Econometrics 710 Midterm Exam March 12, 2013

This exam concerns the model

$$y_i = m(x_i) + e_i (1)$$

$$m(x) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_2 x^2 + \dots + \beta_p x^p \tag{2}$$

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$$E(z_i e_i) = 0$$

$$(1)$$

$$(2)$$

$$(3)$$

$$z_i = (1, x_i, ..., x_i^p)' (4)$$

$$g(x) = \frac{d}{dx}m(x) \tag{5}$$

with iid observations  $(y_i, x_i)$ , i = 1, ..., n. The order of the polynomial p is known.

- 1. How should we interpret the function m(x) given the projection assumption (3)? How should we interpret g(x)? (Briefly)
- 2. Describe an estimator  $\hat{g}(x)$  of g(x).
- 3. Find the asymptotic distribution of  $\sqrt{n}(\hat{g}(x) g(x))$  as  $n \to \infty$ .
- 4. Show how to construct an asymptotic 95% confidence interval for g(x).
- 5. Assume p=2. Describe how to estimate g(x) imposing the constraint that m(x) is concave.
- 6. Assume p=2. Describe how to estimate g(x) imposing the constraint that m(u) is increasing on the region  $u \in [x_L, x_U]$ .