

project-main

February 6, 2025

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
```

```
[2]: import numpy as np
```

```
[ ]:
```

0.1 IMPORTING & READING THE DATASETS

```
[3]: product_df = pd.read_csv("product_data.csv")
      payment_df = pd.read_csv("payment_data.csv")
      order_df = pd.read_csv("order_data.csv")
      customer_df = pd.read_csv("customers_data.csv")
      credit_card_df = pd.read_csv("credit_card_data.csv")
```

```
[ ]:
```

1 TASK

1.0.1 Problem Statement:

A company wants to cut down on its cost of production, producing only products that meet a revenue target of \$1500 or a quantity target of 65 in the 1st, 2nd and 3rd quarter of 2024

```
[ ]:
```

2 SOLUTION

```
[ ]:
```

```
[4]: # Converting order_date and payment_date to datetime as it allows for easier
      ↪filtering and comparison of dates later.
      order_df['order_date'] = pd.to_datetime(order_df['order_date'])
      payment_df['payment_date'] = pd.to_datetime(payment_df['payment_date'])

      # Filter orders from Q1-Q3 of 2024
```

```

filtered_orders = order_df[(order_df['order_date'].dt.year == 2024) &
    ↳(order_df['order_date'].dt.quarter <= 3)]

# Merge orders with payment data to get revenue per order
order_payments = filtered_orders.merge(payment_df, on='order_id', how='left')

# Merge with product data to get price and product name
order_payments = order_payments.merge(product_df[['product_id', 'product_name',
    ↳'unit_price']], on='product_id', how='left')

# Calculate total revenue per product
order_payments['total_revenue'] = order_payments['quantity'] *
    ↳order_payments['unit_price']
revenue_per_product = order_payments.groupby(['product_id',
    ↳'product_name'])['total_revenue'].sum().reset_index()

# Aggregate quantity sold per product
product_sales = filtered_orders.groupby('product_id')['quantity'].sum().
    ↳reset_index()

# Merge revenue and quantity data
final_df = product_sales.merge(revenue_per_product, on='product_id', how='left')

# Filter products meeting either condition
profitable_products = final_df[(final_df['quantity'] >= 65) |
    ↳(final_df['total_revenue'] >= 1500)]

# Identify top customers contributing to revenue
customer_revenue = order_payments.groupby('customer_id')['total_revenue'].sum().
    ↳reset_index()
customer_revenue = customer_revenue.merge(customer_df[['customer_id',
    ↳'customer_name']], on='customer_id', how='left')
customer_revenue = customer_revenue.sort_values(by='total_revenue',
    ↳ascending=False)

# Display results
print("Profitable Products:")
print(profitable_products)
print("\nTop Customers:")
print(customer_revenue.head(10))

```

Profitable Products:

	product_id	quantity	product_name	total_revenue
0	P02	6	Acer Nitro 5	10199.94
1	P04	4	iPhone 12	3599.96
5	P09	2	HP Gaming 15	3199.98
6	P10	4	Dell G5	7200.00

7	P11	3	Dell G7	6299.97
17	P23	2	Samsung S23	3599.98
21	P29	3	Macbook Air 13.6	2939.97
23	P33	10	Lenovo IdeaPad Flex 5i	2999.90
24	P36	4	ASUS ROG Z13	5596.00
25	P37	5	MSI Gaming Laptop	4395.00
26	P39	6	SAMSUNG Galaxy Z Fold 4	8699.94

Top Customers:

	customer_id	total_revenue	customer_name
36	170	8099.97	Bess Cotton
33	147	5400.00	Gladys Curry
3	14	5099.97	Angelo Castillo
12	55	4812.00	Karen Tanaka
41	186	4349.97	Rayford King
13	56	4299.95	Christopher Gwin
39	180	3879.97	Larry Barrera
25	114	3599.98	Tina Goodwin
0	2	3099.97	Virginia Read
42	191	2699.97	David Chafin

```
[5]: # Save results to CSV files
profitable_products.to_csv("Profitable_Products.csv", index=False)
customer_revenue.to_csv("Top_Customers.csv", index=False)

# Display results
print("Profitable Products saved to Profitable_Products.csv")
print("Top Customers saved to Top_Customers.csv")
```

Profitable Products saved to Profitable_Products.csv

Top Customers saved to Top_Customers.csv

```
[ ]:
```

```
[ ]:
```