A Global Covid19 Pandemic Situation Report

JayEnAar

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About this Report

Since cases of a respiratory illness caused by a novel Corona virus were first reported from Wuhan, China, late in 2019, the disease nCovid19 has grown into a pandemic.

Almost every country in the World is affected to a greater or lesser degree.

Data on the daily count of new cases of the infection and of deaths from it are reported by health authorities and collated by various international agencies and Universities. This report draws on a publicly available data set that is updated every day and published on its website by the European Centre for Disease Control, downloadable from here.

Data Analytical Methods

I used R and Rstudio to download the data, load it into R and carry out the data manipulation in order to produce summaries and charts that describe the global picture. This report was created in RMarkdown. The charts were produced in ggplot2 (credit Wickham H (2016). ggplot2: Elegant Graphics for Data Analysis. Springer-Verlag New York. ISBN 978-3-319-24277-4.)

The data

The data file comprises 11 columns and upwards of 14,000 rows (growing by the day as data is added to the file each day). The main columns (or fields) of interest are:

Reporting Date: The date of reporting

cases: The number of cases reported in the last 24 hours

deaths: The number of deaths reported in the last 24 hours

country: The official name of the Country or Territory

population figure for the country

Plan of the Report

The Report is structured as follows:

- 1. Global headlines
- 2. Country-wise comparison.
- 3. Time trends for number of cases by country.
- 4. Time trends for number of deaths by country.
- 5. Daily incidence of cases by country
- 6. Daily incidence of deaths by country
- 7. Doubling time for cases by country
 - 7a. Most recent daily growth rate by country
- 8. Doubling time for deaths by country
- 9. The situation in India

1. The headlines

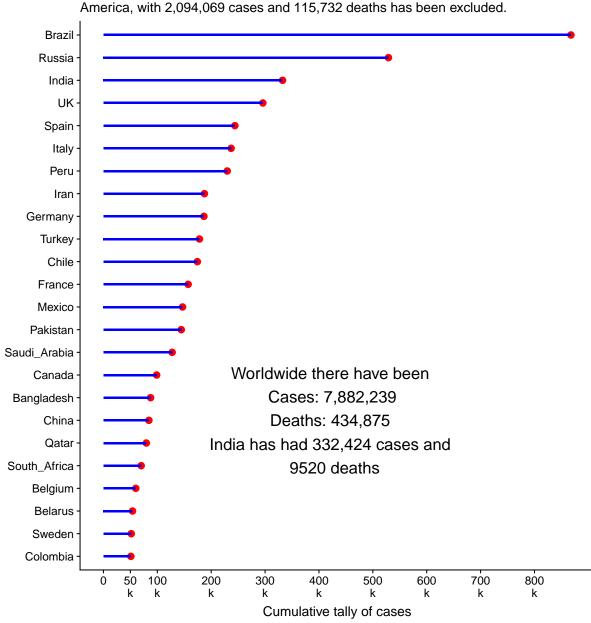
Across the 210 Countries and Territories of the World there were a total of **7,882,239** cases and **434,875** deaths.

In India there have been 332,424 cases reported, and 9,520 deaths

2. The top 25 most severely affected countries

America has been excluded because it's huge number of cases would have distorted the chart.

Fig 1. Covid19 across the world.
The top 25 countries by number of reported cases

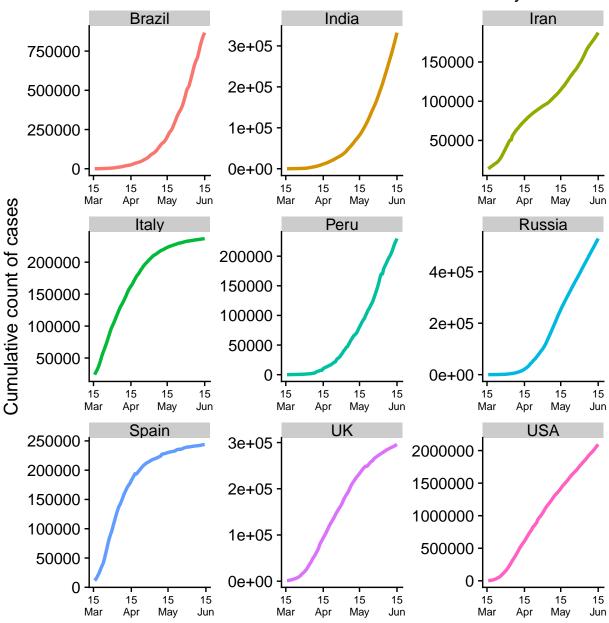


3. Cumulative cases - how the numbers grew.

The 9 countries with the most cases account for 63.7% of the world's tally. The following chart plots the time trend of cumulative cases for these 9 countries. It's important to note that the numbers vary greatly and so the y axis is scaled differently for each. The trend - steeply or gently upward, or flattening - should be the focus of attention.

How the number of cases grew over time

Cumulative tally of cases of Covid19, 16 March 2020 onwards Caution: The Y-axis is not the same for each country

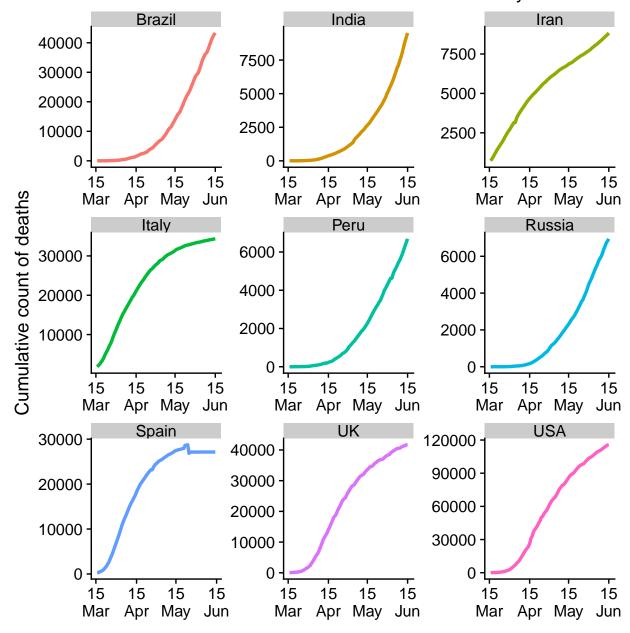


4. Cumulative deaths - how the numbers grew.

The next chart is similar to the previous chart; but shows the growth in the number of reported deaths from Covid19. The same caveats apply; the y-axis is scaled differently

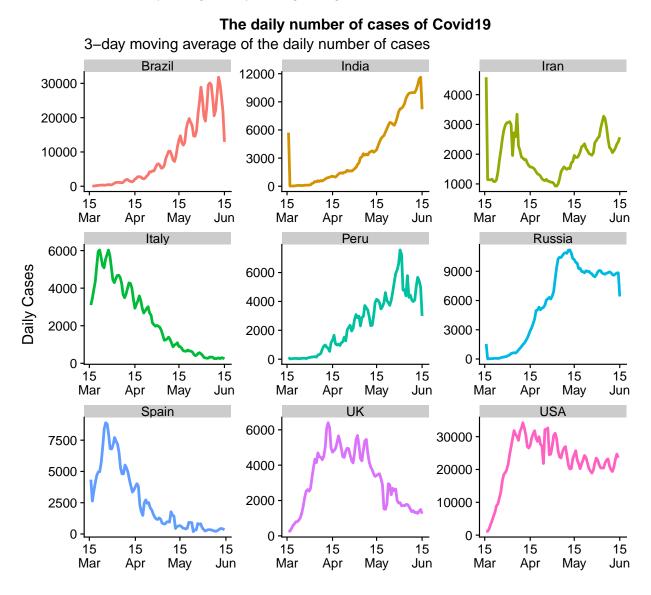
How the number of deaths grew over time

Cumulative tally of deaths from Covid19, 16 March 2020 onwards Caution: The Y-axis is not the same for each country



5. Daily incidence of cases

The total number of cases upto the present time measures how many people have been affected. The daily number of cases is a measure of how active the epidemic continues to be. Tracking the day-by-day incidence is a good indicator of the effectiveness of control measures. Remember, the data are based on the reporting date, not the date of onset of symptoms or the date of a positive test. Due to the usual administrative problems of weekends and holidays, cases may be reported with some lag. These fluctuations in day to day numbers are ironed out by taking a 3-day moving average.



6. Daily incidence of deaths

This is similar to the previous chart, it plots the 3-day moving average of reported daily deaths; the same caveats apply.

The daily number of deaths from Covid19 3-day moving average of the daily number of deaths Brazil Iran 200 300 160 1000 200 120 500 100 80 0 0 40 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 May May Mar Apr May Jun Mar Apr Jun Mar Apr Jun Peru Italy Russia 200 200 750 Daily Cases 150 150 500 100 100 250 50 50 0 0 . 15 15 15 . 15 15 15 . 15 15 15 15 15 15 Apr Apr May Apr Mar May Jun Mar Jun Mar May Jun Spain UK USA 900 3000 500 600 2000 0 1000 300 -500

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data source: https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv, (c) JayEnAar 15 Jun 2020

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7. Doubling time for cases

The time taken for the number of cases to double is a measure of the how infectious the virus is and how effective the control measures have been. I worked out a notional daily doubling time in days by taking the growth rate from one day to the next and applying a standard algebraic formula:

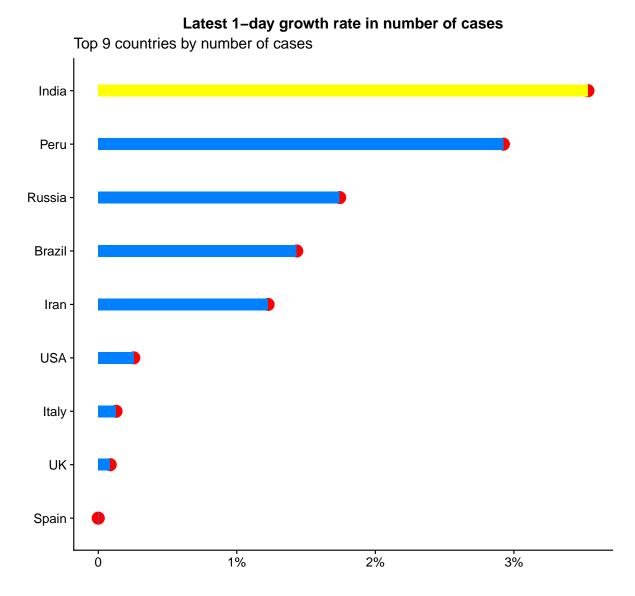
D = log(2)/log(Nb/Na) where D is the Doubling time, Nb is the number on a given day and Na is the number the previous day.

Because this number fluctuates widely from one day to the next, I have used 3-day moving average to smooth out the trend. The y-axis is scaled differently for each country and so the charts need to be interpreted with caution.

Doubling time for Cumulative number of cases of Covid19 3-day moving average of the daily doubling time Brazil Iran 20 60 15 20 40 10 10 20 5 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 Mar May Mar Apr Jun Mar Apr May Jun Apr May Jun Doubling time in days Italy Peru Russia 40 150 600 30 100 400 20 50 200 0 0 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 May Mar Apr Jun Mar Apr May Jun Mar Apr May Jun Spain UK USA 800 60 600 100 40 400 200 0 20 0 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 Mar Apr May Jun Mar Apr May Jun Mar Apr May Jun

7a. Growth rate across countries

Countries are at differet stages of the epidemic curve. In section 1 above we looked saw a bar chart comparing countries according to how many people have been infected to date. It might be useful also to compare countries according to the most recent daily growth rate. This transaltes to the current doubling time. The higher the growth rate, the lower the doubling time.



8. Doubling time for deaths

Doubling time for Cumulative deaths from Covid19

3-day moving average of the daily doubling time India Brazil Iran 20 30 90 -15 20 60 10 10 30 5 0 15 15 Apr 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 . 15 Apr Mar May Mar May Jun Mar Apr Jun May Jun Doubling time in days Peru Russia Italy 400 30 300 20 20 200 10 10 100 0 0 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 Mar Apr Mar May May May Jun Mar Apr Jun Jun Apr Spain UK USA 15000 300 200 10000 200 100 5000 100 0 0

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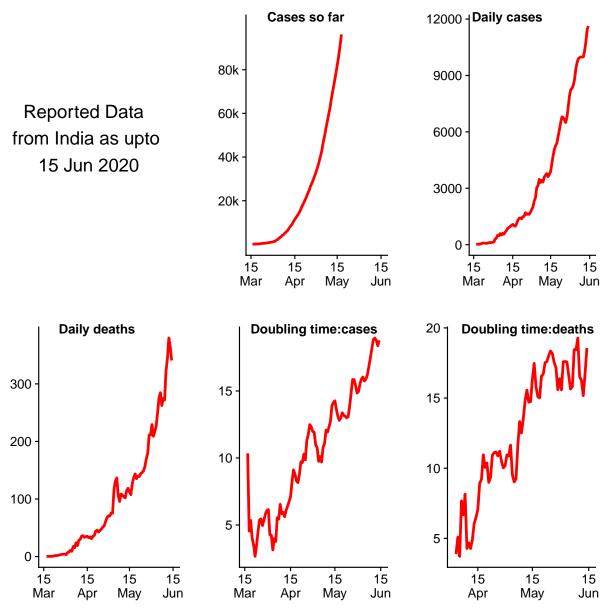
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9. The situation in India

India has had relatively few cases and deaths thus far; and this is even before we take into account the size of the population. It is not unlikely that the reported cases and deaths may underestimate the true state of affairs. The following 5 charts present trends in India using the reported data.



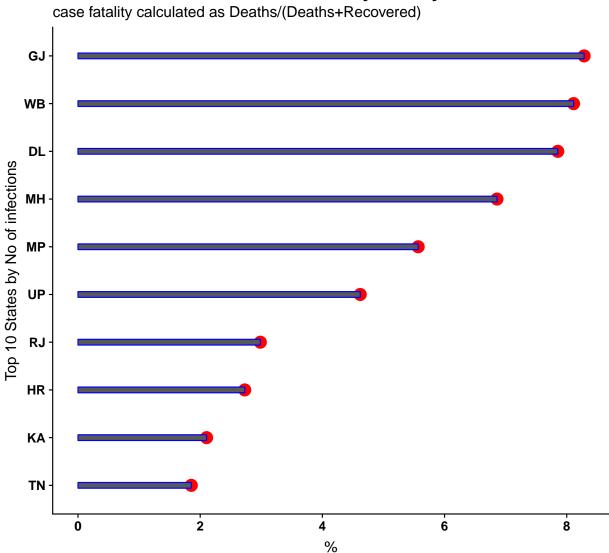
Note: The doubling times are computed for each day but because they tend to fluctuate day to day the charts are 3 day moving averages of the computed numbers

9a. Comparison of performance among States.

How are the different States in India performing? Are there differences that may reveal lessons to be learned? I obtained a rtime series data set for States in India from: https://t.co/lfRdu7epRj?amp=1. I linked this data with population estimates for each State from variius sources on the web. These are not the most recent estimates and there may be more accurate numbers I could have used, but for the purpose of comparing the incidence per million population the estimates I used are adequate.

9a.1



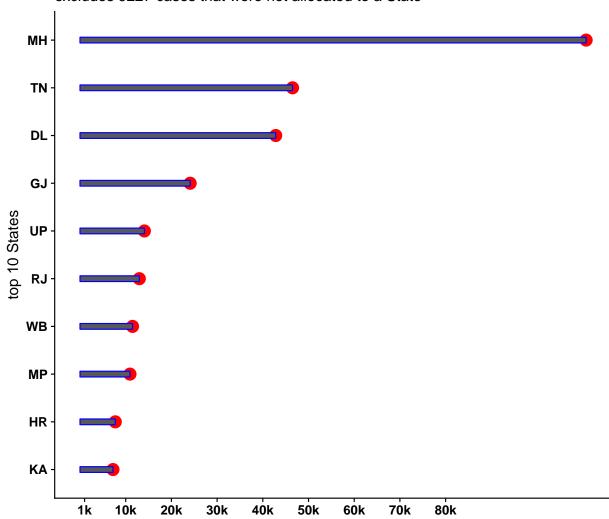


data source: https://t.co/lfRdu7epRj?amp=1, (c) JayEnAar 15 Jun 2020

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Covid-19 Cumulative Number of cases by State

excludes 9227 cases that were not allocated to a State

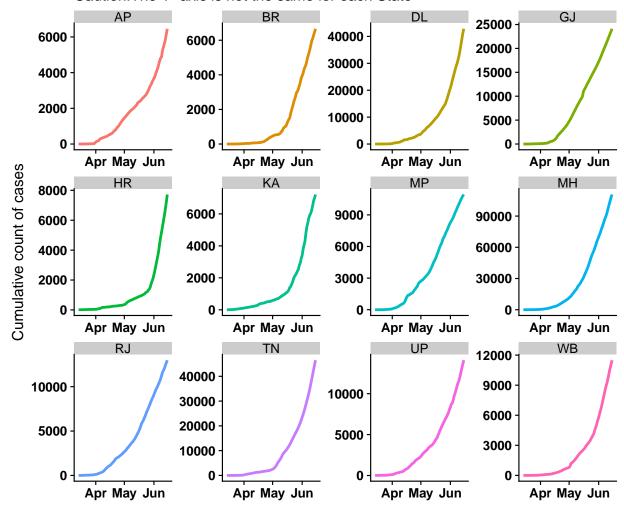


data source: https://t.co/lfRdu7epRj?amp=1, (c) JayEnAar & GorwayGlobal 15 Jun 2020

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How the number of cases grew over time

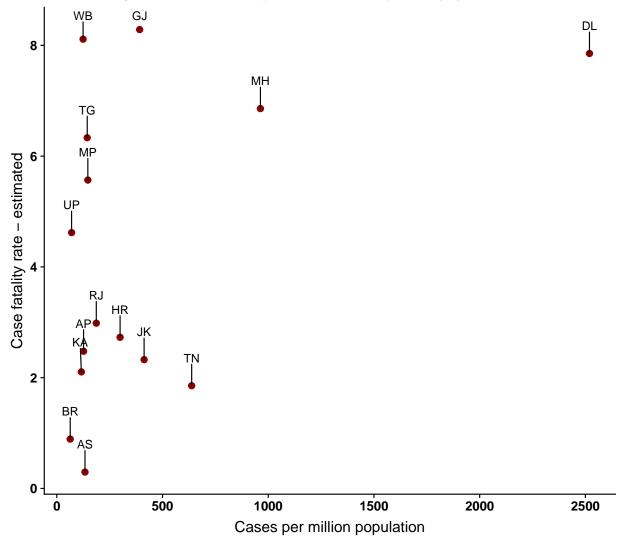
Cumulative tally of cases of Covid19, 16 March 2020 onwards Caution: The Y-axis is not the same for each State



9a.4

Indian States. Case fatality v Population incidence of Covid19

Case Fatality defined as deaths/(deaths+recovered); State populations are estimates



data source: https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv, (c) JayEnAar 15 Jun 2020

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This report will be published every day with the latest data available.

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End of report