

# Documentation: Geo Atlas

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This documentation provides an overview of how to use the Geo Atlas app, the API endpoints it uses, and the challenges faced during development.

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## Overview

Geo Atlas is a web application that allows users to:

- Search for countries and view detailed information.
- Add and manage their favorite countries.
- Register, log in, and manage their accounts.

The app is built using React, Vite, and Firebase for backend services (Firestore and Authentication).

## How to Use the App

### 1. Home Page

- The home page displays a search bar and a list of countries.
- Users can search for a country by name or scroll through the list.
- Clicking on a country redirects to the **Country Details** page.

### 2. Country Details Page

- Displays detailed information about the selected country, including:
- Name, population, region, subregion, capital, and flag.
- Users can add the country to their favorites by clicking the "Add to Favorites" button.

### 3. Favorites Management

- Users can view their favorite countries in the **Favorites** section.
- They can remove a country from their favorites by clicking the "Remove" button.

### 4. Authentication

- Users can register for an account using their email and password.
- After logging in, users can manage their session and access personalized features like favorites.

## API Endpoints

The app uses Firebase Firestore as the backend. Below are the key API endpoints and their uses:

### 1. Get Favorites

- **Endpoint:** GET /favorites
- **Description:** Fetches the list of favorite countries for the authenticated user.

## 2. Add Favorite

- **Endpoint:** POST /favorites
- **Description:** Adds a country to the user's favorites.
- **Implementation:**

## 3. Remove Favorite

- **Endpoint:** DELETE /favorites
- **Description:** Removes a country from the user's favorites.

## 4. Authentication

- **Register:** Firebase Authentication handles user registration.
- **Login:** Firebase Authentication validates user credentials.
- **Logout:** Firebase Authentication ends the user session.

## Challenges Faced

### 1. Firestore Security Rules

- **Problem:** Encountered Missing or insufficient permissions errors when accessing Firestore.
- **Solution:** Updated Firestore rules to ensure authenticated users can only access their own data:

```
rules_version = '2';
service cloud.firestore {
  match /databases/{database}/documents {
    match /favorites/{document} {
      allow read, write: if request.auth != null && request.auth.uid == resource.data.userId;
    }
  }
}
```

### 2. Handling Authentication State

- **Problem:** Managing user sessions and ensuring the app reacts to authentication state changes.
- **Solution:** Used Firebase's onAuthStateChanged to track user authentication status and update the UI accordingly.

### 3. Favorites Duplication

- **Problem:** Users could add the same country to their favorites multiple times.
- **Solution:** Added a check before adding a favorite to ensure it doesn't already exist:

```
const existsQuery = query(
  collection(db, "favorites"),
  where("userId", "==", userId),
  where("countryCode", "==", countryCode)
);
const existsSnapshot = await getDocs(existsQuery);
if (!existsSnapshot.empty) {
  return { success: false, message: "Already in favorites" };
}
```

