- 1. The data matrix is (Y, X) with $X = [X_1, X_2]$, and consider the transformed regressor matrix $Z = [X_1, X_2 X_1]$. Suppose you do a LS regression of Y on X, and a LS regression of Y on Z. Let $\hat{\sigma}^2$ and $\tilde{\sigma}^2$ denote the residual variance estimates from the two regressions. Give a formula relating $\hat{\sigma}^2$ and $\tilde{\sigma}^2$? (Explain your reasoning.)
- 2. An equation is $Y = X_1\beta_1 + X_2\beta_2 + e$ where X_1 is $n \times 10$ and X_2 is $n \times 5$, and there are n = 500 observations. An economist estimates the equation by least-squares and tests the hypothesis $H_0: \beta_2 = 0$ and obtains a Wald statistic $W_n = 0.34$.
 - (a) What is the correct degrees of freedom for the χ^2 distribution to evaluate the significance of the Wald statistic?
 - (b) Suppose the following are the quantiles of the appropriate χ^2 distribution

$$\begin{array}{cccccc} P\left(\chi^2 \leq c\right) & .01 & .05 & .10 & .90 & .95 & .99 \\ c & 0.55 & 1.14 & 1.61 & 9.24 & 11.07 & 15.09 \end{array}$$

Should you reject H_0 since W_n is less than the 0.01 quantile? Explain your reasoning.

3. Suppose for an economic model suggests

$$g(x) = E(y_i \mid x_i = x) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \beta_2 x^2$$

where $x_i \in \mathbb{R}$. An economist has a random sample (y_i, x_i) , i = 1, ..., n

- (a) Describe how to estimate g(x) at a given value x.
- (b) Describe (be specific) an appropriate confidence interval for g(x).
- 4. Take the model

$$y_i = x_i'\beta + e_i$$

$$E(x_ie_i) = 0$$

and suppose you have observations i=1,...,2n. (The number of observations is 2n.) You split the sample in half, (each has n observations), calculate $\hat{\beta}_1$ by LS on the first sample, and $\hat{\beta}_2$ by LS on the second sample. Assuming the observations are iid

- (a) What is the asymptotic distribution of $\sqrt{n} \left(\hat{\beta}_1 \hat{\beta}_2 \right)$?
- (b) Extra Credit: How could you use this to test the hypothesis of equal coefficients in the two samples?