MATH 114 - Fall 2016 - Assignment 3

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Problem 1. Complex Numbers - Euler's Formula

a)
$$= e^{i\frac{\pi}{2}}$$

$$= \cos\frac{\pi}{2} + i\sin\frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$= 0 + i(1)$$

$$=i$$

b)
$$= e^{2\pi \frac{i}{3}}$$

$$= \cos 2\pi + \frac{i}{3}\sin 2\pi$$

$$= 1 + \frac{i}{3}(0)$$

$$= 1$$

Problem 2. Complex Numbers - Euler's Formula

$$z = \cos \frac{\pi}{3} + i \sin \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$z = e^{i\frac{\pi}{3}}$$

$$z^6 = e^{6i2\pi}$$

$$= \cos 2\pi + 6i \sin 2\pi$$

$$= 1 + 6i(0)$$

$$= 1$$

Problem 3. Systems of Equations

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & | & -9 \\ 1 & 4 & | & 7 \end{bmatrix} R_2 - R_1$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & | & -9 \\ -2 & 2 & | & 16 \end{bmatrix} R_1 + R_2$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & | & 7 \\ -2 & 2 & | & 16 \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{2} R_2$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & | & 7 \\ -1 & 1 & | & 8 \end{bmatrix} R_2 + R_1$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & | & 7 \\ 0 & 5 & | & 15 \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5} R_2$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & | & 7 \\ 0 & 5 & | & 15 \end{bmatrix} \frac{1}{5} R_2$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & | & 7 \\ 0 & 1 & | & 3 \end{bmatrix} R_1 - 4R_2$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & | & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & | & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{x}_1 = -5, \vec{x}_2 = 3$$

b)

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 & 0 \end{bmatrix} R_3 - R_1$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} R_2 - R_3$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} R_2 \Leftrightarrow R_1$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} R_2 - 2R_3 - R_1$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 \end{bmatrix} R_3 - R_2$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} R_3 \Leftrightarrow R_2$$

$$\sim \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} R_3 \Leftrightarrow R_2$$

$$\sim \left[\begin{array}{cc|cc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

Inconsistent, therefore no solutions.

c)

It is not possible to reduce to RREF fully, the closest that I could get is below. This is because it is inconsistent.

$$= \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & \frac{7}{3} & \frac{5}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{3} & \frac{-1}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & -3 \end{array} \right]$$

Problem 4. Solving two planes

$$3x_1 + 2x_2 - 4x_3 = 1$$

$$x_1 + x_2 - x_3 = 1$$

$$x_1 = 1 - x_2 + x_3$$

$$3(1 - x_2 + x_3) + 2x_2 - 4x_3 = 1$$

$$3 - 3x_2 + 3x_3 + 2x_2 - 4x_3 = 1$$

$$x_2 - x_3 = -2$$

$$\frac{-x_2 - x_3 = -2}{-1}$$

$$x_2 = 2 - x_3$$

$$x_1 = 1 - (2 - x_3) + x_3$$

$$x_1 = 1 - 2 + x_3 + x_3$$

$$x_1 = -1 + 2x_3$$

$$\vec{x} = (-1 + 2x_3) + (2 - x_3)$$

$$\vec{x} = x_3 + 1$$

The solution set represents a line.