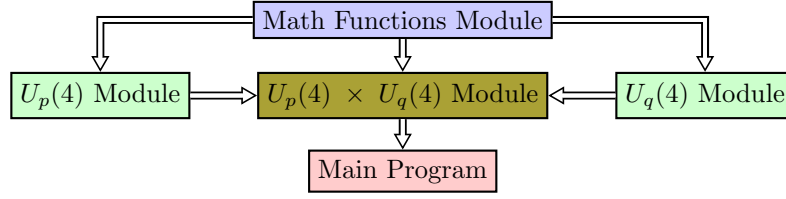


$$U_p(4) \times U_q(4)$$

Jamil KR

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0.1 Math Functions Module \rightarrow MOD_matfun.f90

- Functions:

- `p_symbol(a,b)` = $(a)_s = a(a+1)\dots(a+s-1)$

0.2 $U_p(4)$ Module \rightarrow MOD_Up4.f90

Hamiltonian:

$$\hat{H}_{U_p(4)} = \beta \mathcal{C}_2[so_p(4)] + \gamma \mathcal{C}_2[so_p(3)] + \gamma_2 [\mathcal{C}_2[so_p(3)]]^2 + \kappa \mathcal{C}_2[so_p(4)] \mathcal{C}_2[so_p(3)] \quad (1)$$

- Global definitions:

- Npval: $U(4)$ Totally symmetric representation.

- Functions:

- Function: `RME_Casimir_S0p4`
 - Function: `RME_Casimir_S0p3`
 - Function: `RME_Qp2`

0.3 $U_q(4)$ Module \rightarrow MOD_Uq4.f90

Hamiltonian:

$$\hat{H}_{U_q(4)} = a \mathcal{C}_1[u_q(3)] + b \mathcal{C}_2[u_q(3)] + c \mathcal{C}_2[so_q(3)] + d \mathcal{C}_2[so_q(4)] \quad (2)$$

- Global definitions:

- Nqval: $U(4)$ Totally symmetric representation.

- Functions:

- Function: `RME_Casimir_Uq3`
 - Function: `RME_Casimir_S0q3`
 - Function: `RME_Casimir_S0q4`
 - Function: `RME_Qq2`

0.4 $U_p(4) \times U_q(4)$ **Module** \rightarrow MOD_Up_x_Uq.f90