



Chapter 3

Molecules, Moles, and Chemical Equations

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Writing Chemical Equations



- Chemical equations represent the transformation of one or more chemical species into new substances
 - Reactants are the original materials and are written on the lefthand side of the equation
 - Products are the newly formed compounds and are written on the right-hand side of the equation

Reactants → Products

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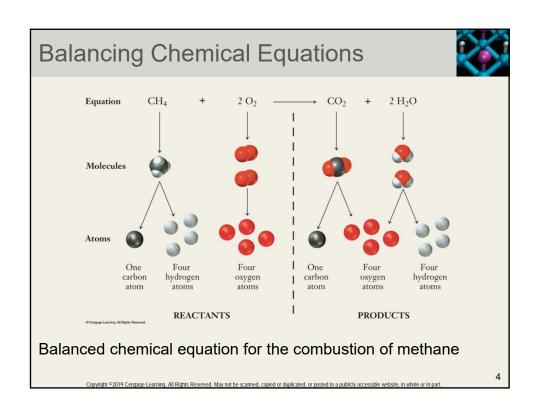
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Writing Chemical Equations

- Chemical formulas represent reactants and products
- Physical states follow each formula
 - Solid = (s)
 - Liquid = (I)
 - Gas = (q)
 - Aqueous = (aq)
 - · Substance dissolved in water
- Some reactions require an additional symbol placed over the reaction arrow to specify reaction conditions
 - Thermal reactions: Heat or high temperatures (Δ)
 - Photochemical reactions: the reaction that is initiated by light energy (*hv*)

$$2 \; \mathrm{H_2(g)} + \mathrm{O_2(g)} \overset{\Delta}{\rightarrow} 2 \; \mathrm{H_2O(g)}$$

$$\mathrm{H}_2(\mathrm{g}) + \mathrm{Cl}_2(\mathrm{g}) \overset{\mathit{hv}}{\to} 2\,\mathrm{HCl}(\mathrm{g})$$



Balancing Chemical Equations



- The law of conservation of matter states that matter is neither created nor destroyed
 - ✓ Chemical reactions must obey the law of conservation
 of matter
 - The same number of atoms for each element must occur on both sides of the chemical equation
 - A chemical reaction simply rearranges the atoms present into different molecules

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Balancing Chemical Equations (continued 2)



- Chemical equations may be balanced via inspection, which really means by trial and error
 - ✓ Numbers used to balance chemical equations are called stoichiometric coefficients

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Guidelines for Balancing Equations

- Before placing coefficients in an equation, check that the formulas are correct.
- A coefficient multiplies all subscripts in a chemical formula:
 - 3 H₂O has 6 hydrogen atoms and 3 oxygen atoms.
- **Never change the subscripts** in a chemical formula to balance a chemical equation!
- Balance each element in the equation starting with the most complex formula.
- Balance the polyatomic ions as a single unit if it appears on both sides of the equation.

Guidelines for Balancing Equations

 The coefficients must be whole numbers.
 If you get a fraction, multiply the whole equation by the denominator to get whole numbers.

$$[H_2(g) + \frac{1}{2} O_2(g) \rightarrow H_2O(I)] \times 2$$

 $2 H_2(g) + O_2(g) \rightarrow 2 H_2O(I)$

 After balancing the equation, check that there are the same number of atoms of each element (or polyatomic ion) on both sides of the equation.

$$2(2) = 4 \text{ H}; 2 \text{ O} \rightarrow 2(2) = 4 \text{ H}; 2 \text{ O}$$

Guidelines for Balancing Equations

 Finally, check that you have the smallest whole number ratio of coefficients. If you can divide all the coefficients by a common factor, do so to complete your balancing of the reaction.

[2 H₂(g) + 2 Br₂(g)
$$\rightarrow$$
 4 HBr(g)] \div 2
H₂(g) + Br₂(g) \rightarrow 2 HBr(g)
2 H; 2 Br \rightarrow 2(1) = 2 H; 2(1) = 2 Br

(Q.1)



 Write a balanced chemical equation describing the reaction between propane, C₃H₈, and oxygen, O₂, to form carbon dioxide and water

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(Q.2)



Which law is reflected by the balanced chemical equation?

- Conservation of energy
- · Conservation of matter
- · Conservation of charge

Answer: Conservation of matter

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(Q. 3)



When this equation is balanced with the smallest whole number coefficients, what is the coefficient of oxygen?

$$C_3H_7OH + O_2 \rightarrow CO_2 + H_2O$$

- 4
- 5
- 6
- 9

Answer: 9

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Balancing a Chemical Equation



Balance the following chemical equation:

$$Al_2(SO_4)_3(aq) + Ba(NO_3)_2(aq) \rightarrow Al(NO_3)_3(aq) + BaSO_4(s)$$

There is one SO_4 on the right and three on the left. Place a 3 in front of $BaSO_4$. There are two Al on the left, and one on the right. Place a 2 in front of $Al(NO_3)_3$.

$$Al_2(SO_4)_3(aq) + Ba(NO_3)_2(aq) \rightarrow 2 Al(NO_3)_3(aq) + 3 BaSO_4(s)$$

There are three Ba on the right and one on the left. Place a 3 in front of $Ba(NO_3)_2$.

$$Al_2(SO_4)_3(aq) + 3 Ba(NO_3)_2(aq) \rightarrow 2 Al(NO_3)_3(aq) + 3 BaSO_4(s)$$

Check:

$$2 \text{ Al}, 3 \text{ SO}_4, 3 \text{ Ba}, 6 \text{ NO}_3 \rightarrow 2 \text{ Al}, 6 \text{ NO}_3, 3 \text{ Ba}, 3 \text{ SO}_4$$

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Aqueous Solutions and Net Ionic Equations



- Reactions that occur in water are said to take place in aqueous solution
 - ✓ Solution: Homogeneous mixture of two or more substances
 - Solvent: The major component of the solution
 - · Solutes: The minor components of the solution

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