

A Global Covid19 Pandemic Situation Report

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About this Report

Since cases of a respiratory illness caused by a novel Corona virus were first reported from Wuhan, China, late in 2019, the disease nCovid19 has grown into a pandemic.

Almost every country in the World is affected to a greater or lesser degree.

Data on the daily count of new cases of the infection and of deaths from it are reported by health authorities and collated by various international agencies and Universities. This report draws on a publicly available data set that is updated every day and published on its website by the European Centre for Disease Control, downloadable from [here](#).

Data Analytical Methods

I used R and Rstudio to download the data, load it into R and carry out the data manipulation in order to produce summaries and charts that describe the global picture. This report was created in RMarkdown. The charts were produced in ggplot2 (credit Wickham H (2016). ggplot2: Elegant Graphics for Data Analysis. Springer-Verlag New York. ISBN 978-3-319-24277-4.)

The data

The data file comprises 11 columns and upwards of 14,000 rows (growing by the day as data is added to the file each day). The main columns (or fields) of interest are:

ReportingDate: The date of reporting

cases: The number of cases reported in the last 24 hours

deaths: The number of deaths reported in the last 24 hours

country: The official name of the Country or Territory

popdata2018: The 2018 or most recent population figure for the country

Plan of the Report

The Report is structured as follows:

1. Global headlines
2. Country-wise comparison.
3. Time trends for number of cases by country.
4. Time trends for number of deaths by country.
5. Daily incidence of cases by country
6. Daily incidence of deaths by country
7. Doubling time for cases by country
 - 7a. Most recent daily growth rate by country
8. Doubling time for deaths by country
9. The situation in India

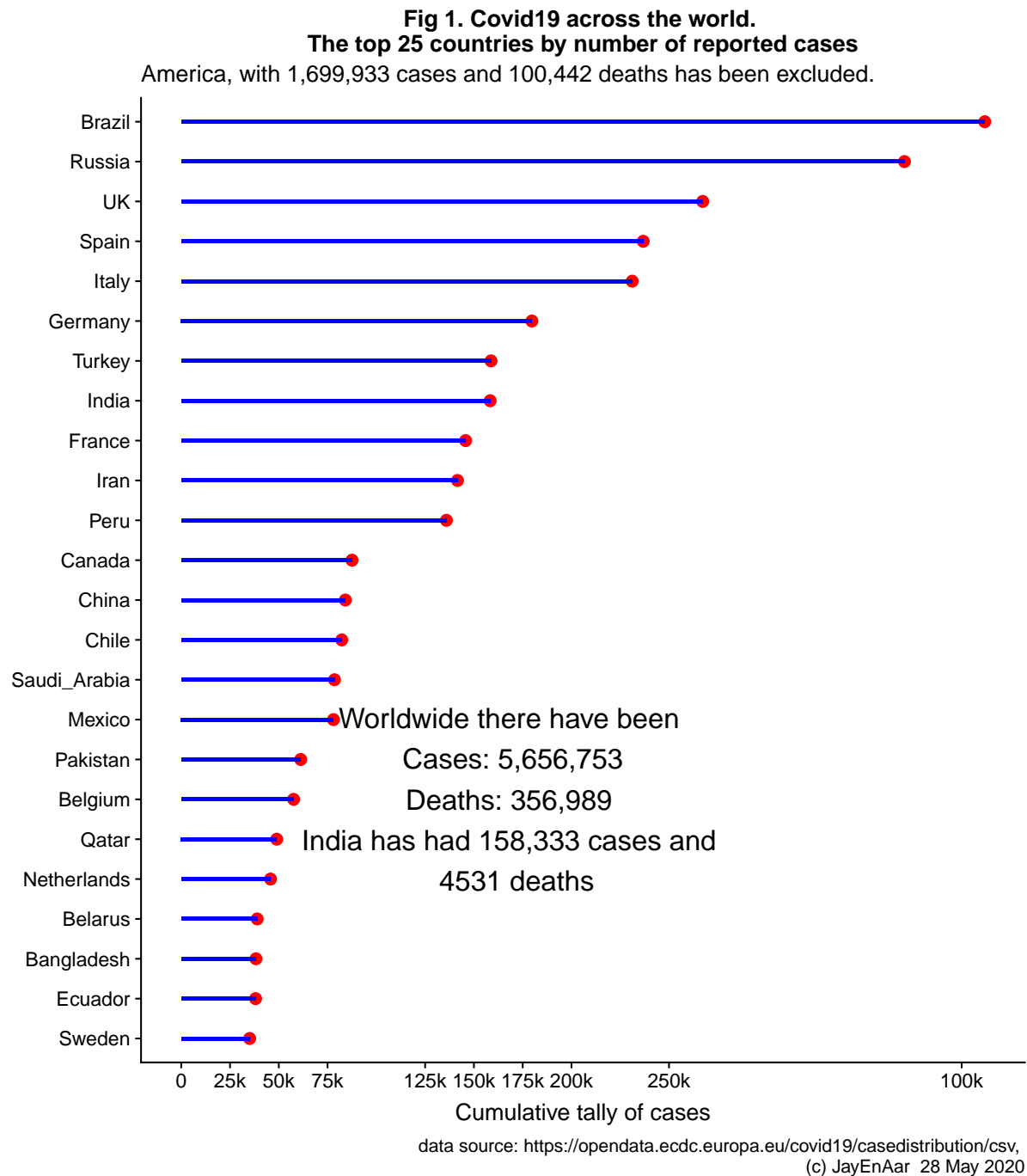
1. The headlines

Across the 210 Countries and Territories of the World there were a total of **5,656,753** cases and **356,989** deaths.

In India there have been **158,333** cases reported, and **4,531** deaths

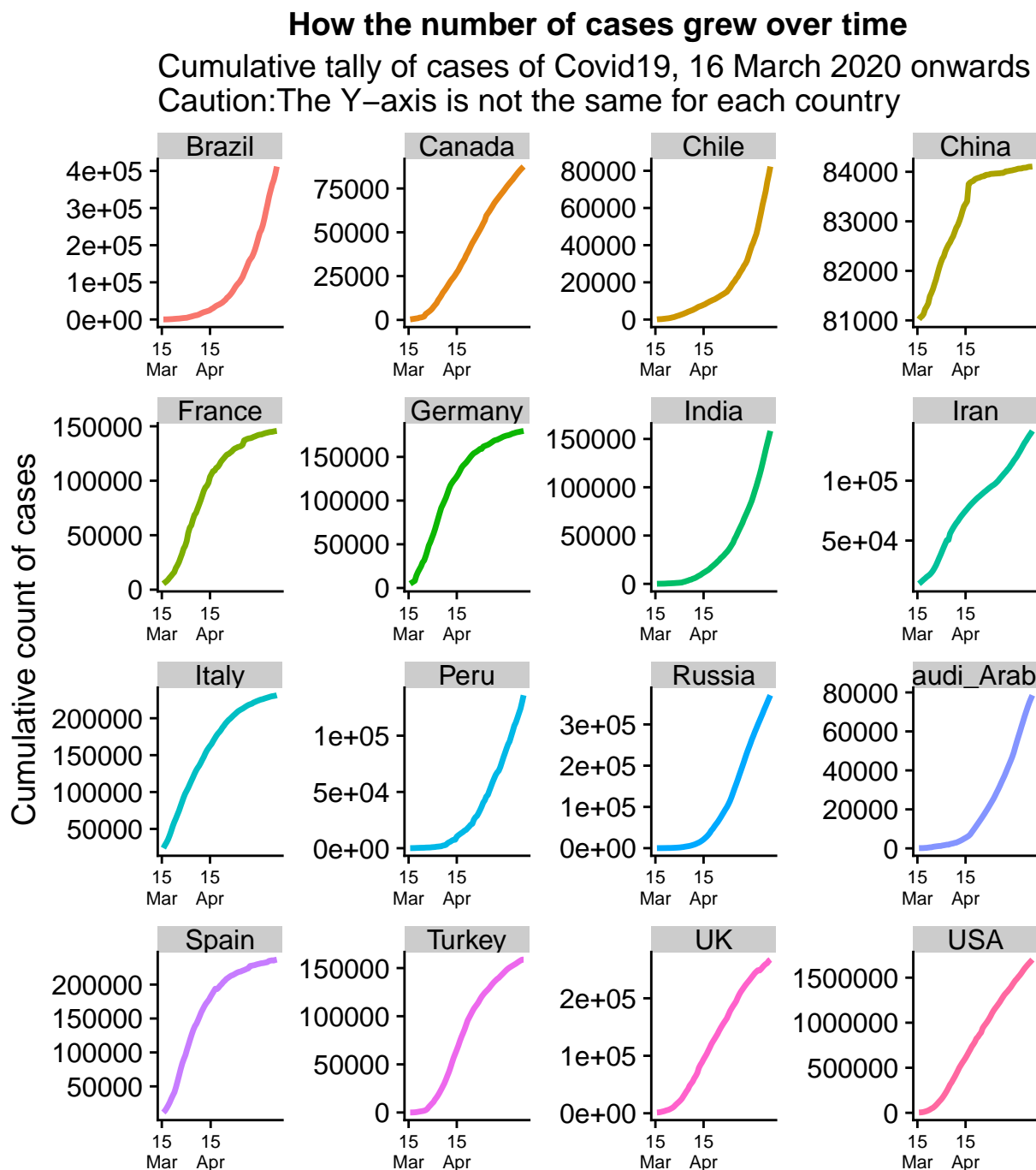
2. The top 25 most severely affected countries

America has been excluded because it's huge number of cases would have distorted the chart.



3. Cumulative cases - how the numbers grew.

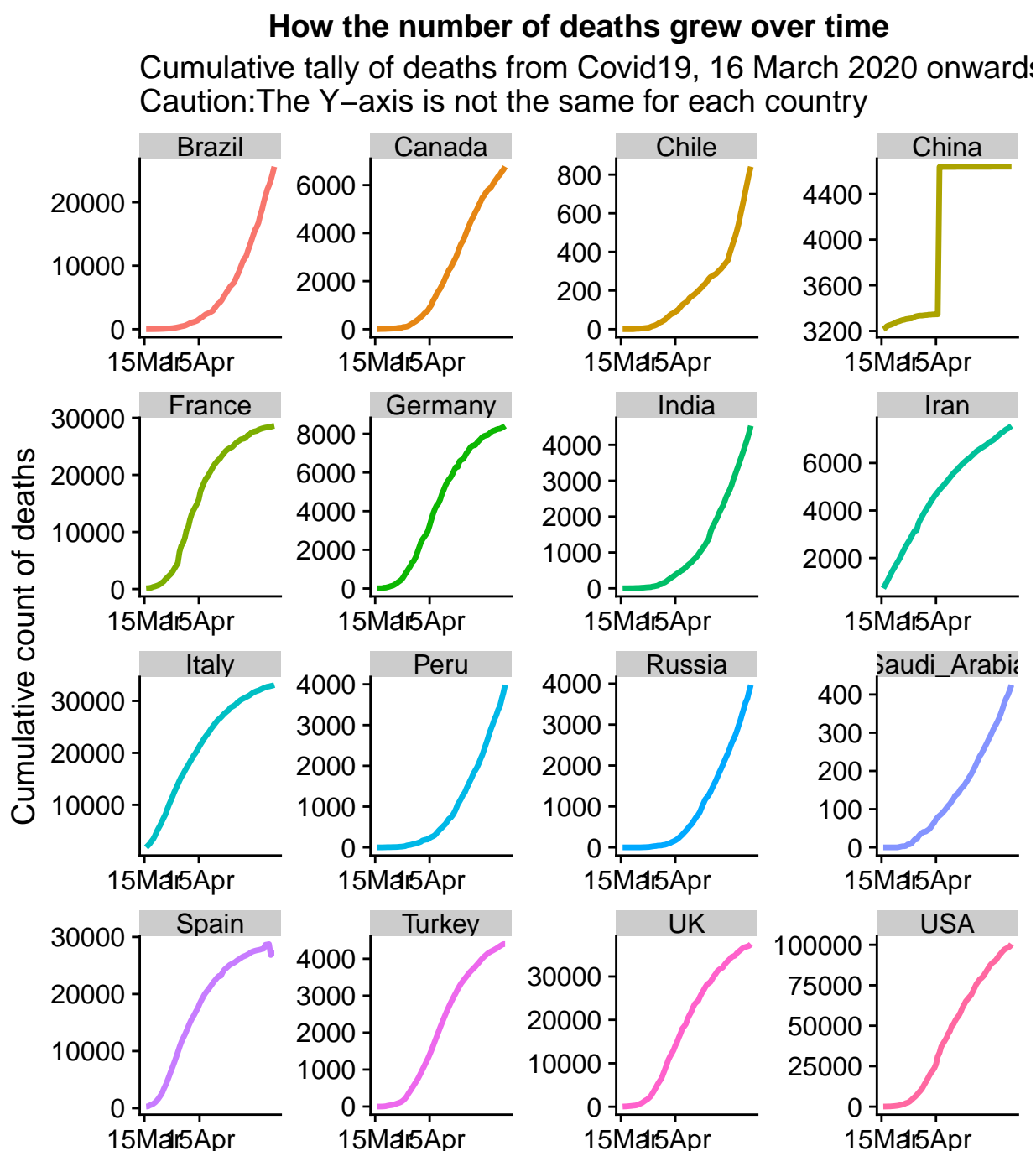
The 16 countries with the most cases account for 79% of the world's tally. The following chart plots the time trend of cumulative cases for these 16 countries. It's important to note that the numbers vary greatly and so the y axis is scaled differently for each. The trend - steeply or gently upward, or flattening - should be the focus of attention.



data source: <https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv>,
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4. Cumulative deaths - how the numbers grew.

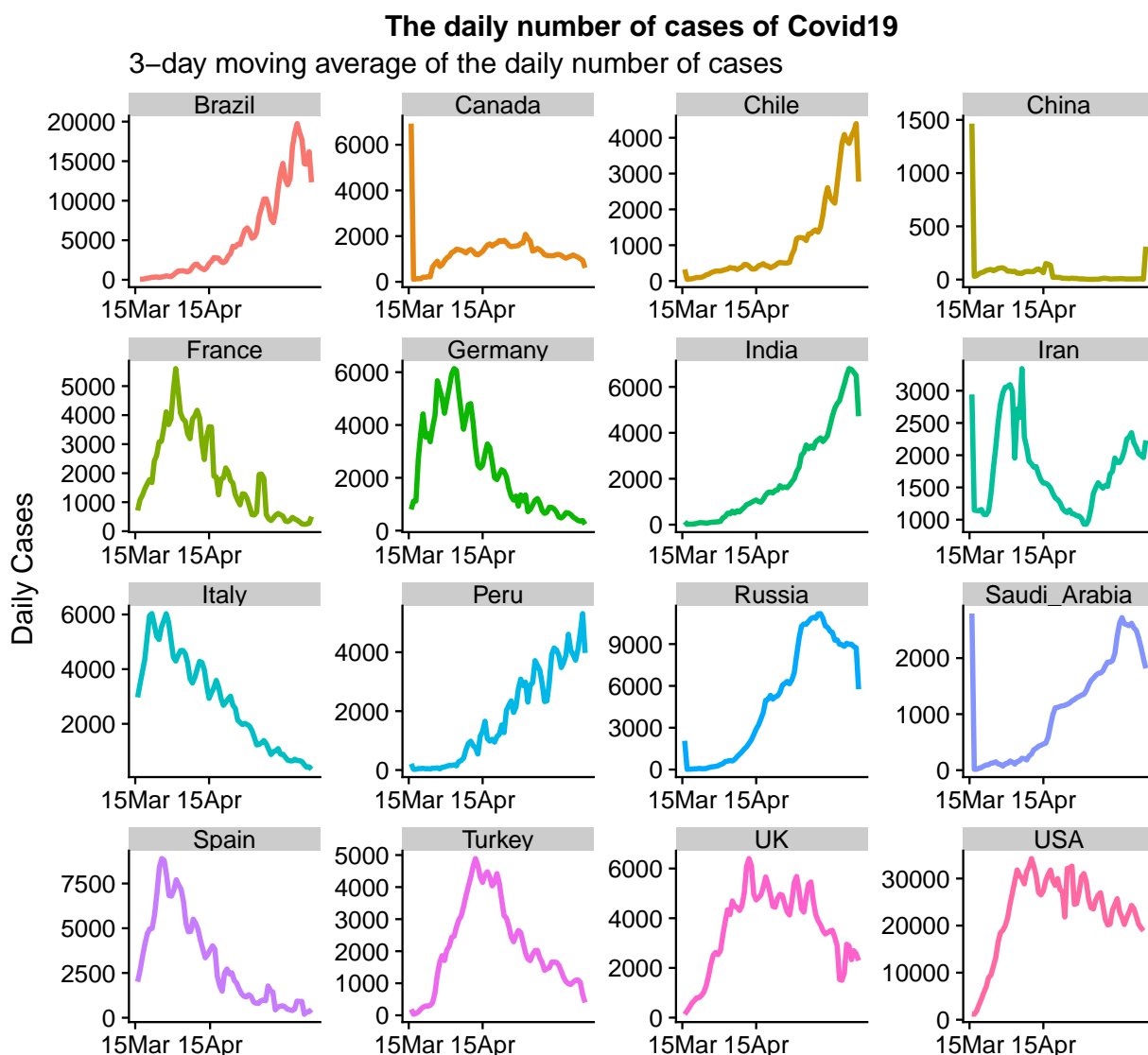
The next chart is similar to the previous chart; but shows the growth in the number of reported deaths from Covid19. The same caveats apply; the y-axis is scaled differently



data source: <https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv>,
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5. Daily incidence of cases

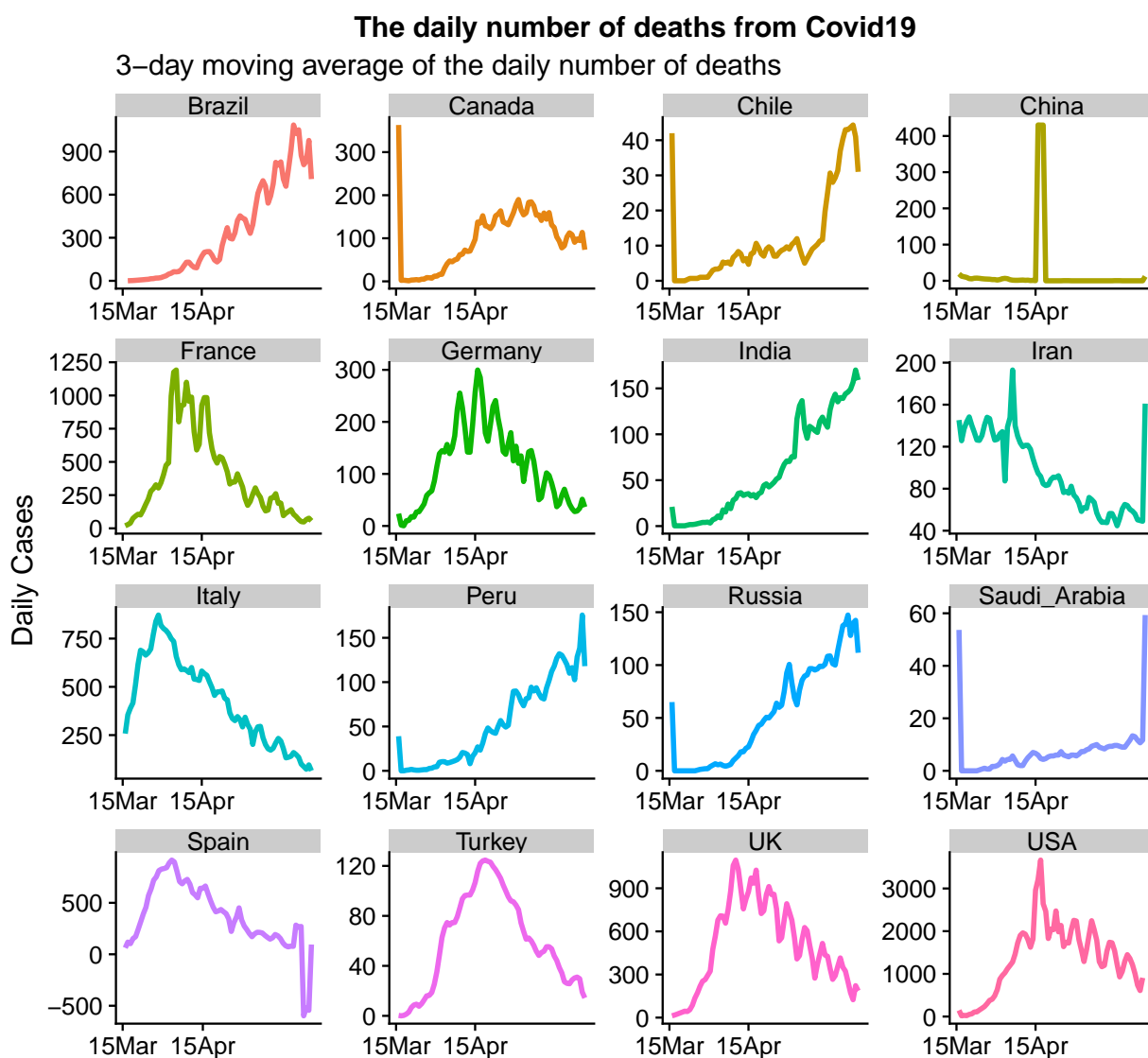
The total number of cases upto the present time measures how many people have been affected. The daily number of cases is a measure of how active the epidemic continues to be. Tracking the day-by-day incidence is a good indicator of the effectiveness of control measures. Remember, the data are based on the reporting date, not the date of onset of symptoms or the date of a positive test. Due to the usual administrative problems of weekends and holidays, cases may be reported with some lag. These fluctuations in day to day numbers are ironed out by taking a 3-day moving average.



data source: <https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv>,
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6. Daily incidence of deaths

This is similar to the previous chart, it plots the 3-day moving average of reported daily deaths; the same caveats apply.



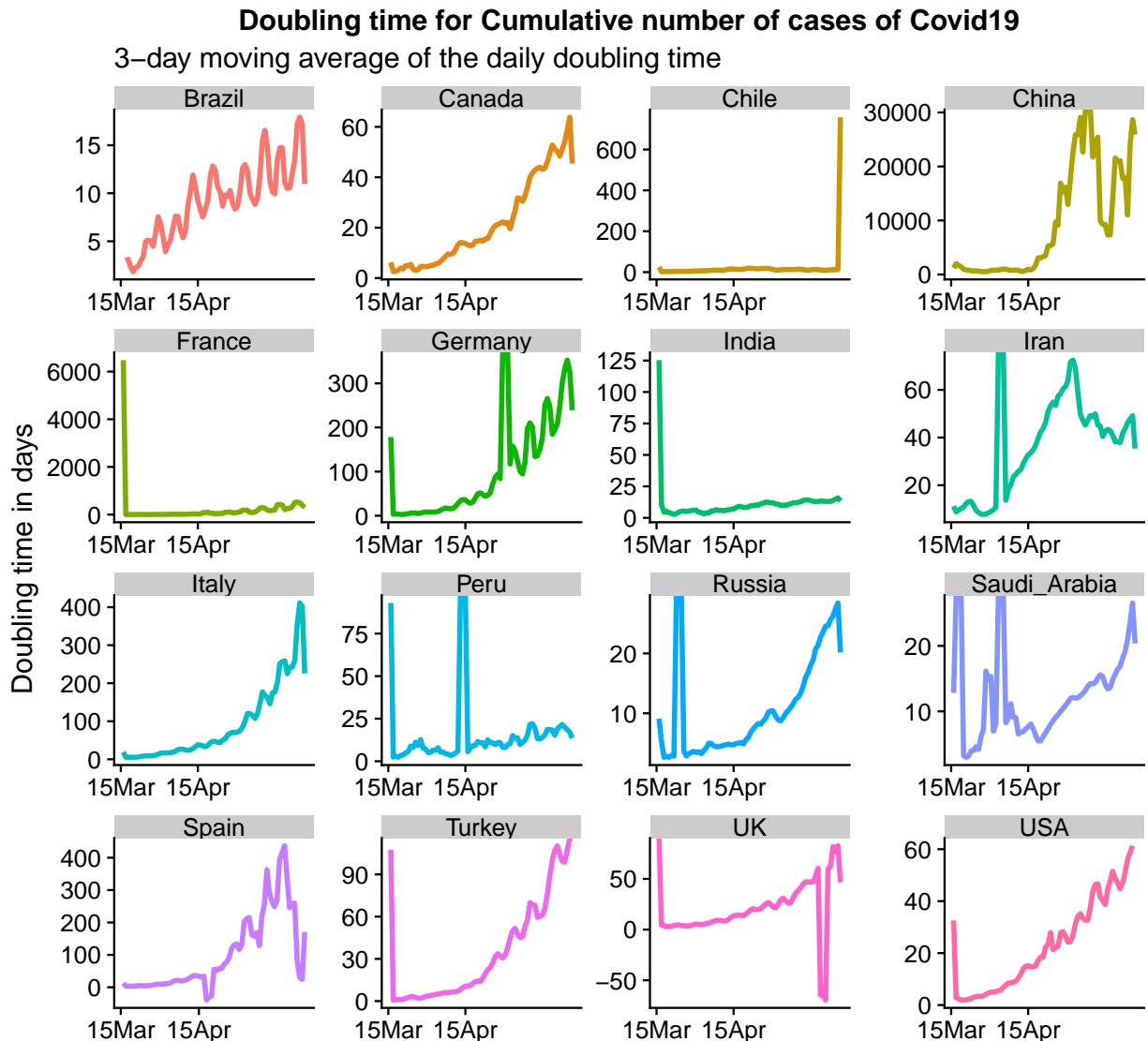
data source: <https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv>,
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7. Doubling time for cases

The time taken for the number of cases to double is a measure of the how infectious the virus is and how effective the control measures have been. I worked out a notional daily doubling time in days by taking the growth rate from one day to the next and applying a standard algebraic formula:

$D = \log(2)/\log(Nb/Na)$ where D is the Doubling time, Nb is the number on a given day and Na is the number the previous day.

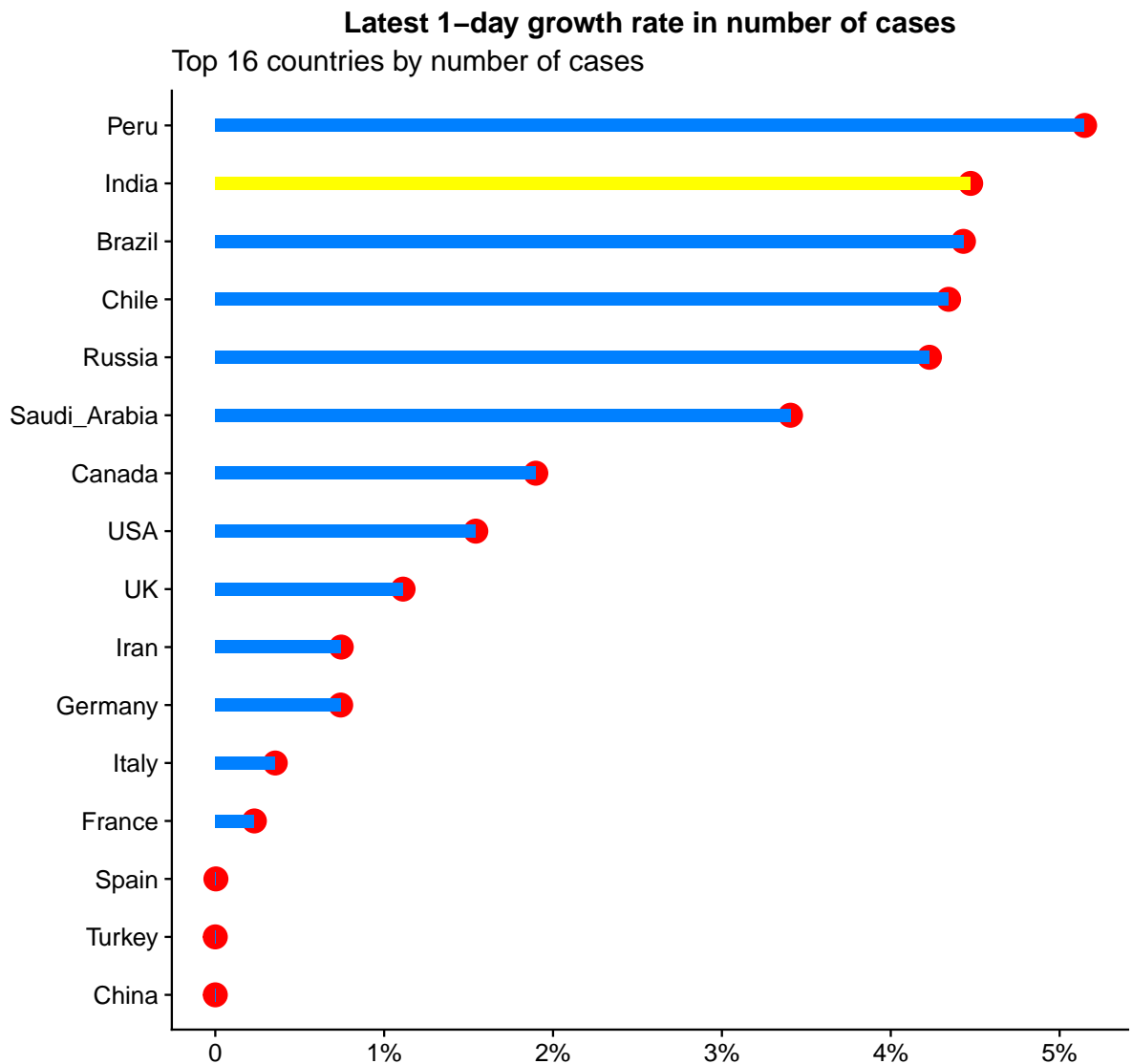
Because this number fluctuates widely from one day to the next, I have used 3-day moving average to smooth out the trend. The y-axis is scaled differently for each country and so the charts need to be interpreted with caution.



data source: <https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv>,
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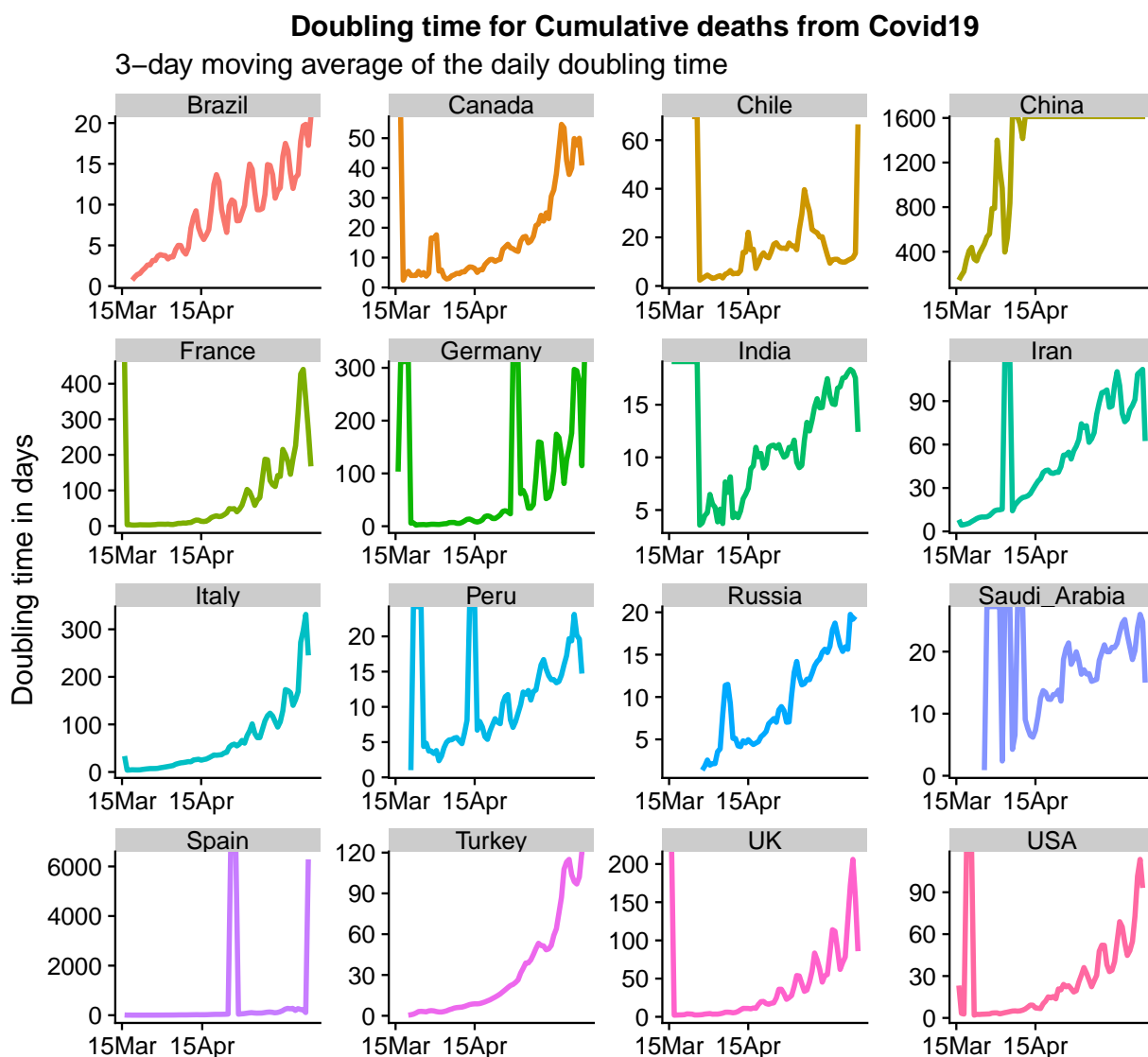
7a. Growth rate across countries

Countries are at different stages of the epidemic curve. In section 1 above we looked at a bar chart comparing countries according to how many people have been infected to date. It might be useful also to compare countries according to the most recent daily growth rate. This translates to the current doubling time. The higher the growth rate, the lower the doubling time. India at 11th position in terms of number of cases reported to date, is witnessing a high growth rate, exceeded only by Peru, among the 16 countries with the most cases.



data source: <https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv>,
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8. Doubling time for deaths

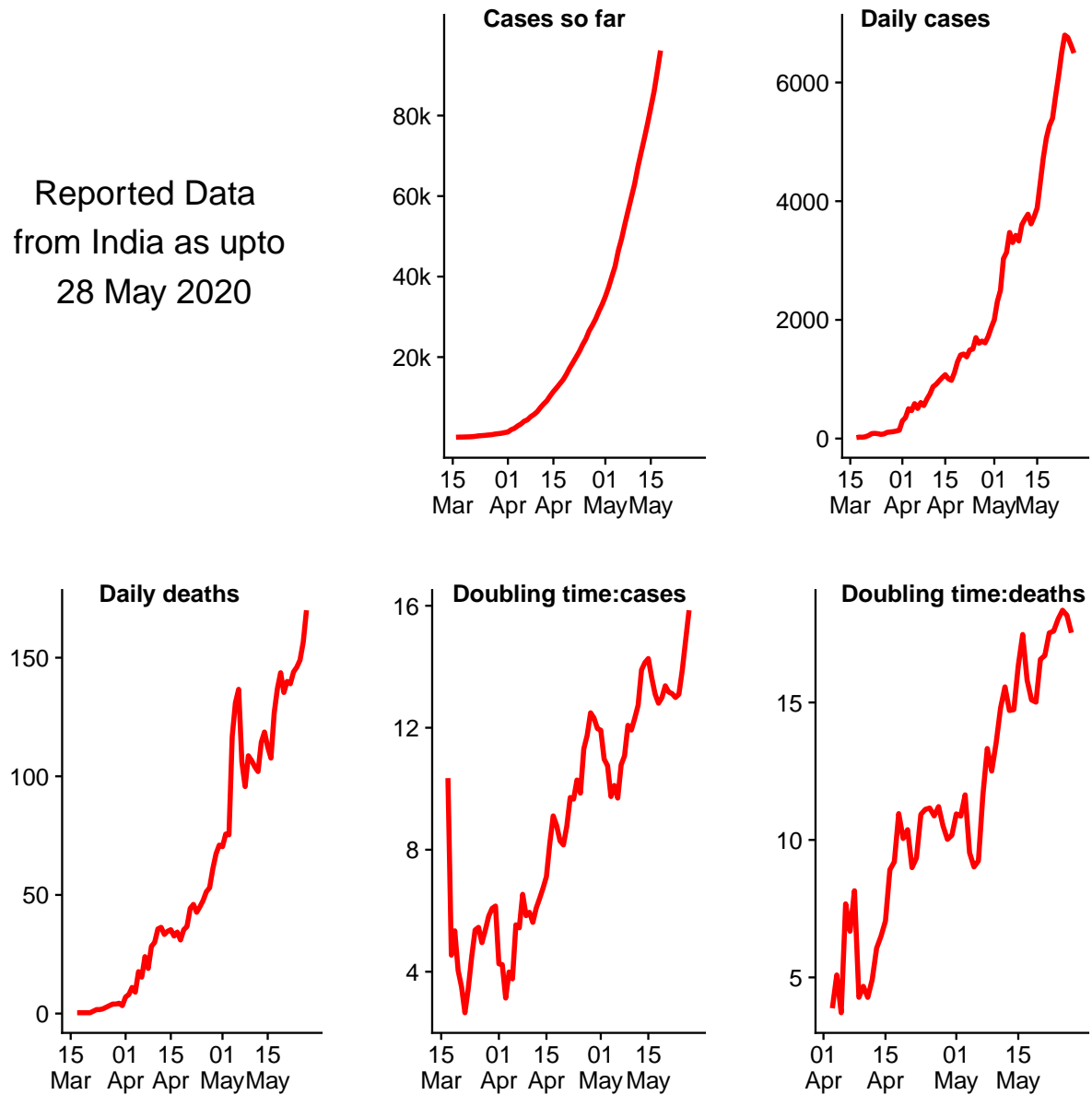


data source: <https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv>,
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9. The situation in India

India has had relatively few cases and deaths thus far; and this is even before we take into account the size of the population. It is not unlikely that the reported cases and deaths may underestimate the true state of affairs. The following 5 charts present trends in India using the reported data.

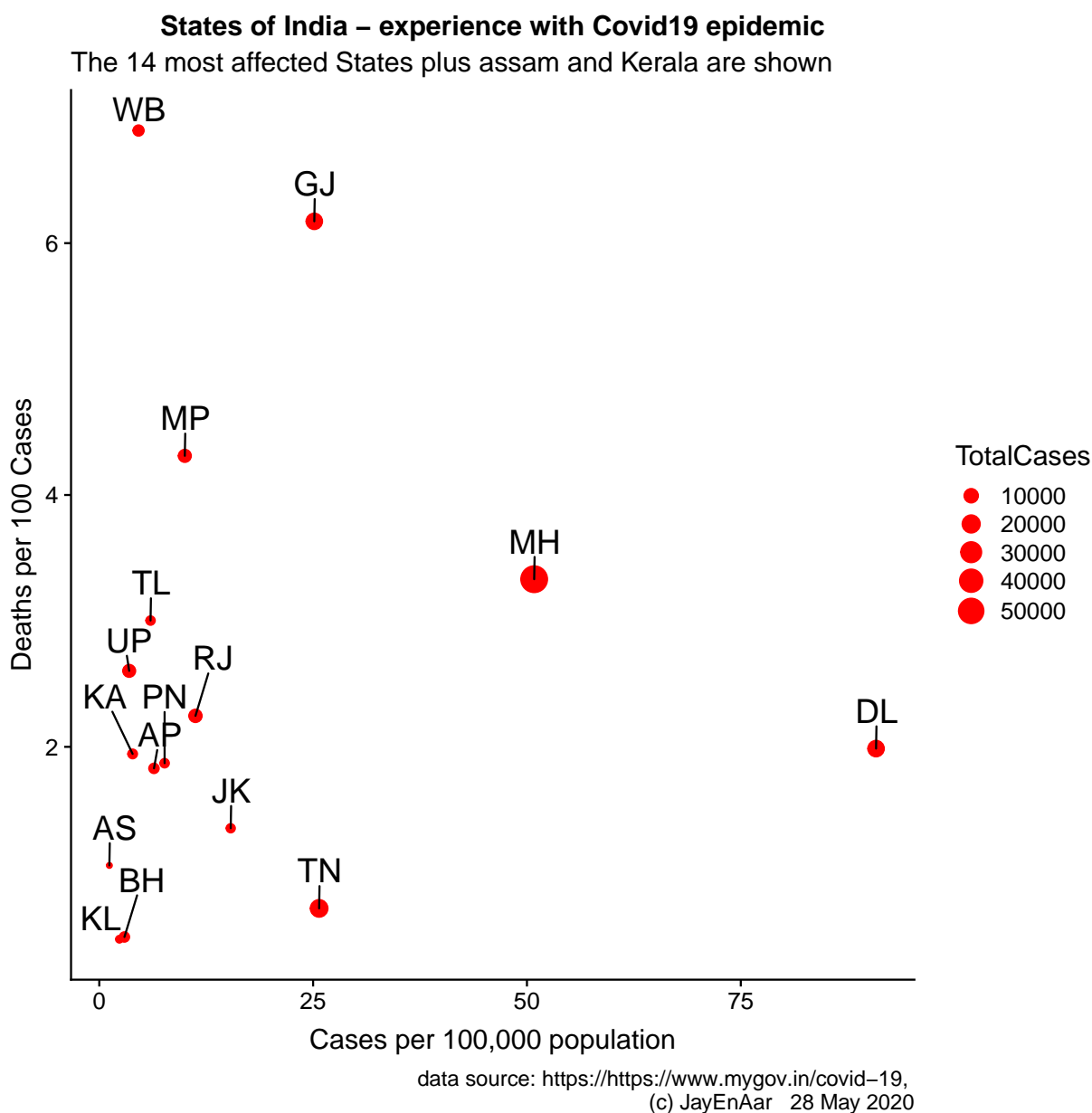
Reported Data
from India as upto
28 May 2020



Note: The doubling times are computed for each day but because they tend to fluctuate day to day the charts are 3 day moving averages of the computed numbers

9a. Comparison of performance among States.

How are the different States in India performing? Are there difference that may reveal lessons to be learned. I looked at the data for a selection of states with the most Covid19 cases, after correcting for population size.



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End of report