Mathematics: analysis and approaches Higher level Paper 1 Practice Set B (Hodder)

2 hours

Instructions to candidates

- Write your session number in the boxes above.
- Do not open this examination paper until instructed to do so.
- You are not permitted access to any calculator for this paper.
- Section A: answer all questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided.
- Section B: answer all questions in an answer booklet.
- Unless otherwise stated in the question, all numerical answers should be given exactly or correct to three significant figures.
- A copy of the mathematics: analysis and approaches formula book is required for this paper.
- The maximum mark for this examination paper is [110 marks].

Full marks are not necessarily awarded for a correct answer with no working. Answers must be supported by
working and/or explanations. Where an answer is incorrect, some marks may be given for a correct method,
provided this is shown by written working. You are therefore advised to show all working.

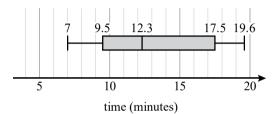
Section A

Answer **all** questions. Answers must be written within the answer boxes provided. Working may be continued below the lines, if necessary.

1	[Maximum mark: 7] Find the value of $a > 0$ such that $\int_0^a \frac{4x}{x^2 + 3} dx = \ln 16$.

2 [Maximum mark: 6]

The box plot summarizes the times taken by a group of 40 children to complete an obstacle course.



Two of the 40 children are selected at random.

a Find the probability that both children completed the course in less than 9.5 minutes. [3]

[3]

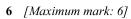
b Find the probability that one child completed the course in less than 9.5 minutes and the other in between 9.5 and 17.5 minutes.

$e x = \pi$.

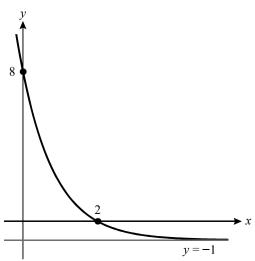
3 [Maximum mark: 5]

	imum mark: 5] the inequality $ x-3 \le 2x+1 $.	
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	eximum mark: 6] en that $P(A) = 0.3$, $P(B A) = 0.6$ and	$P(A \cup B) = 0.8, \text{ find P}(A \cup B) = 0.8$	A B). Give your answer as a sin	nplified frac
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The graph in the diagram has equation $y = A + Be^{-kx}$.



Find the values of A, B and k.

That the values of n, D and k .	

•	 • • • • •

 e form $z = re^{i\theta}$, the roots of the equation $z^3 = 4 - (4e^{-i\theta})$,,,,,,,
 •••••	

ma the mist	two non-zero term	Is in the Maciat	urm series io	$\sqrt{1-x^2}$.	
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9 [Maximum mark: 7]

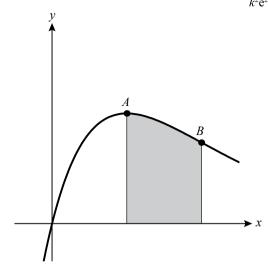
Section B

Answer all questions in an answer booklet. Please start each question on a new page.

10 [Maximum mark: 18]

Let $f(x) = xe^{-kx}$ where $x \in \mathbb{R}$ and k > 0.

- a Show that $f'(x) = (1 kx)e^{-kx}$ and find f''(x) in the form $(a + bx)e^{-kx}$. *[51]*
- **b** Find the x-coordinate of the stationary point of f(x) and show that it is a maximum. *[51]*
- **c** Find the coordinates of the point of inflection of f(x). *[31]*
- **d** The graph of y = f(x) is shown below. A is the maximum point and B is the point of inflection. Show that the shaded area equals $\frac{2e-3}{t^2c^2}$. *[51]*



11 [Maximum mark: 15]

The following system of equations does not have a unique solution.

$$\begin{cases}
6x + ky + 2z = a \\
6x - y - z = 7 \\
2x - 3y + z = 1
\end{cases}$$

a Find the value of k.

Each equation represents a plane.

- **b** Find
 - the value of a for which the three planes intersect in a line
 - ii the equation of the line.
- c If the value of a is such that the three planes do not intersect in a line, describe their geometric configuration, justifying your answer.
- **12** [Maximum mark: 22]

Let
$$f(x) = x^2 - 2x - 3, x \in \mathbb{R}$$
.

- **a** Sketch the graph of y = |f(x)|.
- Hence or otherwise, solve the inequality $|f(x)| > -\frac{1}{2}x + 4$.

Let
$$g(x) = \frac{2x - 7}{f(x)}$$
.

- State the largest possible domain of g.
- **d** Find the coordinates of the turning points of g.
- Sketch the graph of y = g(x), labelling all axis intercepts and asymptotes.
- Hence find the range of g for the domain found in part c.

[1] [5]

[6]

[7]

[2]

[3]

[6]

- [5]
- [2]