# **ELK** Products, Inc.

# M1 Security and Automation Controller

# ASCII Protocol RS-232 Interface Specification

**Revision 1.81** 

**August 8, 2011** 

Specifications subject to change without notice.

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Hildebran, NC 28637 USA

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#### M1 Command Summary

Lower case is command to control.

Upper case is data from control.

a0 – Disarm

a1 - Arm to away

a2 - Arm to stay

a3 – Arm to stay instant

a4 – Arm to night

a5 – Arm to night instant

a6 – Arm to vacation

a7 – Arm step to next Away Mode

a8 – Arm step to next Stay Mode

AP – Send ASCII String

ar – Alarm Reporting Acknowledge

AR – Alarm Reporting to Ethernet

as – Request arming status

AS – Arming status report data

at - Ethernet Test Acknowledge

AT – Ethernet Test to IP

az – Alarm by zone request

AZ - Alarm by zone reply

ca – Request Touchscreen audio command

CA –Reply Touchscreen audio command

CC – Control output change update

cd - Incoming Audio Equip Command

CD - Outgoing Audio Equip Command

cf - Control output OFF

cn - Control output ON

cp – Request ALL custom values

cr - Request custom value

CR – Custom value report data

cs – Control output status request

CS – Control output status report data

ct - Control output TOGGLE

cu – Change user code request

CU – Change user code reply

cw - Write custom value data

cv – Request Counter value

CV – Counter Value Data

cx – Write counter value

dm – Display message

ds – Lighting Poll Request

DS – Lighting Poll Response

DK- Display KP LCD Data, not used

EE – Entry/Exit Time Data

EM – Email Trigger to M1XEP

IC – Send invalid user code digits

IE – Installer program exited

IP- M1XSP Insteon Program

ip- M1XSP Insteon Program

IR- M1XSP Insteon Read

ir- M1XSP Insteon Read

ka – Request keypad areas

KA – Keypad areas report data

kc – Request F Key illumination status

KC – Keypad key change update

kf – Request simulated function key press

KF – Function key pressed data

LD – Log data with index

ld – Request log data, with index

le – Write Log Data Entry

lw - Request temperature data

LW – Reply temperature data

NS – Reply Source Name

NZ – Reply Zone Name

pc – Control any PLC device

PC – PLC change update

pf – Turn OFF PLC device

pn – Turn ON PLC device

ps – Request PLC status

PS – PLC status report data

pt - Toggle PLC device

RE – Reset Ethernet Module

RP - ELKRP connected

rr – Request Real Time Clock Read

RR - Real Time Clock Data

rs – Used by Touchscreen

rw - Real Time Clock Write

sd – Request text string descriptions

SD – Text string description report data

sp - Speak phrase

ss –Request System Trouble Status vn – request Version Number of M1 SS – System Trouble Status data VN – Reply Version Number of M1 st – Request temperature ST – Temperature report data XB – reserved by ELKRP sw – Speak word xk – Reply from Ethernet test XK – Request Ethernet test t2 – Request Omnistat 2 data zb – Zone bypass request T2 – Reply Omnistat 2 data ZB – Zone bypass report data TC – Task change update ZC – Zone change update tn – Task activation zd – Request zone definition data ZD – Zone definition report data tr – Request thermostat data TR – Thermostat data report zp – Zone partition request ts – Set thermostat data ZP – Zone partition report data zs – Zone status request ZS – Zone status report data ua – Request user code areas

## **Revision History:**

UA – User code areas report data

- Rev. 0.1 1/13/04 Changed Task Number ASCII reply from 2 digits to 3 digits and changed command from "R" to "T".
- Rev.  $0.2 \frac{2}{17}/04$  Added Keypad key pressed ASCII transmission.
- Rev. 0.3 3/23/04 Changed Tasks from a state on/off to a one-shot button.
- Rev. 1.1 3/24/04 Removed ON/OFF Task commands.
- Rev. 1.2 3/25/04 Added Request ASCII Names to protocol.
- Rev. 1.3 3/29/04 Added Request Temperatures
- Rev. 1.4 3/30/04 Added Keypad Key Change, word and phrase table to specification.
- Rev. 1.5 4/15/04 Added Read and Write Custom Values to protocol.
- Rev. 1.6 6/07/04 Added note about high bit of ASCII names may be set to indicate "Show On Keypad".
- Rev. 1.7 6/15/04 Added Request for User Code valid areas.
- Rev. 1.8 6/28/04 Task Change typo Command from RC to TC, status byte set to 0.
- Rev. 1.9 7/12/04 Added All\_Lights\_On, All\_Lights\_Off, All\_Units\_Off to PLC Update for Serial Port Expander and Zensys
- Rev. 1.10 7/16/04 Request and return for what area a keypad is valid in, ability to activate keypad function key, ability to bypass a zone.
- Rev. 1.11 7/19/04 Added Request Function Key names, Request Keypad Areas, Activate Keypad function keys, bypass a zone, send arming status on keypad arm/disarm.
- Rev. 1.12 8/4/04 Changed Zone Temperature Probe subtract value to 60 from 40.
- Rev. 1.14 8/6/04 Document correction in Log Data command, changed NQ to LD. Added PLC Status example.
- Rev. 1.15 8/20/04 Added ASCII Thermostat control.

zv –Request Zone analog voltage ZV – Zone analog voltage data

- Rev. 1.16 8/24/04 Added Thermostat Humidity support
- Rev. 1.17 8/27/04 Enhanced Arming Status Request, Added Zone Definition data.
- Rev. 1.18 9/21/04 Requesting Names, sd command, returns name whose first character is > "space" or last name in name array.
- Rev. 1.19 10/15/04 Added checksum C code routines.
- Rev. 1.20 10/22/04 PLC reply, "PS" command, replies with light level value to 48 (0x30) added to the value.
- Rev.1.21 10/26/04 Added '\*' key to "4.21 Keypad Function Key Press", fixed task number to 3 digits in "Task Change Update".
- Rev. 1.22 11/15/04 Added Type of data to the Custom Values response. Implemented factory use data to Request Valid User Code Areas.
- Rev. 1.23 12/09/04 Corrected length of request and reply temperature data, command "st" and "ST".
- Rev. 1.24 12/17/04 Added command summary
- Rev. 1.25 1/5/05 Added email trigger, "EM", command
- Rev. 1.26 1/11/05 Modified "KC" command to add keypad function key LED status.
- Rev. 1.27 1/12/05 Corrected length of alarm reporting acknowledge from 04 to 06.
- Rev. 1.28 1/12/05 Corrected Alarm report acknowledge command AR to ar, added Alarm Test AR and at commands, fix Task Change Update length to 0x0A
- Rev. 1.29 1/17/05 Added "IE" Installer Program Mode Exited.
- Rev. 1.30 1/31/05 Changed "IC" Invalid User Code from 6 digits to 12 digits data for 26 bit Weigand prox card data. Added Zone Analog Voltage Data Request command.
- Rev.  $1.31 \frac{2}{21}/05$  Corrected Alarm Reporting packet length in description from 21 to 22 bytes.
- Rev. 1.32 2/22/05 Added "kc" command to request keypad F key illumination status. Returns "KC" command data.
- Rev. 1.33 3/16/05 Added Armed Away Mode stepping and Armed Stay Mode stepping. "a7" & "a8" commands. Added number of user code digits to "UA" command. Added "XK" and "xk" command for Ethernet Module Test.
- Rev. 1.34 3/17/05 Fixed "Reply Thermostat Data (TR)" description. Added automatic temperature updates on change. Version 4.2.8
- Rev. 1.35 3/24/05 Added byte to indicate if code required to bypass in the "KC" command.
- Rev. 1.36 4/28/05 Fixed error in length of Custom Value Reply. Version 4.3.1
- Rev. 1.37 5/2/05 "SD" command, explain the search for names to be returned. Explained dims, brights, and preset dim in "pc" command.
- Rev. 1.38 5/11/05 "RR" command to request and write real time clock data added to protocol.
- Rev. 1.39 5/12/05 Added if in Daylight Savings Time Mode to "RR" command. Added 'C' character to "kf" command to control chime.
- Rev. 1.40 5/20/05 Changed "IC" command so that valid user code number is broadcast.
- Rev. 1.41 5/23/05 Fixed "pf" documentation's example code.
- Rev. 1.42 5/26/05 Added Real Time Clock time data to "XK" command and corrected response in document.
- Rev. 1.43 6/2/05 Documented the "RP" command which is sent from XEP upon ELK RP connection. Added clock and date display mode to the "XK" command. Added Chime Mode status to "KF" command

- Rev. 1.44 6/7/05 Added the "ld", request log data command and added the index number to the "LD" log data command.
- Rev. 1.45 6/10/05 Added day of week and year to "LD" log data reply.
- Rev. 1.46 6/16/05 Added Keypad Number to "IC" command. Added Event Table.
- Rev. 1.47 6/30/05 Added lw and LW command to request temperature sensor and keypad temperature.
- Rev. 1.48 7/12/05 Added M1SDK software documentation.
- Rev. 1.49 8/15/05 Corrected length of "ZC" example. Added "cp" command to request all custom values.
- Rev. 1.50 8/22/05 Added user code type to "UA" reply. Added "RE" Command to reset Ethernet Module. Ver. 4.3.7
- Rev. 1.51 12/5/05 Added "ds" and "DS" for lighting device poll. This command is only used by the M1XSP Serial Port Expander. Added "cu", "CU" change user code.
- Rev. 1.52 12/9/05 Added 'F' or 'C' to UA command for Fahrenheit or Celcius temperature mode. Added "az" and "AZ" alarm by zone commands
- Rev. 1.53 12/22/05 Added ability to program what areas the user code is valid in on the "CU" command.
- Rev. 1.54 2/03/06 Add response on "cu" command that if code to be programmed is a duplicate and denied, the returned user code is 255.
- Rev. 1.55 3/03/06 Documented softbypass in ZS command.
- Rev. 1.56 3/21/06 Added Entrance and Exit time to AS command.
- Rev.  $1.57 \frac{5}{26}$ /06 Added M1XSP remote programming for Insteon Setup.
- Rev. 1.58 6/1/06 Changed number of packets from 9 to 8 on Insteon Setup. Added Null Modem.
- Rev. 1.59 6/5/06 Added RP documentation.
- Rev 1.60 10/26/06 Corrected "IC" command user numbers
- Rev.1.61 07/02/07 Correct number of user names of reading user names from 99 to 199. Added "le" command to force log entry for dialer reporting. M1 version 4.1.2 and 5.1.2 or later.
- Rev. 1.6.2 08/21/07 Added "SS" command to poll for system troubles.
- Rev. 1.6.3 08/24/07 Added code restriction disable/enable to the "cu" command.
- Rev. 1.6.5 11/27/07 "ZC" documentation clarification.
- Rev. 1.6.6 12/12/2007 ``SS'' further explained fire trouble zone decode.
- Rev. 1.6.7 3/19/2008 Fixed documentation error in the "AZ" command.
- Rev.  $1.6.8 \frac{5}{2} \cdot \frac{2008}{2008}$  Added in "ts" ASCII thermostat command the ability to set the thermostat temperature from a controller with a thermostat connected to it.
- Rev. 1.6.9 5/6/2008 Added "CV", "cv", "cv" command to read and write counter values.
- Rev. 1.70 6/20/2008 Fixed documentation error on "CR" command using the "NN" value.
- Rev. 1.71 10/10/2008 Added "Interpreting M1/EZ8 Event Log Extended Information".
- Rev. 1.72 10/27/2008 Added "AP" commands to send ASCII strings to outside IP address. Added "CD" commands to control audio equipment.
  - Remapped document by commands.
- Rev. 1.73 10/29/2008 Corrected "Interpreting M1/EZ8 Event Log Extended Information" involving extended function key code from 500 to 400 range.
- Rev. 1.74 11/06/2008 Added Omnistat 2 documentation, added SD commands 18 & 19, EE command, CA command. VN version number. Version 5.1.12 or later
- Rev. 1.75 11/14/2008 Modified the CA and CD commands.

- Rev. 1.76 4/21/2009 Modified XK description.
- Rev. 1.77 5/04/2009 Modified EE command to add Armed State to command string.
- Rev. 1.78 7/08/2009 Removed ASCII audio commands (CD) and use numbers in command strings
- Rev. 1.79 7/16/2009 Explained the SS command of extracting zone troubles from string.
- Rev. 1.80 11/19/2009 Added "zt" command to violate a zone. Noted the "le" command event and central station reporting.
- Rev. 1.81 8/8/2011 Explained AP command in more detail.

#### 1. General

This document describes the protocol specifications for the ELK M1 Security and Automation Controller's RS232 serial interface port and related controls including the ELK EZ8 Control. This port allows communications between the M1 and various 'third party' devices such as computers, lighting, HVAC, and many types of automation devices on a real-time basis.

Connection to the port is via a 9-pin "DB-9" cord. You can use any PC connected to the RS232 port to communicate with the control panel. You can use any software capable of sending ASCII strings through your PC's COM ports.

## 2. Electrical/Mechanical Specifications

The interface connector supports a limited RS-232 hardware interface configured as DCE (Data Communication Equipment). The pin-outs are GND – Pin 5, and the TXD – Pin 2, RXD – Pin 3 signals. The control panel ignores all handshake lines when sending data, so connected equipment must be capable of receiving continuous 9600 to 115,200 baud data.

To connect to a computer use as straight through serial cable. To connect to other DCE configured serial ports, a null modem and maybe a gender changer will be required.

Communication settings should be 9600 to 115,200 baud, 8 data bits, no parity, and one stop bit. Logic levels at the interface are standard RS-232. The interface is full duplex. Baud rates must be set in the M1 Global programming section.

## 3. Error Checking

The transmission contains checksum and packet length error checking. No acknowledge or re-transmission capability is implemented.

## 4. Messages

With the exception of the message terminator, CR-LF, all characters are printable ASCII. See Appendix for an example of C source for generating a well-formed message string.

A packet length and checksum generator program is available from ELK Products, Inc. to generate test ASCII packets. The program is called M1\_SDK.exe.

#### 4.1 Data Packet Format

Data packets both from a PC to the control panel and from the control panel to a PC use the following format.

NNMSD...OO CC (CR-LF)

ASCII hexadecimal Notation - 0x00 to 0xFF, the 0x.. Represents ASCII hexadecimal notation

#### 4.1.1 Packet Length

*NN* 2 ASCII characters, length of packet including all characters except Length and CR-LF at the end of the packet. Legal values are ASCII hex 00 to FF. Permissible characters are ASCII 0-9 and upper case A-F.

## 4.1.2 Message Type

M 1 ASCII character, message/packet type ID. These are upper and lower case alpha characters. Upper case is used for responses from the control panel and lower case for commands to the control panel. Allowed values are a-z and A-Z

## 4.1.3 Sub-Message Type

S ASCII character, sub-message/packet type. These are upper and lower case alpha characters. Upper case is used for responses from the control panel and lower case for commands to the control panel. Allowed values are 0-9, a-z and A-Z.

#### 4.1.4 Data

D... 0 or more ASCII characters of data associated with the command/packet type. Any printable ASCII character is permitted. L, P is part of the Data packet as explained when needed.

#### 4.1.5 Reserved

0 0 Two ASCII characters, reserved for future development. The only currently legal character is 0 (ASCII zero).

#### 4.1.6 Checksum

CC 2 ASCII characters, 2-digit checksum. This is the hexadecimal two's complement of the modulo-256 sum of the ASCII values of all characters in the message excluding the checksum itself and the CR-LF terminator at the end of the message. Permissible characters are ASCII 0-9 and upper case A-F. When all the characters are added to the Checksum, the value should equal 0.

#### 4.1.7 Terminator

(CR-LF) Message terminator. ASCII characters consisting of hexadecimal 0x0D and 0x0A. The 0x0A is optional. A message terminator may also use the 0x0A only.

NNMSD...0 0 CC (CR-LF) packet protocol

#### 4.1.8 Message Processing Time:

The M1's incoming message buffer can hold up to 250 characters. Control messages take different times to process messages: Lighting control messages may take up to 500 ms to process the message and send it to a M1XSP Serial Port Expander if it is used. The M1XSP can buffer two control messages. Some of the lighting control systems have status feedback with failure retries which may take 2 to 3 seconds to transmit to a faulty light control signal.

Note: In the examples below, the data portion will be in **Bold** text. The packet length and checksum will not be in bold.

## 4.2 Arm and Disarm Messages (a0..a8)

For Arm and Disarm messages the data field **aLPDDDDD** consists of:

aL P DDDDDD

Example: 0D **a1 1 003456 00** 37

L = Arming Level. Range: 0 to 8.

0 = Disarm

1 = Armed Away

2 = Armed Stay

3 = Armed Stay Instant

4 = Armed Night

5 = Armed Night Instant

6 = Armed Vacation

7 = Arm to next Away Mode Version 4.2.8 or later

8 = Arm to next Stay Mode Version 4.2.8 or later

P = Partition or Area 1 to 8

**DDDDDD** = six digits for the User Code. If using four digits as the code length, precede the code with 0's, ex. 1234 would be 001234.

Note: Arming the control panel with zones open will initiate "force arming" regardless of whether force arming is enabled or disabled in the control panel.

#### **Arm / Disarm Examples**

#### 4.2.1 Disarm (a0)

0Da010034560038(CR-LF)

Example: a0=Disarm, 1=Area 1, 003456=User Code 3456.

#### 4.2.2 Arm to Away (a1)

0Da11001234003F(CR-LF)

Example: a1=arm away, 1=Area 1, 001234=User Code 1234.

#### 4.2.3 Arm to Stay (Home) (a2)

0Da23005678002C(CR-LF)

Example: a2=arm stay, 3=Area 3, 005678=User Code 5678.

## 4.2.4 Arm to Stay Instant (a3)

0D**a3800567800**26(CR-LF)

Example: a3=arm stay instant, 8=Area 8, 005678=User Code 5678.

#### 4.2.5 Arm to Night (a4)

0Da480056780025(CR-LF)

Example: a4=arm night, 8=Area 8, 005678=User Code 5678.

## 4.2.6 Arm to Night Instant (a5)

0D**a5800567800**24(CR-LF)

Example: a5=arm night instant, 8=Area 8, 005678=User Code 5678.

## 4.2.7 Arm to Vacation (a6)

0D**a6800567800**23(CR-LF)

Example: a6=Vacation, 8=Area 8, 005678=User Code 5678.

## 4.2.8 Arm, Step To Next Away Mode (a7)

0Da710034560031 (CR-LF) Version 4.2.8 or later.

Example: a7=Step to next Away arming mode, 1=Area 1, 003456=User Code 3456.

## 4.2.9 Arm, Step To Next Stay Mode (a8)

0Da810012340038 (CR-LF) Version 4.2.8 or later.

Example: a8=Step to next Stay arming mode, 1=Area 1, 001234=User Code 1234.

You can send a request to the control panel for its arming status by sending an Arming Status request. The Control panel will respond with an Arming Status Report.

#### 4.2.10 Arming Status Request (as)

06 - Length as ASCII hex

as – Request arming status

00 - future use

CC - Checksum

The control panel responds to this message with an Arming Status Report

## 4.2.11 Reply Arming Status Report Data (AS)

```
1E - Length as ASCII hex
AS - Reply with zone definition data
S[8] - Array of 8 area armed status.
U[8] - Array of 8 area arm up state.
A[8] - Array of 8 area alarm state.
00 - future use, M1 Version 4.11 and later, contains the first found Exit time if U[x] = '3' or Entrance time if A[x] = '1' as two digits hex in seconds.
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 1EAS10000000400000030000000000000000000 Area 1 is armed away, and the area is in full fire alarm.

Example: 1EAS100000003111111110000000000000 Exit time set to 9 seconds.

If the control's area status changes, this message will be sent if Global Option "Transmit Keypad Keys" is enabled.

**"S" 8-character array field**, represents the arming status of partitions 1-8. The leftmost "S" is Area 1. Each area or partition field can contain one of the following ASCII values:

- '0' Disarmed
- '1' Armed Away
- '2' Armed Stay
- '3' Armed Stay Instant
- '4' Armed to Night
- '5' Armed to Night Instant
- '6' Armed to Vacation
- "U" 8-character array field, represents the arm up state of partitions 1-8. The leftmost "U" is Area 1.

Each area or partition field can contain one of the following ASCII values:

- '0' Not Ready To Arm
- '1' Ready To Arm
- '2' Ready To Arm, but a zone is violated and can be Force Armed.
- '3' Armed with Exit Timer working
- '4' Armed Fully
- '5' Force Armed with a force arm zone violated
- '6' Armed with a bypass
- "A" 8-character array field, represents the current alarm state of partitions 1-8. The leftmost "A" is

Area 1. Each area or partition field can contain one of the following ASCII values:

- '0' No Alarm Active
- '1' Entrance Delay is Active
- '2' Alarm Abort Delay Active
- 3' to 'B' Area is in Full Alarm, see ASCII alarm table values below:

```
FireAlarm = '3',
MedicalAlarm = '4',
PoliceAlarm = '5',
BurglarAlarm = '6',
Aux1Alarm = '7',
Aux2Alarm = '8',
```

```
Aux3Alarm = '9', //not used

Aux4Alarm = ':', //not used

CarbonMonoxideAlarm = ';',

EmergencyAlarm = '<',

FreezeAlarm= '=',

GasAlarm = '>',

HeatAlarm = '?',

WaterAlarm = '0',

FireSupervisory = 'A',

VerifyFire = 'B',
```

## 4.3 Send ASCII String To IP Address(AP)

The AP command allows you to send a custom ASCII string message via TCP/IP to a specific IP address on a specific port. To accomplish this, you need to create a TEXT string in the Automation/Text section of ELKRP which is stored in the M1. This text string will consist of the message to send plus some destination information.

One of the eight Central Station IP Receiver addresses programmed in the M1XEP must be used (Central Station tab on the M1XEP Setup dialog in ElkRP). If used for this command, that IP address may not be used for reporting alarms and other events to a Central Station.

To enter the Central Station's IP address on the M1XEP Setup dialog in ElkRP, a "Telephone Number" must be enabled with a "Reporting Format" of "6 = Ethernet M1XEP". Since this Telephone Number cannot be used for reporting alarms and other events MAKE certain to uncheck all Area blocks as well as the Events to be reported blocks on this screen.

Then create a TEXT string and store it in the  ${\tt M1's}$  Automation/Text section:

#### 00APxDDDD...{up to 200 ASCII chars here}CRLF

```
00 - two zeros. Any two digits will work, but they are ignored.
AP - Command to send text string.
x - ASCII "1" - "8". This tells the M1XEP which Central Station IP
    address to use. Corresponds to Telephone 1-8.
DDDD... - ASCII text data
CRLF - Carriage Return/Line Feed
```

EXAMPLE: 00AP4Sprinkler 1 ON^M^J Build a text string and store in the M1's Automation/Text section using ELKRP. "^M^J" is a carriage return/line feed.

The example will send "Sprinkler 1 ON" to the IP address programmed as telephone number 4.

Write a RULE to send this text string out serial port 0. When the M1XEP receives it, it will look up the specified Central Station IP address/port and send only the ASCII message in a TCP packet to that address/port. Note that the text string has two parts, a command and a message. **00AP4** is the command and the rest is the message. The M1XEP splits the message from the command and forwards the message part only. Therefore, if you are receiving the message at another M1, the string to match is the message part only. In the example above, that would be **Sprinkler 1 ON^M^J**. So to receive this message at another M1, simply create a text string with **Sprinkler 1 ON^M^J** and write a RULE to perform some action when that text string is received through serial port 0.

#### Special Case:

If the first character of the text string message is an ASCII "3", the M1XEP will insert zone status of all 208 zones at the end of the remaining ASCII message (if any characters follow the "3") and before the CR/LF. The Zone Status is 208 bytes and is identical to the "data" portion of the "ZS" ASCII command.

EXAMPLE: 00AP43SendingZoneStatus^M^J

Packet Data: SendingZoneStatus(208 bytes of ZS zone status) (CR-LF)

## 4.4 Ethernet Central Station Reporting (AR)

## 4.4.1 Alarm Reporting (AR)

Reporting of alarms through the built on serial port 0 consists of an ASCII string following the same data format of the digital dialer's Contact ID transmission. Programming one of the telephone numbers with a dialer format set to "Ethernet" will enable the transmissions of the alarm ASCII strings over the RS-232 serial port 0. Available in M1 Version 4.2.8 and after.

#### 16ARAAAAACCCCGGZZZZT00CC<cr><lf>

**16** – Length as ASCII hex, 22 bytes

**AR** – Alarm Reporting Command

**AAAAA** – Account Number, 6 ASCII digits

**CCCC** - Alarm Code consists of 4 ASCII digits.

**GG** - Group/Partition Number consisting of 2 ASCII digits.

**ZZZ** - Zone/User Number consisting of 3 ASCII digits.

T – IP Address to send alarm on. Valid 1 to 8 on M1 Gold, 1 to 4 on M1 Standard and Ez8.

**00** - Future use 2 digits.

**CC** – checksum

**Example**: 16 **AR 123456 1134 01 001 1 00** 85 - Length 22 bytes, AR alarm reporting, account 123456, CID – Burglar Entry/Exit 1, Area 01, Zone 001, use telephone/IP address 1. Spaces are for readability only.

## 4.4.2 Alarm Report Acknowledge (ar)

The Ethernet Module (M1XEP) will acknowledge the M1's Alarm Report transmission with the reply: 06ar0067<cr><lf>. This acknowledge is sent to the M1 only if the central station's server acknowledges the Ethernet Module's data packet.

## 4.4.3 Alarm Reporting Test (AT)

The Alarm Reporting Test string is sent every 15 minutes from the M1 as a keep alive message to the M1XEP Ethernet Module along with which IP address to test. All IP addresses are set into the M1XEP module.

**07** – Length as ASCII hex, 7 bytes

**AT** – Alarm Reporting Command

T - IP Address to test, 1-8

**00** - Future use 2 digits.

CC – checksum

Example: 07 **AT 1 00** 73 Send keep alive signal to the M1XEP and test IP address 1. Spaces are for readability only.

#### 4.4.4 Alarm Reporting Test Acknowledge (at)

If the Alarm Reporting Test if successful to the central station's IP address the Acknowledge message will be sent to the M1 from the M1XEP: 06at0065<cr><lf>.

## 4.4.5 Ethernet Module Test (XK)

The "XK" command is automatically sent every 30 seconds. This is done regardless of whether an M1XEP Ethernet Module is present or not. The XK command serves two purposes. 1) It tests to see if a M1XEP Ethernet Module is connected to the Control. 2) It includes the Control's real time clock information (current Date and Time) for general purpose use, including but not limited to clock synchronization by a third party device..

The expected response from a connected M1XEP Ethernet Module is "xk". However, the Control does not actually care or keep track of a missing "xk" response UNLESS or UNTIL after a M1XEP Ethernet Module has been properly enrolled with the Control. This can be accomplished via the Bus Module Enrollment process (Keypad programming Menu 1) or by the RP software). Once an M1XEP has been enrolled, the Control will now begin tracking each response to an "XK" command, and it will display and log an "Ethernet Trouble" message if an "xk" response is not received within 120 seconds of the "XK" command. This response scenario is also true for alarm reporting commands "AT" and "AR". Basically, the M1XEP will withhold sending the "xk" response if it should fail to complete an alarm or restoral transmission after 2 attempts. This allows for 1 transmission miss.

NOTE: Control Firmware Version 4.32 and after includes the M1's real time clock information.

16 - Length as ASCII hex, 22 bytes

XK - Test Ethernet Module is alive

ss - second as two ASCII characters decimal, "00" to "59"

mm - Minute as two ASCII characters decimal, "00" to "59"

hh - Hour as two ASCII characters decimal, "00" to "23" 24 hour

D - Day of week as one ASCII character, "1"=Sunday to "7"=Saturday

DM – Day of month as two ASCII characters decimal, "01" to "31"

MM - Month as two ASCII characters decimal, "01" to "12"

YY - Year as two ASCII characters decimal, "00" to "99" as in 2099

S - Daylight Savings Time: "0"=Not active, "1"= Active.

C - Clock Mode as one ASCII character, '1' = 12 hour, 0 = 24 hour time mode

T - Date Display Mode as one ASCII character, 0 = mm/dd, 1 = dd/mm

00 - Future use 2 digits.

CC - checksum

**Example**: 16**XK263611502060511000**6F test signal to the M1XEP module. Real Time Clock Value = Thursday, 11:36:26 PM, June 2, 2005, Daylite savings is active for this time of year, Clock display mode is 12 hour, Date display mode is month/day.

#### 4.4.6 Ethernet Module Test Acknowledge (xk)

If the Ethernet Module is alive, it will reply back to the M1 with: 06xk0057<cr><lf>.

## 4.5 Alarm By Zone Request (AZ)

```
06 - Length as ASCII hex
                         M1 version 4.3.9 and later
```

az - Request alarm by zone

00 - future use CC - Checksum

> 06az005F (CR-LF) Example:

Request alarm by zone

The control panel responds to this message with an Alarm By Zone Report

#### 4.5.1 Reply Alarm By Zone Report Data (AZ)

```
D6 - Length as ASCII hex
                            M1 version 4.3.9 and later
```

AZ - Reply with zone definition data

Z[208] - Array of 208 bytes showing alarm by zone. A value of '0' or 0x30 indicates the zone is not in alarm. A value greater than '0' indicates the zone has been triggered into alarm. The zone value will be reset back to  $\ensuremath{^{\circ}0'}$  when an authorization code is entered to acknowledge the alarm. The value in the zone byte is the same as the zone function value plus 0x30 or 48. See table below.

00 - future use

CC - Checksum

#### Zone Definitions in Alarm By Zone string:

Disabled = '0' Aux Alarm 1 = '=' Burglar Entry/Exit 1 = '1' Aux Alarm 2 = '>'

Burglar Entry/Exit 2 = '2'

Burglar Perimeter Instant = '3' Burglar Interior = '4'

Burglar Interior Follower = '5' Burglar Interior Night = '6'

Burglar Interior Night Delay = '7'

Burglar 24 Hour = '8'

Burglar Box Tamper = '9'

Fire Alarm = ':'

Fire Supervisory = '<'

Police Alarm = 'G' Fire Verified = ':' Police No Indication = 'H' Water Alarm = 'I'

Subtract 0x30 or 48 from the ASCII value to get the numeric decimal value.

#### Example:

0000082

Key fob = '?' //not used

Carbon Monoxide = 'A'

Emergency Alarm = 'B' Freeze Alarm = 'C'

Gas Alarm = 'D'

Heat Alarm = 'E'

Medical Alarm = 'F'

Non Alarm = '@' //not used

Zone 9 is in alarm and is defined as a "Burglar Box Tamper" zone definition $9 + 0x30$ or 57 decimal.	

## 4.6 Touchscreen Audio Command (CA)

This command is used by the touchscreens to request audio status data from the M1XEP for audio control display. It is not used by the M1. The M1XEP intercepts the command packet and sends translated commands to the audio equipment. This command is available on ELKRMS touchscreen software.

## 4.6.1 Request Audio Data (ca)

```
08 - Length as ASCII hex
ca - Read custom value
NN - Which zone to request data on. ASCII decimal value
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
Example: 08ca010003 Request audio zone 1 data.
```

## 4.6.2 Reply With Audio Data (CA)

#### 20CAnnpssvvvbbbtttlaaamd00000000CC

```
nn - zone ("01" - "18")
p - zone power ('0' = off, '1' = on)
ss - source ("01" - "12")
vvv - volume ("000" - "100")
bbb - bass ("000"=down(-), "050"= center, "100"=up(+))
ttt - treble ("000"=down(-), "050"= center), "100"=up(+))
l - loudness ('0'=off, '1'=on)
aaa - balance ("000"=left, "050"=center, "100"=right)
m - party mode ('0'=off, '1'=on, '2'=master)
d - do not disturb ('0'=off, '1'=on)
00000000 - Eight future use bytes
CC - checksum
```

Example: 20CA01102050060040105000000000C1 Audio Zone 1, Audio Zone Power On, source 2, volume 50%, bass 60=10 right of center, treble 40=10 left of center,, loudness on, balance center, party mode off, do not disturb off.

## 4.7 Output Change Update (CC)

#### 0ACCZZZS00CC

```
OA - Length as ASCII hex
CC - Zone Change Message Command
ZZZ - Output Number, 1 based
S - Output State, 0 = OFF, 1 = ON
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 0ACC003100E5 Output change - Output 3, changed to ON

This transmission update option transmits the updated status whenever it changes and is enabled by setting the location TRUE in the M1 Control **Global Programming Locations 37**. Example: "Xmit OutputChgs-ASCII" (Yes or No)

The Output Change Update will also be transmitted out M1XSP Serial Port Expanders that are configured in the Generic Mode.

## 4.8 Audio Equipment Command (CD)

An M1XEP Ethernet Module is required to intercept the "cd" command. These commands are sent into the M1XEP via the Ethernet connection and passed through to the M1. The M1XEP builds custom audio commands to control the audio equipment and sends these commands to the audio equipment via ethernet. An IP232 Ethernet Module may be required at the audio equipment to received the commands if no Ethernet Port is available on the audio equipment. The incoming "cd" command can trigger Rules in the M1 which can fire outgoing audio equipment "CD" commands or other control Rules. ELKRP downloads the Audio Equipment Command tables into the M1XEP according to the Audio Equipment Manufacturer. M1 version 4.1.11, 5.1.11 or later is required.

## 4.8.1 Incoming Audio Command (cd)

OF - Length as ASCII hex

cd - Request Audio Command

NN - Which audio command from Audio Command Table.

SS - Audio Source Information ZZ - Audio Zone Information

VVV - Audio State or Value

00 - future use

CC - Checksum

The "cd" command may or may not use the audio source and zone information.

 $\texttt{Example:} \ \ 0Fcd01020300000AD \ \ Audio \ command \ 1, \ Source \ 2, \ Zone \ 3, \ Power$ 

0Fcd10020305000A8 Audio command 10, Source 2, Zone 3,

**Description (numeric NN value)** 

Volume Level = 50

Example:

**Function** 

## 4.8.2 Audio Command Table (used by M1XEP)

1 direction	Description (numeric 1411 value)
Power Off	0-Turns the zone power Off.
Power On	1-Turns the zone power On.
Power Toggle On/Off	2-Toggles Power state of a zone.
Next Source	3-Steps to next source
Source	4-Select a source input.
Previous Select	5-Steps backward to previous available.
Next Select	6-Advances forward, next.
Volume Down	7-Decrement the zone volume.
Volume Up	8-Increment the zone volume.
Mute Audio	9-Toggles the mute on/off of a zone.
Volume set	10-Set zone volume to a level.

Play 11-Starts source Play Pause 12-Pauses Play Stop 13-Stop Play

Select Favorite #1 14-Executes Favorite Playlist 1.
Select Favorite #2 15-Executes Favorite Playlist 2.

Minus 16-Down Select Plus 17-Up Select

All Zones Off
All Zones On
Audio System Manufacturer

18-Turn all zones off
19-Turn all zones on
20-Version number,

VVV value: 0 = No audio configured

1 = Russound 2 = Nuvo 3 = Proficient 99 = IP Failure

## 4.8.3 Outgoing Audio Command (CD)

 ${\tt OF}$  - Length as ASCII hex

CD - Request Audio Command

NN - Which audio command from Audio Command Table.

SS - Audio Source Information ZZ - Audio Zone Information VVV - Audio State or Value

00 - future use CC - Checksum

Example: 0FCD02030400000EA Audio command 2, Source 3, Zone 4, Toggle

Power.

Example: 0FCD09030400000E3 Audio command 09, Source 3, Zone 4, Toggle

Mute.

## 4.9 Control Output Messages

You can use a PC to send a command to control a control panel output. The data portion of the output on and off commands, DDD is a 3-digit, (1 base) referenced decimal number corresponding to the number of the desired output, 1 to 208.

TTTTT is the number of seconds the output will be active. A value of 0 will stay on until commanded to turn off. Range: 0 to 65535

You can also query the control panel concerning output status with a Control Output Status Request. The control panel will respond with a Control Output Status Report.

## 4.9.1 Control Output off (cf)

09cfDDD00CC(CR-LF)

Example: turn off Control Output 2: 09cf00200DC(CR-LF)

## 4.9.2 Control Output On (cn)

0EcnDDDTTTTT00CC(CR-LF)

Example: turn on Control Output 1 for 10 seconds: 0Ecn0010001000D8(CR-LF)

## 4.9.3 Control Output Status Request (cs)

06**cs00**64(CR-LF)

The control panel responds with a Control Output Status Report for all 208 outputs.

## 4.9.4 Control Output Status Report (CS)

D6CSD...00CC(CR-LF)

The control panel sends this message in response to a Control Output Status Request. The data portion of this message is 208 characters long, one character for each output in order. The value will be: 0 (Off), 1 (On).

**Example:** With control output 1 off, output 2 on, output 3 and output 4 off, the message would begin D6CS0100...

## 4.9.5 Control Output toggle (ct)

09ctDDD00CC(CR-LF)

Example: toggle Control Output 2: 09ct00200CE(CR-LF)

## 4.10 Change And Read Custom Values (CR)

This request command allows automation equipment to read and change a Custom Value stored in the M1. Custom Values are user changeable values stored in EEProm Memory such as sprinkler watering times or wakeup times.

## 4.10.1 Read Custom Value (cr)

```
08 - Length as ASCII hex
cr - Read custom value
NN - Which Custom Value to be returned (2 decimal ASCII
digits, 1
based). ie."16" = custom value 16. Range 1 to
20.

00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 08cr010002 Read custom value 1.

## 4.10.2 Read ALL Custom Values (cp)

06 - Length as ASCII hex

cp - Read ALL custom values

00 - future use

CC - Checksum

Example: 06cp0067 Read all custom values.

#### 4.10.3 Reply With Custom Value (CR)

OE - Length as ASCII hex Length fixed in M1 Version

4.3.1 and later

CR - Returned custom value

NN - Which Custom Value to be returned (2 decimal ASCII digits, 1 based). ie."16" = custom value 16. Range 1 to 20.

DDDDD - 16 bit Custom Value returned ( 5 decimal ASCII

digits)

If Format = 2, Time of day, this value should be converted to a hexidecimal value. The low two bytes will display the minutes in hexidecimal, the third and fourth bytes will display the hours in hexidecimal.

F - Custom value format. 0=Number, 1=Timer, 2=Time of day 00 - future use

CC - Checksum

Example: 0E**CR0100123000**0F Returned value = 123, Number format, from Custom Value 1

Example: 0ECR010541620003 Convert 5416 to hex = 15 28. Convert 15 to decimal = 21. Convert 28 to hex = 40. Therefore time = 21:40 or 9:40 PM.

## 4.10.4 Reply With ALL Custom Values (CR)

 $$80\ -\ Length$  as ASCII hex \$Length fixed in M1 Version 4.3.6 and later

CR - Returned custom value

NN = 00. 00 implies all 20 Custom Values returned.
DDDDD... - 16 bit Custom Value returned ( 5 decimal ASCII

digits)

If Format = 2, Time of day, this value should be converted to a hexidecimal value. The low two bytes will display the minutes in hexidecimal, the third and fourth bytes will display the hours in hexidecimal.

F - Custom value format. O=Number, 1=Timer, 2=Time of day
... DDDDD and F above is repeated 19 more times
corresponding to each of the 20 custom values.

00 - future use

CC - Checksum

## 4.10.5 Write Custom Value (cw)

OD - Length as ASCII hex

```
cw - write custom value
            NN - Which Custom Value to be written (2 decimal ASCII
                              based). ie."16" = custom value 16. Range
digits, 1
1 to 20.
            DDDDD - 16 bit Custom Value to write ( 5 decimal ASCII
digits)
                  If the Custom Value Format = 2, Time of day, place
                  the hours in bytes 3 and 4 as a hexidecimal value and
                  the minutes in bytes 1 and 2 as a hexidecimal value.
                  Then convert that value to decimal and place in the
                  DDDDD value.
            00 - future use
            CC - Checksum
```

Example: 0Dcw050012300F7 Written value = 123 into Custom Value 5. The "Reply With Custom Value" (CR command above) string will be returned after the EEprom has been written.

Example: 0Dcw010541600F1 Write 9:40 PM to Custom Value 1 which was previously set as a Time of day format. Convert time to 24 hour format: 21:40. Convert the hours and minutes to hexidecimal 15 28. Convert entire value to decimal: 5416. Place in DDDDD value.

## 4.11 Change User Code (CU)

This command allows automation equipment to change a user code. The data packet must include a Master User Code or the current user code of the user code to be changed. 4.3.9 and after.

## 4.11.1 Request Change User Code (cu)

```
23- Length as ASCII hex
           cu - Request change user code
           ccc - User code to change
           ababababab - Master or current user authorization code.
              Upper and lower nibble of code. For user code the "a"
              will be an ASCII zero (0). For Prox codes the "a"
              expressed in ASCII, will be the upper nibble of the byte
              of the Prox code. Right justified.
           ananananan - New user code to change to. "a" is the
              upper nibble of the user code in ASCII. Normally set to
              zero(0). If a Prox code the value will be the upper
              nibble of the Prox code byte in ASCII. Right justified.
           NN - Areas code may be used in. Two ASCII Hex characters,
              0-9, A-F, using the Hex value of each character as the
              mask for 4 areas. Right most character is areas 1 to 4
              with bit 0 equal to Area 1. Authorization code must be
              valid in areas requested. If Area value = "00" then no
              area change is made.
           00 - future use, first byte used for Code Restriction
set/clear.
           CC - Checksum
                             23cu0050000030405060000090807062100BB
                 Example:
```

Reguest user code 5 to be changed to 009876. authorized by user code 003456. Code is valid in Areas 1 and 6 if authorization code is valid in Areas 1 and 6.

#### 4.11.2 Reply Change User Code (CU)

```
OB - Length as ASCII hex
```

CU - Reply Lighting Device Status data

ccc - 000 = User code change denied due to invalid authorization code, 001 to 254 indicates user code that was changed. 255 = new code is a duplicate and change is denied.

00 - future use CC - Checksum

Example: 09**CU00500**0A User code 005 was changed. Example: 09**CU00000**0F User code denied due to invalid

authorization code.

Example: 09**CU25500**03 User code denied due to duplicate code.

Note: Setting the first future use byte to "1" in the "cu" command will set the user code restriction which will prevent the code from being used. Setting the first future use byte to "0", enables the code to be used.

To M1: 23cu0050000030405060000080807062110BB If you send the first Future Use byte as a '1', the code will not be programmed, but the restriction on the code will be enabled.

From M1: 09CU0051009 Response from the M1 that the code is restricted.

To M1: 23cu0050000030405060000080807062120BA Sending a '2' value in the first Future Use byte takes the code restriction away.

From M1: 09CU005000A Response from M1 with the code restriction cleared.

## 4.12 Change And Read Counter Values (CV)

This request command allows automation equipment to read and change a Counter Value stored in the M1. Counter Values are RAM based and may be used as flags or to hold simple math values. This feature is available in M1 versions 4.1.11, 5.1.6 and later.

## 4.12.1 Read Counter Value (cv)

```
08 - Length as ASCII hex
```

cv - Read counter value command

NN - Which Counter Value to be returned (2 decimal ASCII digits, 1 based). ie."16" = counter value 16. Range 1 to 64.

00 - future use CC - Checksum

Example: 08cv0100FE Read counter number 1.

## 4.12.2 Write Counter Value (cx)

```
OD - Length as ASCII hex
```

cx - Write counter value command

```
NN - Which Counter Value to be returned (2 decimal ASCII digits, 1 based). ie."16" = counter value 16. Range 1 to 64.

DDDDD - 16 bit Counter Value returned (Five decimal ASCII digits). Range 0 to 65535.

00 - future use CC - Checksum
```

Example: 0Dcx011234500F1 Write counter number 1 to a value of 12345. Returns "CV" command string as reply.

## 4.12.3 Reply With Counter Value Format (CV)

```
0D - Length as ASCII hex
CV - Returned Counter value command
NN - Which Counter Value to be returned (2 decimal ASCII
digits, 1 based). ie."16" = counter value 16. Range 1 to
64.

DDDDD - 16 bit Counter Value returned (Five decimal ASCII
digits)

Range 0 to 65535.

00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 0DCV0100123003C Returned value = 123, from Counter

number 1

## 4.13 Display Text On LCD Screen (dm)

This is a M1 received message to display ascii text on the bottom line of the LCD display on the keypads in the area specified. Enter the line terminator, "^", as the ending character of the line display if less than 16 characters are to be displayed. The message line, L1 or L2, will need dummy characters to fill the rest of the line for 16 characters each line.

Example: 2Edm11100020abc^efghijklmnopABCDEF^HIJKLMNOP00B2 Would display "abc" on the first line and "ABCDEF" on the second line

If the second line is not needed, enter a "^" as the first character of the second line. The second line will be scrolled with the first line if it is included.

LCD will display:

Ready To Arm abc Ready To Arm ABCDEF

## 4.14 Lighting Device Status Poll (DS)

This command allows the M1 to poll single light devices to obtain their on, off, dim status. This will be an automatic command issued from the M1 to the M1XSP Type modules that connect to lighting devices. Note: Only single light devices can be polled for status. Groups and scenes will not return valid data. Enable the "2 Way" Poll setting for the device to be polled. M1 Version 4.3.9 and after. This command cannot be used by automation equipment.

## 4.14.1 Request Lighting Device Status (ds)

```
09 - Length as ASCII hex
ds - Request lighting device status
aaa - Lighting device number 001 to 256, base 1, device A1

= 001

00 - future use
CC - Checksum

Example: 09ds00100CF Request lighting device status of lighting device 001.
```

## 4.14.2 Reply Lighting Device Status Data (DS)

```
0B - Length as ASCII hex
DS - Reply Lighting Device Status data
aaa - Lighting device number 001 to 256, base 1, device A1

= 001
ss - Lighting status. 00 = Off, 01 = Full On, 2 to 99 = Dim

level

00 - future use
CC - Checksum

Example: OBDS001990094 Reply lighting status of device
001, set to a dim level of 99%.
```

## 4.15 Entry/Exit Time Data (EE)

This sends the entry 1 & 2 and exit 1 & 2 time data when the timers start by area. When each exit timer expires an "EE" command is also transmitted. M1 Version 4.1.12, 5.1.12 or later. Armed State available in 4.1.18, 5.1.18 or later.

## 4.15.1 Send Entry/Exit Data (EE)

```
OF - Length as ASCII hex
EE - Send exit/entry timer data.
A - Area, "1" to "8".
D - Data Type. "0" = Exit, "1" = Entrance time.
```

Example 1: 0FEE10060120100E5Area 1, Exit 1 Time = 060, Exit 2 Time = 120 seconds started, Armed Away. Example 2: 0FEE21030254200DD Area 2, Entrance 1 Time = 030, Entrance 2 Time = 254 seconds started, Armed Stay.

## 4.16 Email Trigger (EM)

This command allows the triggering of email transmissions from the M1XEP Ethernet interface. This command originates in the M1 and is sent to the M1XEP through serial port 0 only. M1 Version 4.2.8 and after.

## 4.16.1 Send Email Trigger Data (EM)

```
09 - Length as ASCII hex
EM - Send email trigger command to M1XEP.
DDD - The address of the email message to send. This
    corresponds to the email messages that are stored in
    the M1XEP Ethernet interface.
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 09**EM00100**14 Send email message 001 trigger to the M1XEP Ethernet interface. The M1XEP will then send the email on the Ethernet to the email address that is associated with the message.

## 4.17 Send Valid User Number And Invalid User Code (IC)

This ASCII Data Packet will be sent when a user code is entered and a valid code is found. Only the valid user code number will be returned. If a user code is not found in the M1's User Code Data Base, the code that was enter will be sent. If the User Code Length is set to 4 digits, the invalid data packet will be sent after 4 digits are entered, then repeated for each additional invalid user code digit. If the User Code Length is set to 6 digits, the invalid data packet will be sent after 6 digits are entered, then repeated for each additional invalid user digit. If prox card data is enter, the packet will be sent immediately. This data can be used by automation equipment with its own user code data base. The automation equipment would sent the appropriate arm/disarm command ("a0" to "a6") or output relay control commands ("cn", "cf", or "ct") back to the M1 after it has verified the proper code is in its data base. Modified for 26 bit Weigand data cards and available in M1 Version 4.2.8 and after.

#### 4.17.1 Send Valid Or Invalid User Code Format (IC)

```
\bf 17 - Length as ASCII hex. 12 in M1 software versions before 4.3.2
```

NN - Keypad number, 01 to 16, that generated the code.

00 - future use
CC - Checksum

Version 4.4.2 and later, user code 201 = Program Code, 202 = ELK RP Code, 203 = Quick Arm, no code.

Example 1: 17**IC 00 00 03 04 05 06 000 01 00**CC Invalid user keypad code 3456. Keypad entered codes only use the low nibble of the 6 bytes of code data. Spaces in this example are for reading clarity only.

- 17 Length as ASCII hex
- IC Command
- **00** high and low nibble of byte one in high and low ASCII character.
- **00** high and low nibble of byte two in high and low ASCII character.
- ${f 03}$  high and low nibble of byte three in high and low ASCII character. Low nibble has first character of keypad code entry.
- **04** high and low nibble of byte four in high and low ASCII character. Low nibble has second character of keypad code entry.
- **05** high and low nibble of byte five in high and low ASCII character. Low nibble has third character of keypad code entry.
- **06** high and low nibble of byte six in high and low ASCII character.

Low nibble has fourth character of keypad code entry.

**000** – Valid user code number. Set to 0 for an invalid user code.

**01** - Keypad number 01 generated the code.

**00** - Future Use

CC - Checksum

Example 2: 17**IC** 123456789012 000 01 004B Invalid 26 bit Weigand prox card code. Prox card codes use the high and low nibbles of the 6 bytes of code data. Spaces in this example are for reading clarity only.

**17IC** – length and command

**123456789012** - Example prox card code. ASCII Hex (0 to F).

**000** – Valid user code number. Set to 0 for an invalid user code.

**01** – Keypad number that generated code.

**004B** - not used byte characters and checksum

Example 3: 17**IC** 00000000000 003 01 0078 Valid user code. Prox card codes use the high and low nibbles of the 6 bytes of code data. Spaces in this example are for reading clarity only.

**17IC** – length and command

**0000000000** — Invalid user code data is set to all zeros on a valid user code. This hides all valid codes.

**003** – Valid user code number 3.

**01** – Keypad number that generated code.

0078 - not used byte characters and checksum

## 4.18 Installer Program Mode Exited (IE)

This command is automatically sent through serial port 0 only when the installer mode is terminated. This is done by pressing the "\*" key three times or the installer timer runs out. This command is used by the M1XEP Ethernet Interface to know when to reload M1 program data after an installer has done any keypad programming. M1 Version 4.2.8 and after.

## 4.18.1 Send Installer Mode Exited (IE)

06 - Length as ASCII hex

IE - Send installer mode exited.

00 - future use

CC - Checksum

Example: 06**IE00**AC Send installer mode has exited.

The "IE" is sent out when ELK RP disconnects. See section **4.33 ELKRP Connected (RP)** for additional information.

# 4.19 Insteon Lighting Systems for the M1XSP Serial Port Expander (IR)

This command allows programming and reading from the M1XSP Serial Port Expander the Insteon device addresses. The M1XSP's jumper configuration is set for Insteon Operation and the alternate application code in the M1XSP has been loaded with the Insteon Application. Commands may be sent to program and read the Insteon device IDs. Lighting device descriptions may also be accessed from the M1. The connecting PC's baud rate must be set for 4800 baud, 8 bits, no parity. Connection is through the 9 Pin, RS-232 connector on the M1XSP module with a NULL Modem adapter. All data packets are terminated with a carriage return (0x0D) with a line feed option (0x0A).

## 4.19.1 Request ASCII Lighting Device Description (sd)

```
OB - Length as ASCII hex

sd - Request ASCII String Text Descriptions Command

O7 - Lighting device description

NNN - Which lighting description to be returned, 1 - 192

O0 - future use

CC - Checksum
```

Example: 0Bsd07001005F Request Lighting Device 001 (A1) Name.

## 4.19.2 Reply With ASCII String Text Descriptions (SD)

#### Reply format:

Example: 1DSD07001Hall Light 0089D2

Lighting Device 001 Description – "Hall Light"

**Note:** The high bit of the first character in the text string <u>may</u> be set as the "Show On Keypad" bit. Mask out the high bit for proper ASCII display.

If the first character in a requested name is a "space" or less, then the next names are searched until a name is found whose first character is greater than "space" or the "Show On Keypad" bit is set. If no valid names are found, a "000" for the NNN address is returned. This speeds up the loading of names so that invalid names are not returned.

## 4.19.3 Request Read Of Insteon Lighting Device Data (ir)

```
0A - Length as ASCII hex
ir - Request read of Insteon lighting device data
aaa - Starting Lighting device number 001 to 192
n - Number of devices to return, 1-8
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 0Air0018008B Request read of lighting device data starting at device 001 and returning 8 devices.

## 4.19.4 Reply Read Of Insteon Lighting Device Data (IR)

```
XX - Length as ASCII hex
IR - Reply read of Insteon lighting device data
aaa - Starting Lighting device number 001 to 192
n - Number of devices being returned, 1-8
AAAAAA Insteon Device ID with 6 ASCII Hex bytes
BBBBBB per device. Number of devices determined
CCCCCC by "n" above
...
EEEEEEE
FFFFFF
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 22IR0014123456ABCDEF987654A1B2C3006F Reply Insteon lighting device ID data for device 001 to 004.

# 4.19.5 Request Programming Of Insteon Lighting Device Data

```
XX - Length as ASCII hex
ip - Request Program of Insteon lighting device data
aaa - Starting Lighting device number 001 to 192
n - Number of devices being programmed, 1-8
AAAAAA Insteon Device ID with 6 ASCII Hex bytes
BBBBBB per device. Number of devices determined
CCCCCC by "n" above
...
EEEEEEE
FFFFFF
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 22ip0014123456ABCDEF987654A1B2C30031

Request Programming Insteon lighting device ID data for device 001 to 004.

(ip)

## 4.20 Request Keypad Area Assignments (KA)

This request command allows automation equipment to request the Areas that all keypads are assigned to. The return string contains a 16 byte array with keypad 1's area at array index 0 and keypad 15's area in array index 15. M1 Version 4.2.5 and after.

## 4.20.1 Request Keypad Area Assignment (ka)

06 - Length as ASCII hex ka - Request keypad areas 00 - future use 6E - Checksum

> 06ka006E Request keypad areas. Example:

## 4.20.2 Reply With Keypad Areas (KA)

16 - Length as ASCII hex KA - Returned Keypad Areas Command D[16] - array of 16 ascii bytes with the first byte corresponding to keypad 1's area assignment (area '1' to '8'), last byte is keypad 16's area assignment. 00 - future use CC - Checksum

Example: 16KA12345678111111110081

Returned value = keypads 1 to 8 are assigned to areas 1 to 8. Keypads 9 to 16 are assigned to area 1.

## 4.21 Keypad KeyChange Update (KC)

#### 19KCNNDDLLLLLLCPPPPPPPP00CC

```
19 - Length as ASCII hex, (OA in M1 revision before 4.2.8, 11 in
  revision before 4.3.2)
KC - Keypad Change Message Command
NN - Keypad Number, 1 based
DD - Key Number from Key Table Below
L[6] - Array of 6 ASCII bytes, indicating the Keypad Function Key's
    illumination status. L[0] = Function Key 1's LED status. "0"
    = Off, "1" = On constant, "2" = On Blinking. L[5] = F6 LED. In
    M1 software rev. 4.2.8.
C - Code required to bypass if = "1"
P[8] - Beep and chime mode. Version 4.3.2 and after
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
 Example: 19KC011120100002000000010 Keypad change - Keypad 1,
 "*" Key pressed, F1 LED blinking, F3 LED is On, all other F Key
 LED's are Off, No code required to bypass, Area 1 is constantly
```

beeping.

```
Key Table:
      NO KEY = 0 or a user code was sent from a keypad.
      STAR KEY (*) = 11
      POUND KEY (#) = 12
      F1 KEY = 13
      F2 KEY = 14
      F3 KEY = 15
      F4 KEY = 16
      STAY KEY = 17
      EXIT KEY = 18
      CHIME KEY = 19
     BYPASS KEY = 20
      ELK KEY = 21
      DOWN KEY = 22
      UP KEY = 23
      RIGHT KEY = 24
      LEFT KEY = 25
      F6 Key = 26
      F5 Key = 27
      DATAKEYMODE = 28 Data was entered, this acts as a
      carriage return
```

Beep and Chime mode bit settings by area (P[8]): Version 4.3.2 and after.

```
Chime and beep OFF = 0x30 or '0'
Single beep = 0x31 or bit 0 is set in low nibble.
Constant beep = 0x32 or bit 1 is set in low nibble. This bit will only be set once and reset to 0 when the constant beep ends.
Chime = 0x34 or bit 4 is set in low nibble. This bit will be set and reset after transmission.
```

This transmission update option transmits the updated status whenever it changes and is enabled by setting the location TRUE in the M1 Control **Global Programming Location 40**. Example: "Xmit Keypad Key Chgs" (Yes or No)

# 4.21.1 Request Keypad Function Key Illumination Status (kc) 08kc010009

The function key illumination request returns the **Keypad KeyChange Update** (**KC**) data with the Key Number set to zero (0). This command allows automation equipment to request the illumination status of the keypad function keys for building virtual keypads on a PC.

```
08 - Length as ASCII hex kc - Request Keypad Function Key Illumination Status Command NN - Keypad Number, 1 based 00 - future use CC - Checksum Example: 08kc010009 Request keypad 1's illumination status.
```

Returns: 11**KC0100100000009**E Keypad 1's Function Key F1 is illuminated as described in "KC" command above.

### 4.22 Keypad Function Key Press (KF)

This command simulates a function key being pressed on a keypad. This will only be single key press even if the M1 Control is programmed for double function key press. M1 Version 4.2.5 and after. '\*' key M1 Version 4.2.6 and after, 'C' key M1 Version 4.3.2 and after.

### 4.22.1 Request Keypad Function Key Press (kf)

Example: 09kf01100D4 Keypad 01, Function Key 1 to be pressed

### 4.22.2 Reply Keypad Function Key Press (KF)

Example: 11**KF01C200000000087** Function key reply with Chime Mode set to voice only in Area 1.

### 4.23 System Log Data Update (LD)

As the control log is written, the same information is sent out the RS-232 port. The log information will have the ddd index value set to "000" to indicate a logging entry.

The log data may also be requested with the "ld" (lower case "LD") command below. Modified in M1 version 4.3.2

#### 1CLDEEEENNNAHHMMmmDDdddDYY00CC

Example: 1C**LD119310211945060700150500**3F AnyArmed event-1193, user 102, Area 1, at 19:45 on June 07, Log index 001, Thursday, 2005

The "System Log Data Update" transmission option, transmits the updated status whenever it changes and is enabled by setting the location TRUE in the M1 Control **Global Programming Locations 35**. *Example: "Xmit Event Log–ASCII" (Yes or No). The request for log data "ld" is not controlled by this option.* 

## 4.23.1 Request System Log Data (Id)

Request to get system log data entry. The first entry is index "1", the last entry is index "511". Log data index "0" is the next location to be written, index 511 is the oldest log data.

```
09 - Length as ASCII hex
ld - Request Log Data entry command (lower case 'LD')
ddd - Decimal index to which log data
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 09ld00100D6 Request log data for index 1, the newest log data. Replies with the "LD" log data command above.

### 4.23.2 Request Write Log Data (le)

The Write Log Data Command "le" writes log data into the M1 log specifically to trigger communicator reporting to the central station. A valid zone must be programmed for communicator reporting. The M1 will return an "OK" crlf response when the data is written to the log.

```
10 - Length as ASCII hex
le - Request Log Data entry write command (lower case 'LE')

LLL = Log Type, Alarm = 128, Alarm Restore = 064

EEE = Event Type, 001 to 386, drop the thousand character from

Event Table 7.0 below.

ZZZ = Zone Number, 001 to 999

A = Area, 1 to 8

00 - future use

CC - Checksum
```

NOTE: The log will contain the Event Type, but reporting to the central station will reference the zone definition programmed into the M1's zone definition.

### 4.24 Zone Temperature And Keypad Temperature (LW)

This command allows automation equipment to request the temperatures from zone temperature sensors and keypad temperatures in one ASCII packet. M1 Version 4.3.4 and after.

### 4.24.1 Request Temperature Data (lw)

```
06 - Length as ASCII hex
lw - Request real temperature data
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 06**lw00**57 Request keypad and zone sensor temperature Data. "lw" is lower case "LW"

## 4.24.2 Reply Temperature Data (LW)

```
66 - Length as ASCII hex
LW - Reply Temperature data
aaa - Keypad 1 temperature, as 3 ASCII characters, subtract 40.
bbb - Keypad 2 temperature, as 3 ASCII characters, subtract 40.
... 13 - 3 ASCII characters for each keypad, 3 to 15
ppp - Keypad 16 temperature, as 3 ASCII characters, subtract 40.
AAA - Zone Sensor 1 temperature, as 3 ASCII char., subtract 60.
BBB - Zone Sensor 2 temperature, as 3 ASCII characters, sub 60.
... 13 - 3 ASCII characters for each Zone Sensor, 3 to 15
PPP - Zone Sensor 16 temperature, as 3 ASCII characters, sub 60.
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 66LW108109000...000130000007A Keypad 1 temperature is 68 degrees F. (108-40). Keypad 2 temperature is 69 degrees F. (109-40). Zone 15 temperature sensor is 70 degrees F. (130-60).

## 4.25 Power Line Carrier (PLC) Data (PC)

The Power Line Carrier (PLC) data includes X-10 and other PLC interfaces.

```
H = House Code, ASCII "A" to "P"
UU = Unit Code, ASCII decimal 01 to 16
FF = Function Code as follows:
      01 = X10 ALL UNITS OFF in a House code
      02 = X10 ALL LIGHTS ON in a House code
      03 = X10 \overline{UNIT} ON
      04 = X10 UNIT OFF
      05 = X10 DIM, EE extended value holds number of dims
      06 = X10 BRIGHT, EE extended value holds number of brights
      07 = X10 ALL LIGHTS OFF in a House code
      08 = X10 EXTENDED CODE
      09 = X10 PRESET DIM, EE extended value hold level 0 to 99%
      10 = X10 EXTENDED DATA
      11 = X10 STATUS REQ
      12 = X10 HAIL REQUEST
      13 = X10 HAIL ACK, not used
      14 = X10 STATUS ON, not used
      15 = X10 STATUS OFF, not used
   TTTT = ON Time in seconds, range - 0 to 9999 decimal
```

### 4.25.1 Control Any PLC Device (pc)

#### 11pcHUUFFEETTTT00CC

```
11 - Length as ASCII hex
pc - PLC Control Command
H - House Code 'A' to 'P'
UU - Unit Code '01' to '16'
FF - Function Code '01' to '16'
EE - Extended Code '00' to '99'
Brightness percentage level for preset dim function (9) or
the number of dims for dim function (5), number of brights
for bright function (6).

TTTT - ON Time in seconds, range - 0 to 9999 decimal
00 - future use
CC - Checksum

Example: 11pcA01010000050043 House Code A, Unit 1, All Lights Off for
5 seconds, then turn back On.
```

### 4.25.2 PLC Change Update (PC)

#### 0BPCHUULL00CC

```
OB - Length as ASCII hex
PC - PLC Change Message Command
H - House Code 'A' to 'P'
UU - Unit Code '01' to '16', '00' = All Command, see below.
```

This transmission update option transmits the updated status whenever it changes and is enabled by setting the location TRUE in the M1 Control **Global Programming Location 39**. Example: "Xmit Light Chgs-ASCII" (Yes or No)

### 4.25.3 Turn OFF PLC Device (pf)

#### 09pfHUU00CC

```
09 - Length as ASCII hex

pf - PLC OFF Command

H - House Code 'A' to 'P'

UU - Unit Code '01' to '16'

00 - future use

CC - Checksum
```

Example: 09pfA0100BF House Code A, Unit 1, Off

## 4.25.4 Turn ON PLC Device (pn)

#### 09pnHUU00CC

```
09 - Length as ASCII hex

pn - PLC ON Command

H - House Code 'A' to 'P'

UU - Unit Code '01' to '16'

00 - future use

CC - Checksum
```

Example: 09pnA0100B7 House Code "A", Unit 1, On

## 4.25.5 Request PLC status (ps)

```
07psb00CC
```

```
07 - Length as ASCII hex
ps - request PLC status Command
b - Bank (ASCII), 0=A1 to D16, 1=E1 to H16, 2=I1 to L16,
3=M1 to P16
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
Example: 07ps00026 PLC status for bank A1 to D16
```

#### 4.25.6 Returned PLC status (PS)

```
47PSBD... 00PCC

47 - Length as ASCII hex
PS - request PLC status Command
B - Bank, 0=A1 to D16, 1=E1 to H16, 2=I1 to L16, 3=M1 to P16
D - 64 bytes, current status of the PLC environment by bank 0 to 3.
Subtract 48 or 0x30 hex from the value in "D". This will give the light level value, (M1 version 4.2.6)
then 0 = OFF, 1 = ON, 2 - 99 = Dim Level.

00 - future use
CC - Checksum
Example:
```

Bank 0 (A to D Housecodes) has A2 to A16 turned On.

### 4.25.7 Toggle PLC Device (pt)

#### 09ptHUU00CC

```
09 - Length as ASCII hex
pt - PLC toggle state Command
H - House Code 'A' to 'P'
UU - Unit Code '01' to '16'
00 - future use
CC - Checksum

Example: 09ptA0100B1 House Code "A", Unit 1, Toggle
```

### 4.26 Reset Ethernet Module (RE)

This command is originated from the M1 and causes the M1XEP Ethernet Module to reset its processor and/or its IP address to: 192.168.0.251. This can be used when the IP address of the M1XEP is set to an unknown value. This is accessed through the M1's Keypad Global Installer Programming, Option 45, then enter 96. M1 Version 4.3.7 and after.

```
07 - Length as ASCII hex
RE - Request Request Ethernet Reset
D - "0"= Reset the Ethernet Module, "1"= Reset the Ethernet IP
        Address and Reset Module.
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

## 4.26.1 Reset Ethernet IP Address(RE)

07**RE000**72 Reset the Ethernet Module.
07**RE100**71 Reset the Ethernet Module and set the IP Address to 192.168.0.251.

### 4.27 ELKRP Connected (RP)

The M1XEP sends the following ASCII command out to all socket connected devices when ELK RP, Upload/Download Software, disconnects from the M1:

08RP000036<cr><lf>. ELKRP disconnected broadcast.

The M1XEP replies to any poll when ELKRP is connected to the M1: 08RP010035<cr>><lf>. ELKRP is connected, poll reply

The M1XEP replies to any poll when the M1XEP is initializing after a powerup or reboot: 08RP020034<cr>><lf>. M1XEP is initializing after powerup or reboot.

The "IE" Command is sent out to all socket connected devices when ELKRP disconnects.

### 4.28 Real Time Clock (RR)

This command allows automation equipment to request and write Real Time Clock data. M1 Version 4.3.2 and after.

#### 4.28.1 Request Real Time Clock Data (rr)

```
06 - Length as ASCII hex
```

rr - Request real time clock data

00 - future use

CC - Checksum

Example: 06**rr00**56 Request Real Time Clock Data.

## 4.28.2 Reply Real Time Clock Data (RR)

```
16 - Length as ASCII hex
```

RR - Reply real time clock data

ss - second as two ASCII characters decimal, "00" to "59"

mm - Minute as two ASCII characters decimal, "00" to "59"

hh - Hour as two ASCII characters decimal, "00" to "23" 24 hour

D - Day of week as one ASCII character, "1"=Sunday to "7"=Saturday

 ${\tt DM}$  -  ${\tt Day}$  of month as two ASCII characters decimal, "01" to "31"

MM - Month as two ASCII characters decimal, "01" to "12"

YY - Year as two ASCII characters decimal, "00" to "99" as in 2099

S - Daylight Savings Time: "0"=Not active, "1"= Active.

C - Clock Mode as one ASCII character, '1' = 12 hour, 0 = 24 hour time mode

T - Date Display Mode as one ASCII character, 0 = mm/dd, 1 = dd/mm

00 - future use

CC - Checksum

Example: 16RR0059107251205110006E Real Time Clock reply data: December 25, 2005, at 10:59:00, Saturday day of week, Day light Savings Time is active for this time of year, Clock display mode is 12 hour format, Date display mode is month/day format.

### 4.28.3 Write Real Time Clock Data (rw)

```
13 - Length as ASCII hex
```

rw - Write real time clock data into the Control

ss - second as two ASCII characters decimal, "00" to "59"

mm - Minute as two ASCII characters decimal, "00" to "59"

```
hh - Hour as two ASCII characters decimal, "00" to "23" 24 hour D - Day of week as one ASCII character, "1"=Sunday to "7"=Saturday DM - Day of month as two ASCII characters decimal, "01" to "31" MM - Month as two ASCII characters decimal, "01" to "12" YY - Year as two ASCII characters decimal, "00" to "99" as in 2099 00 - future use CC - Checksum
```

Example: 13**rw305923111050500**C0 Set Real Time Clock to: May 11, 2005 at 11:59:30 PM or 23:59:30 hours. Sunday day of week.

Acknowledge will be "RR" Real Time Clock data above.

## 4.29 ASCII String Text Descriptions (SD)

This request command allows automation equipment to read the text descriptions that are stored in the control.

### 4.29.1 Request ASCII String Text Descriptions (sd)

Example: 0Bsd010010065 Area Name-Type 1, Area 1

## 4.29.2 Reply With ASCII String Text Descriptions (SD)

```
Reply format:

1B - Length as ASCII hex

SD - Reply ASCII String Text Descriptions Command

TT - Type of string text description in reply.

See Type Table below

NNN - Which address name in the Type to be returned.

ie.003=zone 3.

Text[16] - 16 ASCII characters, "space" character

(20 hex) filled if less than 16 characters.

00 - future use

CC - Checksum
```

Example 1: 1BSD01001Front DoorKeypad0089

Area Name -Type 1, Area 1, "Front DoorKeypad"

Example 2: 1BSD05001Garage Door 0005

Task Name – Type 5, Task 1, "Garage Door"

Note: The high bit of the first character in the text string <u>may</u> be set as the "Show On Keypad" bit. Mask out the high bit for proper ASCII display.

If the first character in a requested name is a "space" or less, then the next names are searched until a name is found whose first character is greater than "space" or the "Show On Keypad" bit is set. If no valid names are found, a "000" for the NNN address is returned. This speeds up the loading of names so that invalid names are not returned. M1 version 2.4.6 or later.

### 4.29.3 Type Table for Text Descriptions:

Type (TT)	Range (NNN)
0 = Zone Name	1 – 208
1 = Area Name	1 – 8
2 = User Name	1 – 199
3 = Keypad Name	1 – 16
4 = Output Name	1 – 64, No name for 65 – 208
5 = Task Name	1 – 32
6 = Telephone Name	1 – 8
7 = Light Name	1 – 256
8 = Alarm Duration Name	1 – 12
9 = Custom Settings	1 – 20
10 = Counters Names	1 – 64
11 = Thermostat Names	1 – 16
12 = Function Key 1 Name	1 – 16, NNN = Keypad number
13 = Function Key 2 Name	1 - 16
14 = Function Key 3 Name	1 - 16
15 = Function Key 4 Name	1 - 16
16 = Function Key 5 Name	1 - 16
17 = Function Key 6 Name	1 – 16
18 = Audio Zone Name	1 – 18 for use by M1XEP
19 = Audio Source Name	1 – 12 for use by M1XEP
	•

## 4.30 System Trouble Status (SS)

This command allows automation equipment to poll for system trouble status. Firmware revision 4.5.4, 5.1.4 and after. This message will automatically be sent upon a trouble status change.

## 4.30.1 Request System Trouble Status (ss)

## 4.30.2 Reply System Trouble Status (SS)

"0" = Normal, "1" or a hex value minus 30 hex = Trouble and/or the zone or device number.

```
28 - Length as ASCII hex
SS - Reply System Trouble Status data
AC Fail Trouble - "0" = normal, "1" = trouble
*Box Tamper Trouble - "0" = normal
Fail To Communicate Trouble - "0" = normal, "1" = trouble
```

```
EEProm Memory Error Trouble - "0" = normal, "1" = trouble
Low Battery Control Trouble - "0" = normal, "1" = trouble
*Transmitter Low Battery Trouble - "0" = normal
Over Current Trouble - "0" = normal, "1" = trouble
Telephone Fault Trouble - "0" = normal, "1" = trouble
Not Used = "0"
Output 2 Trouble - "0" = normal, "1" = trouble
Missing Keypad Trouble - "0" = normal
Zone Expander Trouble - "0" = normal, "1" = trouble
Output Expander - "0" = normal, "1" = trouble
Not Used = "0"
ELKRP Remote Access - "0" = normal
Not Used = "0"
Common Area Not Armed - "0" = normal, "1" = trouble
Flash Memory Error Trouble - "0" = normal, "1" = trouble
*Security Alert - "0" = normal
Serial Port Expander Trouble - "0" = normal
*Lost Transmitter Trouble - "0" = normal
GE Smoke CleanMe Trouble- "0" = normal
Ethernet Trouble - "0" = normal, "1" = trouble
Not Used = "0"
Display Message In Keypad Line 1
Display Message In Keypad Line 2
*Fire Trouble - "0" = normal, '1' or greater, see below.
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Take the value displayed in the Fire Trouble location which is an ASCII 'A' in the example

below which equals a 65 decimal value and subtract 48 decimal from it. This equals 17 which is the fire zone in trouble. Reference the ASCII Table in section 6.0 below.

# \* Determining the zone number for:

- Transmitter Low Battery Trouble
- Box Tamper Trouble
- Security Alert Trouble
- Lost Transmitter Trouble
- Fire Trouble

06ss0054

28SS00000000100000000000000000000010**A**001D

**Example**: ASCII 'A' = 65 decimal or 41 hex (0x41)

Subtract ASCII '0' from the value.

That is: Subtract 48 decimal or 30 hex (0x30) '0'

65 - 48 = 17 or zone 17

### 4.31 Request Temperatures (ST)

This request command allows automation equipment to read temperatures of the temperature probes connected to zones 1 to 16, Keypad temperature from the sensor in each LCD keypad, and Thermostat temperatures. Each Group can have upto 16 temperature sensors.

Version 4.2.8 and later sends automatic temperature updates out Port 0 when any temperature device parameter changes.

#### 4.31.1 Request Temperature format (st)

Example: 09st00100BF Temperature Probe, Device 01 Example: 09st10100BE Keypad Temperature, Device 01

Example: 09st20100BD Thermostat, Device 01

### 4.31.2 Reply With Requested Temperature (ST)

```
Reply format:
```

```
OC - Length as ASCII hex
ST - Reply Temperature Command
G - Requested Group (ASCII): "0"=temperature probe,
      "1"=Keypads, "2"=Thermostats
NN - Which device in the group to be returned (2 decimal
     ASCII digits, 1 based). ie."16" = device 16
DDD- Temperature in ASCII decimal.
     Note:
     Group 0 - Subtract 60 from the Temperature Probe data
           connected to zone temperature data for near minimum -60
           degrees F.
      Group 1 - Subtract 40 from the Keypad Temperature data. This
           allows for near minimum -40 degrees F.
     Group 2 - Thermostats send unadjusted temperature.
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

- Example 1: 0C**ST00113500**5C Temperature Probe, Zone 01, Returned value = 135, subtract 60 for 75 degrees F. Maximum temperature = 150 F. Zone 01 programmed as Temperature Probe Zone.
- Example 2: 0C**ST10210500**58 Keypad Temperature, Keypad 02, Returned value = 105, subtract 40 for 65 degrees F.
- Example 3: 0C**ST20107200**5A Thermostat Temperature, Thermostat 01, Returned value = 072 degrees F. No subtract value.

### 4.32 System Word Messages (sp)

In all system word messages, the Data field is a 1-based 3-digit decimal number corresponding to the number of the desired word or phrase.

#### 4.32.1 Speak Word at Voice/Siren Output (sw)

09swDDD00CC(CR-LF)

#### 4.32.2 Speak Phrase at Voice/Siren Output (sp)

09spDDD00CC(CR-LF)

Example: Speak Word 123 at Voice/Siren Output is 09sw12300B7(CR-LF) Example: Speak Phrase 123 at Voice/Siren Output is 09sp12300BE(CR-LF)

See 6.0 Word And Phrase Table for a listing of all voice words and phrases.

### 4.33 Tasks Change Update (TC)

#### 0ATCRRR000CC

0A - Length as ASCII hex
TC - Zone Change Message Command
RRR - Task Number, 1 based
0 - future use
00 - future use
CC - Checksum

Example: 0ATC001000D7 Task change - Task 1, changed to activated

This transmission update option transmits the updated status whenever it changes and is enabled by setting the location TRUE in the M1 Control **Global Programming Location 38.** Example: "Xmit Task Chqs - ASCII" (Yes or No)

## 4.34 Task Activation (tn)

You can use your PC to send a command to activate a Task. Tasks are event flags that are common to the telephone remote control option 2, the keypad user menu option 1, the Whenever/Then programming, and the ASCII string programming. Any one of these methods can activate a Task (events 2001 to 2032). The Whenever/Then programming rules can then issue control commands when a Task has been activated. When all rules that are activated from the Task is serviced, the Task will be de-activated.

The data portion of the Task Activation command, DDD, is three decimal ASCII digits (1 base) corresponding to the number of the desired Task to activate. Range: 001 to 032. This value is a three digit value for future expansion.

#### 4.34.1 Task Flag Activation

09tnDDD00CC(CR-LF)

Example: activate Task 1: 09tn00100C4(CR-LF)

### 4.35 Thermostat Control (TR)

This command allows automation equipment to monitor and control HVAC Thermostats connected to the M1. All temperature settings are expressed in ASCII Decimal, two digits. M1 Version 4.2.6 and after.

#### 4.35.1 Request Thermostat Data (tr)

```
08 - Length as ASCII hex
tr - Get thermostat data
NN - Thermostat 01 to 16
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 08tr0100F1 Thermostat 01, request data

### 4.35.2 Reply Thermostat Data (TR)

```
13 - Length as ASCII hex
TR - Reply with Thermostat Data
NN - Thermostat Number 01 to 16, 0 = invalid
M - ThermostatMode 0=Off,1=Heat,2=Cool,3=Auto, 4=Emergency Heat
H - ThermostatHold Hold current temperature. 0=False, 1=True
TT - CurrentTemperature Current temperature, deg.F 0=invalid, 70=70
HH - HeatSetPoint Heat setpoint if in heat/auto mode, decimal
SS - CoolSetPoint Cool setpoint if in Cool/auto mode, decimal
UU - CurrentHumidity Current humidity, 01 to 99%, 0 = invalid
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 13TR01200726875000000 Thermostat 01, data reply, Cool Mode, Hold temperature = False, Fan Auto, Current Temperature = 72 F, Heat Setpoint = 68 F, Cool Setpoint = 75 F, no humidity data

## 4.35.3 Set Thermostat Data (ts)

```
OB - Length as ASCII hex
ts - Set Thermostat Data
NN - Thermostat Number 01 to 16
VV - Value to set 00 to 99 range
E - Element to set: Set VV above with value to set in element
      0 = Mode VV = [00=Off, 01=Heat, 02=Cool, 03=Auto, 04=Emergency]
      1 = Hold VV= [Hold current temperature. 00=False, 01=True]
      2 = Fan \quad VV = [00 = Fan Auto, 01 = Fan turned on]
```

Example: OBts01704004B Set Thermostat Cool Set Point element - Thermostat 01 to 70 degrees.

**Reply Thermostat Data** will reply to Set Thermostat Data.

#### 4.35.4 Request - Omnistat 2 From PC to M1 ASCII Protocol (t2)

This request command allows for requesting data from theM1XSP that is connected to the HAI Omnistate 2 HVAC Thermostat. The Omnistat 2 protocol is required to build the ASCII command strings. M1 version 5.1.9 or later is required for this command.

2A – ELK Packet Length in ASCII hex, 42 length

t2 – ELK Command "t2" – PC to Omnistat command via M1.

D[36]... – 36 ASCII Hex bytes comprising 18 binary bytes of Omnistat data, including Checksum.

"0" right padded.

RA - Start/Remote Address, Bit 7 = 1

DA – Data Length/Message Type

Data -0 to 15 binary data bytes, converted to 0 to 30 ASCII Hex bytes CKSUM - Omnistat 2 checksum is last byte of Omnistat 2 data before padding.

00 – Future use

CC – ELK Checksum

**CRLF** 

## 4.35.5 Reply - M1 to PC with Omnistat 2 ASCII Hex data (T2)

This is the reply from the M1XSP connected to the HAI Omnistat 2 HVAC Thermostat. M1 version 5.1.9 or later is required for this command.

```
2A – ELK Packet Length in ASCII hex, 42 length
```

T2 – ELK Command "T2", Omnistat 2 to PC command..

D[36]... – 36 ASCII Hex bytes comprising 18 binary bytes of Omnistat 2 data, including Checksum.

"0" right padded.

RA - Start/Remote Address, Bit 7 = 0

DA – Data Length/Message Type

Data – 0 to 15 binary data bytes, converted to 0 to 30 ASCII Hex bytes CKSUM – Omnistat 2 checksum is last byte of data before padding.

00 – Future use

CC – ELK Checksum

**CRLF** 

## 4.36 Version Number of M1 and M1XEP (VN)

The vn command requests the M1's version number, and the VN command replies with the version number data. If an M1XEP is connected to the M1, the M1XEP's version number will also be included. Available in M1 version 4.1.12 or 5.1.12 and later. M1XEP 1.3.2 or later.

#### 4.36.1 Request M1 Version Number (vn)

```
06 - Length as ASCII hex
```

vn - Request the M1's version number data

00 - future use

CC - Checksum

Example: 06**vn00**56 Request the M1's version number.

#### 4.36.2 Reply M1 Version Number (VN)

```
36 - Length as ASCII hex
VN - Reply with the M1's version number data
UUMMLL M1 version, UU=Most,MM=Middle,LL=Least Significant Version
Number,ASCII Hex as UU.MM.LL version
uummll - M1XEP version as ASCII hex, uu.mm.ll
D[36] - 36 ASCII zeros for future use
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

M1 version number 05.01.12(0C), M1XEP version 01.03.02

### 4.37 Request Valid User Code Areas (UA)

This request command allows automation equipment to send a user code to the control and have returned what areas the code is valid in. The returned value is an 8 bit masked value with bit 0 corresponding to area 1, up to bit 7 corresponding to area 8. If the returned value is 0, then the code is not valid in any area. M1 Version 4.2.5, type of code is in Version 4.3.6 and after.

### 4.37.1 Request Valid User Code Areas (ua)

```
OC - Length as ASCII hex
ua - Request valid user code areas
DDDDDD - 6 bytes of user code data. 4 digit codes are left padded
           with zeros.
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example 1: 0Cua0034560025 Request valid user code areas for code 3456.

Example 2: 0Cua1234560022 Request valid user code areas for code 123456.

### 4.37.2 Reply With Valid User Code Areas (UA)

```
19 - Length as ASCII hex
UA - Returned valid user code areas
DDDDDDD - 6 bytes of user code data that was requested.
NN - 8 bits of Hex Area Mask Data, using two ASCII
     Hex bytes, 0-9, A-F. Bit 0 = Area 1, code valid if set.
UUUUUUUU - 8 bytes diagnostic data, factory use only.
N - Number of digits in user code. "4" or "6" digits, Ver 4.2.8
L - Type of code, "1"= User, "2"= Master, "3" = Installer, "4" =
  ELKRP, Ver 4.3.6 or later
T - F = Fahrenheit temperature mode, C = Celcius temperature mode.
  Version 4.3.9 or later
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 19UA123456C3000000041F00CA Returned value = Code 123456 is valid in Areas 1, 2, 7, and 8 (0xC3), 4 digit user codes, User Code Type, Fahrenheit Temperature Mode.

## 4.38 Zone Change Update (ZC)

#### 0AZCZZZS00CC

```
OA - Length as ASCII hex
ZC - Zone Change Message Command
ZZZ - Zone Number, 1 based
S - Zone Status, ASCII HEX, see Zone Status Table below
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Zone S	tatus Table, S V	alue, hex lower i	<u>nibble</u>
Hex			
Value			
0=	Normal	Unconfigured	0000
1=	Normal	Open	0001
2=	Normal	EOL	0010
3=	Normal	Short	0011
4=	not used		
5=	Trouble	Open	0101
6=	Trouble	EOL	0110
7=	Trouble	Short	0111
8=	not used		
9=	Violated	Open	1001
A(10) =	· Violated	EOL	1010
B(11) =	Violated	Short	1011
C(12) =	not used		
D(13) =	Bypassed	Open	1101
E(14) =	Bypassed	EOL	1110
	Bypassed	Short	1111

Example: 0AZC002200CE Zone change - zone 2, restored to Normal EOL

This transmission update option transmits the updated status whenever it changes and is enabled by setting the location TRUE in the M1 Control **Global Programming Location 36**. Example: "Xmit Zone Chgs-ASCII" (Yes or No)

### 4.39 Zone Status Messages (ZB)

You can send a query to the control panel for its zone status (open, closed, trouble, alert, bypassed). The control panel will respond with a Zone Status or Zone Partition Status message for all 208 zones.

In addition, the control panel can be programmed with Global Programming Location 30 to automatically send zone status messages whenever there is a change of status.

### 4.39.1 Zone Bypass Request (zb)

This command allows for bypassing/unbypassing a zone. Zone = 000 will unbypass all burglar zones in the. Zone = 999 will bypass all violated burglar zones. Area to bypass/unbypass is required if Zone equals 000 or 999 otherwise it is ignored.

```
10 - Length as ASCII hex
zb - Request zone bypass
ZZZ - Zone number
A - Area to change bypass in if zone = 000 or 999, otherwise not referenced.
C[6] - Pin Code array valid in the area that the zone is valid in.
    This is an array of 6 ascii digits. Array index 0 is the most significant digit and array index 5 is the least significant digit of the PIN Code.

00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 10**zb005100345600**6B Request zone bypass/unbypass toggle. Area 1. Bypass zone 5 with user code 003456

## 4.39.2 Reply With Bypassed Zone State (ZB)

```
0A - Length as ASCII hex
ZB - Returned Bypassed Zone Command
ZZZ - Zone number
N - Zone bypass state. '0' = unbypassed, '1' = bypassed
00 - future use
CC - Checksum
```

Example: 0A**ZB123100**CC Returned value = zone 123 is bypassed.

## 4.39.3 Zone Partition Request (zp)

06**zp00**50(CR-LF)

The Control panel responds with a Zone Partition Report which tells what Area is assigned to each zone.

## 4.39.4 Zone Partition Report (ZP)

D6ZPD...00CC(CR-LF)

The control panel sends this message in response to a Zone Partition Request. The data portion, D, of this message is 208 characters long, one character for each zone in order. The value will be from 1-8.

*Example:* a Zone Partition Report for a system in which Zone 1 is assigned to Partition 2. Zone 2 is assigned to no partition, and Zone 3 is assigned to Partition 8, would begin D7ZP208....

### 4.39.5 Zone Status Request (zs)

06**zs00**4D(CR-LF)

The control panel responds with a Zone Status Report.

*Note:* This message should be sent only when an initial connection is made with the control panel. It is not intended to be used as a 'polling' command. The control panel can be programmed to send zone and system status messages whenever the status changes with Global Programming Location 33 – 37 in the M1 Control.

### 4.39.6 Zone Status Report (ZS)

D6ZSD...000CC(CR-LF)

The control panel sends this message in response to a Zone Status Request. The data portion of this message is 208 characters long, one character for each zone in order. Each character is the *sum* of all applicable status values, expressed in hexadecimal, using ASCII characters 0-9 and A-F.

#### Status Values:

Bits 0 & 1 binary values are the physical zone state

- 0 Unconfigured
- 1 Open
- 2 EOL
- 3 Short

Bits 2 & 3 binary values are the logical zone status

- 0 Normal
- 1 Trouble
- Violated
- 3 Bypassed

#### 4.39.7 Zone Status Table

Hex Value

0=	Normal	Unconfigured	0000
1=	Normal	Open	0001
2=	Normal	EOL	0010

3=	Normal	Short	0011	
4=	not used			
5=	Trouble	Open	0101	
6=	Trouble	EOL	0110	
7=	Trouble	Short	0111	
8=	not used			
9=	Violated	Open	1001	
A(10) =	Violated	EOL	1010	
B(11) =	Violated	Short	1011	
C(12) =	Soft Bypasse	d	1000	temporary bypass of zone until normal
D(13) =	Bypassed	Open	1101	not implemented through M1 version
		_		4.2.6
E(14) =	Bypassed	EOL	1110	not implemented through M1 version
				4.2.6
F(15) =	Bypassed	Short	1111	not implemented through M1 version
				4.2.6

Example: a Zone Status Report for a system in which:

Zone 1 is Normal, EOL Zone 2 is Trouble, Open the rest Normal, Unconfigured

D6ZS 2 5 0 0....

## 4.40 Zone Definition (ZD)

This command allows automation equipment to request the zone definitions. M1 Version 4.2.6 and after.

## 4.40.1 Request Zone Definition (zd)

06 - Length as ASCII hex

zd - Get zone definition data

00 - future use

CC - Checksum

Example: 06**zd00**5C Zone Definition, request data

## 4.40.2 Reply Zone Definition Data (ZD)

D6 - Length as ASCII hex

ZD - Reply with zone definition data

D[208] - Array of all 208 zones with the zone definition. Subtract 48 decimal or 0x30 hex from each array element to get the zone definition number as described below.

00 - future use

CC - Checksum

Example: D6**ZD123....00**CC Zone 1 Definition = Burglar Entry/Exit 1, Zone Definition 2 = Burglar Entry/Exit 2, Zone Definition 3 = Burglar Perimeter Instant...

#### 4.40.3 Zone Definition Number List: Character - Definition Number

'0' - 00 = Disabled
'C' - 19 = Freeze Alarm
'1' - 01 = Burglar Entry/Exit 1
'D' - 20 = Gas Alarm
'2' - 02 = Burglar Entry/Exit 2
'E' - 21 = Heat Alarm
'3' - 03 = Burglar Perimeter Instant
'4' - 04 = Burglar Interior
'5' - 05 = Burglar Interior Follower
'G' - 23 = Police Alarm
'5' - 05 = Burglar Interior Follower

5 - 05 = Burglar Interior Follower

'6' - 06 = Burglar Interior Night

'1' - 25 = Water Alarm

'7' - 07 = Burglar Interior Night Delay

'J' - 26 = Key Momentary Arm / Disarm

'8' – 08 = Burglar 24 Hour '9' – 09 = Burglar Box Tamper '2' - 10 = Fire Alarm 'K' - 27 = Key Momentary Arm Away 'L' - 28 = Key Momentary Arm Stay 'M' - 29 = Key Momentary Disarm

';' - 11 = Fire Verified
'N' - 30 = Key On/Off
'<' - 12 = Fire Supervisory
'O' - 31 = Mute Audibles
'E' - 13 = Aux Alarm 1
'P' - 32 = Power Supervisory
'>' - 14 = Aux Alarm 2
'Q' - 33 = Temperature
'2' 15 = Keyfels
'P' 34 = Applies Zone

'?' - 15 = Keyfob 'R' - 34 = Analog Zone '@' - 16 = Non Alarm 'S' - 35 = Phone Key 'A' - 17 = Carbon Monoxide 'T' - 36 = Intercom Key

'B' – 18 = Emergency Alarm

## 4.41 Zone Trigger (zt)

This command allows automation equipment to <u>momentarily</u> open and violate any zone definition from zone type 1, Burglar Entry/Exit up to but <u>not</u> including type 26, momentary keyswitch zone. This command is available in M1 Version 4.5.23, 5.1.23 and above.

## 4.41.1 Zone Trigger (zt)

09 - Length as ASCII hex
zt - Get command for zone trigger violation
ZZZ - Zone number 001 to 208 as 3 ASCII decimal characters
00 - future use

CC - Checksum

Example: 09**zt12300**B3 Zone 123 momentarily violate zone.

## 4.42 Zone Analog Voltage (ZV)

This command allows automation equipment to request a zone analog voltage level. M1 Version 4.2.8 and after.

## 4.42.1 Request Zone Voltage (zv)

09 - Length as ASCII hex
zv - Get command for zone analog voltage data
ZZZ - Zone number 001 to 208 as 3 ASCII decimal characters
00 - future use
CC - Checksum

Example: 09**zv12300**B1 Zone 123 analog voltage request data

## 4.42.2 Reply Zone Analog Voltage Data (ZV)

 ${\tt OC}$  - Length as ASCII hex  ${\tt ZV}$  - Reply with zone definition data

```
ZZZ - Zone number 001 to 208 as 3 ASCII decimal characters
DDD - Zone voltage data as 3 decimal ASCII characters.
   Divide data value by 10. Right character is the tenths decimal place.
```

00 - future use

CC - Checksum

Example: 0CZV123072004E Zone 123, voltage is 7.2 volts

## 4.43 Reply Programming Of Insteon Lighting Device Data (IP)

OA - Length as ASCII hex

IP - Reply Programming of Insteon lighting device data

aaa - Starting Lighting device number 001 to 192

n - Number of devices being programmed, 1-8

00 - future use

CC - Checksum

Example: 0AIP001400D1

Reply Acknowledge Programming Insteon lighting device ID data for device 001 to 004.

Note: Insteon Lighting Device 193 to 256 corresponds to Insteon Groups 1 - 64.

## 5. Interpreting M1/EZ8 Event Log Extended Data Information

M1 and EZ8 event log data may be read from the control using the "ld" command. If enabled (via programming G35), the control will transmit events out the serial port as they are written to the log. Some events store extended information such as user, zone, or keypad number. The following table lists those events that may contain extended information. If an event is not listed in the table, its extended info does not apply and should be ignored. The "Ext Info Type" column references Table 2 below which describes how to interpret the extended data.

Event	Ext Info Type
1001 - 1110	1
1128 - 1129	1
1131	1
1132 – 1135	3
1136	4
1141	3
1144 - 1156	
1161	3
1173 - 1238	2 1
1239 - 1240	1
1294 - 1295	2 2 1
1297	2
1298	
1299 - 1301	2
1303	2 2 1
1304	
1313 – 1329	2 1
1350	
1351 - 1352	2
1356	1
1365 – 1366	1
1367	3
1377	3 5 2 1
1378	5
1379	2
1381 - 1382	
1385 – 1386	1
4001 - 4208	1
5001 - 5208	1
6001 - 6208	1
7001 - 7208	1

**Table 1**Log Events with extended information

Type	Meaning	Interpretation of Ext Info Field in Log Entries
1	Zone Number or Keypad	If 1-208, interpret as zone number.
	Number and F-Key	If > 400, 401=KP1-F1, 402=KP1-F2,
		407=KP2-F1, 496=KP16-F6.
2	User Number	If control's firmware is older than 4.4.0, the ext
		info is 1-99; and 101=Installer, 102=ElkRP,
		103=NoCode.
		If control's firmware is 4.4.0 or higher, the ext info
		is 1-199; and 201=Installer, 202=ElkRP,
		203=NoCode.
3	Expander Type	For events of this type, ignore the "Area" field on
		the log entry. It does not apply.
		If the event is 1367 or the ext info is 0, this log
		entry applies to the control. Otherwise:
		1 = Keypad
		2 = Input Expander
		3 = Output Expander
		4 = Reserved
		5 = Serial Expander
4	EEPROM Address	Address of a memory location in the EEPROM.
5	Voice message to play	0 = play default message (VM278)
	when dialing phone #	209-323 = play VM209-VM323

**Table 2** – How to interpret extended information

## 6. Word And Phrase Table

	62-Air.way	127 Dov wov	192-Gas.wav
	63-Alarm.wav	127-Day.wav 128-Deck.wav	193-Gas.wav
6.1 Words	64-Alert.wav	129-Deck.wav 129-Decrease.wav	194-Glass.wav
	65-All.wav	130-Defective.wav	195-Go.wav
1Custom1	66-AM.wav	131-Degrees.wav	196-Good.way
2Custom2	67-An.way	132-Delay.wav	197-Goodbye.wav
3Custom3	68-And.way	133-Den.way	198-Great.wav
4Custom4	69-Answer.wav	134-Denied.wav	199-Group.wav
5Custom5	70-Any.wav	135-Detected.wav	200-Guest.wav
6Custom6 7- Custom7	71-Aré.wav	136-Detector.wav	201-Gun.wav
8Custom8	72-Area.wav	137-Device.wav	202-Hall.wav
9Custom9	73-Arm.wav	138-Dial.wav	203-Hallway.wav
10- Custom10	74-Armed.wav	139-Dialing.wav	204-Hanging_up.wav
11-Not Implemented	75-At.wav	140-Dim.wav	205-Hang_up.wav
12-Not Implemented	76-Attic.wav	141-Dining_room.wav	206-Has.wav
13-Not Implemented	77-Audio.wav	142-Disable.wav	207-Has_Expired.wav
14-Not Implemented	78-Auto.wav	143-Disarm.wav	208-Have.wav
15-Not Implemented	79-Authorized.wav	144-Disarmed.wav	209-Hear_menu_options.wav
16-Not Implemented	80-Automatic.wav	145-Dock.wav	210-Heat.wav
17-Not Implemented	81-Automation.wav	146-Door.wav	211-Help.wav
18-Not Implemented	82-Auxiliary.wav	147-Doors.wav	212-High.wav
19-Not Implemented	83-Away.wav 84-B.wav	148-Down.wav 149-Driveway.wav	213-Hold.wav 214-Home.wav
20-Not Implemented	85-Back.wav	150-East.wav	215-Hot.wav
21-Zero.wav	86-Barn.wav	151-Emergency.wav	216-Hottub.way
22-One.wav	87-Basement.wav	152-Enable.way	217-House.wav
23-Two.wav	88-Bathroom.wav	153-End.way	218-Humidity.wav
24-Three.wav	89-Battery.wav	154-Energy.wav	219-HVAC.wav
25-Four.wav	90-Bedroom.way	155-Enrollment.wav	220-If.wav
26-Five.wav	91-Been.wav	156-Enter.wav	221-Immediately.wav
27-Six.wav	92-Bell.wav	157-Entering.wav	222-In.wav
28-Seven.way	93-Bottom.wav	158-Entertainment.wav	223-Inches.wav
29-Eight.wav 30-Nine.wav	94-Break.wav	159-Enter_the.wav	224-Increase.wav
31-Ten.way	95-Breakfast.wav	160-Entry.wav	225-Inner.wav
32-Eleven.wav	96-Bright.wav	161-Environment.wav	226-Input.wav
33-Twelve.wav	97-Building.wav	162-Equipment.wav	227-Inside.wav
34-Thirteen.wav	98-Burglar.wav	163-Error.wav	228-Instant.wav
35-Fourteen.way	99-Button.wav	164-Evacuate.wav	229-Interior.wav
36-Fifteen.way	100-By.wav	165-Event.wav	230-In_The.wav
37-Sixteen.way	101-Bypassed.wav	166-Exercise.wav	231-Intruder.wav
38-Seventeen.wav	102-Cabinet.wav	167-Expander.wav	232-Intrusion.wav
39-Eighteen.wav	103-Call.wav	168-Exit.wav	233-Invalid.wav
40-Nineteen.wav	104-Camera.wav	169-Exterior.wav	234-ls.wav
41-Twenty.wav	105-Cancel.wav	170-F.wav	235-ls_about_to_expire.wav
42-Thirty.wav	106-Carbon_monoxide.wav	171-Fail.wav	236-Is_active.wav
43-Fourty.wav	107-Card.wav	172-Failure.wav	237-ls_armed.wav
44-Fifty.wav	108-Center.way	173-Family_room.wav	238-ls_canceled.wav
45-Sixty.wav	109-Central.wav 110-Change.wav	174-Fan.wav 175-Feed.wav	239-ls_closed.wav 240-ls_disarmed.wav
46-Seventy.wav	111-Check.wav	176-Fence.way	241-ls_low.wav
47-Eighty.wav	112-Chime.wav	177-Fire.wav	242-ls_off.wav
48-Ninety.wav	113-Circuit.wav	178-First.wav	243-Is_OK.wav
49-Hundred.wav	114-Clear.way	179-Flood.wav	244-ls on.wav
50-Thousand.wav	115-Closed.wav	180-Floor.wav	245-ls_open.wav
51-[200ms_Silence].wav	116-Closet.way	181-Followed.wav	246-Jacuzzi.wav
52-[500ms_Silence].wav	117-Code.wav	182-Force.wav	247-Jewelry.wav
53-[800hz_Tone].wav 54-A.wav	118-Cold.wav	183-Fountain.wav	248-Keep.wav
55-Access.wav	119-Condition.wav	184-Foyer.wav	249-Key.wav
56-Acknowledged.wav	120-Connect.wav	185-Freeze.wav	250-Keypad.wav
57-AC_power.wav	121-Control.wav	186-Front.wav	251-Kitchen.wav
58-Activate.wav	122-Cool.wav	187-Full.wav	252-Lamp.wav
59-Activated.way	123-Cooling.wav	188-Furnace.wav	253-Laundry.wav
60-Active.wav	124-Corner.wav	189-Fuse.wav	254-Lawn.wav
61-Adjust.wav	125-Crawlspace.wav	190-Game.wav	255-Leak.wav
•	126-Danger.wav	191-Garage.wav	256-Leave.wav

257-Left.wav	312-Open.wav	367-Roof.wav	422-Test.wav
258-Less.wav	313-Operating.wav	368-Room.wav	423-Thank_you.wav
259-Level.wav	314-Option.wav	369-Running.wav	424-That.wav
260-Library.wav	315-Or.wav	370-Safe.wav	425-The.wav
261-Light.wav	316-Other.wav	371-Save.wav	426-Theater.wav
262-Lights.wav	317-Out.wav	372-Screen.wav	427-Thermostat.wav
263-Line.wav	318-Outlet.wav	373-Second.wav	428-Third.wav
264-Living_room.wav	319-Output.wav	374-Secure.wav	429-Time.wav
265-Loading.wav	320-Outside.wav	375-Security.wav	430-Toggle.wav
266-Lobby.wav	321-Over.wav	376-Select.wav	431-Top.wav
267-Location.wav	322-Overhead.wav	377-Sensor.wav	432-Transformer.wav
268-Lock.wav	323-Panel.wav	378-Serial.wav	433-Transmitter.wav
269-Low.wav	324-Panic.wav	379-Service.wav	434-Trespassing.wav
270-Lower.wav	325-Parking.wav	380-Set.wav	435-Trouble.wav
271-M.wav	326-Partition.wav	381-Setback.wav	436-Turn.wav
272-Machine.wav	327-Patio.wav	382-Setpoint.wav	437-Twice.wav
273-Mail.wav	328-Pause.wav	383-Setting.wav	438-Type.wav
274-Main.wav	329-Perimeter.wav	384-Shed.wav	439-Under.wav
275-Mains.wav	330-Personal.wav	385-Shipping.wav	440-Unit.wav
276-Manual.wav	331-Phone.wav	386-Shock.wav	441-Unlocked.wav
277-Master.wav	332-Place.wav	387-Shop.wav	442-Unoccupied.wav
278-Max.wav	333-Play.wav	388-Shorted.wav	443-Up.wav
279-Media.wav	334-Please.wav	389-Shunted.wav	444-User.wav
280-Medical.wav	335-Plus.wav	390-Side.wav	445-Utility.wav
281-Medicine.wav	336-PM.wav	391-Silence.wav	446-Vacation.wav
282-Memory.wav	337-Police.wav	392-Siren.wav	447-Valve.wav
283-Menu.wav	338-Pool.wav	393-Sliding.wav	448-Video.wav
284-Message.wav	339-Porch.wav	394-Smoke.wav	449-Violated.wav
285-Middle.wav	340-Port.wav	395-Someone.wav	450-Visitor.wav
286-Minute.wav	341-Pound.wav	396-South.wav	451-Wake_up.wav
287-Missing.wav	342-Pounds.wav	397-Spare.wav	452-Walk.wav
288-Mode.wav	343-Power.wav	398-Speaker.wav	453-Wall.wav
289-Module.wav	344-Press.wav	399-Sprinkler.wav	454-Warehouse.wav
290-Monitor.wav	345-Pressure.wav	400-Stairs.wav	455-Warning.wav
291-More.wav	346-Problem.wav	401-Stairway.wav	456-Water.wav
292-Motion.wav	347-Program.wav	402-Star.wav	457-Way.wav
293-Motor.wav	348-Protected.wav	403-Start.wav	458-Welcome.wav
294-Next.wav	349-Pump.wav	404-Status.wav	459-West.wav
295-Night.wav	350-Radio.wav	405-Stay.wav	460-What.wav
296-No.wav	351-Raise.wav	406-Stock.wav	461-When.wav
297-Normal.wav	352-Ready.wav	407-Stop.wav	462-Where.wav
298-North.wav	353-Rear.wav	408-Storage.wav	463-Will.wav
299-Not.wav	354-Receiver.wav	409-Storm.wav	464-Window.wav
300-Notified.wav	355-Record.wav	410-Studio.wav	465-Windows.wav
301-Now.wav	356-Recreation.wav	411-Study.wav	466-With.wav
302-Number.wav	357-Relay.wav	412-Sump.wav	467-Work.wav
303-Nursery.wav	358-Remain_calm.wav	413-Sun.wav	468-Yard.wav
304-Of.wav	359-Remote.wav	414-Switch.wav	469-Year.wav
305-Off.wav	360-Repeat.wav	415-System.wav	470-You.wav
306-Office.wav	361-Report.wav	416-Tamper.wav	471-Zone.wav
307-Oh.wav	362-Reporting.wav	417-Tank.wav	472-Zones.wav
308-OK.wav	363-Reset.wav	418-Task.wav	473-[Intruder_Message].wav
309-On.wav	364-Restored.wav	419-Telephone.wav	
310-Online.wav	365-Return.wav	420-Television.wav	
311-Only.wav	366-Right.wav	421-Temperature.wav	

## 6.2 Phrases

The (vm..) is the voice phrase number. These are six (6) word phrases that may be customized using the ELK-RP Software.

SilenceDelay (vm0)	Zone 7 (vm7)	Zone 14 (vm14)	Zone 21 (vm21)
Zone 1 (vm1)	Zone 8 (vm8)	Zone 15 (vm15)	Zone 22 (vm22)
Zone 2 (vm2)	Zone 9 (vm9)	Zone 16 (vm16)	Zone 23 (vm23)
Zone 3 (vm3)	Zone 10 (vm10)	Zone 17 (vm17)	Zone 24 (vm24)
Zone 4 (vm4)	Zone 11 (vm11)	Zone 18 (vm18)	Zone 25 (vm25)
Zone 5 (vm5)	Z Zone 12 (vm12)	Zone 19 (vm19)	Zone 26 (vm26)
Zone 6 (vm6)	Zone 13 (vm13)	Zone 20 (vm20)	Zone 27 (vm27)

Zone 28 (vm28)	Zone 98 (vm98)	Zone 168 (vm168)	No Zones Violated (vm229)
Zone 29 (vm29)	Zone 99 (vm99)	Zone 169 (vm169)	Output Expander Missing
		, ,	
Zone 30 (vm30)	Zone 100 (vm100)	Zone 170 (vm170)	(vm230)
Zone 31 (vm31)	Zone 101 (vm101)	Zone 171 (vm171)	Welcome System Is On
Zone 32 (vm32)	Zone 102 (vm102)	Zone 172 (vm172)	(vm231)
_ : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		,	` ,
Zone 33 (vm33)	Zone 103 (vm103)	Zone 173 (vm173)	Start Module Enrollment
Zone 34 (vm34)	Zone 104 (vm104)	Zone 174 (vm174)	(vm232)
Zone 35 (vm35)	Zone 105 (vm105)	Zone 175 (vm175)	Stop Module Enrollment
		: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	. '>
Zone 36 (vm36)	Zone 106 (vm106)	Zone 176 (vm176)	(vm233)
Zone 37 (vm37)	Zone 107 (vm107)	Zone 177 (vm177)	System Battery Is Low (vm234)
Zone 38 (vm38)	Zone 108 (vm108)	Zone 178 (vm178)	Press Transmitter Button
,		_ : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	
Zone 39 (vm39)	Zone 109 (vm109)	Zone 179 (vm179)	(vm235)
Zone 40 (vm40)	Zone 110 (vm110)	Zone 180 (vm180)	Receiver Program Invalid
Zone 41 (vm41)	Zone 111 (vm111)	Zone 181 (vm181)	(vm236)
_ : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	,		
Zone 42 (vm42)	Zone 112 (vm112)	Zone 182 (vm182)	Test Volume (vm237)
Zone 43 (vm43)	Zone 113 (vm113)	Zone 183 (vm183)	Say Time (vm238)
Zone 44 (vm44)	Zone 114 (vm114)	Zone 184 (vm184)	Miscellaneous 1 (vm239)
_ : : : : : :	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		
Zone 45 (vm45)	Zone 115 (vm115)	Zone 185 (vm185)	Miscellaneous 2 (vm240)
Zone 46 (vm46)	Zone 116 (vm116)	Zone 186 (vm186)	Miscellaneous 3 (vm241)
Zone 47 (vm47)	Zone 117 (vm117)	Zone 187 (vm187)	Miscellaneous 4 (vm242)
Zone 48 (vm48)		Zone 188 (vm188)	Miscellaneous 5 (vm243)
	Zone 118 (vm118)	` ,	` ,
Zone 49 (vm49)	Zone 119 (vm119)	Zone 189 (vm189)	Miscellaneous 6 (vm244)
Zone 50 (vm50)	Zone 120 (vm120)	Zone 190 (vm190)	Miscellaneous 7 (vm245)
Zone 51 (vm51)	Zone 121 (vm121)	Zone 191 (vm191)	Miscellaneous 8 (vm246)
_ : : : :	: : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `	
Zone 52 (vm52)	Zone 122 (vm122)	Zone 192 (vm192)	Miscellaneous 9 (vm247)
Zone 53 (vm53)	Zone 123 (vm123)	Zone 193 (vm193)	Miscellaneous 10 (vm248)
Zone 54 (vm54)	Zone 124 (vm124)	Zone 194 (vm194)	Enter Pass Code (vm249)
, ,	,		
Zone 55 (vm55)	Zone 125 (vm125)	Zone 195 (vm195)	Access Allowed (vm250)
Zone 56 (vm56)	Zone 126 (vm126)	Zone 196 (vm196)	System Not Ready (vm251)
Zone 57 (vm57)	Zone 127 (vm127)	Zone 197 (vm197)	Select Task Number (vm252)
_ : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	, ,	, ,	
Zone 58 (vm58)	Zone 128 (vm128)	Zone 198 (vm198)	Select Light Number (vm253)
Zone 59 (vm59)	Zone 129 (vm129)	Zone 199 (vm199)	Select Output Number (vm254)
Zone 60 (vm60)	Zone 130 (vm130)	Zone 200 (vm200)	Select Temperature Sensor
_ : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :		,	
Zone 61 (vm61)	Zone 131 (vm131)	Zone 201 (vm201)	(vm255)
Zone 62 (vm62)	Zone 132 (vm132)	Zone 202 (vm202)	Select Keypad Number
Zone 63 (vm63)	Zone 133 (vm133)	Zone 203 (vm203)	(vm256)
Zone 64 (vm64)		Zone 204 (vm204)	Select Thermostat Number
_ : : :	Zone 134 (vm134)	,	
Zone 65 (vm65)	Zone 135 (vm135)	Zone 205 (vm205)	(vm257)
Zone 66 (vm66)	Zone 136 (vm136)	Zone 206 (vm206)	Press To Change (vm258)
Zone 67 (vm67)	Zone 137 (vm137)	Zone 207 (vm207)	Press To End Message
Zone 68 (vm68)	Zone 138 (vm138)	Zone 208 (vm208)	(vm259)
		,	` ,
Zone 69 (vm69)	Zone 139 (vm139)	Keypad Panic Alarm (vm209)	Phone Menu 0 - Hear Menu
Zone 70 (vm70)	Zone 140 (vm140)	AC Power Failure (vm210)	Options (vm260)
Zone 71 (vm71)	Zone 141 (vm141)	Telephone Line Trouble	Phone Menu 1 - Arm/Disarm
Zone 72 (vm72)	Zone 142 (vm142)	(vm211)	Status (vm261)
, ,		,	, ,
Zone 73 (vm73)	Zone 143 (vm143)	Alarm Silence (vm212)	Phone Menu 2 - Automation
Zone 74 (vm74)	Zone 144 (vm144)	Alarm Acknowledged (vm213)	Control (vm262)
Zone 75 (vm75)	Zone 145 (vm145)	(Area X) Is Armed Away Mode	Automation Menu 1 -
Zone 76 (vm76)	Zone 146 (vm146)	(vm214)	Automation Task (vm263)
	,		, ,
Zone 77 (vm77)	Zone 147 (vm147)	(Area X) Is Armed Stay Mode	Automation Menu 2 - Lighting
Zone 78 (vm78)	Zone 148 (vm148)	(vm215)	Control (vm264)
Zone 79 (vm79)	Zone 149 (vm149)	(Area X) Is Armed Stay Instant	Automation Menu 3 - Output
Zone 80 (vm80)	Zone 150 (vm150)	(vm216)	
		` ,	Control (vm265)
Zone 81 (vm81)	Zone 151 (vm151)	(Area X) Is Armed Night Mode	Automation Menu 4 -
Zone 82 (vm82)	Zone 152 (vm152)	(vm217)	Temperature Sensor (vm266)
Zone 83 (vm83)	Zone 153 (vm153)	(Area X) Is Armed Night Instant	Automation Menu 5 - Keypad
		` ,	
Zone 84 (vm84)	Zone 154 (vm154)	(vm218)	Temperature (vm267)
Zone 85 (vm85)	Zone 155 (vm155)	(Area X) Is Armed Vacation	Automation Menu 6 -
Zone 86 (vm86)	Zone 156 (vm156)	Mode (vm219)	Thermostat Temperature
Zone 87 (vm87)	Zone 157 (vm157)	(Area X) Exit Delay Is About To	(vm268)
, ,	, ,	•	
Zone 88 (vm88)	Zone 158 (vm158)	Expire (vm220)	Phone Menu 3 - System
Zone 89 (vm89)	Zone 159 (vm159)	Auto Arm In 1 Minute (vm221)	Summary (vm269)
Zone 90 (vm90)	Zone 160 (vm160)	Exit Error (vm222)	Phone Menu 4 - Zone Status
_ : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :			
Zone 91 (vm91)	Zone 161 (vm161)	Closing Ring Back (vm223)	(vm270)
Zone 92 (vm92)	Zone 162 (vm162)	Audio Module Missing (vm224)	Phone Menu 7 - Page (vm271)
Zone 93 (vm93)	Zone 163 (vm163)	System Is Armed (vm225)	Phone Menu 8 - Adjust Volume
Zone 94 (vm94)	Zone 164 (vm164)	(Area X) Is Disarmed (vm226)	(vm272)
Zone 95 (vm95)	7ana 165 (/m/165)		
	Zone 165 (vm165)	Input Expander Missing	Phone Menu 9 - Exit and
Zone 96 (vm96)	Zone 165 (vm165) Zone 166 (vm166)	(vm227)	Hangup (vm273)
Zone 96 (vm96) Zone 97 (vm97)	, ,		

Phone Disarm (vm275)
Phone Hangup (vm276)
To Turn On (vm277)
To Turn Off (vm278)
Phone Arm Level 1 - Away
Mode (vm279)
Phone Arm Level 2 - Stay
Mode (vm280)
Phone Arm Level 3 - Stay
Instant Mode (vm281)
Phone Arm Level 4 - Night
Mode (vm282)
Phone Arm Level 5 - Night
Instant Mode (vm283)

Phone Arm Level 6 - Vacation Mode (vm284) Fire (vm285) Medical (vm286) Police (vm287) Emergency (vm288) Burglary (vm289) Carbon Monoxide (vm290) Freeze (vm291) Gas (vm292) Heat (vm293) Water (vm294) Auxiliary 1 (vm295) Auxiliary 2 (vm296) Key Switch (vm297)
Fire Message 1 (vm298)
Fire Message2 (vm299)
Burglary Message 1 (vm300)
Burglary Message 2 (vm301)
Alarm (vm302)
Alarm Memory (vm303)
Bypassed (vm304)
Auto Bypassed (vm305)
Transmitter Low Battery
(vm306)
Trouble (vm307)
Violated (vm308)
Normal (vm309)

On (vm310)
Off (vm311)
Say Name of Area 1 (vm312)
Say Name of Area 2 (vm313)
Say Name of Area 3 (vm314)
Say Name of Area 4 (vm315)
Say Name of Area 5 (vm316)
Say Name of Area 6 (vm317)
Say Name of Area 7 (vm318)
Say Name of Area 8 (vm319)

#### 7. ASCII Table

Dec	Hex	Ctl	Chr	Dec	Hex	Chr	Dec	Hex	Chr	Dec	Hex	Chr
0	00h	NUL	^ @	32	20h	SP	64	40h	9	96	60h	`
1	01h	SOH	^A	33	21h	!		41h		97	61h	a
2	02h	STX	^B	34	22h	"	66	42h	В	98	62h	b
3	03h	ETX	^C	35	23h	#	67	43h	С	99	63h	С
4	04h	EOT	^D	36	24h	\$	68	44h	D	100	64h	d
5	05h	ENQ	^E				69			101	65h	е
6	06h	ACK	^F		26h		70	46h	F	102	66h	f
7	07h	BEL	^G		27h			47h		103	67h	g
8	08h	BS	^H		28h			48h		104	68h	h
	09h		^Ι				73				69h	
10	0Ah	LF	^J				74			106	6Ah	j
11	0Bh	VT	^K	43	2Bh	+	75	4Bh	K	107	6Bh	k
12	0Ch	FF	^L		2Ch		76	4Ch	L	108	6Ch	1
13	0Dh		^M		2Dh	-	76 77	4Dh	M	109	6Dh	m
	0Eh		^N				78	4Eh	N	110		
15	0Fh	SI	^0	47	2Fh	/	79	4Fh	0			0
16		DLE			30h		80				70h	
17		DC1			31h			51h		113	71h	q
18	12h	DC2	^R	50	32h	2	82	52h	R		72h	
19		DC3					83			115	73h	S
20							84				74h	
21					35h	5	85			117	75h	u
22	16h	SYN	^V		36h		86	56h	V		76h	
23	17h	ETB	^W	55	37h	7	87	57h	M	119	77h	W
24	18h	CAN	^X		38h		88				78h	
25	19h	ΕM	^ Y				89			121	79h	У
26	1Ah	SUB	^ Z				90		Z	122	7Ah	Z
27	1Bh	ESC	^ [		3Bh		91	5Bh	[	123	7Bh	{
28	1Ch	FS	^ \	60	3Ch	<	92	5Ch	\	124	7Ch	
29	1Dh	GS	^ ]				93			125		
30	1Eh	RS	^ ^	62	3Eh	>	94	5Eh	^	126	7Eh	~
31	1Fh	US	^_	63	3Fh	?	95	5Fh	_	127	7Fh	DEL

# 8. Event Table

1000 = No Event	1068 = EMERGENCY ALARM IN AREA 6
1001 = FIRE ALARM	1069 = EMERGENCY ALARM IN AREA 7
1002 = FIRE SUPERVISORY ALARM	1070 = EMERGENCY ALARM IN AREA 8
1001 = FIRE ALARM 1002 = FIRE SUPERVISORY ALARM 1003 = BURGLAR ALARM, ANY AREA 1004 = MEDICAL ALARM, ANY AREA 1005 = POLICE ALARM, ANY AREA 1006 = AUX1 24 HR, ANY AREA 1007 = AUX2 24 HR, ANY AREA 1008 = CARBON MONOXIDE ALARM, ANY AREA	1071 = FREEZE ALARM IN AREA 1
1004 - MEDICAL ALARM, ANY ADEA	1072 = FREEZE ALARM IN AREA 2
1004 = IVILDICAL ALARWI, ANY ARLA	
1005 = POLICE ALARM, ANY AREA	1073 = FREEZE ALARM IN AREA 3
1006 = AUX1 24 HR, ANY AREA	1074 = FREEZE ALARM IN AREA 4
1007 = AUX2 24 HR, ANY AREA	1075 = FREEZE ALARM IN AREA 5
1008 = CARBON MONOXIDE ALARM, ANY AREA	1076 = FREEZE ALARM IN AREA 6
1009 = EMERGENCY ALARM, ANY AREA	1077 = FREEZE ALARM IN AREA 7
1010 = FREEZE ALARM, ANY AREA	1078 = FREEZE ALARM IN AREA 8
1011 = GAS ALARM, ANY AREA	1079 = GAS ALARM IN AREA 1
1012 = HEAT ALARM, ANY AREA	1080 = GAS ALARM IN AREA 2
1013 = WATER ALARM, ANY AREA	1081 = GAS ALARM IN AREA 3
1014 = ALARM, ANY AREA	1082 = GAS ALARM IN AREA 4
1015 = BURGLAR ALARM IN AREA 1	1083 = GAS ALARM IN AREA 5
1016 = BURGLAR ALARM IN AREA 2	1084 = GAS ALARM IN AREA 6
1017 = BURGLAR ALARM IN AREA 3	1085 = GAS ALARM IN AREA 7
1018 = BURGLAR ALARM IN AREA 4	1086 = GAS ALARM IN AREA 8
1019 = BURGLAR ALARM IN AREA 5	1087 = HEAT ALARM IN AREA 1
1020 = BURGLAR ALARM IN AREA 6	1088 = HEAT ALARM IN AREA 2
1021 = BURGLAR ALARM IN AREA 7	1089 = HEAT ALARM IN AREA 3
1022 = BURGLAR ALARM IN AREA 8	1090 = HEAT ALARM IN AREA 4
1023 = MEDICAL ALARM IN AREA 1	1091 = HEAT ALARM IN AREA 5
1024 = MEDICAL ALARM IN AREA 2	1092 = HEAT ALARM IN AREA 6
1025 = MEDICAL ALARM IN AREA 3	1093 = HEAT ALARM IN AREA 7
	1094 = HEAT ALARM IN AREA 8
1026 = MEDICAL ALARM IN AREA 4	
1027 = MEDICAL ALARM IN AREA 5	1095 = WATER ALARM IN AREA 1
1028 = MEDICAL ALARM IN AREA 6	1096 = WATER ALARM IN AREA 2
1029 = MEDICAL ALARM IN AREA 7	1097 = WATER ALARM IN AREA 3
1030 = MEDICAL ALARM IN AREA 8	1098 = WATER ALARM IN AREA 4
1031 = POLICE ALARM IN AREA 1	1099 = WATER ALARM IN AREA 5
1032 = POLICE ALARM IN AREA 2	1100 = WATER ALARM IN AREA 6
1033 = POLICE ALARM IN AREA 3	1101 = WATER ALARM IN AREA 7
1034 = POLICE ALARM IN AREA 4	1102 = WATER ALARM IN AREA 8
1035 = POLICE ALARM IN AREA 5	1103 = ANY ALARM IN AREA 1
1036 = POLICE ALARM IN AREA 6	1104 = ANY ALARM IN AREA 2
1037 = POLICE ALARM IN AREA 7	1105 = ANY ALARM IN AREA 3
1038 = POLICE ALARM IN AREA 8	1106 = ANY ALARM IN AREA 4
1039 = AUX1 24 HR IN AREA 1	1107 = ANY ALARM IN AREA 5
1040 = AUX1 24 HR IN AREA 2	1108 = ANY ALARM IN AREA 6
1041 = AUX1 24 HR IN AREA 3	1109 = ANY ALARM IN AREA 7
1042 = AUX1 24 HR IN AREA 4	1110 = ANY ALARM IN AREA 8
1043 = AUX1 24 HR IN AREA 5	1111 = CODE LOCKOUT, ANY KEYPAD
1044 = AUX1 24 HR IN AREA 6	1112 = KEYPAD 01 CODE-LOCKOUT
1045 = AUX1 24 HR IN AREA 7	1113 = KEYPAD 02 CODE-LOCKOUT
1046 = AUX1 24 HR IN AREA 8	1114 = KEYPAD 03 CODE-LOCKOUT
1047 = AUX2 24 HR IN AREA 1	1115 = KEYPAD 04 CODE-LOCKOUT
1048 = AUX2 24 HR IN AREA 2	1116 = KEYPAD 05 CODE-LOCKOUT
1049 = AUX2 24 HR IN AREA 3	1117 = KEYPAD 06 CODE-LOCKOUT
1050 = AUX2 24 HR IN AREA 4	1118 = KEYPAD 07 CODE-LOCKOUT
1051 = AUX2 24 HR IN AREA 5	1119 = KEYPAD 08 CODE-LOCKOUT
1052 = AUX2 24 HR IN AREA 6	1120 = KEYPAD 09 CODE-LOCKOUT
1053 = AUX2 24 HR IN AREA 7	1121 = KEYPAD 10 CODE-LOCKOUT
1054 = AUX2 24 HR IN AREA 8	1122 = KEYPAD 11 CODE-LOCKOUT
1055 = CO ALARM IN AREA 1	1123 = KEYPAD 12 CODE-LOCKOUT
1056 = CO ALARM IN AREA 2	1124 = KEYPAD 13 CODE-LOCKOUT
1057 = CO ALARM IN AREA 3	1125 = KEYPAD 14 CODE-LOCKOUT
1058 = CO ALARM IN AREA 4	1126 = KEYPAD 15 CODE-LOCKOUT
1059 = CO ALARM IN AREA 5	1127 = KEYPAD 16 CODE-LOCKOUT
1060 = CO ALARM IN AREA 6	1128 = FIRE TROUBLE, ANY ZONE
1060 = CO ALARM IN AREA 7	1129 = BURGLAR TROUBLE, ANY ZONE
	,
1062 = CO ALARM IN AREA 8	1130 = FAIL TO COMMUNICATE TROUBLE
1063 = EMERGENCY ALARM IN AREA 1	1131 = RF SENSOR LOW BATTERY TROUBLE
1064 = EMERGENCY ALARM IN AREA 2	1132 = LOST ANC MODULE TROUBLE
1065 = EMERGENCY ALARM IN AREA 3	1133 = LOST KEYPAD TROUBLE
1066 = EMERGENCY ALARM IN AREA 4	1134 = LOST INPUT EXPANDER TROUBLE
1067 = EMERGENCY ALARM IN AREA 5	1135 = LOST OUTPUT EXPANDER TROUBLE

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1136 = EEPROM MEMORY ERROR TROUBLE
                                                         1206 = AREA 8 IS ARMED STAY INSTANT
1137 = FLASH MEMORY ERROR TROUBLE
                                                         1207 = AREA 1 IS ARMED NIGHT
1138 = AC FAILURE TROUBLE
                                                         1208 = AREA 2 IS ARMED NIGHT
1139 = CONTROL LOW BATTERY TROUBLE
                                                         1209 = AREA 3 IS ARMED NIGHT
1140 = CONTROL OVER CURRENT TROUBLE
                                                         1210 = AREA 4 IS ARMED NIGHT
1141 = EXPANSION MODULE TROUBLE
                                                         1211 = AREA 5 IS ARMED NIGHT
1142 = OUTPUT 2 SUPERVISORY TROUBLE
                                                         1212 = AREA 6 IS ARMED NIGHT
1143 = TELEPHONE LINE FAULT TROUBLE1
                                                         1213 = AREA 7 IS ARMED NIGHT
144 = RESTORE FIRE ZONE
                                                         1214 = AREA 8 IS ARMED NIGHT
1145 = RESTORE FIRE SUPERVISORY ZONE
                                                         1215 = AREA 1 IS ARMED NIGHT INSTANT
1146 = RESTORE BURGLAR ZONE
                                                         1216 = AREA 2 IS ARMED NIGHT INSTANT
1147 = RESTORE MEDICAL ZONE
                                                         1217 = AREA 3 IS ARMED NIGHT INSTANT
1148 = RESTORE POLICE ZONE
                                                         1218 = AREA 4 IS ARMED NIGHT INSTANT
1149 = RESTORE AUX1 24 HR ZONE
                                                         1219 = AREA 5 IS ARMED NIGHT INSTANT
1150 = RESTORE AUX2 24 HR ZONE
                                                         1220 = AREA 6 IS ARMED NIGHT INSTANT
1151 = RESTORE CO ZONE
                                                         1221 = AREA 7 IS ARMED NIGHT INSTANT
1152 = RESTORE EMERGENCY ZONE
                                                         1222 = AREA 8 IS ARMED NIGHT INSTANT
1153 = RESTORE FREEZE ZONE
                                                         1223 = AREA 1 IS ARMED VACATION
1154 = RESTORE GAS ZONE
                                                         1224 = AREA 2 IS ARMED VACATION
1155 = RESTORE HEAT ZONE
                                                         1225 = AREA 3 IS ARMED VACATION
1156 = RESTORE WATER ZONE
                                                         1226 = AREA 4 IS ARMED VACATION
1157 = COMMUNICATION FAIL RESTORE
                                                         1227 = AREA 5 IS ARMED VACATION
1158 = AC FAIL RESTORE
                                                         1228 = AREA 6 IS ARMED VACATION
1159 = LOW BATTERY RESTORE
                                                         1229 = AREA 7 IS ARMED VACATION
1160 = CONTROL OVER CURRENT RESTORE
                                                         1230 = AREA 8 IS ARMED VACATION
1161 = EXPANSION MODULE RESTORE
                                                         1231 = AREA 1 IS FORCE ARMED
                                                         1232 = AREA 2 IS FORCE ARMED
1162 = OUTPUT2 RESTORE
1163 = TELEPHONE LINE RESTORE
                                                         1233 = AREA 3 IS FORCE ARMED
1164 = ALARM MEMORY, ANY AREA
                                                         1234 = AREA 4 IS FORCE ARMED
1165 = ALARM MEMORY, AREA 1
                                                         1235 = AREA 5 IS FORCE ARMED
                                                         1236 = AREA 6 IS FORCE ARMED
1166 = ALARM MEMORY, AREA 2
1167 = ALARM MEMORY, AREA 3
                                                         1237 = AREA 7 IS FORCE ARMED
1168 = ALARM MEMORY, AREA 4
                                                         1238 = AREA 8 IS FORCE ARMED
1169 = ALARM MEMORY, AREA 5
                                                         1239 = ZONE BYPASSED
1170 = ALARM MEMORY, AREA 6
                                                         1240 = ZONE UNBYPASSED
1171 = ALARM MEMORY, AREA 7
                                                         1241 = ANY BURGLAR ZONE IS FAULTED
1172 = ALARM MEMORY, AREA 8
                                                         1242 = BURGLAR STATUS OF ALL AREAS
1173 = AREA ARMED
                                                         1243 = AREA 1 BURGLAR STATUS
                                                         1244 = AREA 2 BURGLAR STATUS
1174 = AREA DISARMED
1175 = AREA 1 ARM STATE
                                                         1245 = AREA 3 BURGLAR STATUS
1176 = AREA 2 ARM STATE
                                                         1246 = AREA 4 BURGLAR STATUS
1177 = AREA 3 ARM STATE
                                                         1247 = AREA 5 BURGLAR STATUS
                                                         1248 = AREA 6 BURGLAR STATUS
1178 = AREA 4 ARM STATE
1179 = AREA 5 ARM STATE
                                                         1249 = AREA 7 BURGLAR STATUS
1180 = AREA 6 ARM STATE
                                                         1250 = AREA 8 BURGLAR STATUS
1181 = AREA 7 ARM STATE
                                                         1251 = AREA 1 CHIME MODE
1182 = AREA 8 ARM STATE
                                                         1252 = AREA 2 CHIME MODE
1183 = AREA 1 IS ARMED AWAY
                                                         1253 = AREA 3 CHIME MODE
                                                         1254 = AREA 4 CHIME MODE
1184 = AREA 2 IS ARMED AWAY
1185 = AREA 3 IS ARMED AWAY
                                                         1255 = AREA 5 CHIME MODE
1186 = AREA 4 IS ARMED AWAY
                                                         1256 = AREA 6 CHIME MODE
1187 = AREA 5 IS ARMED AWAY
                                                         1257 = AREA 7 CHIME MODE
1188 = AREA 6 IS ARMED AWAY
                                                         1258 = AREA 8 CHIME MODE
1189 = AREA 7 IS ARMED AWAY
                                                         1259 = AREA 1 CHIME ALERT
1190 = AREA 8 IS ARMED AWAY
                                                         1260 = AREA 2 CHIME ALERT
1191 = AREA 1 IS ARMED STAY
                                                         1261 = AREA 3 CHIME ALERT
1192 = AREA 2 IS ARMED STAY
                                                         1262 = AREA 4 CHIME ALERT
1193 = AREA 3 IS ARMED STAY
                                                         1263 = AREA 5 CHIME ALERT
1194 = AREA 4 IS ARMED STAY
                                                         1264 = AREA 6 CHIME ALERT
1195 = AREA 5 IS ARMED STAY
                                                         1265 = AREA 7 CHIME ALERT
1196 = AREA 6 IS ARMED STAY
                                                         1266 = AREA 8 CHIME ALERT
1197 = AREA 7 IS ARMED STAY
                                                         1267 = ENTRY DELAY, ANY AREA
1198 = AREA 8 IS ARMED STAY
                                                         1268 = AREA 1 ENTRY DELAY
1199 = AREA 1 IS ARMED STAY INSTANT
                                                         1269 = AREA 2 ENTRY DELAY
1200 = AREA 2 IS ARMED STAY INSTANT
                                                         1270 = AREA 3 ENTRY DELAY
                                                         1271 = AREA 4 ENTRY DELAY
1201 = AREA 3 IS ARMED STAY INSTANT
1202 = AREA 4 IS ARMED STAY INSTANT
                                                         1272 = AREA 5 ENTRY DELAY
1203 = AREA 5 IS ARMED STAY INSTANT
                                                         1273 = AREA 6 ENTRY DELAY
1204 = AREA 6 IS ARMED STAY INSTANT
                                                         1274 = AREA 7 ENTRY DELAY
1205 = AREA 7 IS ARMED STAY INSTANT
                                                         1275 = AREA 8 ENTRY DELAY
```

```
1276 = EXIT DELAY, ANY AREA
                                                           1342 = AREA 5 EXIT ERROR
1277 = AREA 1 EXIT DELAY
                                                           1343 = AREA 6 EXIT ERROR
1278 = AREA 2 EXIT DELAY
                                                           1344 = AREA 7 EXIT ERROR
1279 = AREA 3 EXIT DELAY
                                                          1345 = AREA 8 EXIT ERROR
1280 = AREA 4 EXIT DELAY
                                                           1346 = AUDIO AMPLIFIER STATUS
1281 = AREA 5 EXIT DELAY
                                                           1347 = CONTROL POWER STATUS
1282 = AREA 6 EXIT DELAY
                                                           1348 = LIGHT
1283 = AREA 7 EXIT DELAY
                                                           1349 = DARK
1284 = AREA 8 EXIT DELAY
                                                           1350 = SECURITY (DAY) ALERT
1285 = AREA 1 EXIT DELAY ENDS
                                                           1351 = DIALER ABORT
1286 = AREA 2 EXIT DELAY ENDS
                                                           1352 = DIALER CANCEL
1287 = AREA 3 EXIT DELAY ENDS
                                                           1353 = DIALER AUTO TEST
1288 = AREA 4 EXIT DELAY ENDS
                                                           1354 = LOCAL PROGRAMMING
1289 = AREA 5 EXIT DELAY ENDS
                                                           1355 = LOCAL PROGRAMMING ENDS
1290 = AREA 6 EXIT DELAY ENDS
                                                           1356 = KEYSWITCH ZN TAMPER ALERT
1292 = AREA 8 EXIT DELAY ENDS
                                                           1357 = EVENT LOG, 80% FULL
1293 = AUTOMATIC CLOSING
                                                           1358 = TELEPHONE LINE IS RINGING
                                                           1359 = TELEPHONE LINE SEIZE
1294 = EARLY CLOSING
1295 = CLOSING TIME EXTENDED
                                                           1360 = TELEPHONE LINE OFF/ON HOOK
1296 = FAIL TO CLOSE
                                                           1361 = TELEPHONE LOCAL ACCESS
1297 = LATE TO CLOSE
                                                           1362 = TELEPHONE REMOTE ACCESS
1298 = KEYSWITCH CLOSING
                                                           1363 = REMOTE PROGRAMMING
                                                           1364 = REMOTE PROGRAMMING ENDS
1299 = DURESS
1300 = EXCEPTION OPENING
                                                           1365 = AC FAIL TBL - POWER SUPV ZN
1301 = EARLY OPENING
                                                           1366 = LOW BATTERY TBL - POWER SUPV ZN
1302 = FAIL TO OPEN
                                                           1367 = SYSTEM START UP
                                                           1368 = CONTROL LOW VOLTAGE SHUTDOWN
1303 = LATE TO OPEN
1304 = KEYSWITCH OPENING
                                                           1369 = RF KEYFOB BUTTON 1
1305 = AREA 1 CLOSING RING BACK
                                                           1370 = RF KEYFOB BUTTON 2
                                                           1371 = RF KEYFOB BUTTON 3
1306 = AREA 2 CLOSING RING BACK
                                                          1372 = RF KEYFOB BUTTON 4
1307 = AREA 3 CLOSING RING BACK
1308 = AREA 4 CLOSING RING BACK
                                                           1373 = RF KEYFOB BUTTON 5
1309 = AREA 5 CLOSING RING BACK
                                                           1374 = RF KEYFOB BUTTON 6
1310 = AREA 6 CLOSING RING BACK
                                                           1375 = RF KEYFOB BUTTON 7
1311 = AREA 7 CLOSING RING BACK
                                                          1376 = RF KEYFOB BUTTON 8
1312 = AREA 8 CLOSING RING BACK
                                                           1377 = LOST SERIAL PORT EXPANDER TROUBLE
1313 = ACCESS KEYPAD 01
                                                           1378 = RULE TRIGGERED VOICE TELEPHONE DIAL
1314 = ACCESS KEYPAD 02
                                                           1379 = DIALER REPORT CLEARED
1315 = ACCESS KEYPAD 03
                                                           1380 = CENTRAL STATION KISSOFF
1316 = ACCESS KEYPAD 04
                                                           1381 = TRANSMITTER SUPERVISION LOSS
1317 = ACCESS KEYPAD 05
                                                           1382 = 2-WIRE SMOKE DET. CLEAN TRBL
1318 = ACCESS KEYPAD 06
                                                           1383 = ETHERNET TROUBLE
                                                           1384 = ETHERNET RESTORE
1319 = ACCESS KEYPAD 07
1321 = ACCESS KEYPAD 09
                                                           1385 = RESTORE REMOTE AC POWER
1322 = ACCESS KEYPAD 10
                                                           1386 = RESTORE REMOTE BATTERY
1323 = ACCESS KEYPAD 11
                                                           2001-2032 = Automation Tasks
1324 = ACCESS KEYPAD 12
                                                           3001 = F1 Key, keypad 1
1325 = ACCESS KEYPAD 13
                                                           3002 = F2 Key, keypad 1
                                                           3003 = F3 Key, keypad 1
1326 = ACCESS KEYPAD 14
1327 = ACCESS KEYPAD 15
                                                           3004 = F4 Key, keypad 1
1328 = ACCESS KEYPAD 16
                                                           3005 = F5 Key, keypad 1
1329 = ACCESS ANY KEYPAD
                                                           3006 = F6 Key, keypad 1
1330 = BEEP AREA 1 KEYPAD(S)
                                                           3091 = F1 Key, keypad 16
1331 = BEEP AREA 2 KEYPAD(S)
1332 = BEEP AREA 3 KEYPAD(S)
                                                           3092 = F2 Key, keypad 16
1333 = BEEP AREA 4 KEYPAD(S)
                                                           3093 = F3 Key, keypad 16
                                                           3094 = F4 Key, keypad 16
1334 = BEEP AREA 5 KEYPAD(S)
1335 = BEEP AREA 6 KEYPAD(S)
                                                           3095 = F5 Key, keypad 16
1336 = BEEP AREA 7 KEYPAD(S)
                                                           3096 = F6 Key, keypad 16
1337 = BEEP AREA 8 KEYPAD(S)
                                                           4001 - 4208 = Zone status, normal = 0, violated = 1
1338 = AREA 1 EXIT ERROR
                                                           5001 - 5208 = Zone bypassed, 1 = bypassed
                                                           6001 - 6208 = Alarm Memory, 1 = alarm activated
1339 = AREA 2 EXIT ERROR
1340 = AREA 3 EXIT ERROR
                                                           7001 - 7208 = Output status, 1 = On
1341 = AREA 4 EXIT ERROR
```

### 9. Calculate Checksum

Calculate checksum on received and transmitted ASCII string Example C code program

```
//INT8U is an 8 bit unsigned integer.
                                                                                                            return(11);
INT8U itAscRecBuf[82];
                                          //ASCII receive
                                                                                                 case 'C':
character buffer
                                                                                                            return( 12 );
INT8U AscHexToBin(INT8U, INT8U *); //ASCII hex to binary
                                                                                                 case 'D':
                                                                                                            return( 13 );
INT8U AsciiToHex(INT8U);
                                  //Ascii to Hex conversion
                                                                                                 case 'E':
                                                                                                            return( 14 );
                                                                                                 case 'F':
//Calculate checksum on a received ASCII string, return checksum
                                                                                                            return( 15 );
value. //It should equal 0 if good.
                                                                                                 default:
INT8U CalcCheckSum(void)
                                                                                                            return( Value - 0x30 );
                                                                                       }
{
          INT8U i,length, cc;
          length = AscHexToBin(2, &itAscRecBuf[0]);
//get length value,
                                          //first two characters
                                                                            To generate the checksum for an ASCII string to be transmitted,
          cc = AscHexToBin(2, &itAscRecBuf[length]); //get
                                                                            clear the checksum value (CC = 0;)
checksum value
                                                                            Add each byte of the string to be transmitted to the checksum value
                                                                            (CC += ASCII byte).
                                          //at end of string.
                                                                            Do a two's compliment of the checksum (CC = (CC ^{\circ} 0xff) + 1;).
          for (i=0;i<length;i++)
                                                                            Convert the checksum's upper and lower nibble's to ASCII hex.
                                                                            Send a carriage return (0x0D) and line feed (0x0A).
                     cc += itAscRecBuf[i]; //get string value and
add it to
                                                                            The following is an example C code for sending the checksum after
                                                                            building the initial checksum value.
           //checksum
          return(cc);
                               //good checksum should equal 0
}
                                                                            //send checksum + carriage return, line feed
                                                                            //Comm2_Put_Ch() sends the byte out the serial data port.
//ascii hex to binary, width 1 or 2
INT8U AscHexToBin(INT8U Width, INT8U * DataPtr)
                                                                            INT8U NibToAsc(INT8U);
          INT8U aVal; // accumulated value
                                                                            void SendChecksum(INT8U CC) //enter with checksum value
                                                                            added up
          aVal = AsciiToHex(*DataPtr);
                                                                                       CC = (CC \land 0xFF) + 1; //calculate\ two's\ compliment
          DataPtr++;
          if (Width == 2)//two digits wide, else 1 digit wide
                                                                                       Comm2_Put_Ch(NibToAsc(CC >> 4));
                                                                                       Comm2_Put_Ch(NibToAsc(CC & 0x0F));
                     aVal = aVal << 4;
                                                                                       Comm2_Put_Ch(0x0D);
                     aVal += AsciiToHex(*DataPtr);
                                                                                       Comm2_Put_Ch(0x0A);
                                                                            }
          return(aVal);
                                                                            INT8U NibToAsc(INT8U Nib)
}
//Ascii to Hex conversion
                                                                                       if (Nib < 0x0A)
INT8U AsciiToHex( INT8U Value )
                                                                                                 return( (INT8U)(Nib + 0x30));
                                                                                       else if (Nib \leq 0x0F)
                                                                                                 return(Nib + 0x37); //converts to 0x0A \rightarrow
          switch (Value)
                                                                            0x0F hex value
                                                                                      return(0x20); //error
                     case 'A':
                                return( 10 );
                     case 'B':
```

## 10. Contact Information:

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