A Global Covid19 Pandemic Situation Report

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18 Jun 2020

About this Report

Since cases of a respiratory illness caused by a novel Corona virus were first reported from Wuhan, China, late in 2019, the disease nCovid19 has grown into a pandemic.

Almost every country in the World is affected to a greater or lesser degree.
Data on the daily count of new cases of the infection and of deaths from it are reported by health authorities and collated by various international agencies and Universities. This report draws on a publicly available data set that is updated every day and published on its website by the European Centre for Disease Control, downloadable from here.

Data Analytical Methods

I used R and Rstudio to download the data, load it into R and carry out the data manipulation in order to produce summaries and charts that describe the global picture. This report was created in RMarkdown. The charts were produced in ggplot2 (credit Wickham H (2016). ggplot2: Elegant Graphics for Data Analysis. Springer-Verlag New York. ISBN 978-3-319-24277-4.)

The data

The data file comprises 11 columns and upwards of 14,000 rows (growing by the day as data is added to the file each day). The main columns (or fields) of interest are:

ReportingDate: The date of reporting

cases: The number of cases reported in the last 24 hours

deaths: The number of deaths reported in the last 24 hours

country: The official name of the Country or Territory

*popdata*2018: The 2018 or most recent population figure for the country

Plan of the Report

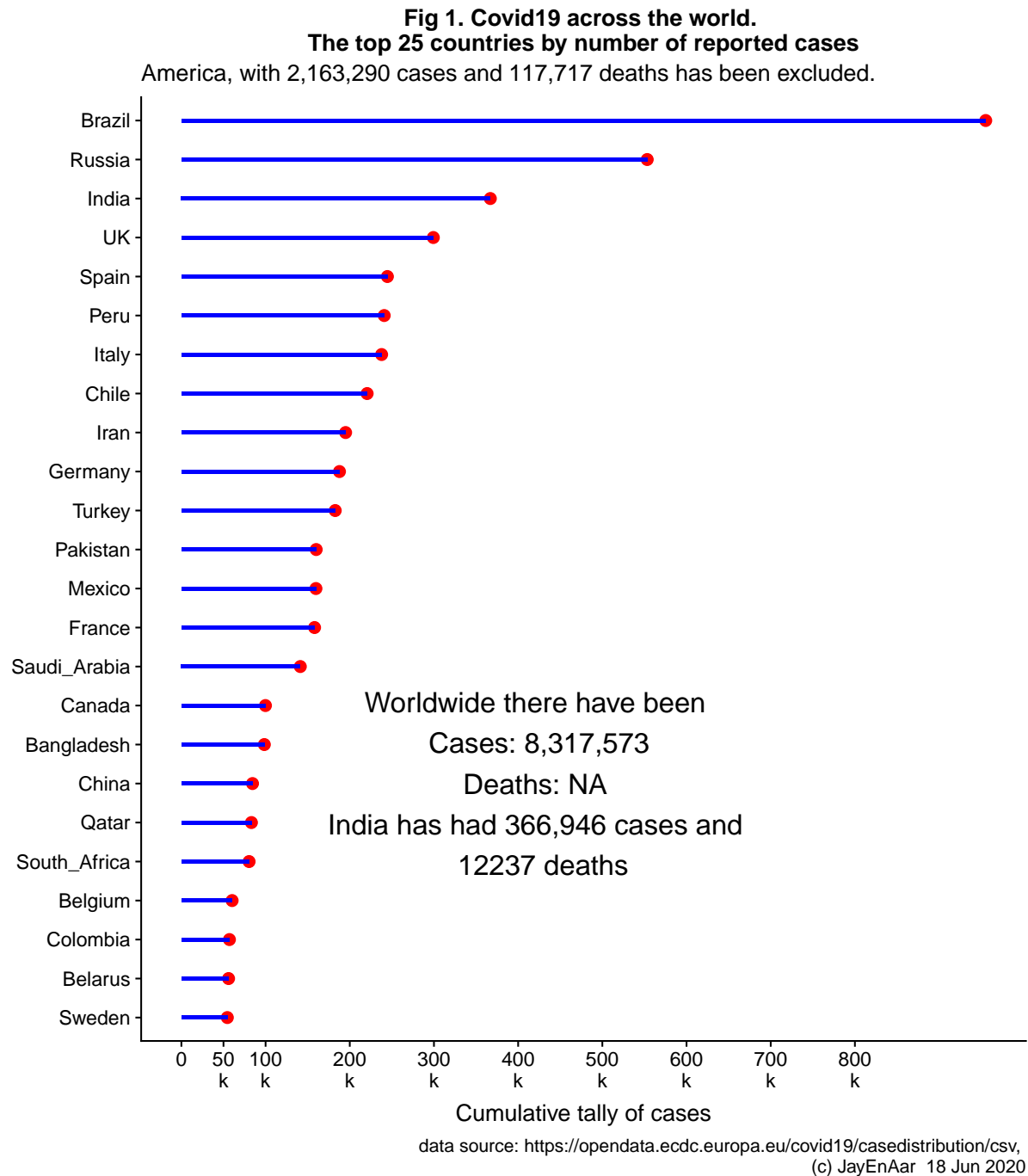The Report is structured as follows:

1. Global headlines

2. Country-wise comparison.

3. Time trends for number of cases by country.

4. Time trends for number of deaths by country.

5. Daily incidence of cases by country

6. Daily incidence of deaths by country

7. Doubling time for cases by country

    7a. Most recent daily growth rate by country

8. Doubling time for deaths by country

9. The situation in India

1. The headlines

Across the 206 Countries and Territories of the World there were a total of **8,317,573** cases and **NA** deaths.

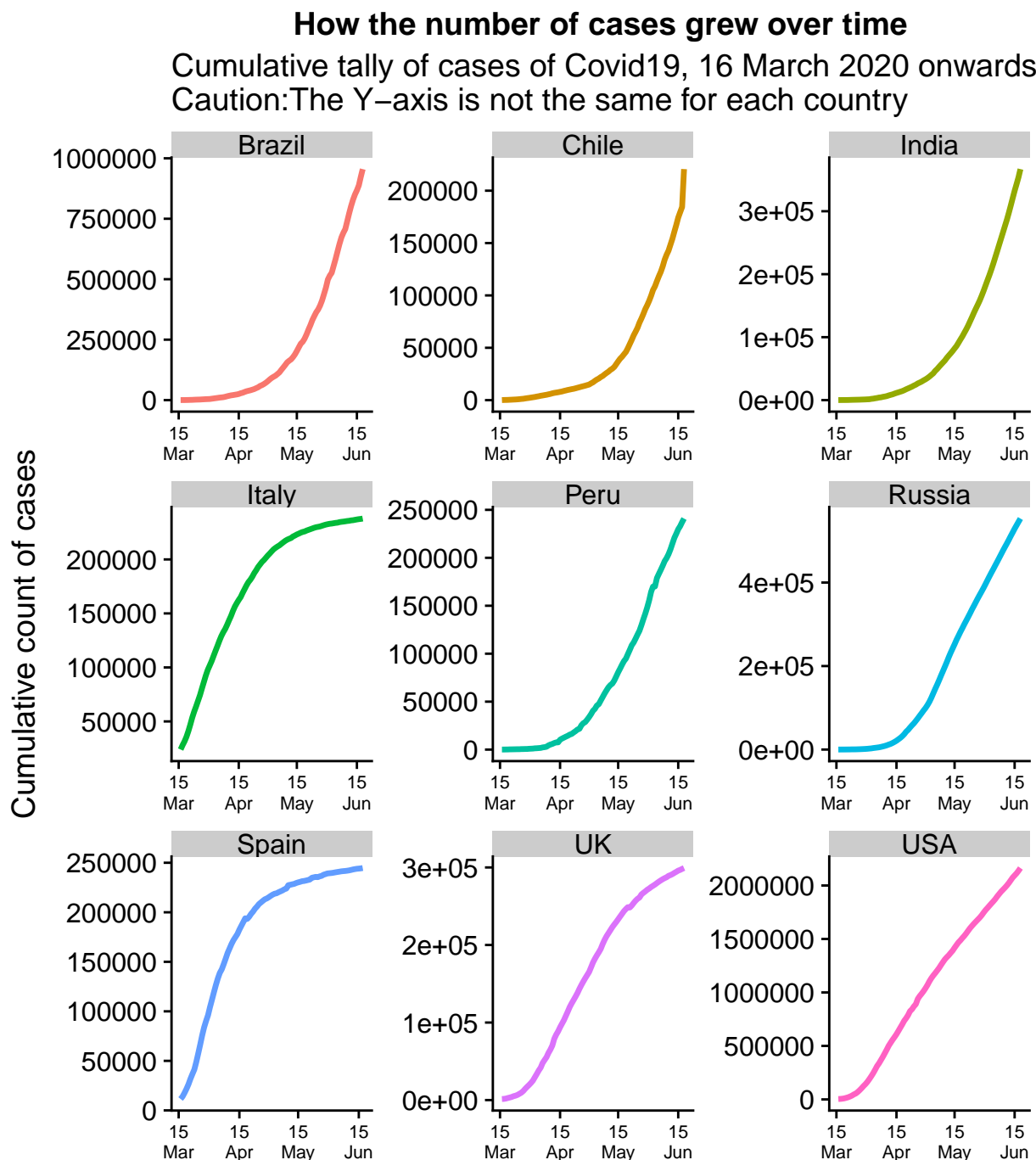In India there have been **366,946** cases reported, and **12,237** deaths

2. The top 25 most severely affected countries

America has been excluded because it's huge number of cases would have distorted the chart.

Fig 1. Covid19 across the world.
The top 25 countries by number of reported cases
America, with 2,163,290 cases and 117,717 deaths has been excluded.

Worldwide there have been

Cases: 8,317,573

Deaths: NA

India has had 366,946 cases and

12237 deaths

Cumulative tally of cases

data source: https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv,
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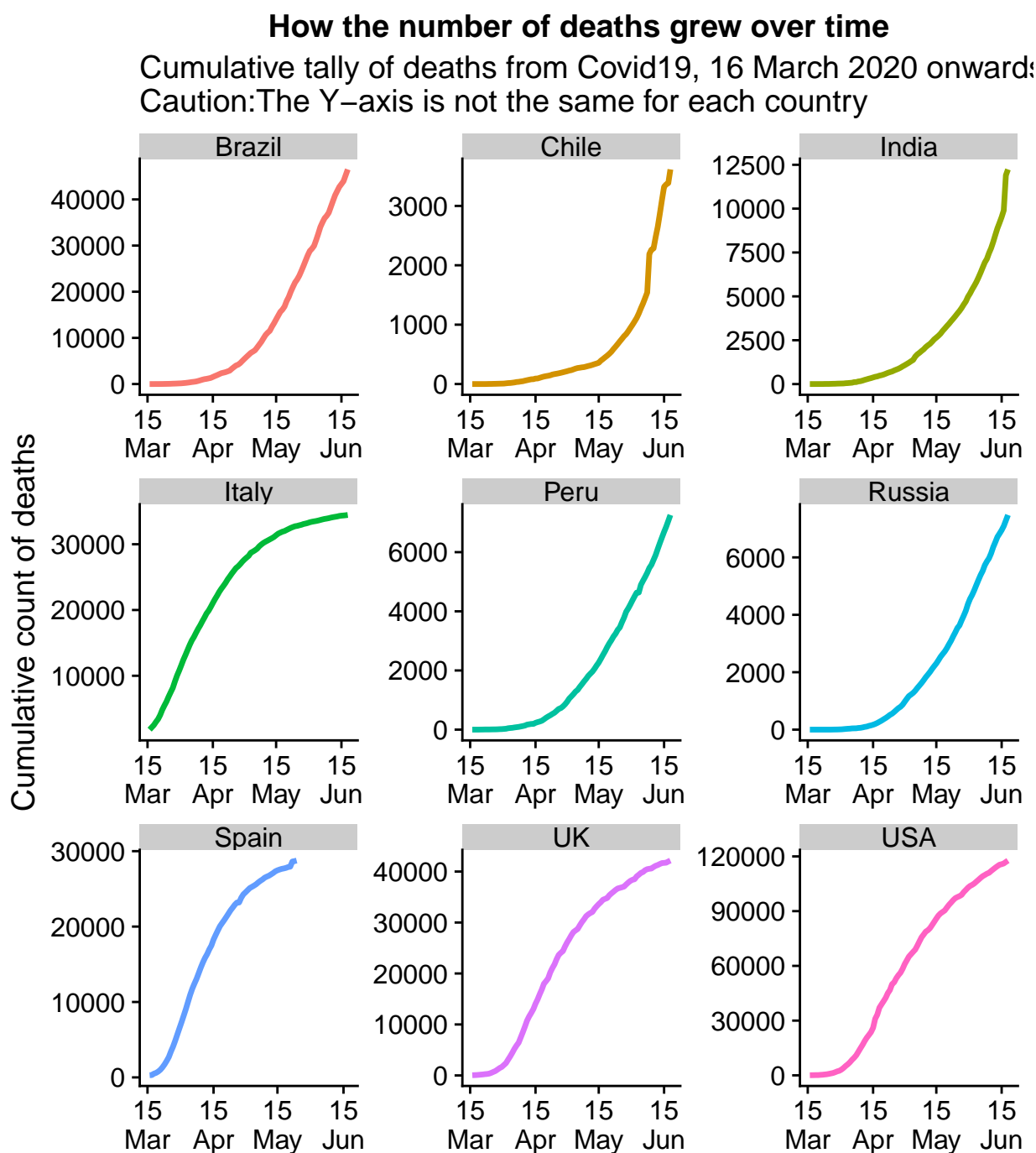## 3. Cumulative cases - how the numbers grew.

The 9 countries with the most cases account for 63.5% of the world's tally. The following chart plots the time trend of cumulative cases for these 9 countries. It's important to note that the numbers vary greatly and so the y axis is scaled differently for each. The trend - steeply or gently upward, or flattening - should be the focus of attention.

How the number of cases grew over time

Cumulative tally of cases of Covid19, 16 March 2020 onwards
Caution: The Y−axis is not the same for each country

data source: https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv,
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## 4. Cumulative deaths - how the numbers grew.

The next chart is similar to the previous chart; but shows the growth in the number of reported deaths from Covid19. The same caveats apply; the y-axis is scaled differently

How the number of deaths grew over time

Cumulative tally of deaths from Covid19, 16 March 2020 onwards
Caution:The Y−axis is not the same for each country

data source: https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv,
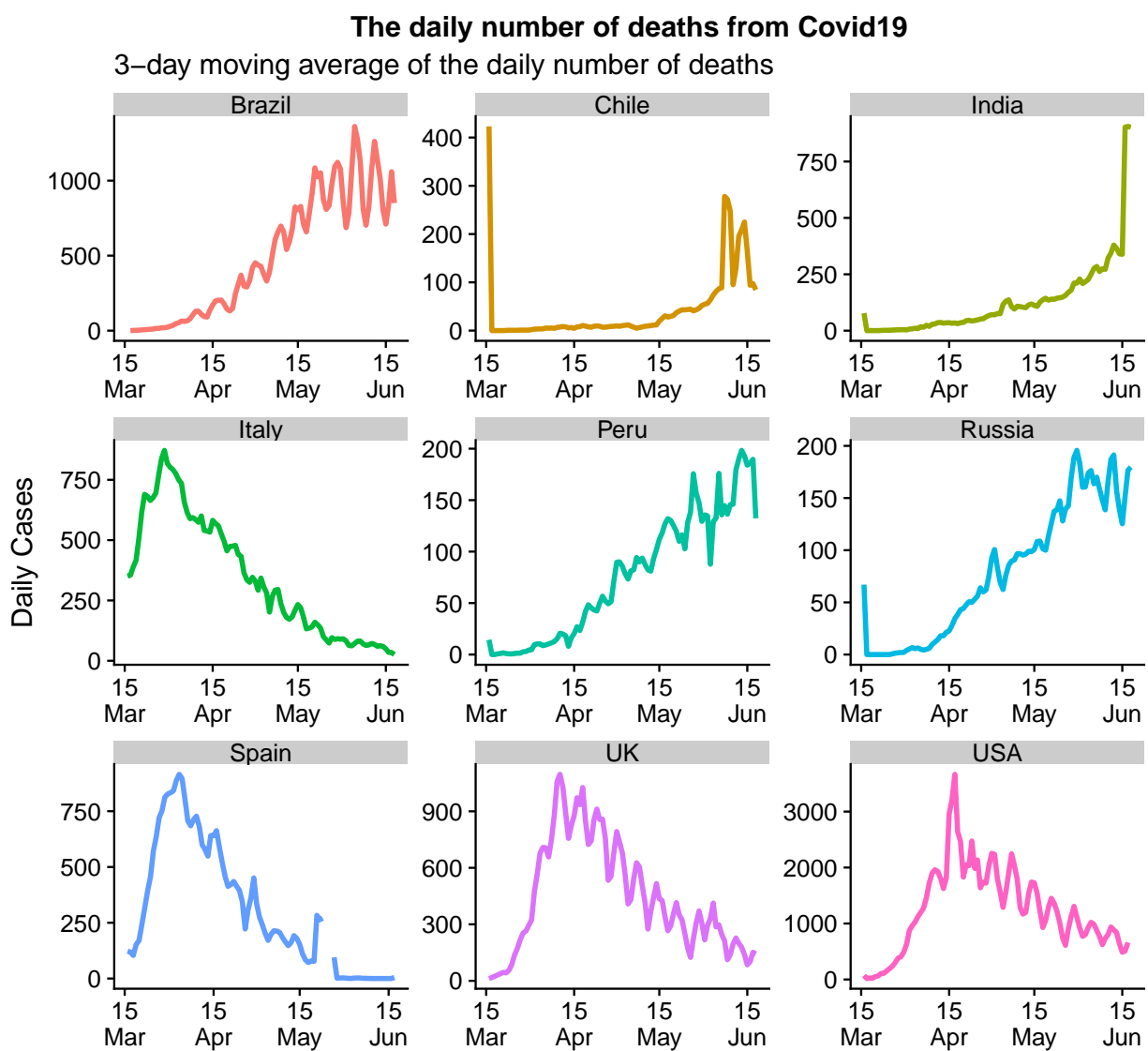(c) JayEnAar 18 Jun 2020

5. Daily incidence of cases

The total number of cases upto the present time measures how many people have been affected. The daily number of cases is a measure of how active the epidemic continues to be. Tracking the day-by-day incidence is a good indicator of the effectiveness of control measures. Remember, the data are based on the reporting date, not the date of onset of symptoms or the date of a positive test. Due to the usual administrative problems of weekends and holidays, cases may be reported with some lag. These fluctuations in day to day numbers are ironed out by taking a 3-day moving average.

The daily number of cases of Covid19

3−day moving average of the daily number of cases

data source: https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv,
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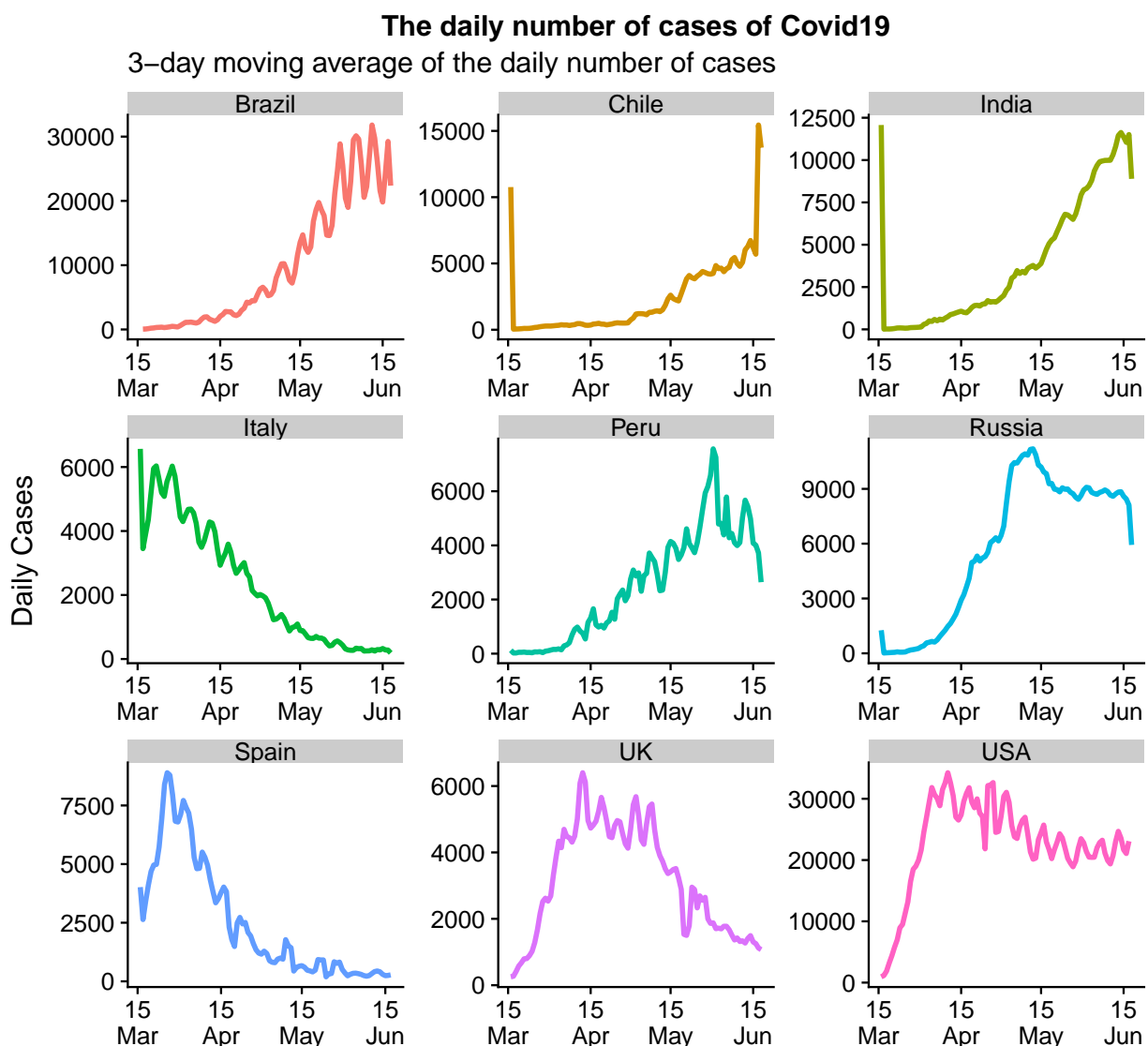
6. Daily incidence of deaths

This is similar to the previous chart, it plots the 3-day moving average of reported daily deaths; the same caveats apply.

The daily number of deaths from Covid19

3–day moving average of the daily number of deaths

data source: https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv,
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7. Doubling time for cases

The time taken for the number of cases to double is a measure of the how infectious the virus is and how effective the control measures have been. I worked out a notional daily doubling time in days by taking the growth rate from one day to the next and applying a standard algebraic formula:

$D = log(2)/log(Nb/Na)$ where D is the Doubling time, Nb is the number on a given day and Na is the number the previous day.
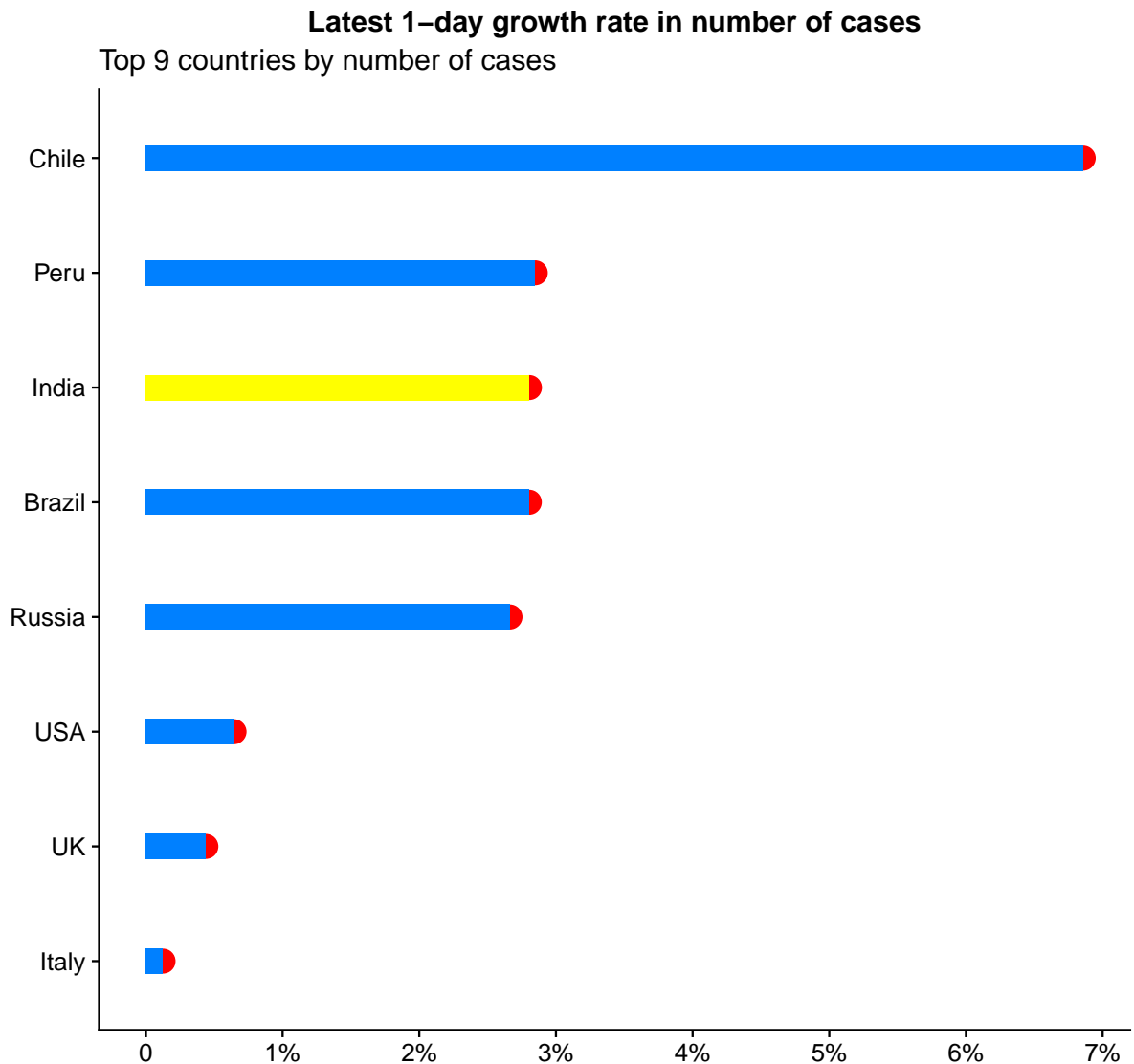
Because this number fluctuates widely from one day to the next, I have used 3-day moving average to smooth out the trend. The y-axis is scaled differently for each country and so the charts need to be interpreted with caution.

Doubling time for Cumulative number of cases of Covid19

3–day moving average of the daily doubling time
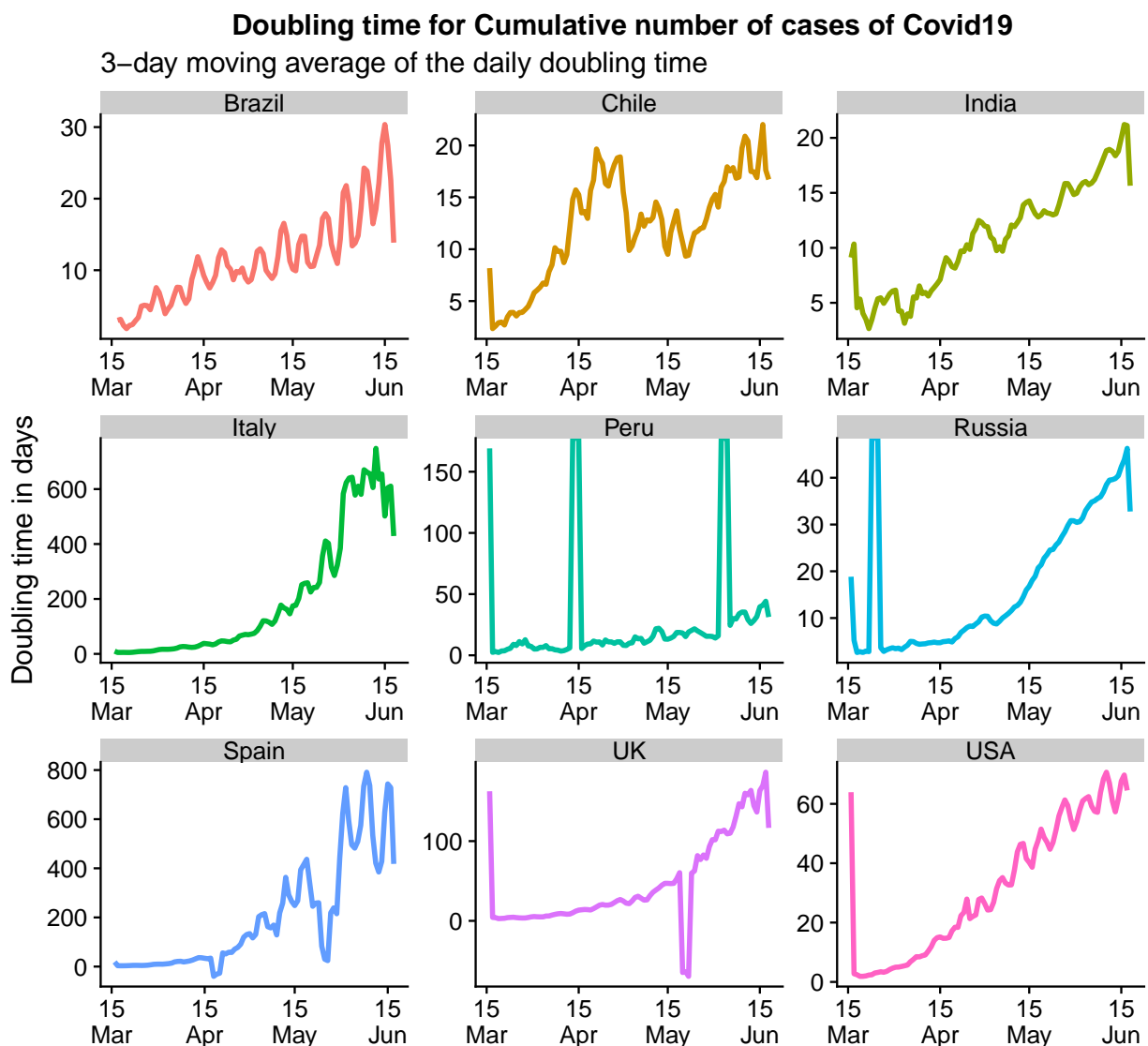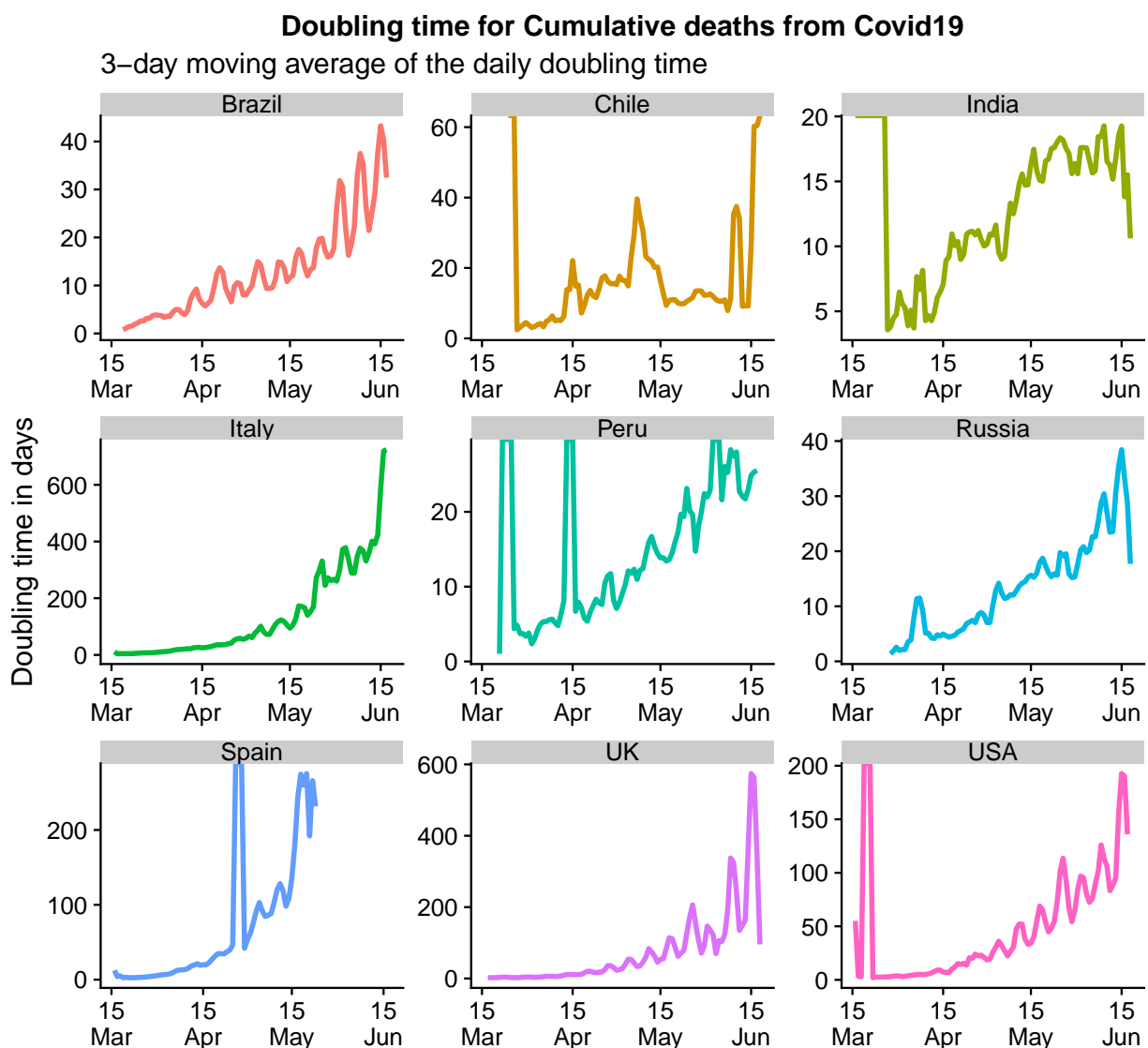
7a. Growth rate across countries

Countries are at differet stages of the epidemic curve. In section 1 above we looked saw a bar chart comparing countries according to how many people have been infected to date. It might be useful also to compare countries according to the most recent daily growth rate. This transaltes to the current doubling time. The higher the growth rate, the lower the doubling time.

Latest 1–day growth rate in number of cases

Top 9 countries by number of cases

data source: https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv,
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8. Doubling time for deaths

Doubling time for Cumulative deaths from Covid19

3–day moving average of the daily doubling time

9. The situation in India

India has had relatively few cases and deaths thus far; and this is even before we take into accont the size of the population. It is not unlikely that the reported cases and deaths may underestimate the true state of affairs. The following 5 charts present trends in India using the reported data.

Reported Data
from India as upto
18 Jun 2020

Cases so far

Daily cases

Daily deaths

Doubling time:cases
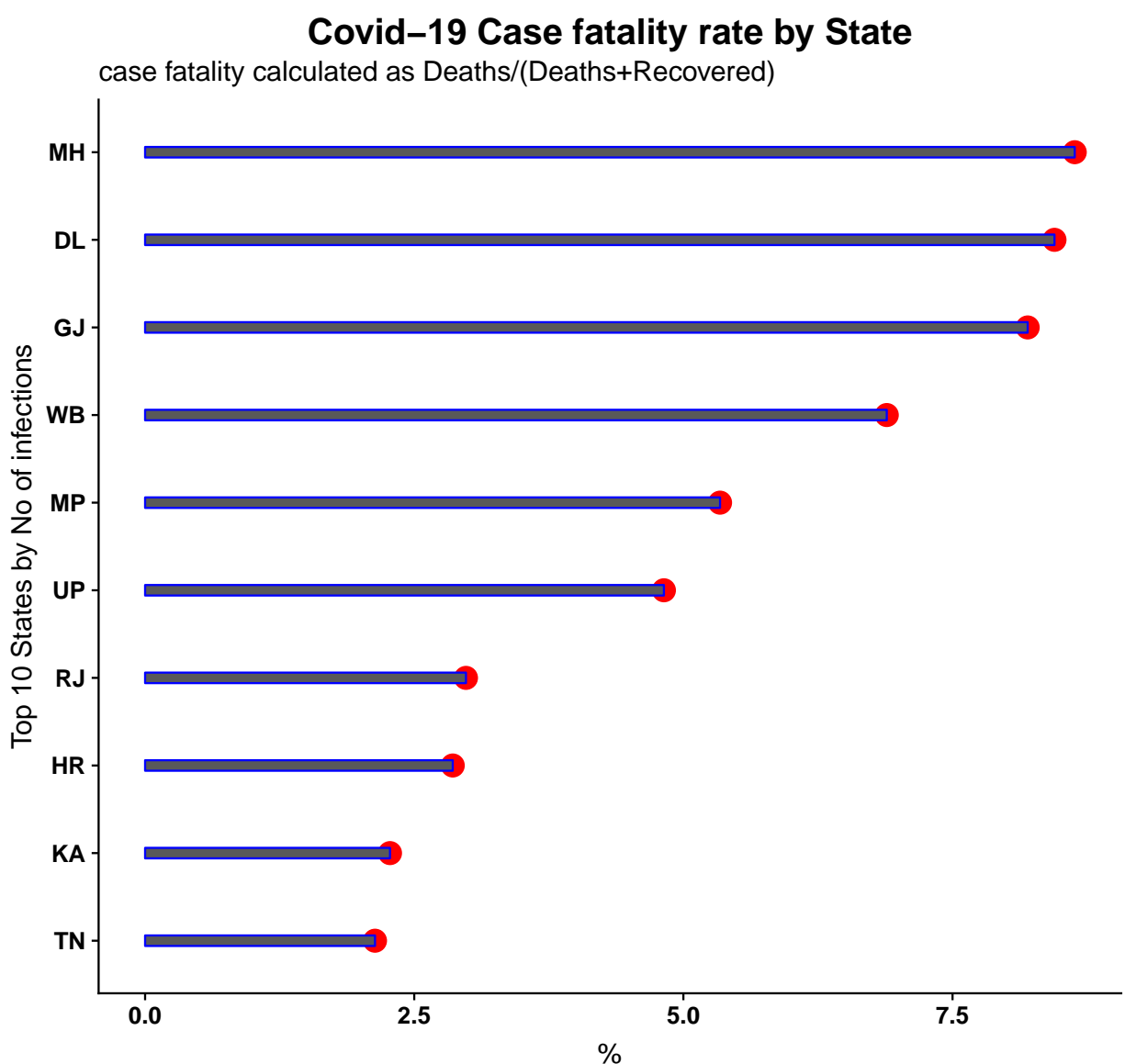
Doubling time:deaths
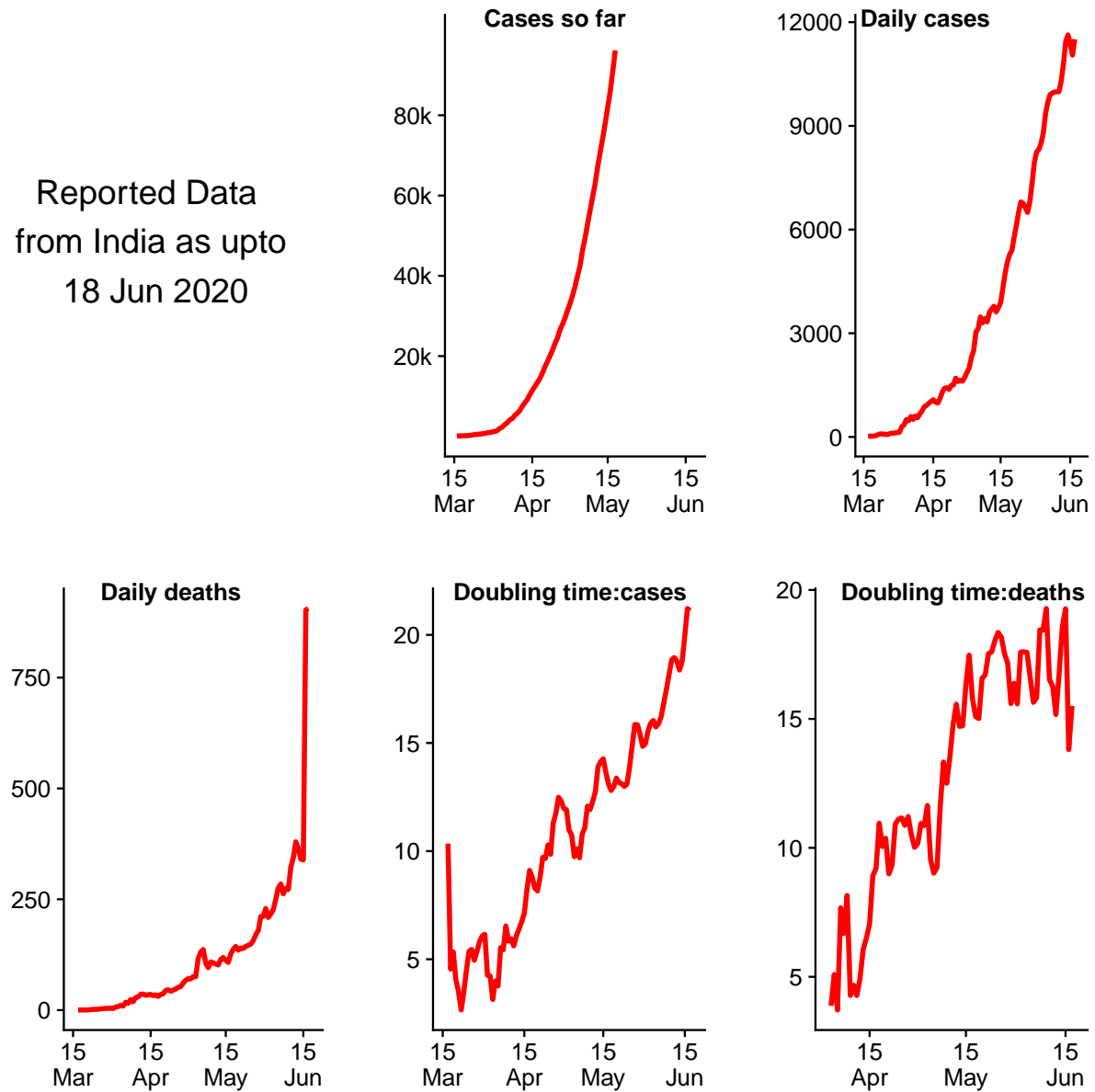
Note: The doubling times are computed for each day but because they tend to fluctuate day to day the charts are 3 day moving averages of the computed numbers

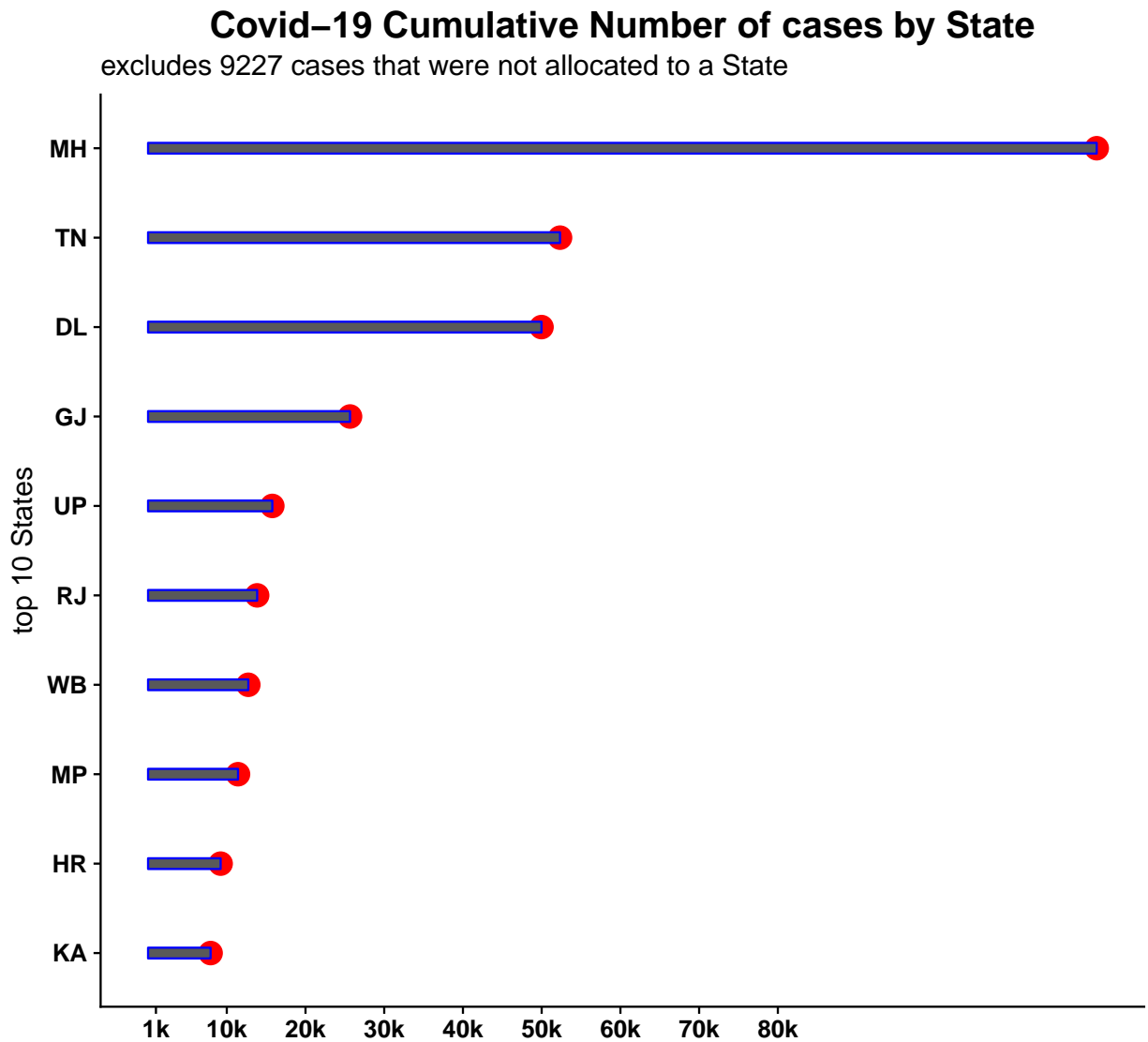## 9a. Comparison of performance among States.

How are the different States in India performing? Are there differences that may reveal lessons to be learned? I obtained a rtime series data set for States in India from: https://t.co/lfRdu7epRj?amp=1. I linked this data with population estimates for each State from variius sources on the web. These are not the most recent estimates and there may be more accurate numbers I could have used, but for the purpose of comparing the incidence per million population the estimates I used are adequate.

9a.1

Covid−19 Case fatality rate by State

case fatality calculated as Deaths/(Deaths+Recovered)

data source: https://t.co/lfRdu7epRj?amp=1,
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Covid−19 Cumulative Number of cases by State

excludes 9227 cases that were not allocated to a State

How the number of cases grew over time

Cumulative tally of cases of Covid19, 16 March 2020 onwards
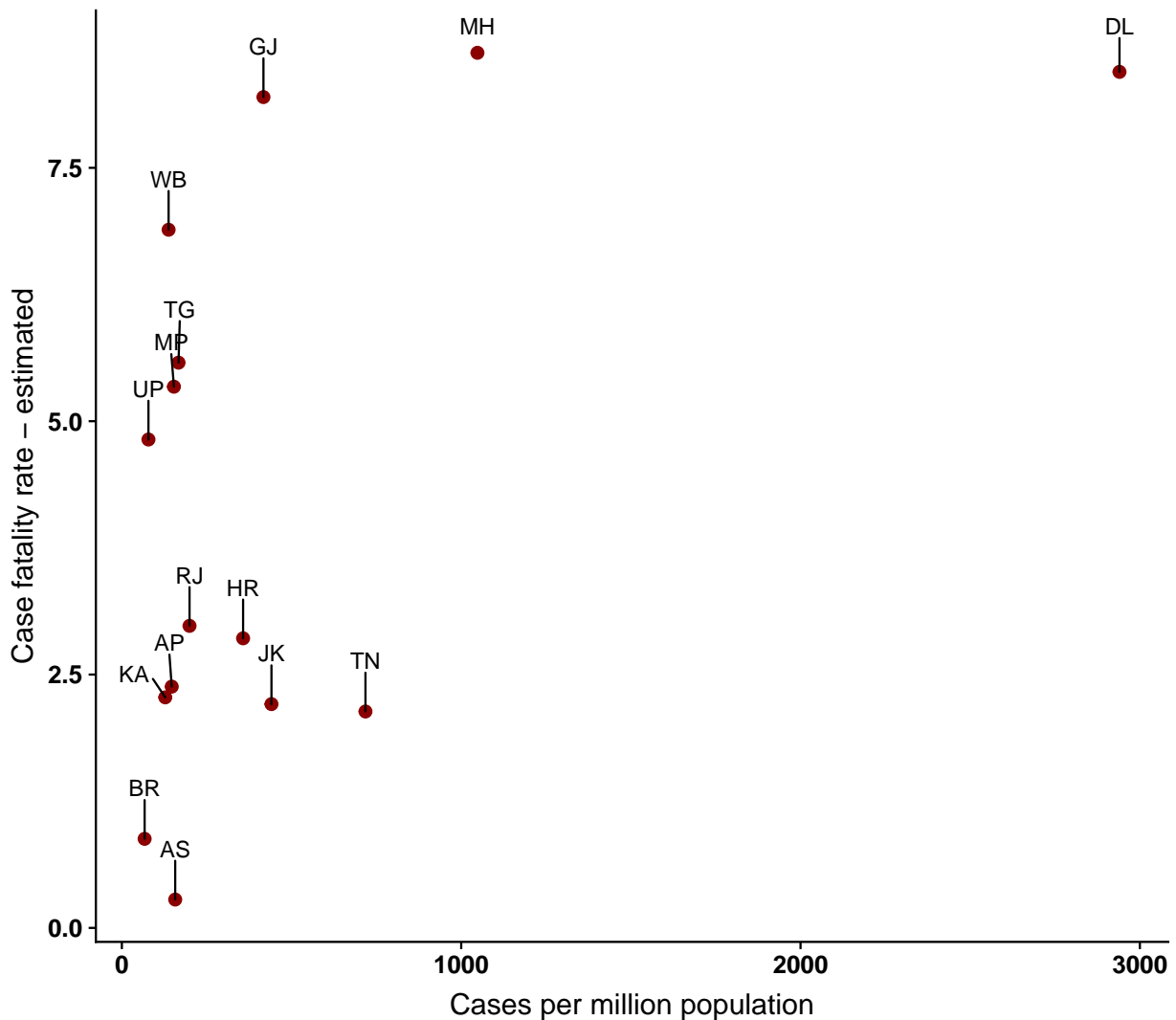Caution:The Y−axis is not the same for each State

Cumulative count of cases
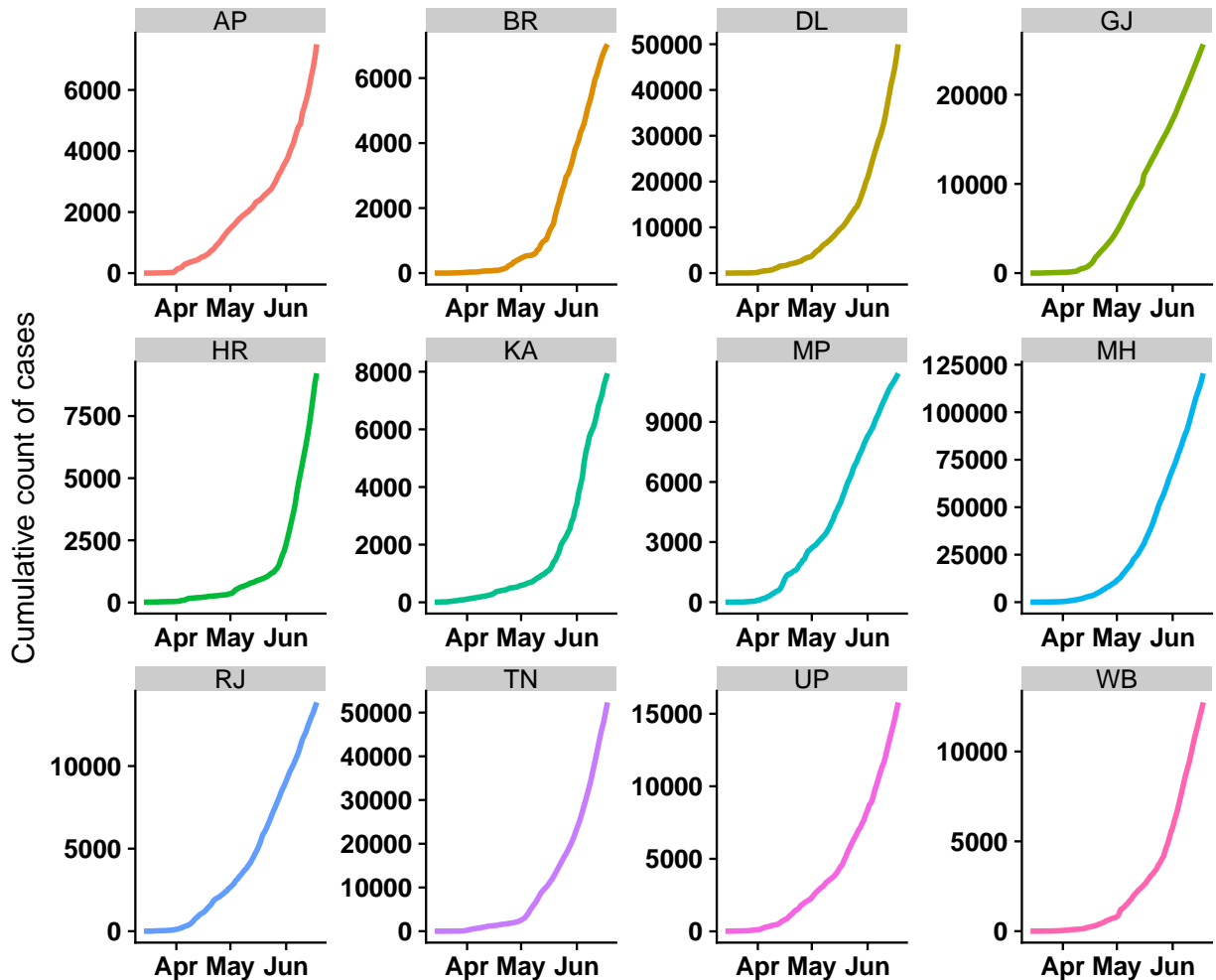
Indian States. Case fatality v Population incidence of Covid19

Case Fatality defined as deaths/(deaths+recovered); State populations are estimates

data source: https://opendata.ecdc.europa.eu/covid19/casedistribution/csv,
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This report will be published every day with the latest data available.

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End of report