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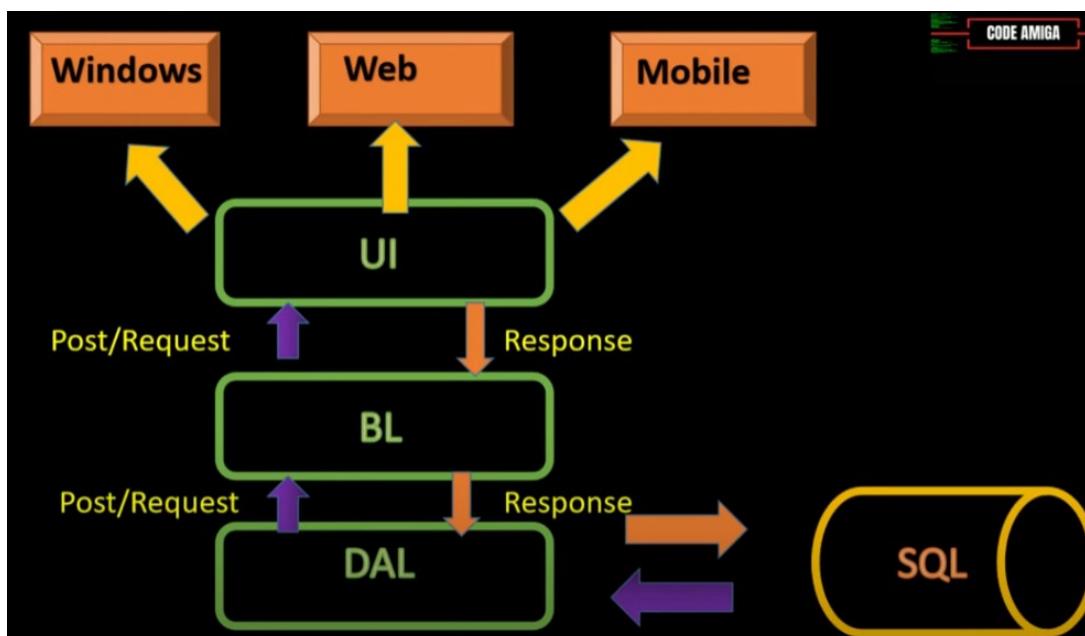


Image Source: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P4E9vHYsyAU>

# I. Creating a 3-Tier Architecture in C# .NET

Involves separating your application into three distinct layers: the Presentation Layer, the Business Logic Layer, and the Data Access Layer. Here's a step-by-step guide to help you get started:

## 1. Presentation Layer

This layer is responsible for the user interface and user interaction. **In a .NET application, this could be an ASP.NET MVC project or a Windows Forms/WPF application.**

- **Create a new project:** Start by creating a new ASP.NET MVC or Windows Forms/WPF project.
- **Design the UI:** Add views, controllers, or forms to handle user input and display data.

## 2. Business Logic Layer (BLL)

This layer contains the core functionality and business rules of your application.

- **Create a Class Library:** Add a new Class Library project to your solution for the Business Logic Layer.
- **Implement Business Logic:** Create classes and methods to handle the business rules and operations. For example, you might have a CustomerService class with methods like AddCustomer, GetCustomer, etc.

## 3. Data Access Layer (DAL)

This layer is responsible for interacting with the database.

- **Create another Class Library:** Add a new Class Library project for the Data Access Layer.
- **Implement Data Access:** Use Entity Framework or ADO.NET to interact with the database. Create repository classes to handle CRUD operations. For example, you might have a CustomerRepository class with methods like AddCustomer, GetCustomerById, etc.

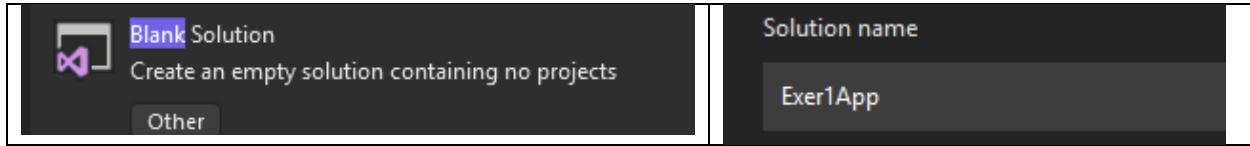
# II. Class Activity

## Exercise 1: Setting up 3-Tier Architecture with WinformUI

### Step 1: Set Up the Solution

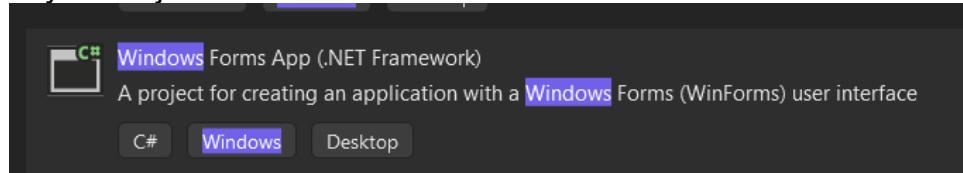
1. **Open Visual Studio** and create a new solution:

- Go to File > New > Project.
- Select Blank Solution and name it Exer1App.

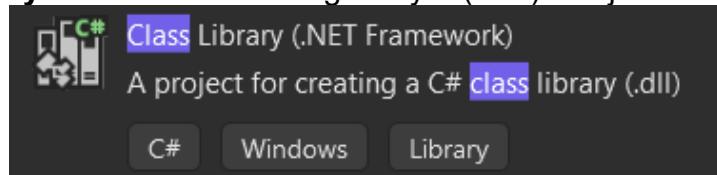


## 2. Add three projects to the solution:

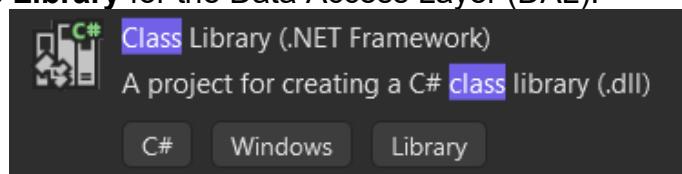
- **Windows Forms Application(.Net Framework)** for the Presentation Layer. Project name: WinFormUI



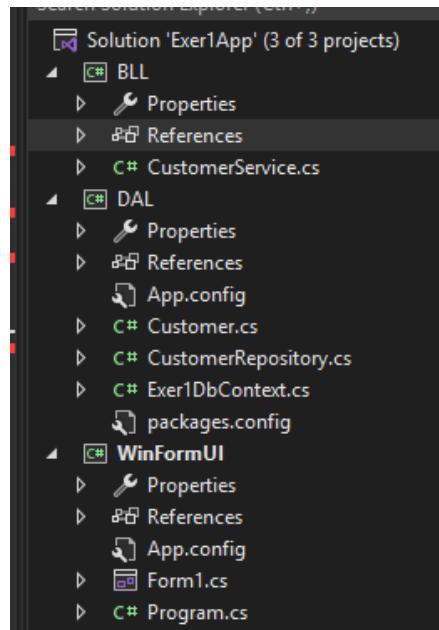
- **Class Library** for the Business Logic Layer (BLL). Project name: BLL



- **Class Library** for the Data Access Layer (DAL).



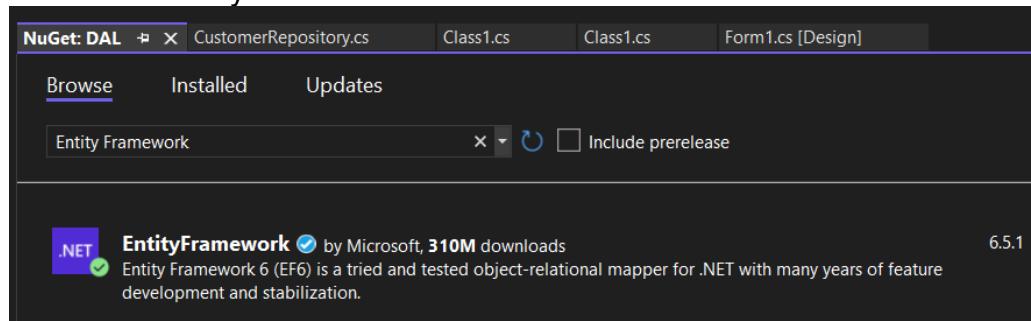
## Solution Explorer



## Step 2: Create the Data Access Layer (DAL)

1. Add a new Class Library project named DAL:

- Right-click on the solution in Solution Explorer.
  - Select Add > New Project.
  - Choose Class Library (.NET Framework) and name it DAL.
2. **Add a class** named CustomerRepository to handle database operations:
- Right-click on the DAL project.
  - Select Add > Class and name it CustomerRepository.cs.
3. **Install Entity Framework** via NuGet Package Manager:
- Right-click on the DAL project.
  - Select Manage NuGet Packages.
  - Search for EntityFramework and install it.



### Example Code for CustomerRepository

```
// Customer.cs (Model)

public class Customer
{
    public int Id { get; set; }
    public string Name { get; set; }
    public string Email { get; set; }
}

// CustomerRepository.cs

public class CustomerRepository
{
    private readonly Exer1DbContext _context;
    public CustomerRepository()
    {

```

```

        _context = new Exer1DbContext();
    }

    public void AddCustomer(Customer customer)
    {
        _context.Customers.Add(customer);
        _context.SaveChanges();
    }

    public Customer GetCustomerById(int id)
    {
        return _context.Customers.FirstOrDefault(c => c.CustomerID == id);
    }

    public List<Customer> GetAllCustomers()
    {
        return _context.Customers.ToList();
    }

    public void UpdateCustomer(Customer customer)
    {
        var existingCustomer = _context.Customers.FirstOrDefault(c => c.CustomerID ==
customer.CustomerID);

        if (existingCustomer != null)
        {
            existingCustomer.Name = customer.Name;
            existingCustomer.Email = customer.Email;
            _context.SaveChanges();
        }
    }

    public void DeleteCustomer(int id)
    {
        var customer = _context.Customers.FirstOrDefault(c => c.Id == id);
        if (customer != null)
        {
            _context.Customers.Remove(customer);
            _context.SaveChanges();
        }
    }
}

```

}

## Step 3: Create the Business Logic Layer (BLL)

### 1. Add a new Class Library project named BLL (BusinessLogicLayer):

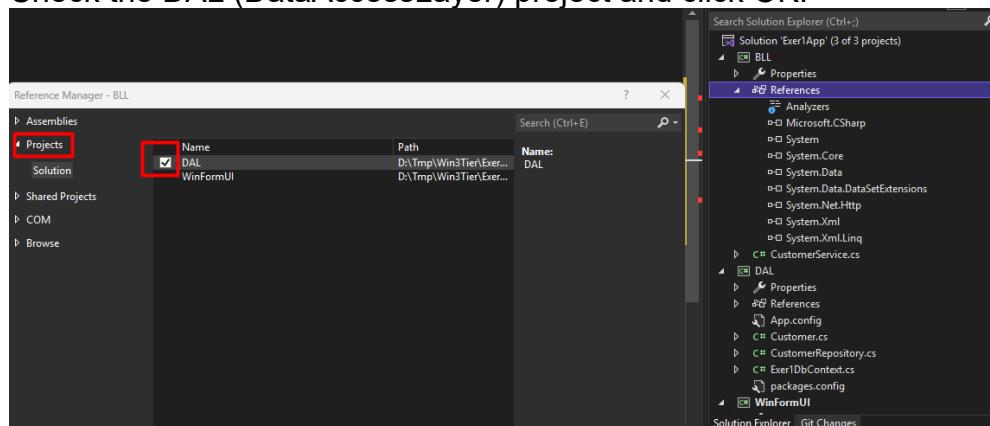
- Right-click on the solution in Solution Explorer.
- Select Add > New Project.
- Choose Class Library (.NET Framework) and name it BusinessLogicLayer.

### 2. Add a class named CustomerService to handle business logic:

- Right-click on the BusinessLogicLayer project.
- Select Add > Class and name it CustomerService.cs.

### 3. Reference the Data Access Layer project in the BLL(Business Logic Layer) project:

- Right-click on the BusinessLogicLayer project.
- Select Add > Reference.
- Check the DAL (DataAccessLayer) project and click OK.



**Right click on DAL and select Build  
Example Code for CustomerService**

```
// CustomerService.cs

public class CustomerService
{
    private readonly CustomerRepository _customerRepository;

    public CustomerService()
    {
```

```
_customerRepository = new CustomerRepository();  
}  
  
public void AddCustomer(Customer customer)  
{  
    // Business logic before adding customer  
    _customerRepository.AddCustomer(customer);  
}  
  
public Customer GetCustomer(int id)  
{  
    // Business logic before retrieving customer  
    return _customerRepository.GetCustomerById(id);  
}  
  
public List<Customer> GetAllCustomers()  
{  
    return _customerRepository.GetAllCustomers();  
}  
  
public void UpdateCustomer(Customer customer)  
{  
    // Business logic before updating customer  
    _customerRepository.UpdateCustomer(customer);  
}  
  
public void DeleteCustomer(int id)  
{  
    // Business logic before deleting customer  
    _customerRepository.DeleteCustomer(id);  
}
```

## Step 4: Create the WinformUI (Presentation Layer)

1. Add a new Windows Forms Application project named PresentationLayer:
  - Right-click on the solution in Solution Explorer.
  - Select Add > New Project.
  - Choose Windows Forms App (.NET Framework) and name it WindowFormUI (or PresentationLayer).
2. Reference the Business Logic Layer project in the Presentation Layer project:
  - Right-click on the **WinformUI** (PresentationLayer) project.
  - Select Add > Reference.
  - Check the **BLL** (BusinessLogicLayer) project and click OK.
  - **Install Entity Framework** via NuGet Package Manager:
    - Right-click on the DAL project.
    - Select Manage NuGet Packages.
    - Search for EntityFramework and install it.
3. Design the UI: Add forms and controls to handle user input and display data:
  - Open Form1.cs and design the form with text boxes, labels, and buttons for adding and retrieving customers.  
**(Add a new form or rename Form1.cs to CustomerForm.cs)**
  - **Design the Form**
    1. **Open CustomerForm.cs** in the designer view.
    2. **Add controls** to the form:
      - **Labels**: For "Name", "Email", and "Customer ID".
      - **TextBoxes**: For entering "Name", "Email", and "Customer ID".
      - **Buttons**: For "Add Customer" and "Get Customer".
  - **Set Up the Controls**
    1. **Drag and drop** the controls from the Toolbox onto the form.
    2. **Set the properties** of the controls:
      - **Labels**: Set the Text property to "Name", "Email", and "Customer ID".
      - **TextBoxes**: Name them txtName, txtEmail, and txtCustomerId.

- **Buttons:** Name them btnAddCustomer and btnGetCustomer, and set the Text property to "Add Customer" and "Get Customer".
- **May add datagridview to show all data from Customer table**

- **Add Event Handlers**

1. **Double-click** on the "Add Customer" button to create an event handler for the Click event.
2. **Double-click** on the "Get Customer" button to create an event handler for the Click event.
3. **Double-click on the Customer Form to create CustomerForm\_Load event**

- **Implement the Code**

1. **Open CustomerForm.cs** in code view.
2. **Add the necessary using directives:**

```
using BLL; //using BusinessLogicLayer;
using DAL; //using DataAccessLayer;
```

3. **Add a private field** for the CustomerService:

```
private readonly CustomerService _customerService;

public CustomerForm()
{
    InitializeComponent();
    _customerService = new CustomerService();
}
```

4. **Implement the btnAddCustomer\_Click event handler:**

```
private void btnAddCustomer_Click(object sender,
EventArgs e)
{
    var customer = new Customer
    {
        Name = txtName.Text,
        Email = txtEmail.Text
    };
    _customerService.AddCustomer(customer);
    MessageBox.Show("Customer added successfully!");
}
```

5. **Implement the btnGetCustomer\_Click event handler:**

```
private void btnGetCustomer_Click(object sender,
EventArgs e)
{
    int customerId = int.Parse(txtCustomerId.Text);
    var customer =
    _customerService.GetCustomer(customerId);
    if (customer != null)
    {
        txtName.Text = customer.Name;
        txtEmail.Text = customer.Email;
    }
    else
    {
        MessageBox.Show("Customer not found!");
    }
}
```

### Code to get data to datagridview

```
private void CustomerForm_Load(object sender, EventArgs e)
{
    LoadCustomers();
}

private void LoadCustomers()
{
    var customers = _customerService.GetAllCustomers();
    dataGridView1.DataSource=customers;
}
```

### 6. Set CustomerForm as the startup form:

- Open Program.cs in the PresentationLayer project.
- Modify the Main method to start CustomerForm:

```
Application.Run(new CustomerForm());
```

## Step 5: Configuration for Database Connection to MSSQL

Make sure to configure the connection string in your **App.config** (under WinformUI project) or Web.config file for the Exer1DbContext.cs to connect to your database.

```
<connectionStrings>
```

```
    <add name="MyConn"
```

```
        connectionString="Data Source=(localdb)\MSSQL2019;Initial Catalog=LabDB;Integrated Security=True"
```

```
        providerName="System.Data.SqlClient" />
```

```
</connectionStrings>
```

You should store the Exer1DbContext.cs file in the **DAL (Data Access Layer)** project. Here's how you can do it:

1. Add the **Exer1DbContext.cs** file to the **DAL** (DataAccessLayer) project:
  - Right-click on the **DAL**(DataAccessLayer) project in Solution Explorer.
  - Select Add > Class (or rename *Class1.cs*)
  - Name the class **Exer1DbContext.cs**.
2. Add the following code to the Exer1DbContext.cs file:

```
using System.Data.Entity;  
  
public class Exer1DbContext: DbContext  
{  
    public DbSet<Customer> Customers { get; set; }  
    public Exer1DbContext () : base("name=MyConn")  
    {  
    }  
}
```

This will ensure that your **Exer1DbContext** class is part of the **DAL**(Data Access Layer), where it can manage the database connection and entity sets.

## Step 6: Create table Customer with MSSQL

- Create database name : LabDB, create table Customer

```
CREATE TABLE Customers (  
    Id INT PRIMARY KEY IDENTITY(1,1),  
    Name NVARCHAR(100),
```

```
Email NVARCHAR(100)
);
```

Sample data into the Customers table:

```
INSERT INTO Customers (Name, Email) VALUES ('John Doe', 'john.doe@tdtu.com');
INSERT INTO Customers (Name, Email) VALUES ('Jane Smith', 'jane.smith@tdtu.com');
INSERT INTO Customers (Name, Email) VALUES ('Trung Pham', 'trung.pham@tdtu.com');
INSERT INTO Customers (Name, Email) VALUES ('Emily Davis', 'emily.davis@tdtu.com');
INSERT INTO Customers (Name, Email) VALUES ('Thai Pham', 'thai.pham@tdtu.com');
```

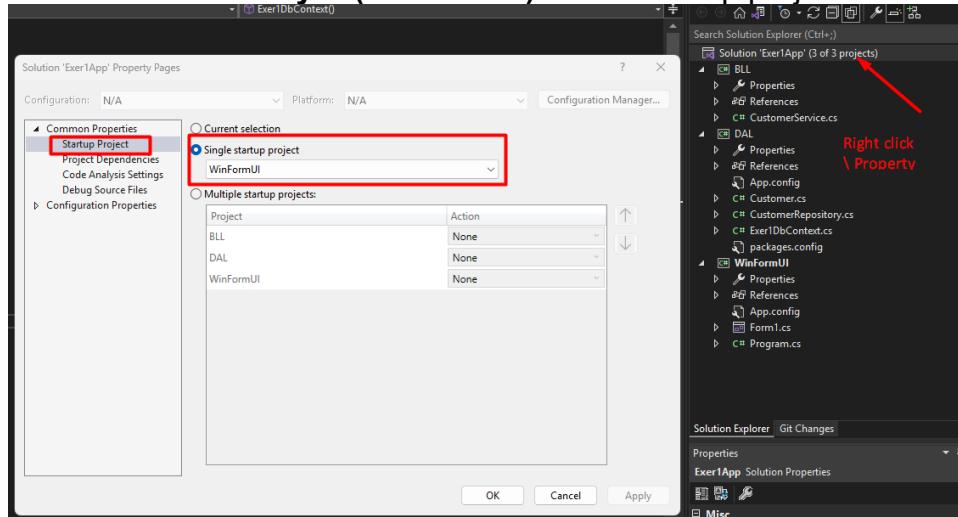
## Step 7: Run the Application

1. Build the solution to ensure all projects compile successfully:

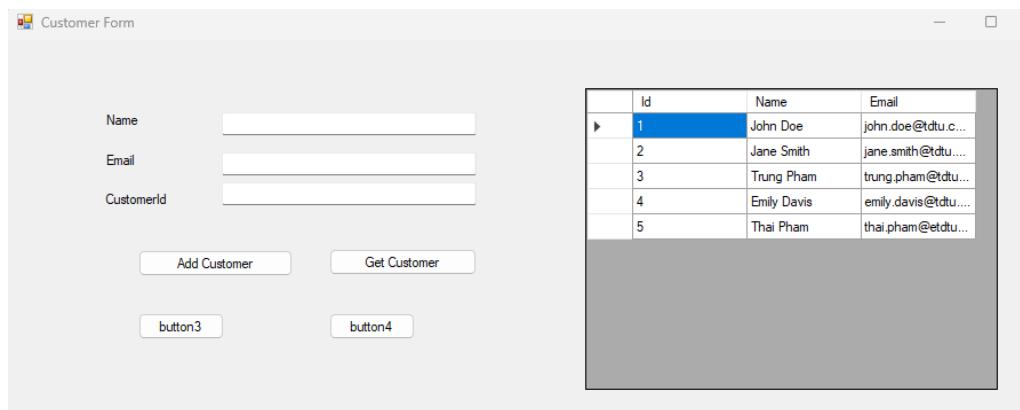
- Go to Build > Build Solution.

2. Run the Windows Forms application and test the functionality:

- Set PresentationLayer (WinformUI) as the startup project.



- Press F5 to run the application.



This should give you a basic Windows Forms application using a 3-Tier Architecture. You can expand on this by adding more features, implementing dependency injection, and improving error handling.

## Exercise 2: Login Form with 3-Tier Architecture

- Change Login form in Lab2 to 3-Tier Architecture
- Should create a new project with setting up from scratch like Exer1

## Exercise 3: Login Form to Main form with 3-Tier Architecture

- Use Exer2, after logging in successfully then go to Main Form.
- On Main form, add menu strip with link to Customer form (reuse Exer 1)
- Also add Product Form, Supplier Form

## III. Homework

-Use the same requirements from **Lab2 (School Management System)** homework but you should apply 3-Tier Architecture.

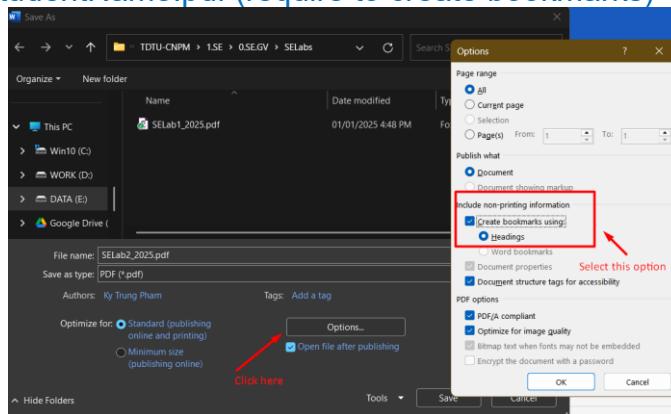
## IV. Lab 3 Report Submission

- **Introduction:** Briefly describe the purpose of the exercises.
- **Exercises:** List each exercise with a brief description of what you did and learned for Class Activity included the screenshots of running App output.
- **Homework:** Describe what you do with including the screenshots of the output for homework exercise.
- **Conclusion:** Summarize your overall learning experience and any challenges you faced.

By following these exercises, you will learn how to create a 3-Tier Architecture Application, connect to an MSSQL database

Submit 2 files on eLearning:

- StudentID\_StudentName.zip (contain Windows Form Project & .sql file) for both Class Activity and Homework.
- StudentID\_StudentName.pdf (require to create bookmarks)



Notes: There may be a typo/mistake during creating this document. Please correct it by yourself.

Enjoy ☺ Email: [tg\\_phamthaikytrung@tdtu.edu.vn](mailto:tg_phamthaikytrung@tdtu.edu.vn)