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Lab 10 Analysis  
CS 162

Within my Fibonacci program I have found that the iterative function works faster than the recursive function. In my analysis it seems that the recursive function takes longer because it needs to go so much deeper into itself to call itself more and more times. As the number grows, the recursive function continues to dive deeper into itself to run the Fibonacci sequence. Although the iterative time tends to jump around towards the larger numbers, overall, we can see how the recursive time continues to increase as the numbers get larger. We can see a larger time difference when the numbers get higher and start to see a large discrepancy between the two once we reach those higher numbers. See below for the measured analysis:

N--Recursive\_time--Iterative\_time

10	0	-3.4e-05
11	0	-5.5e-05
12	0	-8.9e-05
13	0	-0.000144
14	0	-0.000233
15	0	-0.000377
16	0	-0.00061
17	0	-0.000987
18	0	-0.001597
19	0	-0.002584
20	0	-0.004181
21	0	-0.006765
22	0	-0.010946
23	0	-0.017711
24	0	-0.028657
25	0	-0.046368
26	0	-0.075025
27	0	-0.121393
28	0.01	-0.186418
29	0.01	-0.307811
30	0.03	-0.484229
31	0.04	-0.79204
32	0.07	-1.27627
33	0.12	-2.05831
34	0.2	-3.32458
35	0.32	-5.38289
36	0.53	-8.69746
37	0.86	-14.0704

38, 1.39, -22.7678  
39, 2.25, -36.8382  
40, 3.64, -59.606  
41, 5.88, -96.4542  
42, 9.52, -156.06  
43, 15.39, -252.524  
44, 24.93, -408.564  
45, 40.33, -661.079  
46, 65.21, -1069.69  
47, 105.43, -1730.88  
48, 170.53, 1494.28  
49, 275.91, -236.65  
50, 446.95, 1258.14