

Parameter estimation with correlated photon pairs

Jan Gößwein

Institute of Applied Physics

Jena, October 22, 2025

Table of content

- 1 Motivation
- 2 Theory
- 3 Experiment
- 4 Results
- 5 Simulation
- 6 Summary

Motivation

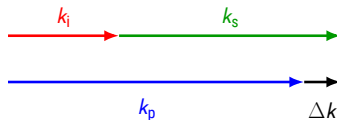
SPDC

Energy conservation



$$\omega_p = \omega_s + \omega_i$$

Momentum conservation



$$\vec{k}_p = \vec{k}_s + \vec{k}_i - \Delta \vec{k}$$

Transmittance model

Conventional approach:

$$N_{\text{tot}}^{\text{ref}} = \eta_{\text{idl}} N_{\text{g}} + N_{\text{noise}}^{\text{ref}}$$

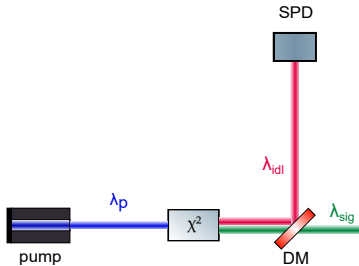
$$N_{\text{tot}}^{\text{sam}} = T \eta_{\text{idl}} N_{\text{g}} + N_{\text{noise}}^{\text{sam}}$$

Coincidence approach:

$$N_{\text{cc}}^{\text{pure,sam}} = T \eta_{\text{idl}} \eta_{\text{sig}} N_{\text{g}},$$

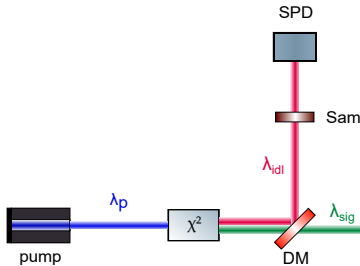
$$N_{\text{cc}}^{\text{pure,ref}} = \eta_{\text{idl}} \eta_{\text{sig}} N_{\text{g}}$$

Conventional approach



$$N_{\text{tot}}^{\text{ref}} = \eta_{\text{idl}} N_g + N_{\text{noise}}^{\text{ref}}$$

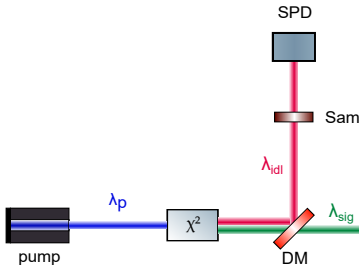
Conventional approach



$$N_{\text{tot}}^{\text{ref}} = \eta_{\text{idl}} N_{\text{g}} + N_{\text{noise}}^{\text{ref}}$$

$$N_{\text{tot}}^{\text{sam}} = T \eta_{\text{idl}} N_{\text{g}} + N_{\text{noise}}^{\text{sam}}$$

Conventional approach

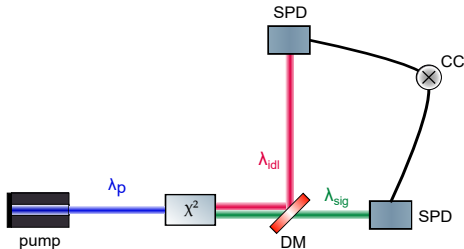


$$N_{\text{tot}}^{\text{ref}} = \eta_{\text{idl}} N_g + N_{\text{noise}}^{\text{ref}}$$

$$N_{\text{tot}}^{\text{sam}} = T \eta_{\text{idl}} N_g + N_{\text{noise}}^{\text{sam}}$$

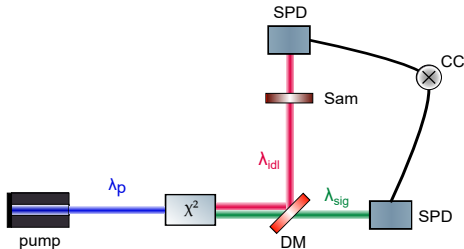
$$\Rightarrow T = \frac{N_{\text{tot}}^{\text{sam}} - N_{\text{noise}}^{\text{sam}}}{N_{\text{tot}}^{\text{ref}} - N_{\text{noise}}^{\text{ref}}}$$

Coincidence approach



$$N_{cc,tot}^{ref} = \eta_{idl} \eta_{sig} N_g + N_{ac}^{ref}$$

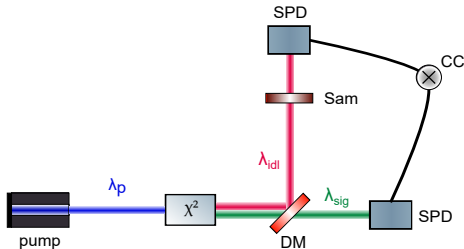
Coincidence approach



$$N_{\text{cc,tot}}^{\text{ref}} = \eta_{\text{idl}} \eta_{\text{sig}} N_{\text{g}} + N_{\text{ac}}^{\text{ref}}$$

$$N_{\text{cc,tot}}^{\text{sam}} = T \eta_{\text{idl}} \eta_{\text{sig}} N_{\text{g}} + N_{\text{ac}}^{\text{sam}}$$

Coincidence approach



$$N_{cc,tot}^{ref} = \eta_{idl} \eta_{sig} N_g + N_{ac}^{ref}$$

$$N_{cc,tot}^{sam} = T \eta_{idl} \eta_{sig} N_g + N_{ac}^{sam}$$

$$\Rightarrow T = \frac{N_{tot,cc}^{sam} - N_{ac}^{sam}}{N_{tot,cc}^{ref} - N_{ac}^{ref}}$$

Transmittance model

Conventional approach:

$$\text{Var}(T) = (\eta_{\text{idl}} N_g)^{-2} \left[\text{Var}(N_{\text{tot}}^{\text{sam}}) + \text{Var}(N_{\text{noise}}^{\text{sam}}) + T^2 [\text{Var}(N_{\text{tot}}^{\text{ref}}) + \text{Var}(N_{\text{noise}}^{\text{ref}})] \right]$$

Coincidence approach:

$$\text{Var}(T) = (\eta_{\text{sig}} \eta_{\text{idl}} N_g)^{-2} \left[\text{Var}(N_{\text{tot,cc}}^{\text{sam}}) + \text{Var}(N_{\text{ac}}^{\text{sam}}) + T^2 [\text{Var}(N_{\text{tot,cc}}^{\text{ref}}) + \text{Var}(N_{\text{ac}}^{\text{ref}})] \right]$$

Transmittance model

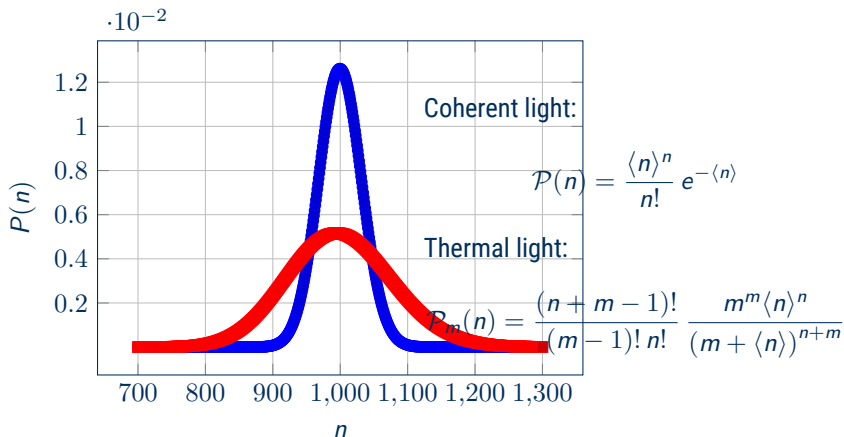
Conventional approach:

$$\text{Var}(T) = (\eta_{\text{idl}} N_g)^{-2} \left[\text{Var}(N_{\text{tot}}^{\text{sam}}) + \text{Var}(N_{\text{noise}}^{\text{sam}}) + T^2 \left[\text{Var}(N_{\text{tot}}^{\text{ref}}) + \text{Var}(N_{\text{noise}}^{\text{ref}}) \right] \right]$$

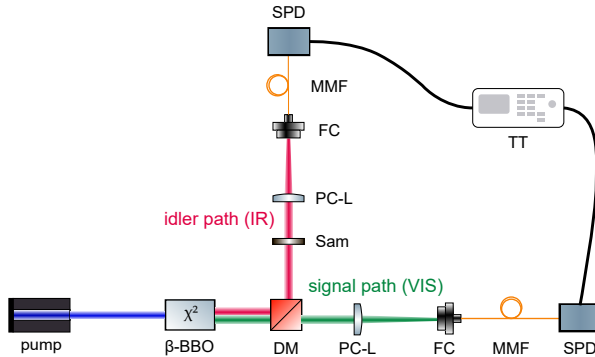
Coincidence approach:

$$\text{Var}(T) = (\eta_{\text{sig}} \eta_{\text{idl}} N_g)^{-2} \left[\text{Var}(N_{\text{tot,cc}}^{\text{sam}}) + \text{Var}(N_{\text{ac}}^{\text{sam}}) + T^2 \left[\text{Var}(N_{\text{tot,cc}}^{\text{ref}}) + \text{Var}(N_{\text{ac}}^{\text{ref}}) \right] \right]$$

Photon statistics

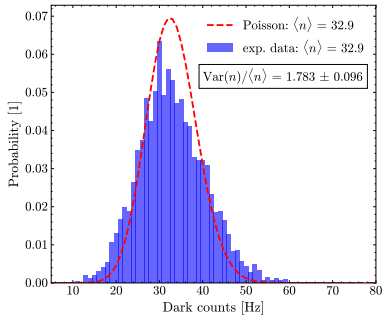


Experimental setup

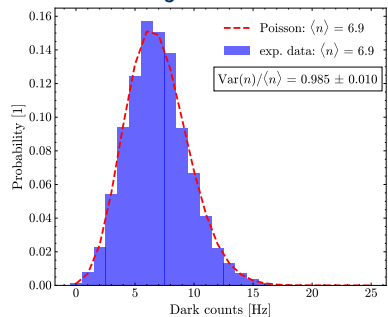


Dark counts

Idler arm

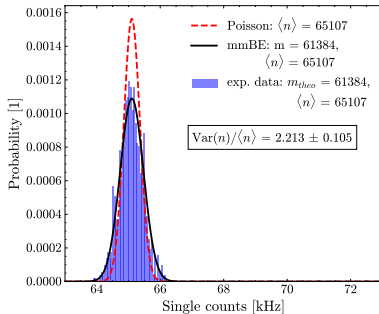


Signal arm

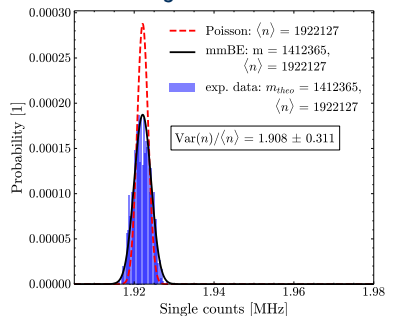


Single counts

Idler arm



Signal arm



Slide title in Palatino Linotype Font

block environment (lower-case b)

itemize:

- First Level
 - Second Level

Third Level has no item mark

Block environment (upper-case B)

enumerate:

1. First Level
 - 1.1 Second Level
 - 1.1.1 Third Level

Font types

Normal	Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.
Bold	Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.
<i>Italic</i>	<i>Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.</i>
<i>BoldItalic</i>	<i>Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit.</i>

$$e^{i\pi} + 1 = 0 \quad (1)$$

Equations like eq. (1) use the beamer default font computer modern.

Summary and Outlook

Git repository

public accessible:

https://git.tpi.uni-jena.de/mstnhsr/latexbeamer_corporatedesign

Feedback

marc.steinhauser@uni-jena.de