

# Elsearticle class for Typst

v0.1.0

2024-07-12

MIT

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**ELSEARTICLE** is a Typst template that aims to mimic the Elsevier article L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X class, a.k.a. `elsearticle.cls`, provided by Elsevier to format manuscript properly for submission to their journals.

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## Part I.

### About

**ELSEARTICLE** is a Typst template that aims to mimic the Elsevier article  $\text{\LaTeX}$  class, a.k.a. `elsearticle.cls`, provided by Elsevier to format manuscript properly for submission to their journals.

**ELSEARTICLE** is designed to be as close as possible to the original class, whose specification can be found in the [documentation](#). The template is still in development and may not be fully compatible with all Elsevier journals.

This manual provides an overview of the features of the **ELSEARTICLE** template and how to use it.

The template is provided as is by the Typst community and is not affiliated with Elsevier.

## Part II.

# Usage

### II.1. Using Elsearticle

To use the `ELSEARTICLE` template, you need to include the following line at the beginning of your `typ` file:

```
#import "@preview/elsearticle:0.1.0": *
```

### II.2. Initializing the template

After importing `ELSEARTICLE`, you have to initialize the template by a show rule with the `#elsearticle()` command. This function takes an optional argument to specify the title of the document.

```
#show: elsearticle.with(  
  ...  
)
```

`#elsearticle()` takes the following arguments:

```
#elsearticle(  
  <title>: none,  
  <authors>: (),  
  <abstract>: none,  
  <paper-size>: "a4",  
  <journal>: none,  
  <keywords>: none,  
  <format>: "preprint"  
) [<body>]
```

Argument

<title>: none

str

Title of the paper

Argument

<authors>: ()

array

List of the authors of the paper

Each element of the `array` is a `dictionary` defining an author. The author `dictionary` has the following keys:

- name `str`: Name of the author
- affiliation `str`: Affiliation of the author
- corr `str` | `none`: email address of the corresponding author

## 2.2 Initializing the template

- id `str`: ID of the author

```
authors: (  
  (  
    name: "J. Doe",  
    affiliation: "Laboratory 1, University 1, City 1",  
    corr: "jdoe@univ.edu",  
    id: "a",  
  ),  
  (  
    name: "J. Smith",  
    affiliation: "Laboratory 2, University 2, City 2",  
    corr: none,  
    id: "b"  
  ),  
)
```

Argument

<abstract>: `none`

`content`

Abstract of the paper

Argument

<journal>: `none`

`str`

Name of the journal

Argument

<keywords>: `none`

`array`

List of the keywords of the paper

Each element of the `array` is a `str` representing a keyword.

```
keywords: ("Keyword 1", "Keyword 2")
```

Argument

<format>: `"review"`

`str`

Format of the paper. Possible values are “preprint”, “review”, “1p”, “3p”, “5p”, and “final”

Only the “review” and the “preprint” formats are currently supported.

## II.3. Additional features

The `ELSEARTICLE` template provides additional features to help you format your document properly.

### II.3.1. Appendix

The template allows you to create appendices using the `#appendix()` environment. The appendices are then numbered with capital letters (A, B, C, etc.). Figures, tables and equations are numbered accordingly, e.g. Eq. (A.1).

To activate the appendix environment, all you have to do is to place the following command in your document:

```
#show: appendix
// Appendix content here
```

### II.3.2. Subfigures

Subfigures are not built-in features of Typst, but the `ELSEARTICLE` template provides a way to handle them. To create a subfigure, you can use the following syntax:

```
#figure(
  grid(columns: 2, gutter: 1em,
    [#subfigure(image("image1.png")) <figa>],
    [#subfigure(image("image2.png")) <figb>]
  ),
  caption: [(a) Left image and (b) Right image],
) <fig>
```

The `#ref()` function is customized to properly handle the subfigures reference (e.g. Fig. 1a) and cross-reference (via the `#link()` function).

More generally, the `#figure()` function is also modified to follow the guidelines of the L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X `elsearticle` class.

### II.3.3. Equations

The equations are numbered with the format “(1)”, “(2)” in normal sections and with the format “(A.1)”, “(A.2)” in appendices. In addition to these numbering patterns, the `ELSEARTICLE` template provides the `#nonumeq()` to create unnumbered equations. The latter function can be used as follows:

```
#nonumeq[$
  y = f(x)
$
]
```

## Part III.

# Roadmap

The `ELSEARTICLE` template is still in development. Here are some of the features that are planned for future releases :

### Article format

- ☒ Preprint
- ☒ Review
- ☐ 1p
- ☐ 3p
- ☐ 5p
- ☐ Final

### Environnement

- ☒ Implementation of the appendix environment

### Figures and tables

- ☒ Implementation of the subfigure environment
- ☒ Proper referencing of figure, subfigures and tables w.r.t. the context
- ☒ Recreation of the `link` to cross-reference figures, subfigures and tables

### Equations

- ☒ Proper referencing of equations w.r.t. the context
- ☐ Numbering each equation of a system as “(1a)” – *On going discussions at the Typst dev level*

### Other features

- ☐ Give the user more customization ability for the `link`
- ☐ Line numbering - PR is open on the Typst repo – [See here](#)

## Part IV.

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