notebook

February 20, 2024

0.1 Part 0 - Setup

```
[]: ### Constants
    sigma1 = 0.11
    sigma2 = 0.13
    T = 1.7
    mu = 0.13
    r = 0.01
    S0 = 149
    time_break = 0.3
    K = 188
    KH = S0
    n_sims = 1_000 #for consistency with assignment
    n_steps = 1_000 #for consistency with assignment
```

```
[]: ### Helper Functions

### Black-Scholes

def get_d1_and_d2(S, t, K, T, r, sigma):
```

```
tau = T - t
    d1 = 1/(sigma * np.sqrt(tau)) * (np.log(S/K) + (r + sigma ** 2 / 2) * tau)
    d2 = d1 - sigma * np.sqrt(tau)
    return d1, d2
def black_scholes_call_price(S, t, K, T, r,sigma):
    d1, d2 = get_d1_and_d2(S, t, K, T, r, sigma)
    return S * norm.cdf(d1) - K * np.exp(-r * (T- t)) * norm.cdf(d2)
def black_scholes_put_price(S,t, K,T,r,sigma):
    d1, d2 = get_d1_and_d2(S, t, K, T, r, sigma)
    return K * np.exp(-r * (T - t)) * norm.cdf(-d2) - S * norm.cdf(-d1)
def black_scholes_call_delta(S, t, K, T, r,sigma):
    d1, d2 = get_d1_and_d2(S, t, K, T, r, sigma)
    return norm.cdf(d1)
def black_scholes_put_delta(S, t, K, T, r,sigma):
    d1, d2 = get_d1_and_d2(S, t, K, T, r, sigma)
    return -1 * norm.cdf(-1 * d1)
def black_scholes_gamma(S, t, K, T, r,sigma):
    #same for a call and put
    d1, d2 = get_d1_and_d2(S, t, K, T, r, sigma)
    return norm.pdf(d1)/(S * sigma * np.sqrt(T - t))
### Test helper functions. Numerical values evaluated on a calculator
assert_almost_equal(black_scholes_call_price(100,0, 100, 1, 0.01, 0.2), 8.
 43332, decimal = 5)
assert_almost_equal(black_scholes_call_price(100,0.99, 95, 1, 0.01, 0.2), 5.
\hookrightarrow 01264, decimal = 5)
assert_almost_equal(black_scholes_put_price(100,0, 100, 1, 0.01, 0.2), 7.43831, ___
 \rightarrowdecimal = 5)
assert_almost_equal(black_scholes_put_price(100,0.99, 95, 1, 0.01, 0.2), 0.
 00314, decimal = 5)
assert_almost_equal(black_scholes_call_delta(100,0, 100, 1, 0.01, 0.2), 0.
455962, decimal = 5)
assert_almost_equal(black_scholes_call_delta(100,0.99, 95, 1, 0.01, 0.2), 0.
99506, decimal = 5)
assert_almost_equal(black_scholes_put_delta(100,0, 100, 1, 0.01, 0.2), -0.
44038, decimal = 5)
assert_almost_equal(black_scholes_put_delta(100,0.99, 95, 1, 0.01, 0.2), -0.
\rightarrow 00494, decimal = 5)
```

```
⊶decimal = 5)
     assert_almost_equal(black_scholes_gamma(100,0.99, 95, 1, 0.01, 0.2), 0.00716, u
      \rightarrowdecimal = 5)
[]: class time_varying_vol:
         def __init__(self):
             pass
         def time_varying_vol(self, t):
             if t > time_break:
                 return sigma1 + sigma2 * (t - time_break)/(T - time_break) #Note_
      ⇔reference to global constant T, this is intentional
             return sigma1
         def integrate_vol(self, start_time, end_time):
             squared_vol = lambda x: self.time_varying_vol(x) ** 2
             result = integrate.quad(squared_vol, start_time, end_time)
             return result[0]
     ###Testing time varying vol. Numerical values evaluated manually
     Test_vol = time_varying_vol()
     assert_almost_equal(np.array([Test_vol.time_varying_vol(0.2), Test_vol.
      ⇔time_varying_vol(0.4), Test_vol.time_varying_vol(0.5), Test_vol.
      →time_varying_vol(T)]) ,
                         np.array([sigma1, 0.11928571428, 0.128571429, sigma1 +
      ⇒sigma2]))
     assert_almost_equal(np.array([Test_vol.integrate_vol(start_time = 0, end_time = __
      wime_break), Test_vol.integrate_vol(0, 1), Test_vol.integrate_vol(start_time_
      \Rightarrow= 0, end_time = T)]),
                         np.array([time break * sigma1 ** 2, 0.018090833333, 0.
      →0484766666]))
[]: def simulate_gbm(S0, mu, vol_model, n_steps, n_sims, simulation_end_time):
         rng = np.random.default_rng(seed = 42) #Seed for result consistency
         dt = simulation_end_time / n_steps
         times = np.linspace(0, simulation_end_time, n_steps + 1)
         epsilon = rng.normal(size = [n_sims, n_steps])
         paths = np.zeros([n_sims, n_steps + 1])
         paths[:, 0] = np.log(S0)
         for i in range(0, n_steps):
             #Euler-Maruyama Scheme, as in notes
             drift = (mu - 0.5 * vol_model.time_varying_vol(times[i]) ** 2) * dt
```

assert_almost_equal(black_scholes_gamma(100,0, 100, 1, 0.01, 0.2), 0.01972, ___

```
stochastic = vol_model.time_varying_vol(times[i]) * np.sqrt(dt) *_
epsilon[:, i]
    paths[:, i + 1] = paths[:, i] + drift + stochastic

paths = np.exp(paths)
return times, paths
```

```
[]: class Hedger:
         def __init__(self, SO, K, T, r, mu, n_sims, n_steps, vol_model,_
      ⇔simulation_end_time = None, constant_vol_assumption = False, ⊔
      →do_gamma_hedging = False):
             #Inputs
             self.S0 = S0
             self.K = K
             self.T = T
             self.r = r
             self.mu = mu
             self.vol_model = vol_model
             self.constant_vol_assumption = constant_vol_assumption
             self.n_sims = n_sims
             self.n_steps = n_steps
             self.do_gamma_hedging = do_gamma_hedging
             if self.do_gamma_hedging:
                 self.constant_vol_assumption = True #override this - in this_
      →coursework if gamma hedging is happening i.e. Q3/Q4, we are assuming
      ⇔constant vol
             if simulation_end_time is not None:
                 self.simulation_end_time = simulation_end_time
             else:
                 self.simulation_end_time = T #Assume full period unless specified
             #Derived
             self.dt = self.simulation_end_time / self.n_steps
             full_period_vol = self.get_integrated_vol(0, self.T)
             self.initial_price = black_scholes_call_price(self.S0, 0, self.K, self.
      →T, self.r, full_period_vol)
             #Always need paths and payoffs, so do this on initialisation
             self.simulation_setup()
             self.get_final_call_prices()
         def get_integrated_vol(self, start_time, end_time):
             \#calculates integrated vol over a remaining time period. Designed to \sqcup
      →return vol depending on the assumption of the investor
```

```
if self.constant_vol_assumption:
           return self.vol_model.time_varying_vol(self.T)
       else:
           return np.sqrt(1 / (end_time - start_time) * self.vol_model.
→integrate_vol(start_time = start_time, end_time = end_time))
  def simulation setup(self):
       self.times, self.paths = simulate_gbm(self.S0, self.mu, self.vol_model,_
⇒self.n_steps, self.n_sims, self.simulation_end_time)
  def get_final_call_prices(self):
      S T = self.paths[:, -1]
      if self.simulation_end_time == self.T:
           #then call is maturing now so can use the payoff formula
           self.final_call_prices = np.maximum(S_T - self.K, 0)
      else:
           #call not yet matured, so needs to be priced using BS
           integrated_vol = self.get_integrated_vol(self.simulation_end_time,_
\hookrightarrowself.T)
           self.final_call_prices = black_scholes_call_price(S_T, self.
simulation_end_time, self.K, self.T, self.r, integrated_vol)
  def simulate_delta_varying_vol(self):
      portfolio = np.zeros(self.paths.shape)
      portfolio[:, 0] = self.initial_price
      for i in range(0, len(self.times) - 1):
          t = self.times[i]
          S_at_t = self.paths[:, i]
          S_at_t_plus_dt = self.paths[:, i+1]
          vol_t = self.get_integrated_vol(t, self.T)
           delta t = black scholes call delta(S at t, t, self.K, self.T, self.
⇔r, vol_t)
           if self.do_gamma_hedging:
               #we are holding an option. We derive the option holding based_
→on gamma, then the stock holding based on delta
               t_plus_dt = self.times[i+1]
               #can use same vol everywhere because it is assumed constant
               hedge_option_at_t = black_scholes_put_price(S_at_t, t, KH, self.
→T,self.r, vol_t)
```

```
hedge_option_at_t_plus_dt = __
⇒black_scholes_put_price(S_at_t_plus_dt, t_plus_dt, KH, self.T,self.r, vol_t)
               hedging gamma = black scholes gamma(S at t, t, KH, self.T, self.
⇔r, vol_t)
               hedging_delta = black_scholes_put_delta(S_at_t, t, KH, self.

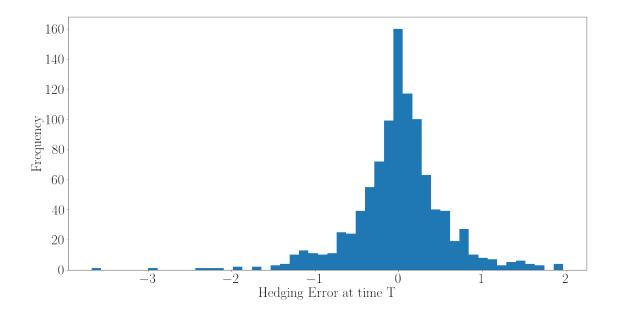
¬T,self.r, vol_t)
               target_gamma = black_scholes_gamma(S_at_t, t, self.K, self.
⇔T,self.r, vol t)
               option_holding = target_gamma / hedging_gamma
           else:
               #we aren't holding any option, so all the below need to be O
               hedge_option_at_t = 0
               hedge_option_at_t_plus_dt = 0
               option_holding = 0
              hedging_delta = 0
           stock_holding = (delta_t - option_holding * hedging_delta)
           bank_at_t = portfolio[:, i] - stock_holding * S_at_t -_
→option_holding * hedge_option_at_t
           bank_at_t_plus_dt = bank_at_t * np.exp(self.dt * self.r)
          new_stock_value = stock_holding * S_at_t_plus_dt
           new_option_value = option_holding * hedge_option_at_t_plus_dt
          portfolio[:, i + 1] = bank_at_t_plus_dt + new_stock_value +__
→new_option_value
      final_portfolio = portfolio[:, -1]
       error = final_portfolio - self.final_call_prices
      return error, self.initial_price
```

0.2 Q1 - Delta Hedging

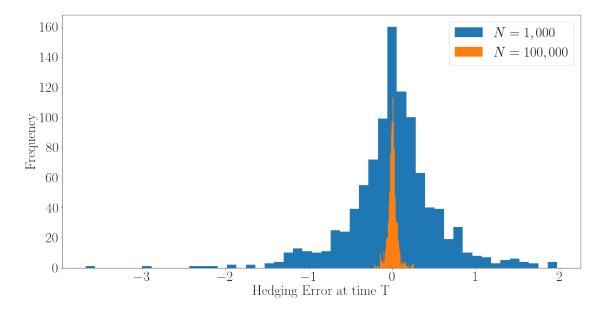
```
[]: vol_model = time_varying_vol()

Q1 = Hedger(S0, K, T, r, mu, n_sims, n_steps, vol_model = vol_model)
error_Q1, price_Q1 = Q1.simulate_delta_varying_vol()
plt.hist(error_Q1, bins = 50)
plt.xlabel('Hedging Error at time T')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')
```

```
[]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Frequency')
```



[]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x218fbaa03d0>

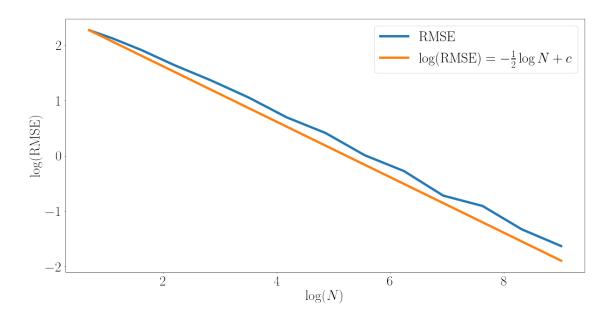


```
[]: print(price_Q1)
    3.1573080857906497
[]: #Check
     assert_almost_equal(np.percentile(error_Q1, q = [2.5, 97.5]), np.array([-1.
      →1999189, 1.168614]))
[]: n points = 14
     n_steps_rme_testing = np.zeros(n_points)
     rms_error = np.zeros(n_points)
     for i in range(0, n_points):
         n_steps_rme_testing[i] = 2 ** i + 1
         dummy_hedger = Hedger(S0, K, T, r, mu, n_sims, int(n_steps_rme_testing[i]),__
      yol_model = vol_model)
         error, price = dummy_hedger.simulate_delta_varying_vol()
         rms_error[i] = np.sqrt(np.mean(error ** 2))
     plt.plot(np.log(n_steps_rme_testing), np.log(rms_error), label = 'RMSE')
     plt.plot(np.log(n_steps_rme_testing), -0.5 * np.log(n_steps_rme_testing) + (np.
      \hookrightarrowlog(rms_error[0]) + 0.5 * np.log(n_steps_rme_testing[0])), label =
      r'$\log(RMSE$) = -\frac{1}{2}\log\{N\} + c$'
     plt.xlabel(r'$\log(N)$')
```

[]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x218fbb43dc0>

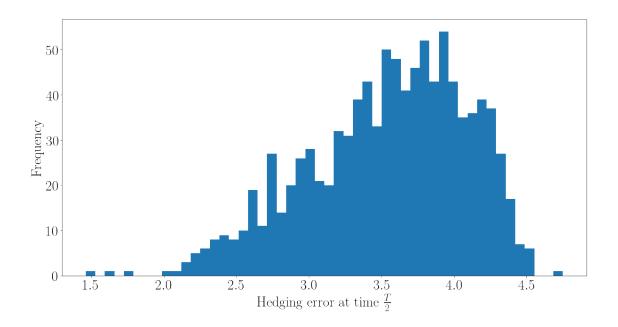
plt.ylabel(r'\$\log(\$RMSE\$)\$')

plt.legend()



0.3 Q2

[]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Frequency')



```
[]: assert_almost_equal(np.percentile(error_Q2, q = [2.5, 97.5]), np.array([2. 3824194, 4.3781215]))
```

0.4 Q3

```
[]: Q3_vol_model = time_varying_vol()

def flat_vol(t):
    return sigma1 + sigma2

Q3_vol_model.time_varying_vol = flat_vol

assert(Q3_vol_model.time_varying_vol(1) == sigma1 + sigma2)
```

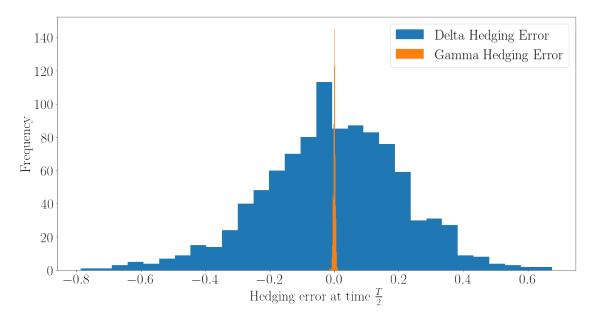
```
Q3_gamma = Hedger(S0, K, T, r, mu, n_sims, n_steps, vol_model = Q3_vol_model,__
simulation_end_time = T/2, constant_vol_assumption = True, do_gamma_hedging__
= True)
error_Q3_gamma, price_Q3_gamma = Q3_gamma.simulate_delta_varying_vol()

Q3_delta = Hedger(S0, K, T, r, mu, n_sims, n_steps, vol_model = Q3_vol_model,__
simulation_end_time = T/2, constant_vol_assumption = True, do_gamma_hedging__
= False)
error_Q3_delta, price_Q3_delta = Q3_delta.simulate_delta_varying_vol()
plt.hist(error_Q3_delta, bins = 30, label = 'Delta Hedging Error')
plt.hist(error_Q3_gamma, bins = 30, label = 'Gamma Hedging Error')

plt.xlabel(r'Hedging error at time $\frac{T}{2}$')
```

```
plt.ylabel(r'Frequency')
plt.legend()
```

[]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x218fc187cd0>

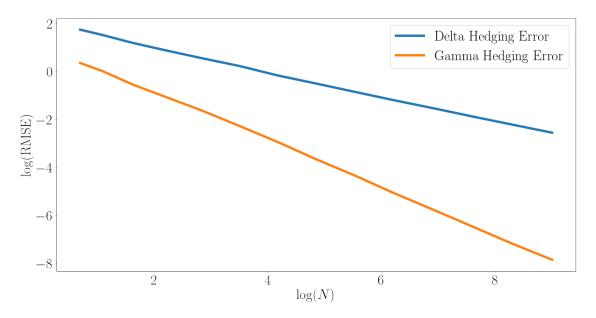


```
[]: n_points = 14
     n_steps_rme_testing = np.zeros(n_points)
     rms_error_delta = np.zeros(n_points)
     rms_error_gamma = np.zeros(n_points)
     for i in range(0, n points):
        n_steps_rme_testing[i] = 2 ** i + 1
         dummy_hedger_delta = Hedger(S0, K, T, r, mu, n_sims,__
      wint(n_steps_rme_testing[i]), vol_model = Q3_vol_model, simulation_end_time_
      ← T/2, constant_vol_assumption = True, do_gamma_hedging = False)
         dummy_hedger_gamma = Hedger(S0, K, T, r, mu, n_sims,__
      wint(n_steps_rme_testing[i]), vol_model = Q3_vol_model, simulation_end_time_

= T/2, constant_vol_assumption = True, do_gamma_hedging = True)

        delta error, delta price = dummy hedger delta.simulate delta varying vol()
        rms_error_delta[i] = np.sqrt(np.mean(delta_error ** 2))
        gamma_error, gamma_price = dummy_hedger_gamma.simulate_delta_varying_vol()
        rms_error_gamma[i] = np.sqrt(np.mean(gamma_error ** 2))
     plt.plot(np.log(n_steps_rme_testing), np.log(rms_error_delta), label = 'Delta_
      →Hedging Error')
```

[]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x218f67b0c10>



```
[]: #I quote this number in my report rms_error_gamma[-1]
```

[]: 0.00038460709232636956

0.5 Q4

```
plt.hist(error_Q4, bins = 30)
```

```
[]: (array([3., 7., 35., 52., 67., 66., 80., 76., 70., 71., 73., 64., 59.,
            49., 38., 42., 33., 20., 31., 17., 14., 6., 4., 6., 3., 6.,
             1., 1., 3., 3.]),
     array([-2.56403046e-03, -2.20503963e-03, -1.84604879e-03, -1.48705796e-03,
            -1.12806712e-03, -7.69076289e-04, -4.10085454e-04, -5.10946190e-05,
             3.07896216e-04,
                              6.66887051e-04,
                                              1.02587789e-03, 1.38486872e-03,
             1.74385956e-03,
                              2.10285039e-03,
                                                                2.82083206e-03,
                                               2.46184123e-03,
             3.17982290e-03,
                              3.53881373e-03,
                                               3.89780457e-03, 4.25679540e-03,
                              4.97477707e-03,
                                               5.33376791e-03,
             4.61578624e-03,
                                                                5.69275874e-03,
             6.05174958e-03,
                              6.41074041e-03,
                                               6.76973125e-03, 7.12872208e-03,
                                               8.20569459e-03]),
             7.48771292e-03,
                              7.84670375e-03,
     <BarContainer object of 30 artists>)
```

