

# ECE PhD QE CNSIP 2006 Problem1 - Rhea

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# ECE Ph.D. Qualifying Exam

Communication, Networking, Signal and Image Processing (CS)

Question 1: Probability and Random Processes

August 2006

# **Question**

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Let  $\mathbf{U}_n$  be a sequence of independent, identically distributed zero-mean, unit-variance Gaussian random variables. The sequence  $\mathbf{X}_n$ ,  $n \geq 1$ , is given by  $\mathbf{X}_n = \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{U}_n + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 \mathbf{U}_{n-1} + \dots + \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n \mathbf{U}_1$ .

## (a) (15 points)

Find the mean and variance of  $\mathbf{X}_n$ .

### (b) (15 points)

Find the characteristic function of  $\mathbf{X}_n$  .

### (c) (10 points)

Does the sequence  $\mathbf{X}_n$  converge in distribution? A simple yes or no answer is not sufficient. You must justify your answer.

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Let  $\Phi$  be the standard normal distribution, i.e., the distribution function of a zero-mean, unit-variance Gaussian random variable. Let  $\mathbf X$  be a normal random variable with mean  $\mu$  and variance 1. We want to find  $E[\Phi(\mathbf X)]$ .

#### (a) (10 points)

First show that  $E[\Phi(\mathbf{X})] = P(\mathbf{Z} \leq \mathbf{X})$  , where  $\mathbf{Z}$  is a standard normal random variable independent of  $\mathbf{X}$  . Hint: Use an intermediate random variable  $\mathbf{I}$  defined as

### (b) (10 points)

Now use the result from Part (a) to show that  $E[\Phi(\mathbf{X})] = \Phi\Big(rac{\mu}{\sqrt{2}}\Big)$  .

#### 3 (15 points)

Let  $\mathbf{Y}(t)$  be the output of linear system with impulse response h(t) and input  $\mathbf{X}(t) + \mathbf{N}(t)$ , where  $\mathbf{X}(t)$  and  $\mathbf{N}(t)$  are jointly wide-sense stationary independent random processes. If  $\mathbf{Z}(t) = \mathbf{X}(t) - \mathbf{Y}(t)$ , find the power spectral density  $S_{\mathbf{Z}}(\omega)$  in terms of  $S_{\mathbf{X}}(\omega)$ ,  $S_{\mathbf{N}}(\omega)$ ,  $m_{\mathbf{X}} = E[\mathbf{X}]$ , and  $m_{\mathbf{Y}} = E[\mathbf{Y}]$ .

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Suppose customer orders arrive according to an i.i.d. Bernoulli random process  $\mathbf{X}_n$  with parameter p. Thus, an order arrives at time index n (i.e.,  $\mathbf{X}_n=1$ ) with probability p; if an order does not arrive at time index n, then  $\mathbf{X}_n=0$ . When an order arrives, its size is an exponential random variable with parameter  $\lambda$ . Let  $\mathbf{S}_n$  be the total size of all orders up to time n.

### (a) (20 points)

Find the mean and autocorrelation function of  $\mathbf{S}_n$ .

#### (b) (5 points)

Is  $\mathbf{S}_n$  a stationary random process? Explain.

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