```
##Jamie Campbell, Midterm Problem 3
library(deSolve)
log.growth <- function(t, y, p) {</pre>
 N < -y[1]
 with(as.list(p), {
  dN.dt <- r * N * (1 - (N / K)^theta)
 return(list(dN.dt))
})
}
p <- c('r' = 0.2, 'K' = 1.05, 'theta' = 1.05)
p2 < -c('r'=0.28, 'K' = 0.75, 'theta' = 1.25)
p3 < -c('r'=0.15, 'K'=1.0, 'theta'=1.0)
y0 <- c('N' = 0.01)
t <- 1:100
sim <-ode(y =y0, times = t, func = log.growth, parms = p, method = 'lsoda')
sim2 <-ode(y=y0, times = t, func= log.growth, parms =p2, method = 'lsoda')
sim3 <-ode(y=y0, times = t, func= log.growth, parms =p3, method = 'lsoda')
sim <- as.data.frame(sim)</pre>
sim2 <- as.data.frame(sim2)</pre>
sim3 <- as.data.frame(sim3)
sim$deriv<-c(diff(sim$N), NA)
sim2$deriv<-c(diff(sim2$N), NA)
sim3$deriv<-c(diff(sim3$N), NA)
plot(deriv \sim N, data = sim, type = 'l', lwd = 2, bty = 'l', col = 'red')
lines(deriv \sim N, data = sim2, type ='l', lwd = 2, bty ='l', col = 'purple')
lines(deriv \sim N, data = sim3, type ='l', lwd = 2, bty ='l', col = 'yellow')
max(sim$deriv, na.rm = TRUE)
max(sim2$deriv, na.rm = TRUE)
max(sim3$deriv, na.rm = TRUE)
which(sim$deriv == max(sim$deriv, na.rm = TRUE))
which(sim2\$deriv == max(sim2\$deriv, na.rm = TRUE))
which(sim3$deriv == max(sim2$deriv, na.rm = TRUE))
sim$N[which(sim$deriv == max(sim$deriv, na.rm = TRUE))]
sim2$N[which(sim2$deriv == max(sim2$deriv, na.rm = TRUE))]
sim3$N[which(sim3$deriv == max(sim3$deriv, na.rm = TRUE))]
```

