

Malware Analysis Report

Remote Access Trojan-Reverse Shell

Aug 2022 | Jan Duinkerken | vl.1



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Executive Summary

SHA256	481eae82ac4cd1a9cfadc026a628b18d7b4c54f50385d28c505fbcb3e999b8b0
hash	

This Trojan's main functionality is creating a Reverse shell listening on open on port 443 with the purpose of letting the attacker execute code remotely and have complete access to our machines

YARA signature rules are attached in Appendix A. Malware sample and hashes have been submitted to VirusTotal for further examination.



High-Level Technical Summary

This is a really basic trojan; it consists of just one file that launches an A record DNS query to aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaakadusus.local and if it gets a response it then serves a shell using port 443

RAT.ReverseShell.exe

A Record DNS: aaaaa...kadusus.local

Serve Reverse Shell on port 443



Basic Static Analysis

After running floss agains the RAT sample we only got one interesting result:

```
C:\Users\Jan\Desktop
λ floss RAT.Unknown2.exe | grep cmd
@cmd.exe /c
```

Fig 1: FLOSS Command Example Output

This tells us the Trojan is calling the cmd, but we still don't know what commands it will run or any more concrete information on how it deploys the shell and when it does

We also analyzed the binary using PEView and PEStudio and didn't find anything incriminating, but it is interesting that this is a 64 bit executable.



Basic Dynamic Analysis

At first glance the Trojan doesn't seem to do anything, it doesn't spawn a shell or create any files. It is only if the domain aaaa...kadusus.local is reachable that it opens a TCP connection on port 443 and serves the reverse shell.



Advanced Static Analysis

Running the binary through a decompiler confirms our suspicions that this sample is written in Nim, due to the fact that the main function is divided in 4 stages: main, WinMain, NimMain and NimMainInner.

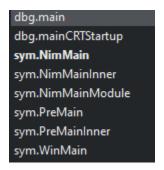


Fig 2: Main Methods as Shown by Cutter

Some interesting parts of the assembly code can be found in Appendix C.



Advanced Dynamic Analysis

By running the executable through a debugger (x64dbg), we were not able to find any more important information. So, we can conclude that the only functionality of this trojan is the one we discovered during the Basic Dynamic Analysis section of this report



Indicators of Compromise

The full list of IOCs can be found in the Appendices.

Network Indicators

Fig 3: WireShark Packet Capture of DNS Query

-	Time	Process Name	PID	Operation	Path	Result	Detail
١	7:16:5	RAT.Unknown	3908	TCP Reconnect	aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	SUCCESS	Length: 0, seqnum:
١	7:16:5	RAT.Unknown	3908	TCP Reconnect	aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa.kadusus.local:14417 -> aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa.kadusus.local:https	SUCCESS	Length: 0, seqnum:
- 1	7:16:5	RAT.Unknown	3908	TCP Reconnect	aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa.kadusus.local:14417 -> aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa.kadusus.local:https	SUCCESS	Length: 0, seqnum:
	7:16:5	RAT.Unknown	3908	TCP Reconnect	aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	SUCCESS	Length: 0, seqnum:
	7:16:5	RAT.Unknown	3908	TCP Disconnect	aaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaaa	SUCCESS	Length: 0, seqnum:

Fig 4: Trojan Serving a Reverse Shell on Port 443.

```
C:\Users\Jan
λ ncat -nvlp 443
Ncat: Version 5.59BETA1 ( http://nmap.org/ncat )
Ncat: Listening on 0.0.0.0:443
Ncat: Connection from 127.0.0.1:14425.
whoami
desktop-b01ntda\jan
```

Fig 5: Reverse Shell



Host-based Indicators

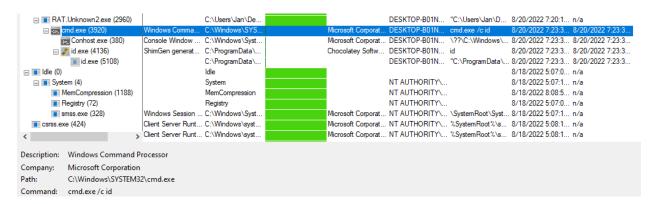


Fig 6: RAT Process Spawning a Child CMD Process to Run the Remote Commands



Rules & Signatures

A full set of YARA rules is included in Appendix A.

```
C:\Users\Jan\Desktop
λ yara32 rule.yara RAT.Unknown2.exe.malz -s -w -p 32
RAT ReverseShell RAT.Unknown2.exe.malz
0xfa00:$string1: kadusus
0xf910:$string2: cmd
0x136f4:$string2: cmd
0x20c85:$string2: cmd
0x4ff72:$string2: cmd
0x4ffd1:$string2: cmd
0x4fff3:$string2: cmd
0x50018:$string2: cmd
0x50036:$string2: cmd
0x55aec:$string2: cmd
0x56806:$string2: cmd
0x635c6:$string2: cmd
0x6562a:$string2: cmd
0x670ac:$string2: cmd
0x6bd9e:$string2: cmd
0x6bdbb:$string2: cmd
0x6c48f:$string2: cmd
0x6df48:$string2: cmd
0x6df75:$string2: cmd
0x0:$PE_magic_byte: MZ
```

Fig 7: YARA Rules Firing



Appendices

A. Yara Rules

Full Yara repository located at: http://github.com/HuskyHacks/PMAT-lab

```
rule RAT_ReverseShell {
    meta:
        last_updated = "2022-08-23"
        author = "Jan Duinkerken"
        description = "Rule for identifying the kadusus trojan"

    strings:
        $string1 = "kadusus" ascii
        $string2 = "cmd"
        $PE_magic_byte = "MZ"

    condition:
        $PE_magic_byte at 0 and
        $string1 and
        $string2
}
```

B. DNS Record Queries



C. Decompiled Code Snippets

```
[0x0040ce36]
mov
        rcx, r9
lea
        rdx, [0x00411940]
        appendString.part.0 rcx, [0x0042b7d0]
call
                                    ; sym.appendString.part.0_4
lea
         rdx, r9
mov
call
         asgnRef
                                    ; sym.asgnRef_3
         r9d, 1
mov
        r8d, 6
mov
         edx, 1
mov
        word [0x0042b810], 0x1bb
mov
mov
        newSocket__Jq0qsT9cdAR4d7YGWWa2QIA; sym.newSocket__Jq0qsT9cdAR4d7YGWWa2QIA
call
lea
        rcx, [0x0042b7e0]
         rdx, rax
mov
call
         asgnRef
                                     ; sym.asgnRef_3
         rax, qword [0x00412310]
mov
lea
         rcx, [env]
                                     ; jmpbuf env
         byte [var_20h], 0
mov
        rdx, qword [rax]
mov
        qword [var_130h], rdx
mov
         rdx, [var_130h]
lea
mov
        qword [rax], rdx
        rdx, rbp
mov
                                    ; sym._setjmp ; int setjmp(jmpbuf env)
call
        _setjmp
mov
        qword [var_128h], rax
test
        rax, rax
         0x40cec8
 jne
[0x0040cec3]
call
         command__M5FdzVu9bbC9c8rPhMsT9axZA; sym.command__M5FdzVu9bbC9c8rPhMsT9axZA
```

Fig 8: Create New Socket and Execute Command



```
[0x0040ccb2]
        rcx, qword [rbx]
mov
        edx, 1
mov
        qword [0x0042b7f0], rsi
mov
        rsi
call
     resizeString
                                  ; sym.resizeString
        rcx, rbx
mov
       rdx, rax
mov
call
        asgnRef
                                  ; sym.asgnRef_3
        rcx, qword [rbx]
mov
        rdx, rdi
mov
        appendString.part.0
rsi, 0x14
                                  ; sym.appendString.part.0_4
cmp
jne
        0x40ccb2
```

Fig 9: Creating the DNS Record Query Address at Runtime