# GigaDevice Semiconductor Inc.

# GD32F330xx Arm® Cortex®-M4 32-bit MCU

**Datasheet** 

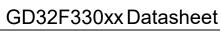


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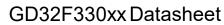




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### 1 General description

The GD32F330xx device belongs to the value line of GD32 MCU family. It is a new 32-bit general-purpose microcontroller based on the Arm® Cortex®-M4 RISC core with best cost-performance ratio in terms of enhanced processing capacity, reduced power consumption and peripheral set. The Cortex®-M4 core features implement a full set of DSP instructions to address digital signal control markets that demand an efficient, easy-to-use blend of control and signal processing capabilities. It also provides a powerful trace technology for enhanced application security and advanced debug support.

The GD32F330xx device incorporates the Arm® Cortex®-M4 32-bit processor core operating at 84 MHz frequency with Flash accesses zero wait states to obtain maximum efficiency. It provides up to 128 KB on-chip Flash memory and up to 16 KB SRAM memory. An extensive range of enhanced I/Os and peripherals connected to two APB buses. The devices offer one 12-bit ADC, up to five general 16-bit timers, a general 32-bit timer, a PWM advanced timer, as well as standard and advanced communication interfaces: up to two SPIs, two I2Cs, two USARTs.

The device operates from a 2.6 to 3.6 V power supply and available in -40 to +85 °C temperature range. Several power saving modes provide the flexibility for maximum optimization between wakeup latency and power consumption, an especially important consideration in low power applications.

The above features make the GD32F330xx devices suitable for a wide range of applications, especially in areas such as industrial control, motor drives, user interface, power monitor and alarm systems, consumer and handheld equipment, gaming and GPS, E-bike and so on.





# 2 Device overview

## 2.1 Device information

Table 2-1. GD32F330xx devices features and peripheral list

Part Number			GD32F330xx								
	Part Number		F6P6	F8P6	G4U6	G6U6	G8U6	K4U6	K6U6	K8U6	
	Code area (KB)	16	32	64	16	32	64	16	32	64	
Flash	Data area (KB)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Total (KB)	16	32	64	16	32	64	16	32	64	
	SRAM (KB)	4	4	8	4	4	8	4	4	8	
	General timer (32-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	bit)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	
	General timer (16-	4	4	4	4	4	5	4	4	5	
	bit)	(2,13,15,16)	(2,13,15,16)	(2,13,15,16)	(2,13,15,16)	(2,13,15,16)	(2,13-16)	(2,13,15,16)	(2,13,15,16)	(2,13-16)	
ers	Advanced timer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
Timers	(16-bit)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	
	SysTick	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Watchdog	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
	RTC	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	USART	1	2	2	1	2	2	1	2	2	
<u>i</u>		(0)	(0-1)	(0-1)	(0)	(0-1)	(0-1)	(0)	(0-1)	(0-1)	
Connectivity	I2C	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	
une	120	(0)	(0)	(0-1)	(0)	(0)	(0-1)	(0)	(0)	(0-1)	
ပိ	SPI	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2	
	JF1	(0)	(0)	(0-1)	(0)	(0)	(0-1)	(0)	(0)	(0-1)	
	GPIO EXTI		15	15	23	23	23	27	27	27	
			12	12	14	14	14	16	16	16	
	Units	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
ADC	Channels (External)	9	9	9	10	10	10	10	10	10	
	Channels (Internal)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	
	Package	Т	SSOP2	0		QFN28			QFN32		



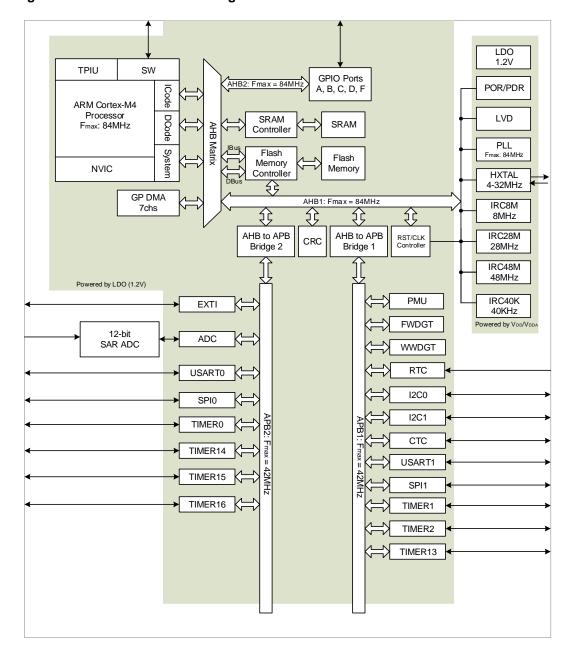
Table 2-2. GD32F330xx devices features and peripheral list (continued)

	Part Number					)32F33(			,	
			К6Т6	К8Т6	C4T6	С6Т6	С8Т6	СВТ6	R8T6	RBT6
	Code area (KB)	16	32	64	16	32	64	64	64	64
Flash	Data area (KB)	0	0	0	0	0	0	64	0	64
	Total (KB)	16	32	64	16	32	64	128	64	128
	SRAM (KB)	4	4	8	4	4	8	16	16	16
	General timer (32-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	bit)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
	General timer (16-	4	4	5	4	4	5	5	5	5
	bit)	(2,13,15,16)	(2,13,15,16)	(2,13-16)	(2,13,15,16)	(2,13,15,16)	(2,13-16)	(2,13-16)	(2,13-16)	(2,13-16)
Timers	Advanced timer	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Ţ.	(16-bit)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)	(0)
	SysTick	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Watchdog	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	RTC	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	LICART	1	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2
i₹	USART	(0)	(0-1)	(0-1)	(0)	(0-1)	(0-1)	(0-1)	(0-1)	(0-1)
Connectivity	I2C	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
nue	120	(0)	(0)	(0-1)	(0)	(0)	(0-1)	(0-1)	(0-1)	(0-1)
ပိ	SPI	1	1	2	1	1	2	2	2	2
	011	(0)	(0)	(0-1)	(0)	(0)	(0-1)	(0-1)	(0-1)	(0-1)
	GPIO	27	27	27	39	39	39	39	55	55
	EXTI		16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
	Units	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
ADC	Channels (External)	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	16	16
	Channels (Internal)	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
	Package	1	LQFP32	2		LQF	P48		LQF	P64



## 2.2 Block diagram

Figure 2-1. GD32F330xx block diagram





### 2.3 Pinouts and pin assignment

Figure 2-2. GD32F330Rx LQFP64 pinouts

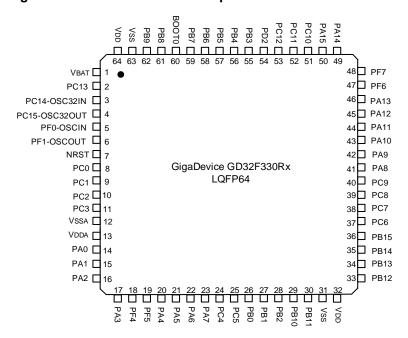


Figure 2-3. GD32F330Cx LQFP48 pinouts

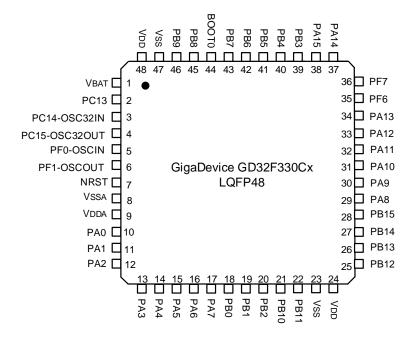




Figure 2-4. GD32F330Kx LQFP32 pinouts

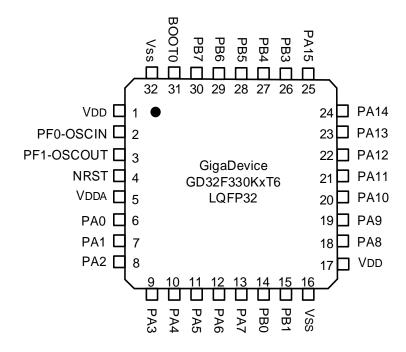


Figure 2-5. GD32F330Kx QFN32 pinouts

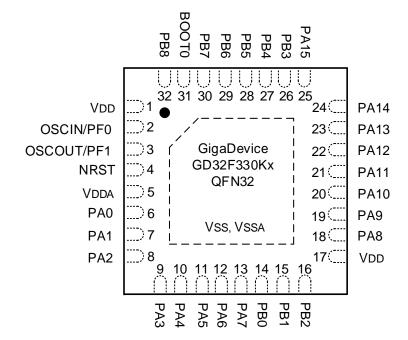




Figure 2-6. GD32F330Gx QFN28 pinouts

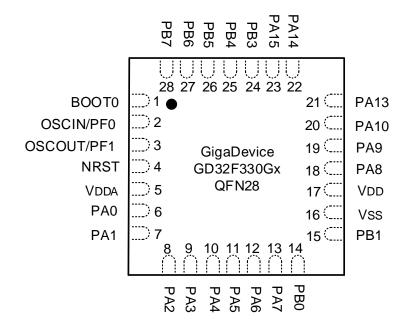
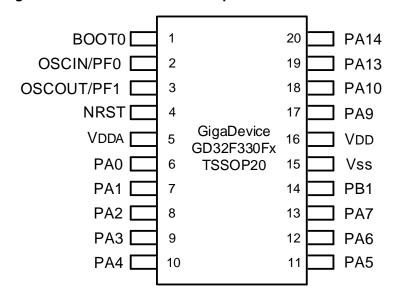


Figure 2-7. GD32F330Fx TSSOP20 pinouts

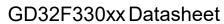




# 2.4 Memory map

Table 2-3. GD32F330xx memory map

Pre-defined	Dura	Address	Davimhauala
Regions	Bus	Address	Peripherals
		0xE000 0000 - 0xE00F FFFF	Cortex®-M4 internal peripherals
External Device		0xA000 0000 - 0xDFFF FFFF	Reserved
External RAM		0x6000 0000 - 0x9FFF FFFF	Reserved
	AHB1	0x5004 0000 - 0x5FFF FFFF	Reserved
	AHBT	0x5000 0000 - 0x5003 FFFF	Reserved
		0x4800 1800 - 0x4FFF FFFF	Reserved
		0x4800 1400 - 0x4800 17FF	GPIOF
		0x4800 1000 - 0x4800 13FF	Reserved
	AHB2	0x4800 0C00 - 0x4800 0FFF	GPIOD
		0x4800 0800 - 0x4800 0BFF	GPIOC
		0x4800 0400 - 0x4800 07FF	GPIOB
		0x4800 0000 - 0x4800 03FF	GPIOA
		0x4002 4400 - 0x47FF FFFF	Reserved
		0x4002 4000 - 0x4002 43FF	Reserved
		0x4002 3400 - 0x4002 3FFF	Reserved
		0x4002 3000 - 0x4002 33FF	CRC
		0x4002 2400 - 0x4002 2FFF	Reserved
	AHB1	0x4002 2000 - 0x4002 23FF	FMC
		0x4002 1400 - 0x4002 1FFF	Reserved
		0x4002 1000 - 0x4002 13FF	RCU
Peripherals		0x4002 0400 - 0x4002 0FFF	Reserved
		0x4002 0000 - 0x4002 03FF	DMA
		0x4001 8000 - 0x4001 FFFF	Reserved
		0x4001 5C00 - 0x4001 7FFF	Reserved
		0x4001 4C00 - 0x4001 5BFF	Reserved
		0x4001 4800 - 0x4001 4BFF	TIMER16
		0x4001 4400 - 0x4001 47FF	TIMER15
		0x4001 4000 - 0x4001 43FF	TIMER14
		0x4001 3C00 - 0x4001 3FFF	Reserved
	APB2	0x4001 3800 - 0x4001 3BFF	USART0
		0x4001 3400 - 0x4001 37FF	Reserved
		0x4001 3000 - 0x4001 33FF	SPI0
		0x4001 2C00 - 0x4001 2FFF	TIMER0
		0x4001 2800 - 0x4001 2BFF	Reserved
		0x4001 2400 - 0x4001 27FF	ADC
		0x4001 0800 - 0x4001 23FF	Reserved
		0x4001 0400 - 0x4001 07FF	EXTI



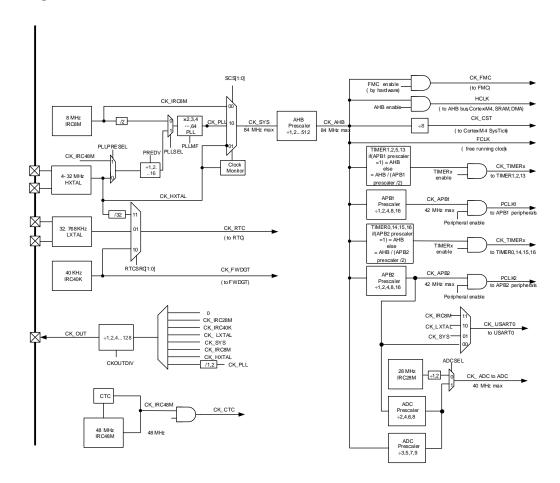


			SDOZI GOOM Datastice
Pre-defined Regions	Bus	Address	Peripherals
		0x4001 0000 - 0x4001 03FF	SYSCFG
		0x4000 CC00 - 0x4000 FFFF	Reserved
		0x4000 C800 - 0x4000 CBFF	СТС
		0x4000 C400 - 0x4000 C7FF	Reserved
		0x4000 C000 - 0x4000 C3FF	Reserved
		0x4000 8000 - 0x4000 BFFF	Reserved
		0x4000 7C00 - 0x4000 7FFF	Reserved
		0x4000 7800 - 0x4000 7BFF	Reserved
		0x4000 7400 - 0x4000 77FF	Reserved
		0x4000 7000 - 0x4000 73FF	PMU
		0x4000 6400 - 0x4000 6FFF	Reserved
		0x4000 6000 - 0x4000 63FF	Reserved
		0x4000 5C00 - 0x4000 5FFF	Reserved
		0x4000 5800 - 0x4000 5BFF	I2C1
		0x4000 5400 - 0x4000 57FF	I2C0
	A DD4	0x4000 4800 - 0x4000 53FF	Reserved
	APB1	0x4000 4400 - 0x4000 47FF	USART1
		0x4000 4000 - 0x4000 43FF	Reserved
		0x4000 3C00 - 0x4000 3FFF	Reserved
		0x4000 3800 - 0x4000 3BFF	SPI1
		0x4000 3400 - 0x4000 37FF	Reserved
		0x4000 3000 - 0x4000 33FF	FWDGT
		0x4000 2C00 - 0x4000 2FFF	WWDGT
		0x4000 2800 - 0x4000 2BFF	RTC
		0x4000 2400 - 0x4000 27FF	Reserved
		0x4000 2000 - 0x4000 23FF	TIMER13
		0x4000 1400 - 0x4000 1FFF	Reserved
		0x4000 1000 - 0x4000 13FF	Reserved
		0x4000 0800 - 0x4000 0FFF	Reserved
		0x4000 0400 - 0x4000 07FF	TIMER2
		0x4000 0000 - 0x4000 03FF	TIMER1
SRAM		0x2000 4000 - 0x3FFF FFFF	Reserved
OIVAIVI		0x2000 0000 - 0x2000 3FFF	SRAM
		0x1FFF FC00 - 0x1FFF FFFF	Reserved
		0x1FFF F800 - 0x1FFF FBFF	Option bytes
		0x1FFF EC00 - 0x1FFF F7FF	System memory
Code		0x0802 0000 - 0x1FFF EBFF	Reserved
		0x0800 0000 - 0x0801 FFFF	Main Flash memory
		0x0010 0000 - 0x07FF FFFF	Reserved
		0x0000 0000 - 0x000F FFFF	Aliased to Flash or system memory



#### 2.5 Clock tree

Figure 2-8. GD32F330xx clock tree



#### Note:

If the APB prescaler is 1, the timer clock frequencies are set to AHB frequency divide by 1. Otherwise, they are set to the AHB frequency divide by half of APB prescaler.

#### Legend:

HXTAL: High speed crystal oscillator LXTAL: Low speed crystal oscillator IRC8M: Internal 8M RC oscillators IRC40K: Internal 40K RC oscillator IRC48M: Internal 48M RC oscillators IRC28M: Internal 28M RC oscillators



## 2.6 Pin definitions

## 2.6.1 GD32F330Rx LQFP64 pin definitions

Table 2-4. GD32F330Rx LQFP64 pin definitions

	2-4. GD321 330KX EQ1 F 04 pill		-					
Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type <sup>(1)</sup>	I/O Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Functions description				
V <sub>BAT</sub>	1	Р		Default: V <sub>BAT</sub>				
PC13- TAMPER- RTC	2	I/O		Default: PC13 Additional: RTC_TAMP0, RTC_TS, RTC_OUT, WKUP1				
PC14- OSC32IN	3	I/O		Default: PC14 Additional: OSC32IN				
PC15- OSC32OUT	4	I/O		Default: PC15 Additional: OSC32OUT				
PF0-OSCIN	5	I/O	5VT	Default: PF0 Alternate: CTC_SYNC Additional: OSCIN				
PF1- OSCOUT	6	I/O	5VT	Default: PF1 Additional: OSCOUT				
NRST	7	I/O		Default: NRST				
PC0	8	I/O		Default: PC0 Alternate: EVENTOUT Additional: ADC_IN10				
PC1	9	I/O		Default: PC1 Alternate: EVENTOUT Additional: ADC_IN11				
PC2	10	I/O		Default: PC2 Alternate: EVENTOUT Additional: ADC_IN12				
PC3	11	I/O		Default: PC3 Alternate: EVENTOUT Additional: ADC_IN13				
V <sub>SSA</sub>	12	Р		Default: V <sub>SSA</sub>				
$V_{DDA}$	13	Р		Default: V <sub>DDA</sub>				
PA0-WKUP	14	I/O		Default: PA0 Alternate: USART1_CTS, TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, I2C1_SCL Additional: ADC_IN0, RTC_TAMP1, WKUP0				
PA1	15	I/O		Default: PA1 Alternate: USART1_RTS, TIMER1_CH1, I2C1_SDA, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC_IN1				
PA2	16	I/O		Default: PA2 Alternate: USART1_TX, TIMER1_CH2, TIMER14_CH0				



				GD32F330XX Datasneet			
Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type <sup>(1)</sup>	I/O Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Functions description			
				Additional: ADC_IN2			
PA3	17	I/O		Default: PA3 Alternate: USART1_RX, TIMER1_CH3, TIMER14_CH1 Additional: ADC_IN3			
PF4	18	I/O	5VT	Default: PF4 Alternate: EVENTOUT			
PF5	19	I/O	5VT	Default: PF5 Alternate: EVENTOUT			
PA4	20	I/O		Default: PA4 Alternate: SPI0_NSS, USART1_CK, TIMER13_CH0, SPI1_NSS Additional: ADC_IN4			
PA5	21	I/O		Default: PA5 Alternate: SPI0_SCK, TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI Additional: ADC_IN5			
PA6	22	I/O		Default: PA6 Alternate: SPI0_MISO, TIMER2_CH0, TIMER0_BKIN, TIMER15_CH0, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC_IN6			
PA7	23	I/O		Default: PA7 Alternate: SPI0_MOSI, TIMER2_CH1, TIMER13_CH0, TIMER0_CH0_ON, TIMER16_CH0, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC_IN7			
PC4	24	I/O		Default: PC4 Alternate: EVENTOUT Additional: ADC_IN14			
PC5	25	I/O		Default: PC5 Additional: ADC_IN15, WKUP4			
PB0	26	I/O		Default: PB0 Alternate: TIMER2_CH2, TIMER0_CH1_ON, USART1_RX <sup>(4)</sup> , EVENTOUT Additional: ADC_IN8			
PB1	27	I/O		Default: PB1 Alternate: TIMER2_CH3, TIMER13_CH0, TIMER0_CH2_ON, SPI1_SCK Additional: ADC_IN9			
PB2	28	I/O	5VT	Default: PB2			
PB10	29	I/O	5VT	Default: PB10 Alternate: I2C1_SCL, TIMER1_CH2, SPI1_IO2			
PB11	30	I/O	5VT	Default: PB11 Alternate:I2C1_SDA, TIMER1_CH3, EVENTOUT, SPI1_IO3			
Vss	31	Р		Default: Vss			
$V_{DD}$	32	Р		Default: V <sub>DD</sub>			
PB12	33	I/O	5VT	Default: PB12			



				GD32F330XX Datasilee
Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type <sup>(1)</sup>	I/O Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Functions description
		7,00		Alternate: SPI1_NSS, TIMER0_BKIN, I2C1_SMBA,
				EVENTOUT
				Default: PB13
PB13	34	I/O	5VT	Alternate: SPI1_SCK, TIMER0_CH0_ON
				Default: PB14
PB14	35	I/O	5VT	Alternate: SPI1_MISO, TIMER0_CH1_ON,
1 514	00	.,,	371	TIMER14_CH0
				Default: PB15
				Alternate: SPI1_MOSI, TIMER0_CH2_ON,
PB15	36	I/O	5VT	TIMER14_CH0_ON, TIMER14_CH1
				Additional: RTC_REFIN, WKUP6
				Default: PC6
PC6	37	I/O	5VT	Alternate: TIMER2_CH0
			_,	Default: PC7
PC7	38	I/O	5VT	Alternate: TIMER2_CH1
DOG	00	1/0	E) /T	Default: PC8
PC8	39	I/O	5VT	Alternate: TIMER2_CH2
PC9	40	I/O	5VT	Default: PC9
FC9	40	1/0	371	Alternate: TIMER2_CH3
			5VT	Default: PA8
PA8	41	I/O		Alternate: USART0_CK, TIMER0_CH0, CK_OUT,
				USART1_TX, EVENTOUT,CTC_SYNC
				Default: PA9
PA9	42	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_TX, TIMER0_CH1, TIMER14_BKIN ,
				I2C0_SCL Default: PA10
DA40	40	1/0	E) /T	Alternate: USART0_RX, TIMER0_CH2, TIMER16_BKIN,
PA10	43	I/O	5VT	I2CO_SDA
DA44	44	I/O	5VT	Default: PA11 Alternate: USART0_CTS, TIMER0_CH3, EVENTOUT,
PA11	44	1/0	371	SPI1_IO2
				Default: PA12
PA12	45	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_RTS, TIMER0_ETI, EVENTOUT,
		., 0		SPI1_IO3
				Default: PA13
PA13	46	I/O	5VT	Alternate: IFRP_OUT, SWDIO, SPI1_MISO
DEC	47	1/0	E) /T	Default: PF6
PF6	47	I/O	5VT	Alternate: I2C1_SCL
PF7	48	I/O	5VT	Default: PF7
1 57	70	1/0	3 7 1	Alternate: I2C1_SDA
PA14	49	I/O	5VT	Default: PA14
		., 0		Alternate: USART1_TX, SWCLK, SPI1_MOSI
<b>F</b> • • •				Default: PA15
PA15	50	I/O	5VT	Alternate: SPI0_NSS , USART1_RX, TIMER1_CH0,
				TIMER1_ETI, SPI1_NSS, EVENTOUT



Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type <sup>(1)</sup>	I/O Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Functions description
PC10	51	I/O	5VT	Default: PC10
PC11	52	I/O	5VT	Default: PC11
PC12	53	I/O	5VT	Default: PC12
DDO	<i></i>	1/0	C) /T	Default: PD2
PD2	54	I/O	5VT	Alternate: TIMER2_ETI
PB3	55	I/O	5VT	Default: PB3
FDS	55	1/0	371	Alternate: SPI0_SCK, TIMER1_CH1, EVENTOUT
PB4	56	I/O	5VT	Default: PB4
FD4	36	1/0	371	Alternate: SPI0_MISO, TIMER2_CH0, EVENTOUT
				Default: PB5
PB5	57	I/O	5VT	Alternate: SPI0_MOSI, I2C0_SMBA, TIMER15_BKIN,
PBS	57	1/0		TIMER2_CH1
				Additional:WKUP5
PB6	58	I/O	5VT	Default: PB6
F B0	56	1/0	371	Alternate: I2C0_SCL, USART0_TX, TIMER15_CH0_ON
PB7	59	I/O	5VT	Default: PB7
FB/	39	1/0	371	Alternate: I2C0_SDA, USART0_RX, TIMER16_CH0_ON
воото	60	I		Default: BOOT0
PB8	61	I/O	C) /T	Default: PB8
PBO	61	1/0	5VT	Alternate: I2C0_SCL, TIMER15_CH0
				Default: PB9
PB9	62	I/O	5VT	Alternate: I2C0_SDA, IFRP_OUT,TIMER16_CH0,
				EVENTOUT
Vss	63	Р		Default: Vss
V <sub>DD</sub>	64	Р		Default: V <sub>DD</sub>

- (1) Type: I = input, O = output, P = power.
- (2) I/O Level: 5VT = 5 V tolerant.
- (3) Functions are available on GD32F330R4 devices only.
- (4) Functions are available on GD32F330RB/8/6 devices.
- (5) Functions are available on GD32F330RB/8 devices.

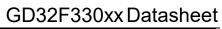
### 2.6.2 GD32F330Cx LQFP48 pin definitions

Table 2-5. GD32F330Cx LQFP48 pin definitions

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type <sup>(1)</sup>	I/O Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Functions description
$V_{BAT}$	1	Р		Default: V <sub>BAT</sub>
PC13- TAMPER- RTC	2	I/O		Default: PC13 Additional: RTC_TAMP0, RTC_TS, RTC_OUT, WKUP1
PC14- OSC32IN	3	I/O		Default: PC14 Additional: OSC32IN



				GD32F330XX Datasnee
Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type <sup>(1)</sup>	I/O Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Functions description
PC15- OSC32OUT	4	I/O		Default: PC15 Additional: OSC32OUT
PF0-OSCIN	5	I/O	5VT	Default: PF0 Alternate: CTC_SYNC Additional: OSCIN
PF1- OSCOUT	6	I/O	5VT	Default: PF1 Additional: OSCOUT
NRST	7	I/O		Default: NRST
Vssa	8	Р		Default: V <sub>SSA</sub>
$V_{DDA}$	9	Р		Default: V <sub>DDA</sub>
PA0-WKUP	10	I/O		Default: PA0 Alternate: USART0_CTS <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_CTS <sup>(4)</sup> , TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, I2C1_SCL <sup>(5)</sup> Additional: ADC_IN0, RTC_TAMP1, WKUP0
PA1	11	I/O		Default: PA1 Alternate: USART0_RTS <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_RTS <sup>(4)</sup> , TIMER1_CH1, I2C1_SDA <sup>(5)</sup> , EVENTOUT Additional: ADC_IN1
PA2	12	I/O		Default: PA2 Alternate: USART0_TX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_TX <sup>(4)</sup> , TIMER1_CH2, TIMER14_CH0 Additional: ADC_IN2
PA3	13	I/O		Default: PA3 Alternate: USART0_RX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_RX <sup>(4)</sup> , TIMER1_CH3, TIMER14_CH1 Additional: ADC_IN3
PA4	14	I/O		Default: PA4 Alternate: SPI0_NSS, USART0_CK <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_CK <sup>(4)</sup> , TIMER13_CH0, SPI1_NSS <sup>(5)</sup> Additional: ADC_IN4
PA5	15	I/O		Default: PA5 Alternate: SPI0_SCK, TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI Additional: ADC_IN5
PA6	16	I/O		Default: PA6 Alternate: SPI0_MISO, TIMER2_CH0, TIMER0_BKIN, TIMER15_CH0, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC_IN6
PA7	17	I/O		Default: PA7 Alternate: SPI0_MOSI, TIMER2_CH1, TIMER13_CH0, TIMER0_CH0_ON, TIMER16_CH0, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC_IN7
PB0	18	I/O		Default: PB0 Alternate: TIMER2_CH2, TIMER0_CH1_ON, USART1_RX <sup>(4)</sup> , EVENTOUT Additional: ADC_IN8





		Pin	I/O	OBOZI OSOAA Batasiicet
Pin Name	Pins	Type <sup>(1)</sup>	Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Functions description
		1 ype	Leven	D ( 1/ DD4
				Default: PB1 Alternate: TIMER2_CH3, TIMER13_CH0,
PB1	19	I/O		TIMERO_CH2_ON, SPI1_SCK <sup>(5)</sup>
				Additional: ADC_IN9
PB2	20	I/O	5VT	Default: PB2
1 02	20	.,,	071	Default: PB10
PB10	21	I/O	5VT	Alternate: I2C0_SCL <sup>(3)</sup> ,I2C1_SCL <sup>(5)</sup> , TIMER1_CH2,
		., -		SPI1_IO2 <sup>(5)</sup>
				Default: PB11
PB11	22	I/O	5VT	Alternate: I2C0_SDA <sup>(3)</sup> ,I2C1_SDA <sup>(5)</sup> , TIMER1_CH3,
				EVENTOUT, SPI1_IO3(5)
Vss	23	Р		Default: Vss
$V_{DD}$	24	Р		Default: V <sub>DD</sub>
				Default: PB12
PB12	25	I/O	5VT	Alternate: SPI0_NSS <sup>(3)</sup> , SPI1_NSS <sup>(5)</sup> , TIMER0_BKIN,
				I2C1_SMBA <sup>(5)</sup> , EVENTOUT
				Default: PB13
PB13	26	I/O	5VT	Alternate: SPI0_SCK <sup>(3)</sup> , SPI1_SCK <sup>(5)</sup> , TIMER0_CH0_ON
				Default: PB14
PB14	27	I/O	5VT	Alternate: SPI0_MISO(3), SPI1_MISO(5),
				TIMER0_CH1_ON, TIMER14_CH0
				Default: PB15
DD45	20	1/0	EV/T	Alternate: SPI0_MOSI <sup>(3)</sup> , SPI1_MOSI <sup>(5)</sup> ,
PB15	28	I/O	5VT	TIMER0_CH2_ON, TIMER14_CH0_ON, TIMER14_CH1
				Additional: RTC_REFIN, WKUP6
				Default: PA8
PA8	29	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_CK, TIMER0_CH0, CK_OUT,
				USART1_TX <sup>(4)</sup> , EVENTOUT,CTC_SYNC
				Default: PA9
PA9	30	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_TX, TIMER0_CH1, TIMER14_BKIN ,
				I2CO_SCL
				Default: PA10
PA10	31	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_RX, TIMER0_CH2, TIMER16_BKIN,
				I2CO_SDA
5			-\ -\	Default: PA11
PA11 32	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_CTS, TIMER0_CH3, EVENTOUT,	
				SPI1_IO2 <sup>(5)</sup>
PA12	22	1/0	5VT	Default: PA12 Alternate: USART0_RTS, TIMER0_ETI, EVENTOUT,
	33	I/O	371	SPI1_IO3 <sup>(5)</sup>
				Default: PA13
PA13	34	I/O	5VT	Alternate: IFRP_OUT, SWDIO, SPI1_MISO <sup>(5)</sup>
			_, _	Default: PF6
PF6	35	I/O	5VT	Alternate: I2C0_SCL <sup>(3)</sup> , I2C1_SCL <sup>(5)</sup>



	Die		1/0	1/0		
Pin Name	Pins	Pin		Functions description		
		Type <sup>(1)</sup>	Level <sup>(2)</sup>			
PF7	36	I/O	5VT	Default: PF7		
		.,,	011	Alternate: I2C0_SDA <sup>(3)</sup> , I2C1_SDA <sup>(5)</sup>		
				Default: PA14		
PA14	37	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_TX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_TX <sup>(4)</sup> , SWCLK,		
				SPI1_MOSI <sup>(5)</sup>		
				Default: PA15		
PA15	38	I/O	5VT	Alternate: SPI0_NSS, USART0_RX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_RX <sup>(4)</sup> ,		
				TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, SPI1_NSS <sup>(5)</sup> , EVENTOUT		
PB3	39	I/O	5VT	Default: PB3		
. 20		., 0	011	Alternate: SPI0_SCK, TIMER1_CH1, EVENTOUT		
PB4	40	I/O	5VT	Default: PB4		
		., 0	011	Alternate: SPI0_MISO, TIMER2_CH0, EVENTOUT		
		I/O	5VT	Default: PB5		
PB5	41			Alternate: SPI0_MOSI, I2C0_SMBA, TIMER15_BKIN,		
. 23				TIMER2_CH1		
				Additional:WKUP5		
PB6	42	I/O	5VT	Default: PB6		
		., -		Alternate: I2C0_SCL, USART0_TX, TIMER15_CH0_ON		
PB7	43	I/O	5VT	Default: PB7		
				Alternate: I2C0_SDA, USART0_RX, TIMER16_CH0_ON		
BOOT0	44	I		Default: BOOT0		
PB8	45	I/O	5VT	Default: PB8		
. 23		.,, C	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Alternate: I2C0_SCL, TIMER15_CH0		
				Default: PB9		
PB9	46	I/O	5VT	Alternate: I2C0_SDA, IFRP_OUT,TIMER16_CH0,		
				EVENTOUT		
Vss	47	Р		Default: Vss		
$V_{DD}$	48	Р		Default: V <sub>DD</sub>		

- (1) Type: I = input, O = output, P = power.
- (2) I/O Level: 5VT = 5 V tolerant.
- (3) Functions are available on GD32F330C4 devices only.
- (4) Functions are available on GD32F330CB/8/6 devices.
- (5) Functions are available on GD32F330CB/8 devices.

### 2.6.3 GD32F330Kx LQFP32 pin definitions

Table 2-6. GD32F330Kx LQFP32 pin definitions

Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type <sup>(1)</sup>	I/O Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Functions description
				Default: PF0
PF0-OSCIN	2	I/O	5VT	Alternate: CTC_SYNC
				Additional: OSCIN



				GD32F330XX Datasnee
Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type <sup>(1)</sup>	I/O Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Functions description
PF1- OSCOUT	3	I/O	5VT	Default: PF1 Additional: OSCOUT
NRST	4	I/O		Default: NRST
$V_{DDA}$	5	Р		Default: V <sub>DDA</sub>
				Default: PA0
				Alternate: USART0_CTS <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_CTS <sup>(4)</sup> ,
PA0-WKUP	6	I/O		TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, I2C1_SCL(5)
				Additional: ADC_IN0, RTC_TAMP1, WKUP0
				Default: PA1
PA1	7	I/O		Alternate: USART0_RTS <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_RTS <sup>(4)</sup> ,
170	,	.,,		TIMER1_CH1, I2C1_SDA <sup>(5)</sup> , EVENTOUT
				Additional: ADC_IN1
				Default: PA2
PA2	8	I/O		Alternate: USART0_TX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_TX <sup>(4)</sup> , TIMER1_CH2,
				TIMER14_CH0
				Additional: ADC_IN2 Default: PA3
				Alternate: USART0_RX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_RX <sup>(4)</sup> ,
PA3	9	I/O		TIMER1_CH3, TIMER14_CH1
				Additional: ADC_IN3
				Default: PA4
		10 I/O		Alternate: SPI0_NSS, USART0_CK <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_CK <sup>(4)</sup> ,
PA4	10			TIMER13_CH0, SPI1_NSS <sup>(5)</sup>
				Additional: ADC_IN4
				Default: PA5
PA5	11	I/O		Alternate: SPI0_SCK, TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI
				Additional: ADC_IN5
				Default: PA6
PA6	12	I/O		Alternate: SPI0_MISO, TIMER2_CH0, TIMER0_BKIN,
1710		., 0		TIMER15_CH0, EVENTOUT
				Additional: ADC_IN6
				Default: PA7
PA7	13	I/O		Alternate: SPI0_MOSI, TIMER2_CH1, TIMER13_CH0,
				TIMER0_CH0_ON, TIMER16_CH0, EVENTOUT Additional: ADC_IN7
				Default: PB0
				Alternate: TIMER2_CH2, TIMER0_CH1_ON,
PB0	14	I/O		USART1_RX <sup>(4)</sup> , EVENTOUT
				Additional: ADC_IN8
				Default: PB1
DD4	4.5	1/0		Alternate: TIMER2_CH3, TIMER13_CH0,
PB1	15	I/O		TIMER0_CH2_ON, SPI1_SCK <sup>(5)</sup>
				Additional: ADC_IN9
Vss	16	Р		Default: Vss
$V_{DD}$	17	Р		Default: V <sub>DD</sub>





		Pin	I/O	
Pin Name	Pins	Type <sup>(1)</sup>	Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Functions description
		i ype.	Level	D. C. H. DAG
DAG	40	1/0	E) (T	Default: PA8
PA8	18	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_CK, TIMER0_CH0, CK_OUT,
				USART1_TX <sup>(4)</sup> , EVENTOUT,CTC_SYNC
D.4.0	40	1/0	E) (T	Default: PA9
PA9	19	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_TX, TIMER0_CH1, TIMER14_BKIN , I2C0_SCL
				Default: PA10
PA10	20	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_RX, TIMER0_CH2, TIMER16_BKIN,
				I2C0_SDA
				Default: PA11
PA11	21	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_CTS, TIMER0_CH3, EVENTOUT, SPI1_IO2 <sup>(5)</sup>
				Default: PA12
PA12	22	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_RTS, TIMER0_ETI, EVENTOUT,
			3 7 1	SPI1_IO3 <sup>(5)</sup>
				Default: PA13
PA13	23	I/O	5VT	Alternate: IFRP_OUT, SWDIO, SPI1_MISO(5)
		I/O		Default: PA14
PA14	24		5VT	Alternate: USART0_TX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_TX <sup>(4)</sup> , SWCLK,
				SPI1_MOSI <sup>(5)</sup>
				Default: PA15
PA15	25	I/O	5VT	Alternate: SPI0_NSS, USART0_RX(3), USART1_RX(4),
				TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, SPI1_NSS <sup>(5)</sup> , EVENTOUT
PB3	26	I/O	5VT	Default: PB3
FDS	20	1/0	371	Alternate: SPI0_SCK, TIMER1_CH1, EVENTOUT
DD4	27	1/0	E\/T	Default: PB4
PB4	27	I/O	5VT	Alternate: SPI0_MISO, TIMER2_CH0, EVENTOUT
				Default: PB5
PB5	28	I/O	5VT	Alternate: SPI0_MOSI, I2C0_SMBA, TIMER15_BKIN,
1 00	20	1/0	371	TIMER2_CH1
				Additional:WKUP5
PB6	29	I/O	5VT	Default: PB6
. 50	23 1/0		Alternate: I2C0_SCL, USART0_TX, TIMER15_CH0_ON	
PB7	PB7 30	I/O	5VT	Default: PB7
				Alternate: I2C0_SDA, USART0_RX, TIMER16_CH0_ON
BOOT0	31	I		Default: BOOT0
Vss	32	Р		Default: V <sub>SS</sub>
$V_{DD}$	1	Р		Default: V <sub>DD</sub>

- (1) Type: I = input, O = output, P = power.
- (2) I/O Level: 5VT = 5 V tolerant.
- (3) Functions are available on GD32F330K4 devices only.
- (4) Functions are available on GD32F330KB/8/6 devices.
- (5) Functions are available on GD32F330KB/8 devices.



## 2.6.4 GD32F330Kx QFN32 pin definitions

Table 2-7. GD32F330Kx QFN32 pin definitions

		Pin	I/O	
Pin Name	Pins	Type <sup>(1)</sup>	Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Functions description
				Default: PF0
PF0-OSCIN	2	I/O	5VT	Alternate: CTC_SYNC
				Additional: OSCIN
PF1-	3	I/O	5VT	Default: PF1
OSCOUT	3	1/0	371	Additional: OSCOUT
NRST	4	I/O		Default: NRST
$V_{\text{DDA}}$	5	Р		Default: V <sub>DDA</sub>
				Default: PA0
PA0-WKUP	6	I/O		Alternate: USART0_CTS <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_CTS <sup>(4)</sup> ,
PAU-WKUP	6	1/0		TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, I2C1_SCL(5)
1				Additional: ADC_IN0, RTC_TAMP1, WKUP0
				Default: PA1
PA1	7	I/O		Alternate: USART0_RTS <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_RTS <sup>(4)</sup> ,
FAI	,	1/0		TIMER1_CH1, I2C1_SDA(5), EVENTOUT
				Additional: ADC_IN1
				Default: PA2
PA2	8	I/O		Alternate: USART0_TX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_TX <sup>(4)</sup> , TIMER1_CH2,
I AZ	0	8   1/0		TIMER14_CH0
				Additional: ADC_IN2
				Default: PA3
PA3	9	1/0		Alternate: USART0_RX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_RX <sup>(4)</sup> ,
1710	3	1/0		TIMER1_CH3, TIMER14_CH1
				Additional: ADC_IN3
				Default: PA4
PA4	10	I/O		Alternate: SPI0_NSS, USART0_CK <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_CK <sup>(4)</sup> ,
	.0			TIMER13_CH0, SPI1_NSS <sup>(5)</sup>
				Additional: ADC_IN4
				Default: PA5
PA5	11	I/O		Alternate: SPI0_SCK, TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI
				Additional: ADC_IN5
				Default: PA6
PA6	12	I/O		Alternate: SPI0_MISO, TIMER2_CH0, TIMER0_BKIN,
				TIMER15_CH0, EVENTOUT
				Additional: ADC_IN6
PA7				Default: PA7
	13	I/O		Alternate: SPI0_MOSI, TIMER2_CH1, TIMER13_CH0,
	-			TIMERO_CHO_ON, TIMER16_CHO, EVENTOUT
				Additional: ADC_IN7
				Default: PB0
PB0	14	14 I/O		Alternate: TIMER2_CH2, TIMER0_CH1_ON,
				USART1_RX <sup>(4)</sup> , EVENTOUT
			1	Additional: ADC_IN8



				GD32F330XX Datasnee
Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type <sup>(1)</sup>	I/O Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Functions description
PB1	15	I/O		Default: PB1 Alternate: TIMER2_CH3, TIMER13_CH0, TIMER0_CH2_ON, SPI1_SCK <sup>(5)</sup> Additional: ADC_IN9
PB2	16	I/O	5VT	Default: PB2
V <sub>DD</sub>	17	Р		Default: V <sub>DD</sub>
PA8	18	I/O	5VT	Default: PA8 Alternate: USART0_CK, TIMER0_CH0, CK_OUT, USART1_TX <sup>(4)</sup> , EVENTOUT,CTC_SYNC
PA9	19	I/O	5VT	Default: PA9 Alternate: USART0_TX, TIMER0_CH1, TIMER14_BKIN , I2C0_SCL
PA10	20	I/O	5VT	Default: PA10 Alternate: USART0_RX, TIMER0_CH2, TIMER16_BKIN, I2C0_SDA
PA11	21	I/O	5VT	Default: PA11 Alternate: USART0_CTS, TIMER0_CH3, EVENTOUT, SPI1_IO2 <sup>(5)</sup>
PA12	22	I/O	5VT	Default: PA12 Alternate: USART0_RTS, TIMER0_ETI, EVENTOUT, SPI1_IO3 <sup>(5)</sup>
PA13	23	I/O	5VT	Default: PA13 Alternate: IFRP_OUT, SWDIO, SPI1_MISO <sup>(5)</sup>
PA14	24	I/O	5VT	Default: PA14 Alternate: USART0_TX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_TX <sup>(4)</sup> , SWCLK, SPI1_MOSI <sup>(5)</sup>
PA15	25	I/O	5VT	Default: PA15 Alternate: SPI0_NSS , USART0_RX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_RX <sup>(4)</sup> , TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, SPI1_NSS <sup>(5)</sup> , EVENTOUT
PB3	26	I/O	5VT	Default: PB3 Alternate: SPI0_SCK, TIMER1_CH1, EVENTOUT
PB4	27	I/O	5VT	Default: PB4 Alternate: SPI0_MISO, TIMER2_CH0, EVENTOUT
PB5	28	I/O	5VT	Default: PB5 Alternate: SPI0_MOSI, I2C0_SMBA, TIMER15_BKIN, TIMER2_CH1 Additional:WKUP5
PB6	29	I/O	5VT	Default: PB6 Alternate: I2C0_SCL, USART0_TX, TIMER15_CH0_ON
PB7	30	I/O	5VT	Default: PB7 Alternate: I2C0_SDA, USART0_RX, TIMER16_CH0_ON
воото	31	I		Default: BOOT0
PB8	32	I/O	5VT	Default: PB8 Alternate: I2C0_SCL, TIMER15_CH0
V <sub>DD</sub>	1	Р		Default: V <sub>DD</sub>

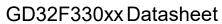


- (1) Type: I = input, O = output, P = power.
- (2) I/O Level: 5VT = 5 V tolerant.
- (3) Functions are available on GD32F330K4 devices only.
- (4) Functions are available on GD32F330KB/8/6 devices.
- (5) Functions are available on GD32F330KB/8 devices.

### 2.6.5 GD32F330Gx QFN28 pin definitions

Table 2-8. GD32F330Gx QFN28 pin definitions

Din Nama	Di	Pin	I/O	Formation and a secondary
Pin Name	Pins	Type <sup>(1)</sup>	Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Functions description
				Default: PF0
PF0-OSCIN	2	I/O	5VT	Alternate: CTC_SYNC
				Additional: OSCIN
PF1-	2	1/0	C) /T	Default: PF1
OSCOUT	3	1/0	5VT	Additional: OSCOUT
NRST	4	I/O		Default: NRST
$V_{DDA}$	5	Р		Default: V <sub>DDA</sub>
				Default: PA0
DAG MAKUD	0	1/0		Alternate: USART0_CTS <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_CTS <sup>(4)</sup> ,
PA0-WKUP	6	I/O		TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, I2C1_SCL <sup>(5)</sup>
				Additional: ADC_IN0, RTC_TAMP1, WKUP0
				Default: PA1
D.4.4	-	1/0		Alternate: USART0_RTS <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_RTS <sup>(4)</sup> ,
PA1	7	I/O		TIMER1_CH1, I2C1_SDA <sup>(5)</sup> , EVENTOUT
				Additional: ADC_IN1
				Default: PA2
D.1.0	•			Alternate: USART0_TX(3), USART1_TX(4), TIMER1_CH2,
PA2	8	I/O		TIMER14_CH0
				Additional: ADC_IN2
				Default: PA3
DAG	0	1/0		Alternate: USART0_RX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_RX <sup>(4)</sup> ,
PA3	9	I/O		TIMER1_CH3, TIMER14_CH1
				Additional: ADC_IN3
				Default: PA4
D.4.4	4.0	1/0		Alternate: SPI0_NSS, USART0_CK(3), USART1_CK(4),
PA4	10	I/O		TIMER13_CH0, SPI1_NSS <sup>(5)</sup>
				Additional: ADC_IN4
				Default: PA5
PA5	11	I/O		Alternate: SPI0_SCK, TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI
				Additional: ADC_IN5
				Default: PA6
DAG	40	1/0		Alternate: SPI0_MISO, TIMER2_CH0, TIMER0_BKIN,
PA6	12	I/O		TIMER15_CH0, EVENTOUT
				Additional: ADC_IN6
PA7	13	I/O		Default: PA7





		Pin	1/0	VO				
Pin Name	Pins			Functions description				
		Type <sup>(1)</sup>	Level <sup>(2)</sup>					
				Alternate: SPI0_MOSI, TIMER2_CH1, TIMER13_CH0,				
				TIMERO_CHO_ON, TIMER16_CHO, EVENTOUT				
				Additional: ADC_IN7				
				Default: PB0				
PB0	14	I/O		Alternate: TIMER2_CH2, TIMER0_CH1_ON, USART1_RX, EVENTOUT				
				_ ·				
				Additional: ADC_IN8  Default: PB1				
				Alternate: TIMER2_CH3, TIMER13_CH0,				
PB1	15	I/O		TIMERO_CH2_ON, SPI1_SCK <sup>(5)</sup>				
				Additional: ADC_IN9				
Vss	16	P		Default: Vss				
		P		Default: V <sub>DD</sub>				
V <sub>DD</sub>	17	Р						
DAG	40	1/0	EV.T	Default: PA8				
PA8	18	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_CK, TIMER0_CH0, CK_OUT, USART1_TX, EVENTOUT,CTC_SYNC				
				Default: PA9				
PA9	19	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_TX, TIMER0_CH1, TIMER14_BKIN,				
FA9	19	1/0	371	I2C0_SCL				
				Default: PA10				
PA10	20	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_RX, TIMER0_CH2, TIMER16_BKIN,				
PAIO	20	1/0	3 7 1	IZCO_SDA				
				Default: PA13				
PA13	21	I/O	5VT	Alternate: IFRP_OUT, SWDIO, SPI1_MISO <sup>(5)</sup>				
				Default: PA14				
PA14	22	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_TX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_TX <sup>(4)</sup> , SWCLK,				
1714	22	1/0	3 7 1	SPI1_MOSI <sup>(5)</sup>				
				Default: PA15				
PA15	23	I/O	5VT	Alternate: SPI0_NSS , USART0_RX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_RX <sup>(4)</sup> ,				
				TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, SPI1_NSS <sup>(5)</sup> , EVENTOUT				
				Default: PB3				
PB3	24	I/O	5VT	Alternate: SPI0_SCK, TIMER1_CH1, EVENTOUT				
				Default: PB4				
PB4	25	I/O	5VT	Alternate: SPI0_MISO, TIMER2_CH0, EVENTOUT				
				Default: PB5				
				Alternate: SPI0_MOSI, I2C0_SMBA, TIMER15_BKIN,				
PB5	26	I/O	5VT	TIMER2_CH1				
				Additional:WKUP5				
DDC	07	1/0	F\ / <del>-</del>	Default: PB6				
PB6	27	I/O	5VT	Alternate: I2C0_SCL, USART0_TX, TIMER15_CH0_ON				
DD7	20	1/0	E\ /T	Default: PB7				
PB7	28	I/O	5VT	Alternate: I2C0_SDA, USART0_RX, TIMER16_CH0_ON				
воото	1	I		Default: BOOT0				

(1) Type: I = input, O = output, P = power.



- (2) I/O Level: 5VT = 5 V tolerant.
- (3) Functions are available on GD32F330G4 devices only.
- (4) Functions are available on GD32F330GB/8/6 devices.
- (5) Functions are available on GD32F330GB/8 devices.

### 2.6.6 GD32F330Fx TSSOP20 pin definitions

Table 2-9. GD32F330Fx TSSOP20 pin definitions

D' N	D'	Pin	I/O	
Pin Name	Pins	Type <sup>(1)</sup>	Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Functions description
				Default: PF0
PF0-OSCIN	2	I/O	5VT	Alternate: CTC_SYNC
				Additional: OSCIN
PF1-	0	1/0	E) (T	Default: PF1
OSCOUT	3	I/O	5VT	Additional: OSCOUT
NRST	4	I/O		Default: NRST
V <sub>DDA</sub>	5	Р		Default: V <sub>DDA</sub>
				Default: PA0
				Alternate: USART0_CTS <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_CTS <sup>(4)</sup> ,
PA0-WKUP	6	I/O		TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI, I2C1_SCL <sup>(5)</sup>
				Additional: ADC_IN0, RTC_TAMP1, WKUP0
				Default: PA1
	_			Alternate: USART0_RTS <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_RTS <sup>(4)</sup> ,
PA1	7	I/O		TIMER1_CH1, I2C1_SDA(5), EVENTOUT
				Additional: ADC_IN1
				Default: PA2
	8	I/O		Alternate: USART0_TX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_TX <sup>(4)</sup> , TIMER1_CH2,
PA2				TIMER14_CH0
				Additional: ADC_IN2
				Default: PA3
D40	0	I/O		Alternate: USART0_RX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_RX <sup>(4)</sup> ,
PA3	9			TIMER1_CH3, TIMER14_CH1
				Additional: ADC_IN3
				Default: PA4
PA4	10	1/0		Alternate: SPI0_NSS, USART0_CK(3), USART1_CK(4),
FA4	10	I/O		TIMER13_CH0, SPI1_NSS <sup>(5)</sup>
				Additional: ADC_IN4
				Default: PA5
PA5	11	I/O		Alternate: SPI0_SCK, TIMER1_CH0, TIMER1_ETI
				Additional: ADC_IN5
				Default: PA6
PA6	12	I/O		Alternate: SPI0_MISO, TIMER2_CH0, TIMER0_BKIN,
1 70	12	1/0		TIMER15_CH0, EVENTOUT
				Additional: ADC_IN6
Default: PA7		Default: PA7		
PA7	13	3 I/O		Alternate: SPI0_MOSI, TIMER2_CH1, TIMER13_CH0,
				TIMER0_CH0_ON, TIMER16_CH0, EVENTOUT



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Pin Name	Pins	Pin Type <sup>(1)</sup>	I/O Level <sup>(2)</sup>	Functions description		
				Additional: ADC_IN7		
				Default: PB1		
PB1	14	I/O		Alternate: TIMER2_CH3, TIMER13_CH0,		
PDI	14	1/0		TIMER0_CH2_ON, SPI1_SCK <sup>(5)</sup>		
				Additional: ADC_IN9		
Vss	15	Р		Default: V <sub>SS</sub>		
$V_{DD}$	16	Р		Default: V <sub>DD</sub>		
				Default: PA9		
PA9	17	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_TX, TIMER0_CH1, TIMER14_BKIN,		
				12C0_SCL		
				Default: PA10		
PA10	PA10 18 I		5VT	Alternate: USART0_RX, TIMER0_CH2, TIMER16_BKIN,		
				I2C0_SDA		
DA40	40	1/0	E) /T	Default: PA13		
PA13	19	I/O	5VT	Alternate: IFRP_OUT, SWDIO, SPI1_MISO(5)		
				Default: PA14		
PA14	20	I/O	5VT	Alternate: USART0_TX <sup>(3)</sup> , USART1_TX <sup>(4)</sup> , SWCLK,		
				SPI1_MOSI <sup>(5)</sup>		
воото	1	1		Default: BOOT0		

#### Notes:

- (1) Type: I = input, O = output, P = power.
- (2) I/O Level: 5VT = 5 V tolerant.
- (3) Functions are available on GD32F330F4 devices only.
- (4) Functions are available on GD32F330FB/8/6 devices.
- (5) Functions are available on GD32F330FB/8 devices.



## 2.6.7 GD32F330xx pin alternate functions

Table 2-10. Port A alternate functions summary

Pin Name	AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6
PA0		USARTO_CTS <sup>(1)</sup> USART1_CTS <sup>(2)</sup>	TIMER1_CH0 TIMER1_ETI		I2C1_SCL <sup>(3)</sup>		
PA1	EVENTOUT	USARTO_RTS <sup>(1)</sup> USART1_RTS <sup>(2)</sup>	TIMER1_CH1		I2C1_SDA <sup>(3)</sup>		
PA2	TIMER14_C H0	USART0_TX <sup>(1)</sup> USART1_TX <sup>(2)</sup>	TIMER1_CH2				
PA3	TIMER14_C H1	USART0_RX <sup>(1)</sup> USART1_RX <sup>(2)</sup>	TIMER1_CH3				
PA4	SPI0_NSS	USARTO_CK <sup>(1)</sup> USART1_CK <sup>(2)</sup>			TIMER13_C H0		SPI1_NSS <sup>(</sup>
PA5	SPI0_SCK		TIMER1_CH0/ TIMER1_ETI				
PA6	SPI0_MISO	TIMER2_CH0	TIMER0_BKIN			TIMER1 5_CH0	EVENTOU T
PA7	SPI0_MOSI	TIMER2_CH1	TIMER0_CH0 _ON		TIMER13_C H0	TIMER1 6_CH0	EVENTOU T
PA8	CK_OUT	USART0_CK	TIMER0_CH0	EVENTO UT	USART1_T X <sup>(2)</sup>		CTC_SYN C
PA9	TIMER14_B KIN	USART0_TX	TIMER0_CH1		I2C0_SCL		
PA10	TIMER16_B KIN	USARTO_RX	TIMER0_CH2		I2C0_SDA		
PA11	EVENTOUT	USART0_CTS	TIMER0_CH3				SPI1_IO2 <sup>(3)</sup>
PA12	EVENTOUT	USART0_RTS	TIMER0_ETI				SPI1_IO3 <sup>(3)</sup>
PA13	SWDIO	IFRP_OUT					SPI1_MIS O <sup>(3)</sup>
PA14	SWCLK	USART0_TX <sup>(1)</sup> USART1_TX <sup>(2)</sup>					SPI1_MOS
PA15	SPI0_NSS	USARTO_RX <sup>(1)</sup> USART1_RX <sup>(2)</sup>	TIMER1_CH0/ TIMER1_ETI	EVENTO UT			SPI1_NSS <sup>(</sup>



Table 2-11. Port B alternate functions summary

Pin			ctions summary				
Nam	AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6
e	Alv	Αι ι	Al 2	Al 3	A1 4	AI 3	Aio
PB0	EVENTOUT	TIMER2_CH2	TIMER0_CH1_ON		USART1 _RX <sup>(2)</sup>		
PB1	TIMER13_CH 0	TIMER2_CH3	TIMER0_CH2_ON				SPI1_SCK <sup>(</sup>
PB2							
PB3	SPI0_SCK	EVENTOUT	TIMER1_CH1				
PB4	SPI0_MISO	TIMER2_CH0	EVENTOUT				
PB5	SPI0_MOSI	TIMER2_CH1	TIMER15_BKIN	I2C0_SMBA			
PB6	USART0_TX	I2C0_SCL	TIMER15_CH0_O N				
PB7	USARTO_RX	I2C0_SDA	TIMER16_CH0_O N				
PB8		I2C0_SCL	TIMER15_CH0				
PB9	IFRP_OUT	I2C0_SDA	TIMER16_CH0	EVENTOUT			
PB10		I2C0_SCL <sup>(1),</sup> I2C1_SCL <sup>(3)</sup>	TIMER1_CH2				SPI1_IO2 <sup>(3)</sup>
PB11	EVENTOUT	I2C0_SDA <sup>(1),</sup> I2C1_SDA <sup>(3)</sup>	TIMER1_CH3				SPI1_IO3 <sup>(3)</sup>
PB12	SPI0_NSS <sup>(1)</sup> SPI1_NSS <sup>(3)</sup>	EVENTOUT	TIMER0_BKIN		I2C1_SM BA <sup>(3)</sup>		
PB13	SPI0_SCK <sup>(1)</sup>		TIMER0_CH0_ON				
гыз	SPI1_SCK <sup>(3)</sup>		TIMERO_CHO_ON				
PB14	SPI0_MISO <sup>(1)</sup>	TIMER14_CH	TIMER0_CH1_ON				
. 514	SPI1_MISO(3)	0					
PB15	SPI0_MOSI <sup>(1)</sup>	TIMER14_CH	TIMER0_CH2_ON	TIMER14_CH			
	SPI1_MOSI <sup>(3)</sup>	1		0_ON			



Table 2-12. Port C alternate functions summary

Pin Name	AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6
	=> (=> != 0 ! !=						
PC0	EVENTOUT						
PC1	EVENTOUT						
PC2	EVENTOUT						
PC3	EVENTOUT						
PC4	EVENTOUT						
PC5							
PC6	TIMER2_CH0						
PC7	TIMER2_CH1						
PC8	TIMER2_CH2						
PC9	TIMER2_CH3						
PC10							
PC11							
PC12							
PC13							
PC14							
PC15							

Table 2-13. Port D alternate functions summary

Pin				-			
Name	AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6
PD0							
PD1							
PD2	TIMER2_ETI						
PD3							
PD4							
PD5							
PD6							
PD7							
PD8							
PD9							
PD10							
PD11							
PD12							
PD13							
PD14							
PD15							



Table 2-14. Port F alternate functions summary

Pin	AF0	AF1	AF2	AF3	AF4	AF5	AF6
Name							
PF0	CTC_SYNC						
PF1							
PF2							
PF3							
PF4	EVENTOUT						
PF5	EVENTOUT						
DEC	I2C0_SCL <sup>(1)</sup>						
PF6	I2C1_SCL <sup>(3)</sup>						
PF7	I2C0_SDA <sup>(1)</sup>						
FF/	I2C1_SDA <sup>(3)</sup>						
PF8							
PF9							
PF10							
PF11							
PF12							
PF13							
PF14							
PF15							

- (1) Functions are available on GD32F330x4 devices only.
- (2) Functions are available on GD32F330xB/8/6 devices.
- (3) Functions are available on GD32F330xB/8 devices.



## 3 Functional description

#### 3.1 Arm<sup>®</sup> Cortex<sup>®</sup>-M4 core

The Arm® Cortex®-M4 processor is a high performance embedded processor with DSP instructions which allow efficient signal processing and complex algorithm execution. It brings an efficient, easy-to-use blend of control and signal processing capabilities to meet the digital signal control markets demand. The processor is highly configurable enabling a wide range of implementations from those requiring memory protection and powerful trace technology to cost sensitive devices requiring minimal area, while delivering outstanding computational performance and an advanced system response to interrupts.

32-bit Arm® Cortex®-M4 processor core:

- Up to 84 MHz operation frequency
- Single-cycle multiplication and hardware divider
- Floating Point Unit (FPU)
- Integrated DSP instructions
- Integrated Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)
- 24-bit SysTick timer

The Cortex®-M4 processor is based on the Armv7-M architecture and supports both Thumb and Thumb-2 instruction sets. Some system peripherals listed below are also provided by Cortex®-M4:

- Internal Bus Matrix connected with ICode bus, DCode bus, system bus, Private Peripheral Bus (PPB) and debug accesses (AHB-AP)
- Nested Vectored Interrupt Controller (NVIC)
- Flash Patch and Breakpoint (FPB)
- Data Watchpoint and Trace (DWT)
- Instrument Trace Macrocell (ITM)
- Serial Wire Debug Port (SW-DP)
- Trace Port Interface Unit (TPIU)

## 3.2 On-chip memory

- Up to 128 Kbytes of Flash memory
- The region of the MCU executing instructions without waiting time is up to 64K bytes (in case that Flash size equal to 16K, 32K or 64K, all memory is no waiting time). A long delay when CPU fetches the instructions out of the range.
- Up to 16 Kbytes of SRAM with hardware parity checking

The Arm® Cortex®-M4 processor is structured in Harvard architecture which can use separate buses to fetch instructions and load/store data. 128 Kbytes of inner Flash at most, which includes code Flash and data Flash is available for storing programs and data, and there is



no waiting time within code Flash area when CPU executes instructions. <u>Table 2-3.</u> <u>GD32F330xx memory map</u> shows the memory map of the GD32F330xx series of devices, including code, SRAM, peripheral, and other pre-defined regions.

#### 3.3 Clock, reset and supply management

- Internal 8 MHz factory-trimmed RC and external 4 to 32 MHz crystal oscillator
- Internal 48 MHz RC oscillator
- Internal 28 MHz RC oscillator
- Internal 40 KHz RC calibrated oscillator and external 32.768 KHz crystal oscillator
- Integrated system clock PLL
- 2.6 to 3.6 V application supply and I/Os
- Supply Supervisor: POR (Power On Reset), PDR (Power Down Reset), and low voltage detector (LVD)

The Clock Control Unit (CCU) provides a range of oscillator and clock functions. These include speed internal RC oscillator and external crystal oscillator, high speed and low speed two types. Several prescalers allow the frequency configuration of the AHB and two APB domains. The maximum frequency of the AHB, APB2 and APB1 domains is 84 MHz/42 MHz/42 MHz. See *Figure 2-8. GD32F330xx clock tree* for details on the clock tree.

The Reset Control Unit (RCU) controls three kinds of reset: system reset resets the processor core and peripheral IP components. Power-on reset (POR) and power-down reset (PDR) are always active, and ensures proper operation starting from 2.6 V and down to 1.8V. The device remains in reset mode when V<sub>DD</sub> is below a specified threshold. The embedded low voltage detector (LVD) monitors the power supply, compares it to the voltage threshold and generates an interrupt as a warning message for leading the MCU into security.

#### Power supply schemes:

- V<sub>DD</sub> range: 2.6 to 3.6 V, external power supply for I/Os and the internal regulator. Provided externally through V<sub>DD</sub> pins.
- V<sub>SSA</sub>, V<sub>DDA</sub> range: 2.6 to 3.6 V, external analog power supplies for ADC, reset blocks, RCs and PLL.
- V<sub>BAT</sub> range: 1.8 to 3.6 V, power supply for RTC, external clock 32 KHz oscillator and backup registers (through power switch) when V<sub>DD</sub> is not present.

#### 3.4 Boot modes

At startup, boot pins are used to select one of three boot options:

- Boot from main Flash memory (default)
- Boot from system memory
- Boot from on-chip SRAM

In default condition, boot from main Flash memory is selected. The boot loader is located in



the internal boot ROM memory (system memory). It is used to reprogram the Flash memory by using USART0 (PA9 and PA10) or USART1 (PA14 and PA15).

#### 3.5 Power saving modes

The MCU supports three kinds of power saving modes to achieve even lower power consumption. They are sleep mode, deep-sleep mode, and standby mode. These operating modes reduce the power consumption and allow the application to achieve the best balance between the CPU operating time, speed and power consumption.

#### Sleep mode

In sleep mode, only the clock of CPU core is off. All peripherals continue to operate and any interrupt/event can wake up the system.

#### ■ Deep-sleep mode

In deep-sleep mode, all clocks in the 1.2V domain are off, and all of the high speed crystal oscillator (IRC8M, HXTAL) and PLL are disabled. Only the contents of SRAM and registers are retained. Any interrupt or wakeup event from EXTI lines can wake up the system from the deep-sleep mode including the 16 external lines, the RTC alarm, RTC tamper and timestamp, LVD output and USART wakeup. When exiting the deep-sleep mode, the IRC8M is selected as the system clock.

#### ■ Standby mode

In standby mode, the whole 1.2V domain is power off, the LDO is shut down, and all of IRC8M, HXTAL and PLL are disabled. The contents of SRAM and registers (except backup registers) are lost. There are four wakeup sources for the standby mode, including the external reset from NRST pin, the RTC alarm, the FWDGT reset, and the rising edge on WKUP pin.

## 3.6 Analog to digital converter (ADC)

- 12-bit SAR ADC's conversion rate is up to 2.86 MSPS
- 12-bit, 10-bit, 8-bit or 6-bit configurable resolution
- Hardware oversampling ratio adjustable from 2 to 256x improves resolution to 16-bit
- Input voltage range: V<sub>SSA</sub> to V<sub>DDA</sub> (2.6 to 3.6 V)
- Temperature sensor

One 12-bit 2.86 MSPS multi-channel ADCs are integrated in the device. It has a total of 19 multiplexed channels: 16 external channels, 1 channel for internal temperature sensor (V<sub>SENSE</sub>), 1 channel for internal reference voltage (V<sub>REFINT</sub>) and 1 channel for battery voltage (V<sub>BAT</sub>). The input voltage range is between V<sub>SSA</sub> and V<sub>DDA</sub>. An on-chip hardware oversampling scheme improves performance while off-loading the related computational burden from the CPU. An analog watchdog block can be used to detect the channels, which are required to remain within a specific threshold window. A configurable channel management block can be used to perform conversions in single, continuous, scan or discontinuous mode to support more advanced use.



The ADC can be triggered from the events generated by the general level 0 timers (TIMERx,x=1,2) and the advanced timer (TIMER0) with internal connection. The temperature sensor can be used to generate a voltage that varies linearly with temperature. It is internally connected to the ADC\_IN16 input channel which is used to convert the sensor output voltage in a digital value.

#### 3.7 DMA

- 7 channel DMA controller
- Peripherals supported: Timers, ADC, SPIs, I2Cs, USARTs

The flexible general-purpose DMA controllers provide a hardware method of transferring data between peripherals and/or memory without intervention from the CPU, thereby freeing up bandwidth for other system functions. Three types of access method are supported: peripheral to memory, memory to peripheral, memory to memory.

Each channel is connected to fixed hardware DMA requests. The priorities of DMA channel requests are determined by software configuration and hardware channel number. Transfer size of source and destination are independent and configurable.

#### 3.8 General-purpose inputs/outputs (GPIOs)

- Up to 55 fast GPIOs, all mappable on 16 external interrupt lines
- Analog input/output configurable
- Alternate function input/output configurable

There are up to 55 general purpose I/O pins (GPIO) in GD32F330xx, named PA0 ~ PA15 and PB0 ~ PB15, PC0 ~ PC15, PD2, PF0, PF1, PF4-PF7 to implement logic input/output functions. Each of the GPIO ports has related control and configuration registers to satisfy the requirements of specific applications. The external interrupts on the GPIO pins of the device have related control and configuration registers in the Interrupt/event controller (EXTI). The GPIO ports are pin-shared with other alternative functions (AFs) to obtain maximum flexibility on the package pins. Each of the GPIO pins can be configured by software as output (pushpull, open-drain), as input (with or without pull-up or pull-down) or as peripheral alternate function. Most of the GPIO pins are shared with digital or analog alternate functions. All GPIOs are high-current capable except for analog inputs.

## 3.9 Timers and PWM generation

- One 16-bit advanced timer (TIMER0), one 32-bit general timer (TIMER1) and five 16-bit general timers (TIMER2, TIMER13 ~ TIMER16)
- Up to 4 independent channels of PWM, output compare or input capture for each general timer and external trigger input



- 16-bit, motor control PWM advanced timer with programmable dead-time generation for output match
- Encoder interface controller with two inputs using quadrature decoder
- 24-bit SysTick timer down counter
- 2 watchdog timers (free watchdog timer and window watchdog timer)

The advanced timer (TIMER0) can be used as a three-phase PWM multiplexed on 6 channels. It has complementary PWM outputs with programmable dead-time generation. It can also be used as a complete general timer. The 4 independent channels can be used for input capture, output compare, PWM generation (edge-aligned or center-aligned mode) and single pulse mode output. If configured as a general 16-bit timer, it has the same functions as the TIMERx timer. It can be synchronized with external signals or to interconnect with other general timers together which have the same architecture and features.

The general timer can be used for a variety of purposes including general time, input signal pulse width measurement or output waveform generation such as a single pulse generation or PWM output, up to 4 independent channels for input capture/output compare. TIMER1 is based on a 32-bit auto-reload up/downcounter and a 16-bit prescaler. TIMER2 is based on a 16-bit auto-reload up/downcounter and a 16-bit prescaler. TIMER13 ~ TIMER16 is based on a 16-bit auto-reload upcounter and a 16-bit prescaler. The general timer also supports an encoder interface with two inputs using quadrature decoder.

The GD32F330xx have two watchdog peripherals, free watchdog and window watchdog. They offer a combination of high safety level, flexibility of use and timing accuracy.

The free watchdog timer includes a 12-bit down-counting counter and an 8-bit prescaler. It is clocked from an independent 40 KHz internal RC and as it operates independently of the main clock, it can operate in deep-sleep and standby modes. It can be used either as a watchdog to reset the device when a problem occurs, or as a free-running timer for application timeout management.

The window watchdog is based on a 7-bit down counter that can be set as free-running. It can be used as a watchdog to reset the device when a problem occurs. It is clocked from the main clock. It has an early wakeup interrupt capability and the counter can be frozen in debug mode.

The SysTick timer is dedicated for OS, but could also be used as a standard down counter. The features are shown below:

- A 24-bit down counter
- Auto reload capability
- Maskable system interrupt generation when the counter reaches 0
- Programmable clock source

## 3.10 Real time clock (RTC)

Independent binary-coded decimal (BCD) format timer/counter with five 32-bit backup



registers.

- Calendar with subsecond, seconds, minutes, hours, week day, date, year and month automatically correction
- Alarm function with wake up from deep-sleep and standby mode capability
- On-the-fly correction for synchronization with master clock. Digital calibration with 0.954 ppm resolution for compensation of quartz crystal inaccuracy.

The real time clock is an independent timer which provides a set of continuously running counters in backup registers to provide a real calendar function, and provides an alarm interrupt or an expected interrupt. It is not reset by a system or power reset, or when the device wakes up from standby mode. In the RTC unit, there are two prescalers used for implementing the calendar and other functions. One prescaler is a 7-bit asynchronous prescaler and the other is a 15-bit synchronous prescaler.

#### 3.11 Inter-integrated circuit (I2C)

- Up to two I2C bus interfaces can support both master and slave mode with a frequency up to 1 MHz (Fast mode plus)
- Provide arbitration function, optional PEC (packet error checking) generation and checking
- Supports 7-bit and 10-bit addressing mode and general call addressing mode

The I2C interface is an internal circuit allowing communication with an external I2C interface which is an industry standard two line serial interface used for connection to external hardware. These two serial lines are known as a serial data line (SDA) and a serial clock line (SCL). The I2C module provides different data transfer rates: up to 100 KHz in standard mode, up to 400 KHz in the fast mode and up to 1 MHz in the fast mode plus. The I2C module also has an arbitration detect function to prevent the situation where more than one master attempts to transmit data to the I2C bus at the same time. A CRC-8 calculator is also provided in I2C interface to perform packet error checking for I2C data.

## 3.12 Serial peripheral interface (SPI)

- Up to two SPI interfaces with a frequency of up to 21 MHz
- Support both master and slave mode
- Hardware CRC calculation and transmit automatic CRC error checking

The SPI interface uses 4 pins, among which are the serial data input and output lines (MISO & MOSI), the clock line (SCK) and the slave select line (NSS). Both SPIs can be served by the DMA controller. The SPI interface may be used for a variety of purposes, including simplex synchronous transfers on two lines with a possible bidirectional data line or reliable communication using CRC checking.



# 3.13 Universal synchronous asynchronous receiver transmitter (USART)

- Up to two USARTs with operating frequency up to 5.25 MB/s
- Supports both asynchronous and clocked synchronous serial communication modes
- IrDA SIR encoder and decoder support
- LIN break generation and detection
- ISO 7816-3 compliant smart card interface

The USART (USART0, USART1) are used to translate data between parallel and serial interfaces, provides a flexible full duplex data exchange using synchronous or asynchronous transfer. It is also commonly used for RS-232 standard communication. The USART includes a programmable baud rate generator which is capable of dividing the system clock to produce a dedicated clock for the USART transmitter and receiver. The USART also supports DMA function for high speed data communication.

#### 3.14 Debug mode

■ Serial wire debug port (SW-DP)

Debug capabilities can be accessed by a debug tool via serial wire.

## 3.15 Package and operation temperature

- LQFP64 (GD32F330Rx), LQFP48 (GD32F330Cx), LQFP32 (GD32F330Kx), QFN32 (GD32F330Kx), QFN28 (GD32F330Gx) and TSSOP20 (GD32F330Fx)
- Operation temperature range: -40°C to +85°C (industrial level)



## 4 Electrical characteristics

## 4.1 Absolute maximum ratings

The maximum ratings are the limits to which the device can be subjected without permanently damaging the device. Note that the device is not guaranteed to operate properly at the maximum ratings. Exposure to the absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Table 4-1. Absolute maximum ratings(1)(4)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
$V_{DD}$	External voltage range <sup>(2)</sup>	Vss - 0.3	Vss + 3.6	V
$V_{DDA}$	External analog supply voltage	V <sub>SSA</sub> - 0.3	V <sub>SSA</sub> + 3.6	V
$V_{BAT}$	External battery supply voltage	V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3	V <sub>SS</sub> + 3.6	V
Vin	Input voltage on 5V tolerant pin <sup>(3)</sup>	V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3	$V_{DD} + 3.6$	V
VIN	Input voltage on other I/O	V <sub>SS</sub> - 0.3	3.6	V
$ \Delta V_{DDx} $	Variations between different $V_{\text{DD}}$ power pins	ı	50	mV
V <sub>SSX</sub> -V <sub>SS</sub>	Variations between different ground pins	_	50	mV
lıo	Maximum current for GPIO pin	_	±25	mA
TA	Operating temperature range	-40	+85	°C
	Power dissipation at T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C of LQFP64	ı	647	
	Power dissipation at T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C of LQFP48	_	621	
Pp	Power dissipation at T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C of LQFP32	_	605	mW
PD	Power dissipation at T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C of QFN32	_	825	IIIVV
	Power dissipation at T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C of QFN28	_	605	
	Power dissipation at T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C of TSSOP20	_	553	
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage temperature range	-65	+150	°C
TJ	Maximum junction temperature		125	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

## 4.2 Operating conditions characteristics

Table 4-2. DC operating conditions

	<u>_</u>					
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min <sup>(1)</sup>	Тур	Max <sup>(1)</sup>	Unit
$V_{DD}$	Supply voltage		2.6	3.3	3.6	٧
V <sub>DDA</sub>	Analog supply voltage	Same as V <sub>DD</sub>	2.6	3.3	3.6	V
V <sub>BAT</sub>	Battery supply voltage	_	1.8	_	3.6	

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

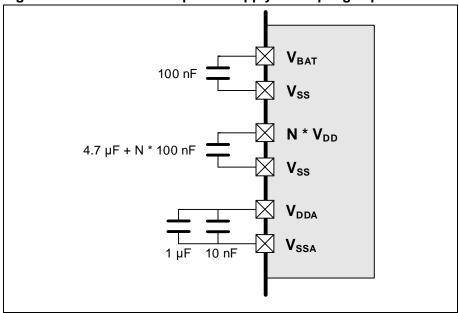
<sup>(2)</sup> All main power and ground pins should be connected to an external power source within the allowable range.

<sup>(3)</sup> V<sub>IN</sub> maximum value cannot exceed 5.5 V.

<sup>(4)</sup> It is recommended that  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{DDA}$  are powered by the same source. The maximum difference between  $V_{DD}$  and  $V_{DDA}$  does not exceed 300 mV during power-up and operation.



Figure 4-1. Recommended power supply decoupling capacitors(1)



(1) All decoupling capacitors need to be as close as possible to the pins on the PCB board.

Table 4-3. Clock frequency

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
f <sub>HCLK1</sub>	AHB1 clock frequency	_	0	84	MHz
f <sub>HCLK2</sub>	AHB2 clock frequency	_	0	84	MHz
f <sub>APB1</sub>	APB1 clock frequency	_	0	42	MHz
f <sub>APB2</sub>	APB2 clock frequency	_	0	42	MHz

Table 4-4. Operating conditions at Power up/ Power down<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
4	V <sub>DD</sub> rise time rate		0	8	//
t∨DD	V <sub>DD</sub> fall time rate	_	20	8	μs /V

(1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Table 4-5. Start-up timings of Operating conditions(1)(2)(3)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Тур	Unit
	Start up time	Clock source from HXTAL	33.2	ma
Istart-up	Start-up time	Clock source from IRC8M	31.8	ms

- (1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.
- (2) After power-up, the start-up time is the time between the rising edge of NRST high and the main function.
- (3) PLL is off.

Table 4-6. Power saving mode wakeup timings characteristics(1)(2)

Symbol	Parameter	Тур	Unit
t <sub>Sleep</sub>	Wakeup from Sleep mode	2.8	
4_	Wakeup from Deep-sleep mode (LDO On)	3.6	μs
<b>I</b> Deep-sleep	Wakeup from Deep-sleep mode (LDO in low power mode)	3.6	
tStandby	Wakeup from Standby mode	31.6	ms

- (1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.
- (2) The wakeup time is measured from the wakeup event to the point at which the application code reads the first



instruction under the below conditions:  $V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ , IRC8M = System clock = 8 MHz.

# 4.3 Power consumption

The power measurements specified in the tables represent that code with data executing from on-chip Flash with the following specifications.

Table 4-7.Power consumption characteristics (2)(3)(3)(4)(5)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Typ <sup>(1)</sup>	Max	Unit
		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 84 MHz, All peripherals enabled	_	16.85	_	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}, \text{ HXTAL} = 8 \text{ MHz},$ System clock = 84 MHz, All peripherals disabled	_	12.47	_	mA
		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 72 MHz, All peripherals enabled	_	14.64	_	mA
		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 72 MHz, All peripherals disabled	_	10.91	_	mA
	Supply current (Run mode)	V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 48 MHz, All peripherals enabled	_	10.29	_	mA
IDD + IDDA		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}, \text{ HXTAL} = 8 \text{ MHz},$ System clock = 48 MHz, All peripherals disabled	_	7.80	_	mA
IDD + IDDA		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}, \text{ HXTAL} = 8 \text{ MHz},$ System clock = 36 MHz, All peripherals enabled	_	8.10	_	mA
		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 36 MHz, All peripherals disabled	_	6.23	_	mA
		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 24 MHz, All peripherals enabled	_	5.91	_	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}, \text{ HXTAL} = 8 \text{ MHz},$ System clock = 24 MHz, All peripherals disabled	_	4.67	_	mA
		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz, System clock = 16 MHz, All peripherals enabled	_	4.45	_	mA
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V, HXTAL} = 8 \text{ MHz,}$ System clock = 16 MHz, All peripherals disabled	_	3.62	_	mA



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		GB3ZI					
Sy	mbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ <sup>(1)</sup>	Max	Unit
			$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}, \text{ HXTAL} = 8 \text{ MHz},$				
			System clock = 8 MHz, All peripherals	_	3.01	_	mΑ
			enabled				
			$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}, \text{ HXTAL} = 8 \text{ MHz},$				
			System clock = 8 MHz, All peripherals	_	2.51	_	mΑ
			disabled				
			$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}, \text{ HXTAL} = 4 \text{ MHz},$				
			System clock = 4 MHz, All peripherals	_	1.11	_	mΑ
			enabled				
			$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V, HXTAL} = 4 \text{ MHz,}$				
			System clock = 4 MHz, All peripherals	_	0.86	_	mΑ
			disabled				
			$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V, HXTAL} = 2 \text{ MHz,}$				
			System clock = 2 MHz, All peripherals	_	0.7	_	mΑ
			enabled				
			$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V, HXTAL} = 2 \text{ MHz,}$				
			System clock = 2 MHz, All peripherals	_	0.58	_	mΑ
			disabled				
			VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz,				
			CPU clock off, System clock = 84 MHz, All	_	10.29	_	mΑ
			peripherals enabled				
			VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz,				
			CPU clock off, System clock = 84 MHz, All	_	5.32	_	mΑ
			peripherals disabled				
			VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz,				
			CPU clock off, System clock = 72 MHz, All	_	9.03	_	mΑ
			peripherals enabled				
			VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz,				
			CPU clock off, System clock = 72 MHz, All	_	4.77	_	mΑ
		Supply current	peripherals disabled				
		(Sleep mode)	VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz,				
			CPU clock off, System clock = 48 MHz, All	_	6.53	_	mΑ
			peripherals enabled				
			VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz,				
			CPU clock off, System clock = 48 MHz, All	_	3.69	_	mΑ
			peripherals disabled				
			VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz,				
			CPU clock off, System clock = 36 MHz, All	_	5.27	_	mA
			peripherals enabled				
			VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz,				
			CPU clock off, System clock = 36 MHz, All	_	3.14	_	mA
			peripherals disabled				
•		•					





		<b>0202</b> .	000	77 DC	1.00	.00
loc	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ <sup>(1)</sup>	Max	Unit
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz,				
		CPU clock off, System clock = 24 MHz, All	_	4.01	_	mΑ
		peripherals enabled				
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz,				
		CPU clock off, System clock = 24 MHz, All	_	2.60	_	mΑ
		peripherals disabled				
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz,				
		CPU clock off, System clock = 16 MHz, All	_	3.18	_	mΑ
		peripherals enabled				
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz,				
		CPU clock off, System clock = 16 MHz, All	_	2.23	_	mΑ
		peripherals disabled				
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz,				
		CPU clock off, System clock = 8 MHz, All	_	2.38	_	mΑ
		peripherals enabled				
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 8 MHz,				
		CPU clock off, System clock = 8 MHz, All	_	1.82	_	mA
		peripherals disabled				
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 4 MHz,				
		CPU clock off, System clock = 4 MHz, All	_	0.77	_	mΑ
		peripherals enabled				
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 4 MHz,				
		CPU clock off, System clock = 4 MHz, All	_	0.49	_	mA
		peripherals disabled				
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 2 MHz,				
		CPU clock off, System clock = 2 MHz, All	_	0.52	_	mΑ
		peripherals enabled				
		VDD = VDDA = 3.3 V, HXTAL = 2 MHz,				
		CPU clock off, System clock =2 MHz, All	_	0.38	_	mΑ
		peripherals disabled				
		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V, LDO in normal power				
		and normal driver mode, IRC40K off, RTC	_	172.26	330.0	μΑ
		off, All GPIOs analog mode				
		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V, LDO in normal power				
		and low driver mode, IRC40K off, RTC off,	_	146.29	_	μΑ
	Supply current	All GPIOs analog mode				
(Deep-sleep mode)	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ , LDO in low power and					
	mode)	normal driver mode, IRC40K off, RTC off,	_	120.37	_	μΑ
		All GPIOs analog mode				
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ , LDO in low power and				
		low driver mode, IRC40K off, RTC off, All	_	94.66	_	μΑ
		GPIOs analog mode				
	Cupply gurrant	V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V, LXTAL off, IRC40K on,				μA
	Supply current	122 1221 010 1, 2, 111 12 011, 11 10 10 11		6.96		



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	GD321			// DC	itao	
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ <sup>(1)</sup>	Max	Unit
		$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V, LXTAL off, IRC40K on,}$ RTC off	_	6.63	_	μA
		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V, LXTAL off, IRC40K off, RTC off, VDDA Monitor on	_	5.90	12.1	μA
		V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V, LXTAL off, IRC40K off, RTC off, VDDA Monitor off	_	3.69	_	μA
		V <sub>DD</sub> off, V <sub>DDA</sub> off, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.6 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL High driving	_	2.32	_	μΑ
		V <sub>DD</sub> off, V <sub>DDA</sub> off, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL High driving	_	2.10	_	μA
		$V_{DD}$ off, $V_{DDA}$ off, $V_{BAT} = 2.6$ V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL High driving	_	1.85	_	μΑ
		V <sub>DD</sub> off, V <sub>DDA</sub> off, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.6 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL  Medium High driving	_	1.90	_	μΑ
	Battery supply	V <sub>DD</sub> off, V <sub>DDA</sub> off, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL  Medium High driving	_	1.68	_	μΑ
		V <sub>DD</sub> off, V <sub>DDA</sub> off, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 2.6 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL  Medium High driving	_	1.44	_	μA
Іват	current	V <sub>DD</sub> off, V <sub>DDA</sub> off, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.6 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL  Medium Low driving	_	1.47	_	μА
		V <sub>DD</sub> off, V <sub>DDA</sub> off, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL  Medium Low driving	_	1.24	_	μΑ
		V <sub>DD</sub> off, V <sub>DDA</sub> off, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 2.6 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL  Medium Low driving		1.01		μА
		V <sub>DD</sub> off, V <sub>DDA</sub> off, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.6 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Low driving	_	1.32	_	μΑ
		V <sub>DD</sub> off, V <sub>DDA</sub> off, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 3.3 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Low driving	_	1.12	_	μА
		V <sub>DD</sub> off, V <sub>DDA</sub> off, V <sub>BAT</sub> = 2.6 V, LXTAL on with external crystal, RTC on, LXTAL Low driving	_	0.88	_	μΑ

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

<sup>(2)</sup> Unless otherwise specified, all values given for  $T_A$  = 25  $\,^{\circ}C$  and test result is mean value.



- (3) When System Clock is less than 4 MHz, an external source is used, and the HXTAL bypass function is needed, no PLI
- (4) When System Clock is greater than 8 MHz, a crystal 8 MHz is used, and the HXTAL bypass function is closed, using PLL.
- (5) When analog peripheral blocks such as ADCs, HXTAL, LXTAL, IRC8M, or IRC40K are ON, an additional power consumption should be considered.

Figure 4-2. Typical supply current consumption in Run mode

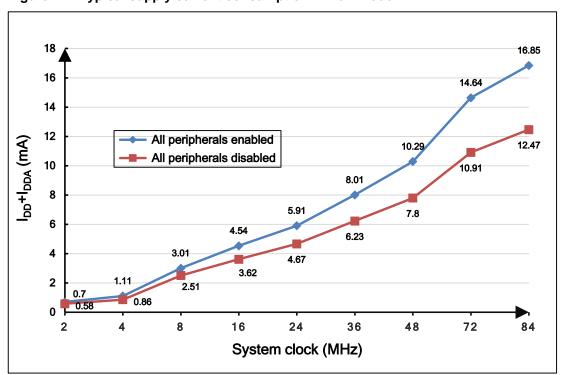
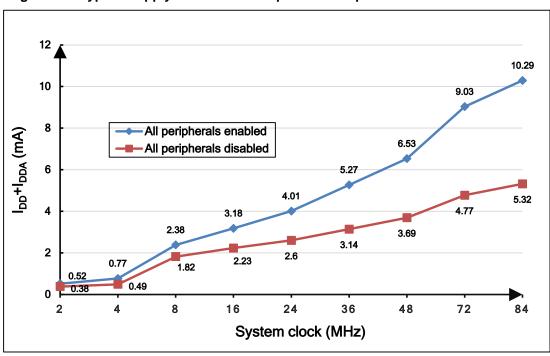


Figure 4-3. Typical supply current consumption in Sleep mode





#### 4.4 EMC characteristics

EMS (electromagnetic susceptibility) includes ESD (Electrostatic discharge, positive and negative) and FTB (Burst of Fast Transient voltage, positive and negative) testing result is given in *Table 4-8. EMS characteristics*, based on the EMS levels and classes compliant with IEC 61000 series standard.

Table 4-8. EMS characteristics (1)

Symbol	Parameter Conditions		Level/Class
	Voltage applied to all device pins to	$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}, T_A = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C},$	
VESD	induce a functional disturbance	LQFP64, f <sub>HCLK</sub> = 84 MHz	3A
		conforms to IEC 61000-4-2	
	Fast transient voltage burst applied to	$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}, T_A = 25 \text{ °C},$	
$V_{FTB}$	induce a functional disturbance through	LQFP64, f <sub>HCLK</sub> = 84 MHz	3A
	100 pF on $V_{DD}$ and $V_{SS}$ pins	conforms to IEC 61000-4-4	

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

EMI (Electromagnetic Interference) emission test result is given in the <u>Table 4-9. EMI characteristics</u>(1), The electromagnetic field emitted by the device are monitored while an application, executing EEMBC code, is running. The test is compliant with SAE J1752-3:2017 standard which specifies the test board and the pin loading.

Table 4-9. EMI characteristics(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Tested frequency band	Max vs. [fhxtal/fhclk] 8/84 MHz	Unit
	Peak level	$V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V}, T_A = +25 ^{\circ}\text{C},$	0.15 MHz to 30 MHz	_	
Semi		Peak level LQFP64, fhcLk = 84 MHz	30 MHz to 130 MHz	_	dΒμV
SEMI		conforms to SAE J1752- 3:2017	130 MHz to 1 GHz	_	<b>.</b>

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.



# 4.5 Power supply supervisor characteristics

Table 4-10. Power supply supervisor characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
		LVDT[2:0] = 000, rising edge	_	2.14	_	V
		LVDT[2:0] = 000, falling edge		2.03	_	٧
		LVDT[2:0] = 001, rising edge	_	2.28	_	٧
		LVDT[2:0] = 001, falling edge	_	2.17	_	٧
V <sub>LVD</sub> (1) Low Voltage Thres  V <sub>LVDhyst</sub> (2) LVD hys		LVDT[2:0] = 010, rising edge		2.42	_	٧
		LVDT[2:0] = 010, falling edge	_	2.32	_	V
		LVDT[2:0] = 011, rising edge	_	2.55	_	V
V (1)	Low Voltage Detector Threshold	LVDT[2:0] = 011, falling edge	_	2.45	_	V
V <sub>LVD</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>		LVDT[2:0] = 100, rising edge	_	2.69	_	٧
		LVDT[2:0] = 100, falling edge	_	2.59	_	V
		LVDT[2:0] = 101, rising edge	_	2.83	_	V
		LVDT[2:0] = 101, falling edge	_	2.73	_	V
		LVDT[2:0] = 110, rising edge	_	2.97	_	V
		LVDT[2:0] = 110, falling edge	_	2.87	_	V
		LVDT[2:0] = 111, rising edge	_	3.11	_	V
		LVDT[2:0] = 111, falling edge	_	3.01	_	V
V <sub>LVDhyst</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	LVD hysteresis	_	_	100	_	mV
V <sub>POR</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Power on reset threshold		_	2.37	_	٧
V <sub>PDR</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Power down reset threshold	_	_	1.82	_	V
V <sub>PDRhyst</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	PDR hysteresis			600	_	mV
trsttempo <sup>(2)</sup>	Reset temporization		_	2	_	ms

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

# 4.6 Electrical sensitivity

The device is strained in order to determine its performance in terms of electrical sensitivity. Electrostatic discharges (ESD) are applied directly to the pins of the sample. Static latch-up

<sup>(2)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.



(LU) test is based on the two measurement methods.

Table 4-11. ESD characteristics (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>ESD(HBM)</sub>	Electrostatic discharge	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C;			6000	V
	voltage (human body model)	JS-001-2017	_	_	6000	v
\/	Electrostatic discharge	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C;			2000	
VESD(CDM)	voltage (charge device model)	JS-002-2018	_	_		V

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-12. Static latch-up characteristics (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$LU \qquad \qquad \qquad \\                              $	_	_	±200	mA		
	V <sub>supply</sub> over voltage	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C; JESD78D	_	_	5.4	٧

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

#### 4.7 External clock characteristics

Table 4-13. High speed external clock (HXTAL) generated from a crystal/ceramic characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f <sub>HXTAL</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Crystal or ceramic frequency	2.6 V ≤ VDD ≤ 3.6 V	4	8	32	MHz
R <sub>F</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Feedback resistor	$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	_	400	_	kΩ
	Recommended matching					
C <sub>HXTAL</sub> (2)(3)	capacitance on OSCIN and	_	_	20	30	pF
	OSCOUT					
Ducy <sub>(HXTAL)</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Crystal or ceramic duty cycle	_	30	50	70	%
g <sub>m</sub> (2)	Oscillator transconductance	Startup	_	25	_	mA/V
I(1)	Crystal or ceramic operating	$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$		1.3		A
I <sub>DD(HXTAL)</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	_	1.3	_	mA
tsuhxtal <sup>(1)</sup>	Crystal or coramic startup time	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V		1.8		me
LSUHXTAL	Crystal or ceramic startup time	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C				ms

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-14. High speed external user clock characteristics (HXTAL in bypass mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f <sub>HXTAL_ext</sub> (1)	External clock source or oscillator frequency	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V	1	8	50	MHz
V <sub>HXTALH</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	OSCIN input pin high level voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V	$0.7~V_{DD}$	_	$V_{DD}$	W
V <sub>HXTALL</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	OSCIN input pin low level voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V	Vss	_	0.3 V <sub>DD</sub>	V

<sup>(2)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

<sup>(3)</sup>  $C_{HXTAL1} = C_{HXTAL2} = 2*(C_{LOAD} - C_S)$ , For  $C_{HXTAL1}$  and  $C_{HXTAL2}$ , it is recommended matching capacitance on OSCIN and OSCOUT. For  $C_{LOAD}$ , it is crystal/ceramic load capacitance, provided by the crystal or ceramic manufacturer. For  $C_S$ , it is PCB and MCU pin stray capacitance.



Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
t <sub>H/L(HXTAL)</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	OSCIN high or low time		5	_	_	nc
t <sub>R/F(HXTAL)</sub> (2)	OSCIN rise or fall time	_	_	_	10	ns
C <sub>IN</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	OSCIN input capacitance	_	_	5	_	pF
Ducy <sub>(HXTAL)</sub> (2)	Duty cycle	_	30	50	70	%

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-15. Low speed external clock (LXTAL) generated from a crystal/ceramic characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f <sub>LXTAL</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Crystal or ceramic frequency		_	32.768	1	kHz
	Recommended matching					
C <sub>LXTAL</sub> (2)(3)	capacitance on OSC32IN	_	_	15	_	pF
	and OSC32OUT					
Ducy <sub>(LXTAL)</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Crystal or ceramic duty cycle	_	30	_	70	%
		Lower driving		4		
		capability		4		
gm <sup>(2)</sup>		Medium low driving				
	0	capability		6		
	Oscillator transconductance	Medium high driving		40		μA/V
		capability		12	_	
		Higher driving		40		
		capability		18		
		Lower driving		0.6		
		capability				
		Medium low driving		0.7		
(1)	Crystal or ceramic operating	capability	_	0.7		
I <sub>DDLXTAL</sub> (1)	current	Medium high driving		1.0		μA
		capability	_	1.0		
		Higher driving		4.0		
		capability		1.3		
+ (1)(4)	Crystal or ceramic startup			1.0		
t <sub>SULXTAL</sub> (1)(4)	time	_	_	1.8	_	S

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-16. Low speed external user clock characteristics (LXTAL in bypass mode)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f <sub>LXTAL_ext</sub> (1)	External clock source or oscillator frequency	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V	_	32.768	1000	kHz
V <sub>LXTALH</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	OSC32IN input pin high level	1	$0.7~V_{DD}$	1	$V_{DD}$	V

<sup>(2)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

<sup>(2)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

<sup>(3)</sup> C<sub>LXTAL1</sub> = C<sub>LXTAL2</sub> = 2\*(C<sub>LOAD</sub> - C<sub>S</sub>), For C<sub>LXTAL1</sub> and C<sub>LXTAL2</sub>, it is recommended matching capacitance on OSC32IN and OSC32OUT. For C<sub>LOAD</sub>, it is crystal/ceramic load capacitance, provided by the crystal or ceramic manufacturer. For CS, it is PCB and MCU pin stray capacitance.

<sup>(4)</sup> t<sub>SULXTAL</sub> is the startup time measured from the moment it is enabled (by software) to the 32.768 kHz oscillator stabilization flags is SET. This value varies significantly with the crystal manufacturer.



		voltage					
VL	XTALL <sup>(2)</sup>	OSC32IN input pin low level voltage		Vss		0.3 V <sub>DD</sub>	
t <sub>H/L(</sub>	LXTAL) (2)	OSC32IN high or low time	1	450		_	
t <sub>R/F(I</sub>	LXTAL) (2)	OSC32IN rise or fall time	1			50	ns
	CIN <sup>(2)</sup>	OSC32IN input capacitance	_	_	5	_	pF
Ducy	(LXTAL) (2)	Duty cycle	_	30	50	70	%

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

#### 4.8 Internal clock characteristics

Table 4-17. High speed internal clock (IRC8M) characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f <sub>IRC8M</sub>	High Speed Internal Oscillator (IRC8M) frequency	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	_	8	_	MHz
ACC <sub>IRC8M</sub>	IRC8M oscillator Frequency	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V},$ $T_A = -40 \text{ °C} \sim +85 \text{ °C}^{(1)}$	-4.0		+5.0	%
	accuracy, Factory-trimmed	V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V, T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C	-1.0	_	+1.0	%
	IRC8M oscillator Frequency accuracy, User trimming step <sup>(1)</sup>		_	0.5	_	%
Ducy <sub>IRC8M</sub> (2)	IRC8M oscillator duty cycle	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	45	50	55	%
IDDAIRC8M <sup>(1)</sup>	IRC8M oscillator operating current	V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V	_	66	_	μΑ
tsuirc8m <sup>(1)</sup>	IRC8M oscillator startup time	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	_	2	_	μs

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-18. Low speed internal clock (IRC40K) characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f <sub>IRC40K</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Low Speed Internal oscillator	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 V$ ,	20	40	60	kHz
	(IRC40K) frequency	$T_A = -40  ^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +85  ^{\circ}\text{C}$	20 40		00	KIZ
(2)	IRC40K oscillator operating	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V},$	0.4			
IDDAIRC40K <sup>(2)</sup>	current	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C		0.4		μΑ
<b>+</b> (2)	IRC40K oscillator startup	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V},$		110		
tsuirc40K <sup>(2)</sup>	time	T <sub>A</sub> = 25 °C		110		μs

<sup>(1)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

<sup>(2)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

<sup>(2)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

<sup>(2)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.



Table 4-19. High speed internal clock (IRC28M) characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
firc28M	High Speed Internal Oscillator (IRC28M) frequency	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$		28		MHz
ACCIRC28M	IRC28M oscillator Frequency	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V},$ $T_A = -40 \text{ °C} \sim +85 \text{ °C}$	-4.0	l	+5.0	%
	accuracy, Factory-trimmed	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V},$ $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-1.0	l	+1.0	%
	IRC28M oscillator Frequency accuracy, User trimming step <sup>(1)</sup>	_		0.5	_	%
D <sub>IRC28M</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	IRC28M oscillator duty cycle	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	45	50	55	%
I <sub>DDAIRC28M</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	IRC28M oscillator operating current	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$		120	_	μΑ
tsuirc <sub>28</sub> M <sup>(1)</sup>	IRC28M oscillator startup time	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V},$	_	1.6	_	μs

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-20. High speed internal clock (IRC48M) characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f <sub>IRC48M</sub>	High Speed Internal Oscillator (IRC48M) frequency	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$		48	_	MHz
	IRC48M oscillator Frequency accuracy, Factory-trimmed	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V},$ $T_{A} = -40 \text{ °C } \sim +85 \text{ °C}$	-4.0		+5.0	%
ACC:=== :=:	accuracy, Factory-tillillileu	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}, T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	-2.0		+2.0	%
ACCIRC48M	IRC48M oscillator Frequency accuracy, User trimming step <sup>(1)</sup>			0.12	_	%
D <sub>IRC48M</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	IRC48M oscillator duty cycle	$V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	45	50	55	%
IDDAIRC48M <sup>(1)</sup>	IRC48M oscillator operating current	V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V		260	_	μA
tsuirc48M <sup>(1)</sup>	IRC48M oscillator startup time	V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> = 3.3 V	_	1.5	_	μs

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

### 4.9 PLL characteristics

Table 4-21. PLL characteristics

<sup>(2)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

<sup>(2)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

### GD32F330xx Datasheet

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
f <sub>PLLIN</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	PLL input clock frequency	_	1	_	25	MHz
f <sub>PLLOUT</sub> (2)	PLL output clock frequency	_	16	_	84	MHz
f <sub>VCO</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	PLL VCO output clock frequency	-	_	_	84	MHz
t <sub>LOCK</sub> (2)	PLL lock time	_	_	_	300	μs
I <sub>DDA</sub> <sup>(1) (3)</sup>	Current consumption on V <sub>DDA</sub>	VCO freq = 84 MHz		270		μA
Jitter <sub>PLL</sub> <sup>(4)</sup>	Cycle to cycle Jitter (rms)	System alask		32.1		no
	Cycle to cycle Jitter  ( peak to peak)	System clock	_	255.6		ps

- (1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.
- (2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.
- (3) System clock = IRC8M = 8 MHz, fPLLOUT = 84 MHz.
- (4) Value given with main PLL running.

## 4.10 Memory characteristics

**Table 4-22 Flash memory characteristics** 

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min <sup>(1)</sup>	Typ <sup>(1)</sup>	Max <sup>(2)</sup>	Unit
	Number of guaranteed					
PEcyc	program /erase cycles	_	100	_	_	kcycles
	before failure (Endurance)					
t <sub>RET</sub>	Data retention time	_		20	1	years
wt <sub>PROG</sub>	Word programming time	$T_A = -40  ^{\circ}\text{C} \sim +85  ^{\circ}\text{C}$	_	37.5	86	μs
terase	Page erase time	T <sub>A</sub> = -40 °C ~ +85 °C	_	45	300	ms
t <sub>MERASE(64KB)</sub>	Mass erase time	T <sub>A</sub> = -40 °C ~ +85 °C	_	0.5	1.6	s

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

## 4.11 NRST pin characteristics

Table 4-23. NRST pin characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
V <sub>IL(NRST)</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	NRST Input low level voltage	0.03/43/	-0.5		0.3 V <sub>DD</sub>	.,
V <sub>IH(NRST)</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	NRST Input high level voltage	$2.6 \text{ V} \leq \text{V}_{DD} = \text{V}_{DDA} \leq$	0.7 V <sub>DD</sub>		V <sub>DD</sub> + 0.5	V
V <sub>hyst</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	Schmidt trigger Voltage hysteresis	3.6 V	_	360		mV
R <sub>pu</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Pull-up equivalent resistor	_	_	40	_	kΩ

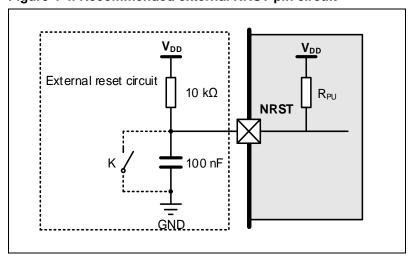
<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

<sup>(2)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

<sup>(2)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.



Figure 4-4. Recommended external NRST pin circuit<sup>(1)</sup>



(1) Unless the voltage on NRST pin go below  $V_{IL(NRST)}$  level, the device would not generate a reliable reset.

## 4.12 **GPIO** characteristics

Table 4-24. I/O port DC characteristics (1) (3)

Symbol	Parai	neter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	Standard IO L	ow level input	2.6 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> ≤ 3.6 V		_	0.3 V <sub>DD</sub>	٧
VIL	volt	age					-
VIL	5V-tolerant	O Low level	$2.6 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} = \text{V}_{DDA} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$	_	_	0.3 V <sub>DD</sub>	V
	input v	roltage	2.0 V = VDD VDDA = 0.0 V			0.0 100	v
	Standard IC	High level	2.6 V ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> = V <sub>DDA</sub> ≤ 3.6 V	0.7 V <sub>DD</sub>			V
VIH	input v	roltage	2.0 V 3 VDD - VDDA 3 5.0 V	0.7 000			V
VIH	5V-tolerant I	O High level	$2.6 \text{ V} \le \text{V}_{DD} = \text{V}_{DDA} \le 3.6 \text{ V}$	0.7 V <sub>DD</sub>			V
	input v	oltage o	2.0 V 3 VDD - VDDA 3 5.0 V	0.7 VDD			V
	Low level ou	itput voltage	$V_{DD} = 2.6 \text{ V}$	_	_	0.19	
VoL	for 8 I	O Pins	$V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	_	_	0.17	V
	(each I <sub>IO</sub>	= +8 mA)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6 V	_	_	0.17	
	Low level or	itput voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.6 V	_	_	0.50	
Vol	for 8 I	O Pins	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V	_	_	0.43	V
	(each I <sub>IO</sub> =	= +20 mA)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6 V	_	_	0.42	
	High level or	utput voltage	$V_{DD} = 2.6 \text{ V}$	2.37	_	_	
Vон	for 8 I	O Pins	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V	3.10	_	_	V
	(each I <sub>IO</sub>	= +8 mA)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.6 V	3.42	_		
	High level or	utput voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.6 V	2.00	_	_	
Voн	for 8 I	O Pins	V <sub>DD</sub> = 3.3 V	2.78	_	_	V
	(each I <sub>IO</sub> =	= +20 mA)	$V_{DD} = 3.6 \text{ V}$	3.11	_	_	
D (2)	Internal pull-	All pins	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>SS</sub>	30	40	50	kΩ
R <sub>PU</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	up resistor	PA10	_	7.5	10	13.5	kΩ
R <sub>PD</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Internal pull-	All pins	$V_{IN} = V_{DD}$	30	40	50	kΩ



Symbol	Para	meter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	down resistor	PA10		7.5	10	13.5	kΩ

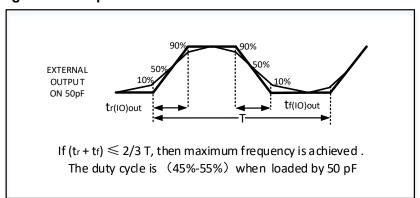
- (1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.
- (2) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.
- (3) All pins except PC13 / PC14 / PC15. Since PC13 to PC15 are supplied through the Power Switch, which can only be obtained by a small current, the speed of GPIOs PC13 to PC15 should not exceed 2 MHz when they are in output mode(maximum load: 30 pF).

Table 4-25. I/O port AC characteristics (1) (2)

GPIOx_OSPD[1:0] bit value <sup>(3)</sup>	Parameter	Conditions	Max	Unit
CDIOV OSDDO - OSDDVIA OL VO		2.6 ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 3.6 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF	26.03	
GPIOx_OSPD0->OSPDy[1:0] = X0  (IO_Speed = 2 MHz)	T <sub>Rise</sub> /T <sub>Fall</sub>	$2.6 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}, C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$	27.94	ns
(10_Speed = 2 IVII 12)		2.6 ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 3.6 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF	32.71	
CDIOV OSDDO > OSDDv[4:0] = 04		2.6 ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 3.6 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF	4.03	
GPIOx_OSPD0->OSPDy[1:0] = 01	T <sub>Rise</sub> /T <sub>Fall</sub>	2.6 ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 3.6 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 30 pF	4.30	ns
(IO_Speed = 10 MHz)		$2.6 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	5.41	
GPIOx OSPD0->OSPDy[1:0] = 11		$2.6 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6 \text{ V, } C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$	2.95	
(IO_Speed = 50 MHz)	T <sub>Rise</sub> /T <sub>Fall</sub>	$2.6 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6 \text{V}, C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$	3.38	ns
(10_Speed = 30 WH 12)		$2.6 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	3.78	
GPIOx_OSPD0->OSPDy[1:0] = 11 and		2.6 ≤ V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 3.6 V, C <sub>L</sub> = 10 pF	2.59	
GPIOx_OSPD1->SPDy = 1	T <sub>Rise</sub> /T <sub>Fall</sub>	$2.6 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6 \text{V}, C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$	3.07	ns
(IO_Speed mode = MAX)		$2.6 \le V_{DD} \le 3.6 \text{ V}, C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$	4.03	

- (1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.
- (2) Unless otherwise specified, all test results given for  $T_A = 25$  °C.
- (3) The I/O speed is configured using the GPIOx\_OSPD0->OSPDy [1:0] bits. Refer to the GD32F3x0 user manual which is selected to set the GPIO port output speed.
- (4) The maximum frequency is defined in <u>Figure 4-5</u>, and maximum frequency cannot exceed 84 MHz.

Figure 4-5. I/O port AC characteristics definition



#### 4.13 ADC characteristics

Table 4-26. ADC characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
$V_{DDA}^{(1)}$	Operating voltage	_	2.6	3.3	3.6	٧
$V_{IN}^{(1)}$	ADC input voltage range	_	0	_	$V_{DDA}$	V

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	Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
	f <sub>ADC</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	ADC clock	_	0.1		36	MHz
			12-bit	0.007	_	2.57	
	fs <sup>(1)</sup>	Compling rate	10-bit	0.008	_	3.00	MSPS
	IS <sup>(+)</sup>	Sampling rate	8-bit	0.01	_	3.60	MSPS
			6-bit	0.011	_	4.50	
	$V_{AIN}^{(1)}$	Analog input voltage	16 external; 3 internal	0	_	$V_{\text{DDA}}$	V
	R <sub>AIN</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	External input impedance	See <b>Equation 1</b>	_	_	171	kΩ
	R <sub>ADC</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Input sampling switch resistance	_	_	_	0.2	kΩ
	C <sub>ADC</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Input sampling capacitance	No pin/pad capacitance included	_	_	4	pF
	t <sub>CAL</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Calibration time	f <sub>ADC</sub> = 36 MHz	_	3.63	_	μs
Ī	ts <sup>(2)</sup>	Sampling time	f <sub>ADC</sub> = 36 MHz	0.04	_	6.65	μs
		T-1-1	12-bit	_	14	_	
	<b>4</b> (2)	Total conversion	10-bit	_	12	_	A / E
(CONV'	tconv <sup>(2)</sup>	time(including sampling	8-bit	_	10	_	1/ fadc
		time)	6-bit	_	8	_	
	t <sub>SU</sub> (2)	Startup time	_	_	_	1	μS

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

**Equation 1**: Rain max formula 
$$R_{AIN} < \frac{T_s}{f_{ADC}*C_{ADC}*ln(2^{N+2})} - R_{ADC}$$

The formula above ( $\underline{Equation 1}$ ) is used to determine the maximum external impedance allowed for an error below 1/4 of LSB. Here N = 12 (from 12-bit resolution).

Table 4-27. ADC  $R_{AIN}$  max for  $f_{ADC}$  = 36 MHz (1)

T <sub>s</sub> (cycles)	t <sub>s</sub> (µs)	R <sub>AINmax</sub> (kΩ)
1.5	0.04	0.8
7.5	0.20	5.1
13.5	0.37	9.4
28.5	0.79	20.1
41.5	1.15	29.4
55.5	1.54	39.5
71.5	1.98	50.9
239.5	6.65	171

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-28. ADC dynamic accuracy at  $f_{ADC} = 14 \text{ MHz}^{(1)}$ 

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
ENOB	Effective number of bits	f <sub>ADC</sub> = 14 MHz	1	10.9	I	bits
SNDR	Signal-to-noise and distortion ratio	$V_{DDA} = V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	_	67.3		
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	Input Frequency = 20 kHz	_	67.6	_	dB
THD	Total harmonic distortion	Temperature = 25°C	_	-79	_	

<sup>(2)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.



1) Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-29. ADC dynamic accuracy at f<sub>ADC</sub> = 28 MHz<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
ENOB	Effective number of bits	f <sub>ADC</sub> = 28 MHz		10.8	_	bits
SNDR	Signal-to-noise and distortion ratio	$V_{DDA} = V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	_	66.7	_	
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	Input Frequency = 20 kHz	_	67.0	_	dB
THD	Total harmonic distortion	Temperature = 25 °C	_	-78	_	

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

#### Table 4-30.ADC dynamic accuracy at f<sub>ADC</sub> = 36 MHz (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
ENOB	Effective number of bits	f <sub>ADC</sub> = 36 MHz	_	10.8	_	bits
SNDR	Signal-to-noise and distortion ratio	$V_{DDA} = V_{DD} = 3.3 \text{ V}$	_	66.7	_	
SNR	Signal-to-noise ratio	Input Frequency = 20	_	67.0	_	dB
THD	Total harmonic distortion	kHz		-78		uБ
טווו	Total Harmonic distortion	Temperature = 25°C		-70		

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

Table 4-31. ADC static accuracy at f<sub>ADC</sub> = 14 MHz (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test conditions	Тур	Max	Unit
Offset	Offset error	f 11 MLI-	±1		
DNL	Differential linearity error	f <sub>ADC</sub> = 14 MHz	±1	_	LSB
INL	Integral linearity error	$V_{DDA} = V_{DD} = 3.3 V$	±1.5	_	

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

## 4.14 Temperature sensor characteristics

Table 4-32. Temperature sensor characteristics (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
TL	VSENSE linearity with temperature	_	±1.5	_	$^{\circ}$
Avg_Slope	Average slope	_	4.08	_	mV/℃
V <sub>25</sub>	Voltage at 25 °C	_	1.44	_	V
t <sub>S_temp</sub> (2)	ADC sampling time when reading the temperature	_	17.1	_	μs

<sup>(1)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.

#### 4.15 I2C characteristics

Table 4-33. I2C characteristics (1) (2) (3)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		ndard ode	Fast mode		Fast n		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
too. (II)	SCL clock high		4.0		0.6		0.2		116
tscl(H)	time		4.0		0.0		0.2		μs

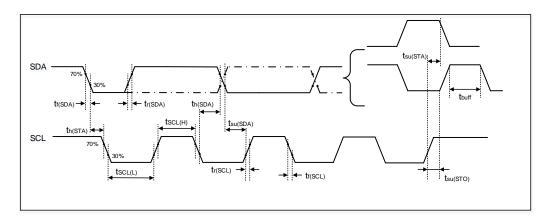
<sup>(2)</sup> Shortest sampling time can be determined in the application by multiple iterations.



Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		ndard ode	Fast mode		Fast n		Unit
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
tscL(L)	SCL clock low time	_	4.7	_	1.3	_	0.5	_	μs
t <sub>su(SDA)</sub>	SDA setup time	_	250	_	100	_	50	_	ns
t <sub>h(SDA)</sub>	SDA data hold time	_	0(3)	3450	0	900	0	450	ns
tr(SDA/SCL)	SDA and SCL rise time	_		1000	_	300	_	120	ns
t <sub>f(SDA/SCL)</sub>	SDA and SCL fall time	_	_	300	_	300	_	120	ns
th(STA)	Start condition hold time	_	4.0	_	0.6	_	0.26	_	μs
t <sub>s(STA)</sub>	Repeated Start condition setup time	_	4.7	_	0.6	_	0.26	_	μs
t <sub>s(STO)</sub>	Stop condition setup time		4.0		0.6		0.26	_	μs
t <sub>buff</sub>	Stop to Start condition time (bus free)	_	4.7	_	1.3	_	0.5	_	μs

- (1) Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.
- (2) To ensure the standard mode I2C frequency, f<sub>PCLK1</sub> must be at least 2 MHz. To ensure the fast mode I2C frequency, f<sub>PCLK1</sub> must be at least 4 MHz. To ensure the fast mode plus I2C frequency, f<sub>PCLK1</sub> must be at least a multiple of 10 MHz.
- (3) The device should provide a data hold time of 300 ns at least in order to bridge the undefined region of the falling edge of SCL.

Figure 4-6. I2C bus timing diagram





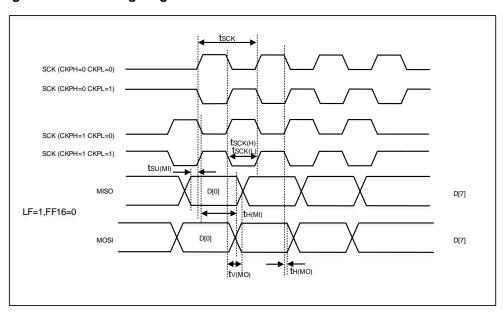
## 4.16 SPI characteristics

Table 4-34. Standard SPI characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
fsck <sup>(1)</sup>	SCK clock frequency		_	_	21	MHz
tsck(H) (1)	SCK clock high time	Master mode, $f_{PCLKx} = 84 \text{ MHz}$ , presc = 8	45.62	47.62	49.62	ns
tsck(L) <sup>(1)</sup>	SCK clock low time	Master mode, $f_{PCLKx} = 84$ MHz, presc = 8	45.62	47.62	49.62	ns
		SPI master mode				
t <sub>V(MO)</sub> <sup>(2)</sup>	Data output valid time		_	5	6	ns
t <sub>H(MO)</sub> (2)	Data output hold time	_	3	_	_	ns
tsu(мі) <sup>(1)</sup>	Data input setup time	_	1	_	_	ns
t <sub>H(MI)</sub> (1)	Data input hold time	_	0	_	_	ns
		SPI slave mode				
tsu(NSS) <sup>(1)</sup>	NSS enable setup time	_	0	_	_	ns
t <sub>H(NSS)</sub> <sup>(1)</sup>	NSS enable hold time	_	1	_	_	ns
t <sub>A(SO)</sub> (2)	Data output access time	_	9	_	13	ns
t <sub>DIS(SO)</sub> (2)	Data output disable time	_	9	_	13	ns
t <sub>V(SO)</sub> (2)	Data output valid time	_	_	14	16	ns
t <sub>H(SO)</sub> (2)	Data output hold time	_	11	_	_	ns
tsu(SI) (1)	Data input setup time	_	0	_	_	ns
t <sub>H(SI)</sub> (1)	Data input hold time	_	3	_	_	ns

<sup>(1)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Figure 4-7. SPI timing diagram - master mode



<sup>(2)</sup> Based on characterization, not tested in production.



SCK (CKPH=0 CKPL=0)
SCK (CKPH=0 CKPL=1)

\*\*Total tack\*\*

\*\*Tot

Figure 4-8. SPI timing diagram - slave mode

## 4.17 USART characteristics

Table 4-35. USART characteristics (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
fsck	SCK clock frequency	f <sub>PCLKx</sub> = 84 MHz	ı	١	42	MHz
t <sub>SCK(H)</sub>	SCK clock high time	f <sub>PCLKx</sub> = 84 MHz	11.9	_	_	ns
t <sub>SCK(L)</sub>	SCK clock low time	f <sub>PCLKx</sub> = 84 MHz	11.9			ns

<sup>(1)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

### 4.18 TIMER characteristics

Table 4-36. TIMER characteristics (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Max	Unit
$t_{res}$	Timer resolution time	_	1		TIMERXCLK
tres	Tilliel resolution tille	ftimerxclk = 84 MHz	11.9	_	ns
fехт	Timer external clock	_	0	f <sub>TIMERxCLK</sub> /2	MHz
IEXI	frequency	f <sub>TIMERxCLK</sub> = 84 MHz	0	42	MHz
RES	Timer resolution	_	_	16/32	bit
	16-bit counter clock period	_	1	65536	tTIMERXCLK
tcounter	when internal clock is selected	f <sub>TIMERxCLK</sub> = 84 MHz	0.0119	780.2	μs
tmax_count	Maximum possible count	_	_	65536 × 65536	tTIMERXCLK



f <sub>TIMERxCLK</sub> = 84 MHz — 51.13	s
---	---

<sup>(1)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

#### 4.19 WDGT characteristics

Table 4-37. FWDGT min/max timeout period at 40 kHz (IRC40K) (1)

( )							
Prescaler divider	PSC[2:0] bits	Min timeout RLD[11:0] = 0x000	Max timeout RLD[11:0] = 0xFFF	Unit			
1/4	000	0.025	409.525				
1/8	001	0.025	819.025				
1/16	010	0.025	1638.025				
1/32	011	0.025	3276.025	ms			
1/64	100	0.025	6552.025				
1/128	101	0.025	13104.025				
1/256	110 or 111	0.025	26208.025				

<sup>(1)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

Table 4-38. WWDGT min-max timeout value at 42 MHz (f<sub>PCLK1</sub>) (1)

(FOLKI)								
Prescaler divider	PSC[1:0]	Min timeout value CNT[6:0] = 0x40	Unit	Max timeout value CNT[6:0] = 0x7F	Unit			
1/1	00	97.5		6.24				
1/2	01	195.0		12.48	ma			
1/4	10	390.1	μs	24.97	ms			
1/8	11	780.2		49.93				

<sup>(1)</sup> Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

#### 4.20 Parameter conditions

Unless otherwise specified, all values given for  $V_{DD}$  =  $V_{DDA}$  = 3.3 V,  $T_A$  = 25 °C.



# 5 Package information

# 5.1 LQFP64 package outline dimensions

Figure 5-1. LQFP64 package outline

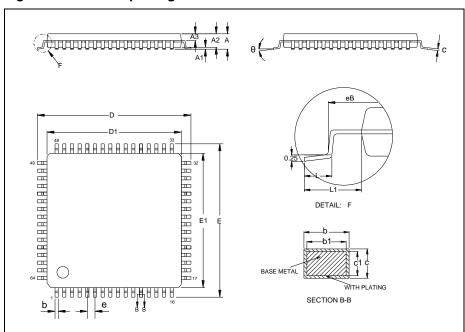


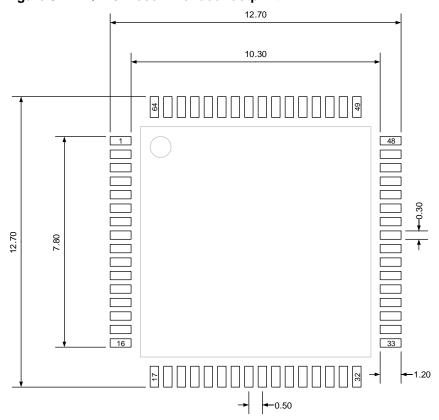
Table 5-1. LQFP64 package dimensions

Symbol	Min	Тур	Max
Α	_	_	1.60
A1	0.05	_	0.15
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45
A3	0.59	0.64	0.69
b	0.18	_	0.26
b1	0.17	0.20	0.23
С	0.13	_	0.17
c1	0.12	0.13	0.14
D	11.80	12.00	12.20
D1	9.90	10.00	10.10
E	11.80	12.00	12.20
E1	9.90	10.00	10.10
е	_	0.50	_
eB	11.25	_	11.45
L	0.45	_	0.75
L1	_	1.00	_
θ	0°	_	7°



(Original dimensions are in millimeters)

Figure 5-2. LQFP64 recommended footprint





# 5.2 LQFP48 package outline dimensions

Figure 5-3. LQFP48 package outline

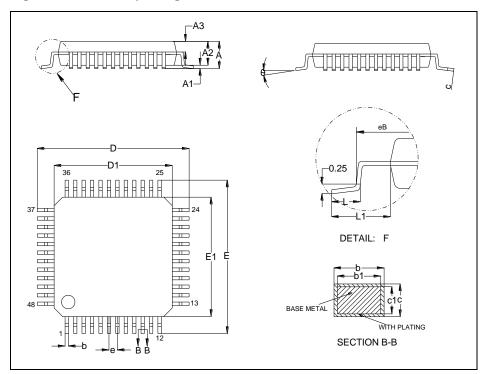
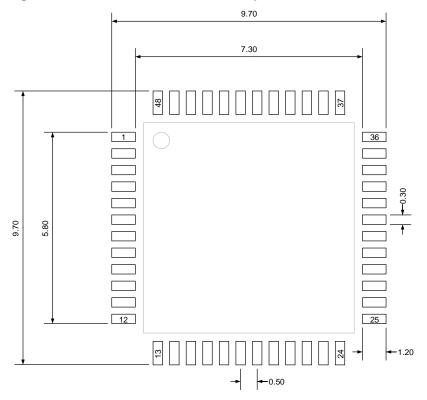


Table 5-2. LQFP48 package dimensions

Symbol	Min	Тур	Max
Α	_	_	1.60
A1	0.05	_	0.15
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45
A3	0.59	0.64	0.69
b	0.18	_	0.26
b1	0.17	0.20	0.23
С	0.13	_	0.17
c1	0.12	0.13	0.14
D	8.80	9.00	9.20
D1	6.90	7.00	7.10
E	8.80	9.00	9.20
E1	6.90	7.00	7.10
е	_	0.50	_
eB	8.10	_	8.25
L	0.45	_	0.75
L1	_	1.00	_
θ	0°	_	7°



Figure 5-4. LQFP48 recommended footprint





# 5.3 LQFP32 package outline dimensions

Figure 5-5. LQFP32 package outline

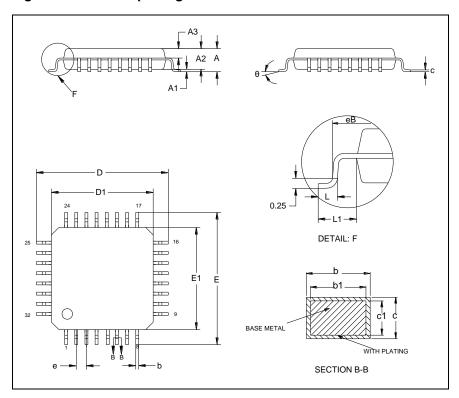


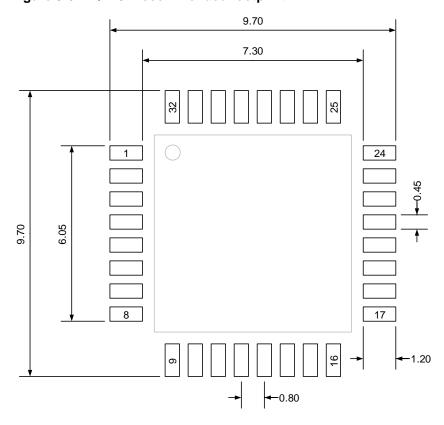
Table 5-3. LQFP32 package dimensions

Symbol	Min	Тур	Max
Α	_	_	1.60
A1	0.05		0.15
A2	1.35	1.40	1.45
A3	0.59	0.64	0.69
b	0.33	_	0.41
b1	0.32	0.35	0.38
С	0.13	_	0.17
c1	0.12	0.13	0.14
D	8.80	9.00	9.20
D1	6.90	7.00	7.10
E	8.80	9.00	9.20
E1	6.90	7.00	7.10
е	_	0.80	_
eB	8.10	_	8.25
L	0.45		0.75
L1	_	1.00	_
θ	0°	_	7°



(Original dimensions are in millimeters)

Figure 5-6. LQFP32 recommended footprint





# 5.4 QFN32 package outline dimensions

Figure 5-7. QFN32 package outline

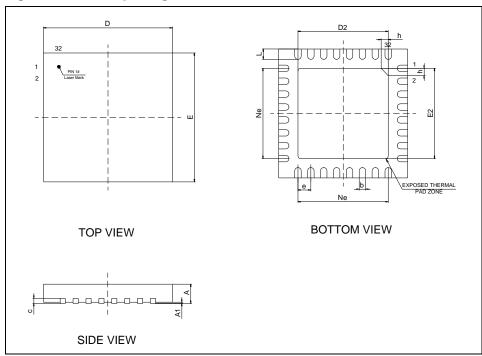
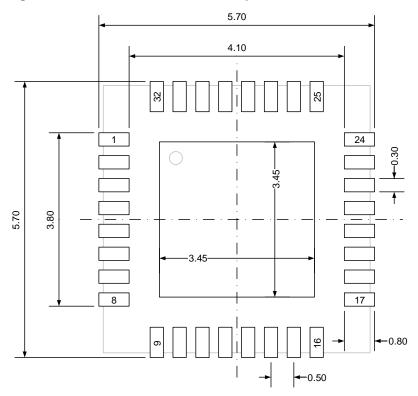


Table 5-4. QFN32 package dimensions

Symbol	Min	Тур	Max
Α	0.70	0.75	0.80
A1	0	0.02	0.05
b	0.18	0.25	0.30
С	0.18	0.20	0.25
D	4.90	5.00	5.10
D2	3.40	3.50	3.60
E	4.90	5.00	5.10
E2	3.40	3.50	3.60
е	_	0.50	_
h	0.30	0.35	0.40
L	0.35	0.40	0.45
Ne	_	3.50	_



Figure 5-8. QFN32 recommended footprint





# 5.5 QFN28 package outline dimensions

Figure 5-9. QFN28 package outline

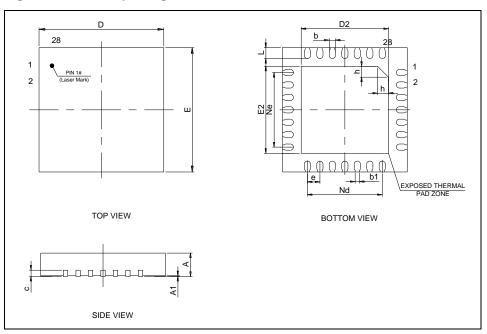
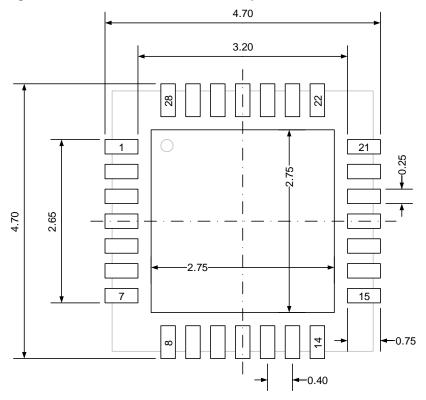


Table 5-5. QFN28 package dimensions

Symbol	Min	Тур	Max
А	0.70	0.75	0.80
A1	0	0.02	0.05
b	0.15	0.20	0.25
b1	_	0.14	_
С	0.18	0.20	0.25
D	3.90	4.00	4.10
D2	2.70	2.80	2.90
Е	3.90	4.00	4.10
E2	2.70	2.80	2.90
е	_	0.40	_
h	0.30	0.35	0.40
L	0.30	0.35	0.40
Nd	_	2.40	_
Ne	_	2.40	_



Figure 5-10. QFN28 recommended footprint





# 5.6 TSSOP20 package outline dimensions

Figure 5-11. TSSOP20 package outline

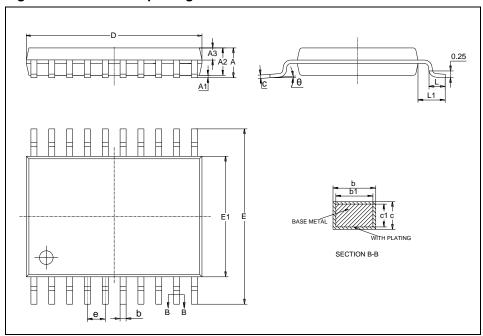
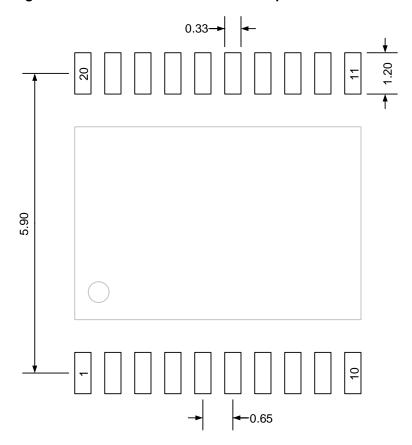


Table 5-6. TSSOP20 package dimensions

Symbol	Min	Тур	Max
Α	_	_	1.20
A1	0.05	_	0.15
A2	0.80	1.00	1.05
A3	0.39	0.44	0.49
b	0.20		0.28
b1	0.19	0.22	0.25
С	0.13		0.17
c1	0.12	0.13	0.14
D	6.40	6.50	6.60
E	6.20	6.40	6.60
E1	4.30	4.40	4.50
е	_	0.65	_
L	0.45	0.60	0.75
L1	_	1.00	
θ	0°	_	8°



Figure 5-12. TSSOP20 recommended footprint





#### 5.7 Thermal characteristics

Thermal resistance is used to characterize the thermal performance of the package device, which is represented by the Greek letter "0". For semiconductor devices, thermal resistance represents the steady-state temperature rise of the chip junction due to the heat dissipated on the chip surface.

 $\theta_{JA}$ : Thermal resistance, junction-to-ambient.

θ<sub>JB</sub>: Thermal resistance, junction-to-board.

 $\theta_{JC}$ : Thermal resistance, junction-to-case.

ΨJB: Thermal characterization parameter, junction-to-board.

ΨЈТ: Thermal characterization parameter, junction-to-top center.

$$\theta_{JA} = (T_J - T_A)/P_D \tag{5-1}$$

$$\theta_{JB} = (T_J - T_B)/P_D \tag{5-2}$$

$$\theta_{JC} = (T_J - T_C)/P_D \tag{5-3}$$

Where,  $T_J$  = Junction temperature.

 $T_A$  = Ambient temperature

T<sub>B</sub> = Board temperature

T<sub>C</sub> = Case temperature which is monitoring on package surface

P<sub>D</sub> = Total power dissipation

 $\theta_{JA}$  represents the resistance of the heat flows from the heating junction to ambient air. It is an indicator of package heat dissipation capability. Lower  $\theta_{JA}$  can be considerate as better overall thermal performance.  $\theta_{JA}$  is generally used to estimate junction temperature.

 $\theta_{JB}$  is used to measure the heat flow resistance between the chip surface and the PCB board.

 $\theta_{JC}$  represents the thermal resistance between the chip surface and the package top case.  $\theta_{JC}$  is mainly used to estimate the heat dissipation of the system (using heat sink or other heat dissipation methods outside the device package).

Table 5-7. Package thermal characteristics<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Condition	Package	Value	Unit
	Natural convection, 2S2P PCB	LQFP64	61.80	°C/W
		LQFP48	64.40	
0		LQFP32	66.11	
θја		QFN32	48.50	
		QFN28 66.07	QFN28 66.07	
		TSSOP20	72.35	
θЈВ	Cold plate, 2S2P PCB	LQFP64	42.83	°C/W



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Symbol	Condition	Package	Value	Unit
		LQFP48	42.32	
		LQFP32	42.66	
		QFN32	28.32	
		QFN28	32.52	
		TSSOP20	53.01	
		LQFP64	21.98	
		LQFP48	22.47	
	Cold plate 2020 DCD	LQFP32	30.06	°C 44/
θ <sub>JC</sub>	Cold plate, 2S2P PCB	QFN32	24.07	°C/W
		QFN28	30.58	
		TSSOP20	25.05	
	Natural convection, 2S2P PCB	LQFP64	43.05	°C/W
		LQFP48	42.42	
		LQFP32	43.18	
ΨЈВ		QFN32	28.93	
		QFN28	32.55	
		TSSOP20	53.15	
		LQFP64	1.58	
Ψл	Natural convection, 2S2P PCB	LQFP48	1.74	
		LQFP32	4.56	°C 447
		QFN32	3.33	°C/W
		QFN28	3.27	
		TSSOP20	1.93	

<sup>(1)</sup> Thermal characteristics are based on simulation, and meet JEDEC specification.



# 6 Ordering information

Table 6-1. Part ordering code for GD32F330xx devices

Ordering and	Temperature			
Ordering code	Flash (KB)	Package	Package type	operating range
GD32F330RBT6	128	LQFP64	Green	Industrial
GD321 330ND10	120	LQI 1 04	Green	-40 °C to +85 °C
GD32F330R8T6	64	LQFP64	Green	Industrial
	•	-4	0.55	-40 °C to +85 °C
GD32F330CBT6	128	LQFP48	Green	Industrial
				-40 °C to +85 °C
GD32F330C8T6	64	LQFP48	Green	Industrial
				-40 °C to +85 °C Industrial
GD32F330C6T6	32	LQFP48	Green	-40 °C to +85 °C
				Industrial
GD32F330C4T6	16	LQFP48	Green	-40 °C to +85 °C
				Industrial
GD32F330K4T6	16	LQFP32	Green	-40 °C to +85 °C
000000000000000000000000000000000000000	00	1.05500		Industrial
GD32F330K6T6	32	LQFP32	Green	-40 °C to +85 °C
GD32F330K8T6	64	LQFP32	Green	Industrial
GD32F330K616	04	LQFP32	Green	-40 °C to +85 °C
GD32F330K8U6	64	QFN32	Green	Industrial
GB021 00011000		QITTOL	Orcen	-40 °C to +85 °C
GD32F330K6U6	32	QFN32	Green	Industrial
		Δ	0.00	-40 °C to +85 °C
GD32F330K4U6	16	QFN32	Green	Industrial
				-40 °C to +85 °C
GD32F330G8U6	64	QFN28	Green	Industrial
				-40 °C to +85 °C Industrial
GD32F330G6U6	32	QFN28	Green	-40 °C to +85 °C
				Industrial
GD32F330G4U6	16	QFN28	Green	-40 °C to +85 °C
000050050	0.1	T000700		Industrial
GD32F330F8P6	64	TSSOP20	Green	-40 °C to +85 °C
CD22E220E6D0	32	TOODDO	Croon	Industrial
GD32F330F6P6	ა∠ 	TSSOP20	Green	-40 °C to +85 °C
GD32F330F4P6	16	TSSOP20	Green	Industrial
GD321 3301 41 0	10	1000120	Giccii	-40 °C to +85 °C



# 7 Revision history

Table 7-1. Revision history

Revision No.	Description	Date
1.0	Initial Release	Jun.6, 2017
1.1	Characteristics values updated	Jun.20, 2017
1.2	Characteristics values updated	Nov.20, 2017
1.3	Repair history accumulation error	Jan.24, 2018
1.4	Characteristics values updated	Jun.1, 2019
1.5	Characteristics values, logo, package information and ordering information updated	Oct.8, 2019
1.6	Electrical characteristics, Arm® Cortex™-M4 core description	Jul.10, 2020
1.7	Update <u>I2C characteristics</u> .  Update <u>WDGT characteristics</u> .  Update <u>EXTI in Table 2-1. GD32F330xx devices features</u> <u>and peripheral list</u> .  Update <u>Figure 2-8. GD32F330xx clock tree</u> .  Update <u>Package and operation temperature</u> .  Update <u>Table 4-26. ADC characteristics</u> .  Update <u>Table 4-27. ADC RAIN max for fADC = 36 MHz(1)</u> .  Update <u>Package information</u> .  Update <u>Ordering information</u> .  Update <u>SPI characteristics</u> .	Dec.10, 2021
1.8	Update <u>Arm® Cortex®-M4 core</u> .  Update <u>Debug mode</u> .  Update <u>Device information</u> : add LQFP32 package  Add <u>Figure 2-4. GD32F330Kx LQFP32 pinouts</u> .  Add <u>GD32F330Kx LQFP32 pin definitions</u> .  Update <u>Package and operation temperature</u> : add LQFP32  package  Update <u>Table 4-1. Absolute maximum ratings(1)(4)</u> .  Update <u>Package information</u> : add LQFP32 package  Update <u>Ordering information</u> : add LQFP32 package	Jan.13, 2022
1.9	Update <u>Figure 2-4. GD32F330Kx LQFP32 pinouts</u> . Update <u>Table 2-6. GD32F330Kx LQFP32 pin definitions</u> .	Jan.19, 2022
2.0	Update <b>Operating conditions characteristics</b> .  Update <b>Power consumption</b> .	Apr.7, 2022



# GD32F330xx Datasheet

Revision No.	Description	Date
	Update <b>EMC characteristics</b> .	
	Update <b>Power supply supervisor characteristics</b> .	
	Update <i>Electrical sensitivity</i> .	
	Update <b>External clock characteristics</b> .	
	Update <i>Internal clock characteristics</i> .	
	Update <b>NRST pin characteristics</b> .	
	Update <i>GPIO characteristics</i> .	
	Update ADC characteristics .	
	Update <u>Temperature sensor characteristics</u> .	
	Update <i>I2C characteristics</i> .	
	Update <b>EMC characteristics</b> .	
2.1	Update <b>LQFP64 package outline dimensions</b> .	Jul. 29, 2022
	Update <b>NRST pin characteristics</b> .	
	Update <u><b>On-chip memory</b></u> .	



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