
14	Safe Zeppelin module	Passed



# PRIVILEGES

## ● Stake/unstake NFT functions

uint256 public constant DISCOUNT\_RATE = 2000;

uint256 public constant DENOMINATOR = 10000;

uint256 public constant NFT\_LOCKS = 15 days;

```
function stakeNFT(uint256 _pid, uint256 _nftCount) public {
    require(_pid < poolInfo.length, "Invalid pool id");
    require(_nftCount > 0, "NFT count should be greater than 0");
    PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
    UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][msg.sender];
    NftUserInfo storage nftUser = nftUserInfo[_pid][msg.sender];
    updatePool(_pid);

    uint256 poolTokenType = pool.tokenType;
    require(poolTokenType < 2, "NFTs can't be staked into the LP token pool");

    uint256 nftBalance = nftToken.balanceOf(msg.sender);
    require(nftBalance >= _nftCount, "NFT balance should be greater than count");

    for(uint256 i = 0; i < _nftCount; i++) {
        uint256 tokenId = nftToken.tokenOfOwnerByIndex(msg.sender, i);
        nftToken.transferFrom(msg.sender, address(this), tokenId);
        nftUser.nftTokenIds.push(tokenId);
    }
    nftUser.nftAmount = nftUser.nftAmount.add(_nftCount);
    nftUser.stakedTS = block.timestamp;
    uint256 kBoost = getKBoost(_pid, msg.sender);
    uint256 nftPrice = ILKEY(address(nftToken)).getNFTPriceInToken(address(pool.token));
    uint256 _nftDiscountValue = nftPrice.mul(_nftCount).mul(DISCOUNT_RATE).div(DENOMINATOR);
    user.amount = user.amount.add(_nftDiscountValue);
    uint256 oldBoostedAmount = user.boostedAmount;
    user.boostedAmount = user.amount.mul(DENOMINATOR.add(kBoost)).div(DENOMINATOR);
    pool.boostedSupply = pool.boostedSupply.add(user.boostedAmount).sub(oldBoostedAmount);
}
```

```
function unstakeNFT(uint256 _pid) public {
    NftUserInfo storage nftUser = nftUserInfo[_pid][msg.sender];
    uint256 nftStakedTS = nftUser.stakedTS;
    require(nftStakedTS + NFT_LOCKS >= block.timestamp, "Can stake after locks up from last staked time");
    for (uint256 i = 0; i < nftUser.nftAmount; i++) {
        uint256 tokenId = nftUser.nftTokenIds[nftUser.nftAmount - i - 1];
        nftToken.transferFrom(address(this), msg.sender, tokenId);
        nftUser.nftTokenIds.pop();
    }
    nftUser.nftAmount = 0;
}
```

Participants are prohibited from withdrawing until **15 days** have elapsed since their initial deposit.

## ● Contract owner can supply pool and set fee up to 100%

```
function add(uint256 _allocPoint, IERC20 _token, uint256 _depositFee, bool _withUpdate, uint256 _lastRewardTime, uint256 _tokenType) public onlyOwner {
    checkPoolDuplicate(_token);
    if (_withUpdate) {
        massUpdatePools();
    }
    if (block.timestamp < poolStartTime) {
        // chef is sleeping
        if (_lastRewardTime == 0) {
            _lastRewardTime = poolStartTime;
        } else {
            if (_lastRewardTime < poolStartTime) {
                _lastRewardTime = poolStartTime;
            }
        }
    }
    if (_lastRewardTime == 0 || _lastRewardTime < block.timestamp) {
        _lastRewardTime = block.timestamp;
    }
    bool _isStarted = (_lastRewardTime <= poolStartTime) || (_lastRewardTime <= block.timestamp);
    poolInfo.push(
        PoolInfo({
            token: _token,
            tokenType: _tokenType,
            allocPoint: _allocPoint,
            depositFee: _depositFee,
            lastRewardTime: _lastRewardTime,
            accPETHPerShare: 0,
            boostedSupply: 0,
            isStarted: _isStarted}));
    if (_isStarted) {
        totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.add(_allocPoint);
    }
}
```

## ● Contract owner can change pool settings and set fee up to 100%

```
function set(uint256 _pid, uint256 _allocPoint, uint256 _depositFee) public onlyOwner {
    require(_depositFee < 10000, "deposit fee should be less than 10000");

    massUpdatePools();
    PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
    if (pool.isStarted) {
        totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.sub(pool.allocPoint).add(_allocPoint);
    }
    pool.allocPoint = _allocPoint;
    pool.depositFee = _depositFee;
}
```

## ● Deposit/withdraw tokens

uint256 public constant REFERRAL\_COMMISSION\_RATE = 3000;

uint256 public constant DENOMINATOR = 10000;

```
function deposit(uint256 _pid, uint256 _amount, address _referrer) public {
    address _sender = msg.sender;
    PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
    UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][_sender];
    updatePool(_pid);
    if (_amount > 0 && address(referral) != address(0) && _referrer != address(0) && _referrer != msg.sender) {
        referral.recordReferral(msg.sender, _referrer);
    }
    uint256 kBoost = getKBoost(_pid, msg.sender);
    if (user.amount > 0) {
        uint256 boostedUserAmount = user.boostedAmount;
        uint256 _pending = boostedUserAmount.mul(pool.accPETHPerShare).div(1e18).sub(user.rewardDebt);
        if (_pending > 0) {
            safePETHTransfer(_sender, _pending);
            emit RewardPaid(_sender, _pending);
        }
    }
    if (_amount > 0) {
        pool.token.safeTransferFrom(_sender, address(this), _amount);
        uint256 _boostingAmount = (_amount).mul(DENOMINATOR.add(kBoost)).div(DENOMINATOR);
        user.amount = user.amount.add(_amount);
        user.boostedAmount = user.boostedAmount.add(_boostingAmount);
        if (pool.depositFee > 0) {
            uint256 feeAmount = _amount.mul(pool.depositFee).div(DENOMINATOR);
            uint256 referralCommissionAmount = 0;
            if (_referrer != address(0) && _referrer != msg.sender) {
                referralCommissionAmount = feeAmount.mul(REFERRAL_COMMISSION_RATE).div(DENOMINATOR);
            }
            payReferralCommission(_sender, pool.token, referralCommissionAmount);
        }
        pool.token.safeTransfer(feeCollector, feeAmount.sub(referralCommissionAmount));
        user.amount = user.amount.sub(feeAmount);
    }
    pool.boostedSupply = pool.boostedSupply.add(_boostingAmount);
}
user.rewardDebt = user.boostedAmount.mul(pool.accPETHPerShare).div(1e18);
emit Deposit(_sender, _pid, _amount);
}
```

```
function withdraw(uint256 _pid, uint256 _amount) public {
    address _sender = msg.sender;
    PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
    UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][_sender];

    require(user.amount >= _amount, "withdraw: not good");
    updatePool(_pid);
    uint256 kBoost = getKBoost(_pid, msg.sender);
    uint256 _pending = user.boostedAmount.mul(pool.accPETHPerShare).div(1e18).sub(user.rewardDebt);
    if (_pending > 0) {
        safePETHTransfer(_sender, _pending);
    }
}
```

```

        emit RewardPaid(_sender, _pending);
    }
    if (_amount > 0) {
        uint256 _boostingAmount = (_amount).mul(DENOMINATOR.add(kBoost)).div(DENOMINATOR);
        user.amount = user.amount.sub(_amount);
        user.boostedAmount = user.boostedAmount.sub(_boostingAmount);
        pool.boostedSupply = pool.boostedSupply.sub(_boostingAmount);
        pool.token.safeTransfer(_sender, _amount);
    }
    user.rewardDebt = user.boostedAmount.mul(pool.accPETHPerShare).div(1e18);
    emit Withdraw(_sender, _pid, _amount);
}

```

```

function emergencyWithdraw(uint256 _pid) public {
    PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
    UserInfo storage user = userInfo[_pid][msg.sender];
    uint256 _amount = user.amount;
    user.amount = 0;
    user.rewardDebt = 0;
    pool.boostedSupply = pool.boostedSupply.sub(user.boostedAmount);
    pool.token.safeTransfer(msg.sender, _amount);
    emit EmergencyWithdraw(msg.sender, _pid, _amount);
}

```

## ● Contract owner can change feeCollector address

Current value: `0xfb7af288da5cee71dccc018e5b00af6a977639a1`

```

function setFeeCollector(address _feeCollector) public onlyOwner {
    require(_feeCollector != address(0), "Fee collector should be non-zero address");
    feeCollector = _feeCollector;
}

```



## ● Update pool public functions (mass update)

```
function massUpdatePools() public {
    uint256 length = poolInfo.length;
    for (uint256 pid = 0; pid < length; ++pid) {
        updatePool(pid);
    }
}

function updatePool(uint256 _pid) public {
    PoolInfo storage pool = poolInfo[_pid];
    if (block.timestamp <= pool.lastRewardTime) {
        return;
    }
    // uint256 tokenSupply = pool.token.balanceOf(address(this));
    uint256 boostedTokenSupply = pool.boostedSupply;
    if (boostedTokenSupply == 0) {
        pool.lastRewardTime = block.timestamp;
        return;
    }
    if (!pool.isStarted) {
        pool.isStarted = true;
        totalAllocPoint = totalAllocPoint.add(pool.allocPoint);
    }
    if (totalAllocPoint > 0) {
        uint256 _generatedReward = getGeneratedReward(pool.lastRewardTime, block.timestamp);
        uint256 _PETHReward = _generatedReward.mul(pool.allocPoint).div(totalAllocPoint);
        pool.accPETHPerShare = pool.accPETHPerShare.add(_PETHReward.mul(1e18).div(boostedTokenSupply));
    }
    pool.lastRewardTime = block.timestamp;
}
```

## ● Contract owner can renounce ownership

```
function renounceOwnership() public virtual onlyOwner {
    _transferOwnership(address(0));
}
```

## ● Contract owner can transfer ownership

```
function transferOwnership(address newOwner) public virtual onlyOwner {
    require(newOwner != address(0), "Ownable: new owner is the zero address");
    _transferOwnership(newOwner);
}

function _transferOwnership(address newOwner) internal virtual {
    address oldOwner = _owner;
    _owner = newOwner;
    emit OwnershipTransferred(oldOwner, newOwner);
}
```

# CONCLUSION AND ANALYSIS



Smart Contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static tools.



Audit report overview contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.



Found no HIGH issues during the first review.

# TECHNICAL DISCLAIMER

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on the blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have its vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. The audit can't guarantee the explicit security of the audited project / smart contract.

