ROI on Hand Picked Stocks 2007-2020

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portfolio <- read.csv('all\_portfolio\_prices.csv', header=TRUE, na.strings=c('',' '),  
 row.names=1)

portfolio$Date <- row.names(portfolio)

Vol <- grep('Volume', colnames(portfolio))  
close <- grep('Close',colnames(portfolio))  
Close <- portfolio[,close]  
Volume <- portfolio[,Vol]  
colnames(Close)

## [1] "TGT.Close" "FTR.Close" "UBSI.Close" "HD.Close" "JPM.Close"   
## [6] "XOM.Close" "CVX.Close" "NSANY.Close" "GNBT.Close" "MGM.Close"   
## [11] "TEVA.Close" "HST.Close" "FCAU.Close" "WFC.Close" "WWE.Close"   
## [16] "INO.Close" "QSR.Close" "GRPN.Close" "SCE.PB.Close" "FFIN.Close"   
## [21] "GOOG.Close" "WM.Close" "ONCY.Close" "S.Close" "GM.Close"   
## [26] "F.Close" "ASCCY.Close" "ARWR.Close" "COST.Close" "AAL.Close"   
## [31] "JWN.Close" "CSSEP.Close" "NUS.Close" "AMC.Close" "ADDYY.Close"   
## [36] "KSS.Close" "MSFT.Close" "LUV.Close" "HMC.Close" "PCG.Close"   
## [41] "DLTR.Close" "KGJI.Close" "NKE.Close" "AMZN.Close" "ROST.Close"   
## [46] "TMUS.Close" "WMT.Close" "TJX.Close" "TM.Close" "PBYI.Close"   
## [51] "T.Close" "JNJ.Close" "C.Close" "EPD.Close" "VZ.Close"   
## [56] "HRB.Close" "NFLX.Close" "AAP.Close" "HOFT.Close" "SIG.Close"   
## [61] "SDC.Close" "RRGB.Close" "M.Close" "JBLU.Close" "YELP.Close"

Remove NAs from the data. The colSums(is.na(Close)) isn’t returning the columns with NAs, so this must be done manually.

Close\_noNAs <- Close[,-c(9,13,17,18,25,27,32,34,46,50,61,65)]  
Volume\_noNAs <- Volume[,-c(9,13,17,18,25,27,32,34,46,50,61,65)]  
  
Close\_noNAs$SCE.PB.Close <- as.numeric(Close\_noNAs$SCE.PB.Close)  
Volume\_noNAs$SCE.PB.Volume <- as.numeric(Volume\_noNAs$SCE.PB.Volume)

Add in a value of the portfolio column for each day’s closing price of all stock that don’t have NAs.

Close\_noNAs$DailyValue <- rowSums(Close\_noNAs,na.rm=TRUE)

Add in a daily change column of the portfolio closing prices.

dayVal <- as.data.frame(Close\_noNAs$DailyValue)  
colnames(dayVal) <- 'previousDayValue'  
zero <- as.data.frame(as.numeric(dayVal$previousDayValue[1]))  
colnames(zero) <- 'previousDayValue'  
prevDay <- rbind(zero,dayVal)  
Close\_noNAs$prevDay <- prevDay[1:length(prevDay$previousDayValue)-1,1]  
dailyChange <- as.data.frame(Close\_noNAs$DailyValue-Close\_noNAs$prevDay)  
colnames(dailyChange) <- 'dailyValueChange'  
  
Close1 <- cbind(Close\_noNAs,dailyChange)

Add a column that gives the return in dollars on initial dollars invested.

Close1$ROI\_dollars <- Close1$DailyValue-Close1$DailyValue[1]

Add some date fields to look at the values by date, day of the week, month, and year in analyzing this data.

Close1$Date <- as.Date.character(row.names(Close1))

Close1$DayOfWeek <- weekdays(as.Date(Close1$Date))

month <- month(as.Date(Close1$Date))  
Month <- month.abb[month]  
Close1$Month <- Month

Add in the year of the Date column.

Year <- year(as.Date(Close1$Date))  
  
Close1$Year <- Year  
  
Close1$MonthYear <- paste(Close1$Month, Close1$Year, sep='-')  
Close1$MonthYear <- as.factor(Close1$MonthYear)

Add in some [unemployment](https://data.bls.gov/pdq/SurveyOutputServlet) information as a column to see how the portfolio is doing by date.

ue <- read.delim('BLS\_unemploymentRates2007-2020.txt', sep=',',header=TRUE,   
 na.strings=c('',' '))  
UE <- ue[,-14]#remove the empty 'Annual' column

Use tidyr to gather the month fields with their respective unemployment rates per month.

gatherMonths <- gather(UE, 'UE\_Month', 'UE\_monthlyRate',2:13)  
  
gatherMonths$MonthYear <- paste(gatherMonths$UE\_Month, gatherMonths$Year, sep='-')  
gatherMonths$MonthYear <- as.factor(gatherMonths$MonthYear)

UE2 <- gatherMonths[,3:4]  
Close2 <- merge(Close1, UE2, by.x='MonthYear', by.y='MonthYear')  
row.names(Close2) <- Close2$Date  
colnames(Close2)[55:58] <- paste('portfolio',colnames(Close2)[55:58], sep='\_')

write.csv(Close2, 'ROI\_UE\_2007\_2020.csv', row.names=FALSE)

Lets add in the volume of trades per day from the Volume\_noNAs data set. But lets add in some fields for total portfolio trades per day,

Volume1 <- Volume\_noNAs  
Volume1$portfolio\_DailyVolume <- rowSums(Volume1, na.rm=TRUE)  
  
dayVol <- as.data.frame(Volume1$portfolio\_DailyVolume)  
colnames(dayVol) <- 'portfolio\_previousDayVolume'  
zero <- as.data.frame(as.numeric(dayVol$portfolio\_previousDayVolume[1]))  
colnames(zero) <- 'portfolio\_previousDayVolume'  
prevDay1 <- rbind(zero,dayVol)  
Volume1$portfolio\_prevDayVolume <-  
 prevDay1[1:(length(prevDay1$portfolio\_previousDayVolume)-1),1]  
  
dailyVolumeChange <- as.data.frame(Volume1$portfolio\_DailyVolume-Volume1$portfolio\_prevDayVolume)  
colnames(dailyVolumeChange) <- 'portfolio\_dailyVolumeChange'  
  
Volume2 <- cbind(Volume1,dailyVolumeChange)  
Volume2$portfolio\_VolumeRatioDaily2Initial <- Volume2$portfolio\_DailyVolume/Volume2$portfolio\_prevDayVolume[1]  
  
Volume2$Date <- as.Date(row.names(Volume2))

stocks <- cbind(Close2, Volume2)  
  
Stocks <- stocks[,c(2:54,64:116,1,55:63,117:120)]  
colnames(Stocks)

## [1] "TGT.Close" "FTR.Close"   
## [3] "UBSI.Close" "HD.Close"   
## [5] "JPM.Close" "XOM.Close"   
## [7] "CVX.Close" "NSANY.Close"   
## [9] "MGM.Close" "TEVA.Close"   
## [11] "HST.Close" "WFC.Close"   
## [13] "WWE.Close" "INO.Close"   
## [15] "SCE.PB.Close" "FFIN.Close"   
## [17] "GOOG.Close" "WM.Close"   
## [19] "ONCY.Close" "S.Close"   
## [21] "F.Close" "ARWR.Close"   
## [23] "COST.Close" "AAL.Close"   
## [25] "JWN.Close" "NUS.Close"   
## [27] "ADDYY.Close" "KSS.Close"   
## [29] "MSFT.Close" "LUV.Close"   
## [31] "HMC.Close" "PCG.Close"   
## [33] "DLTR.Close" "KGJI.Close"   
## [35] "NKE.Close" "AMZN.Close"   
## [37] "ROST.Close" "WMT.Close"   
## [39] "TJX.Close" "TM.Close"   
## [41] "T.Close" "JNJ.Close"   
## [43] "C.Close" "EPD.Close"   
## [45] "VZ.Close" "HRB.Close"   
## [47] "NFLX.Close" "AAP.Close"   
## [49] "HOFT.Close" "SIG.Close"   
## [51] "RRGB.Close" "M.Close"   
## [53] "JBLU.Close" "TGT.Volume"   
## [55] "FTR.Volume" "UBSI.Volume"   
## [57] "HD.Volume" "JPM.Volume"   
## [59] "XOM.Volume" "CVX.Volume"   
## [61] "NSANY.Volume" "MGM.Volume"   
## [63] "TEVA.Volume" "HST.Volume"   
## [65] "WFC.Volume" "WWE.Volume"   
## [67] "INO.Volume" "SCE.PB.Volume"   
## [69] "FFIN.Volume" "GOOG.Volume"   
## [71] "WM.Volume" "ONCY.Volume"   
## [73] "S.Volume" "F.Volume"   
## [75] "ARWR.Volume" "COST.Volume"   
## [77] "AAL.Volume" "JWN.Volume"   
## [79] "NUS.Volume" "ADDYY.Volume"   
## [81] "KSS.Volume" "MSFT.Volume"   
## [83] "LUV.Volume" "HMC.Volume"   
## [85] "PCG.Volume" "DLTR.Volume"   
## [87] "KGJI.Volume" "NKE.Volume"   
## [89] "AMZN.Volume" "ROST.Volume"   
## [91] "WMT.Volume" "TJX.Volume"   
## [93] "TM.Volume" "T.Volume"   
## [95] "JNJ.Volume" "C.Volume"   
## [97] "EPD.Volume" "VZ.Volume"   
## [99] "HRB.Volume" "NFLX.Volume"   
## [101] "AAP.Volume" "HOFT.Volume"   
## [103] "SIG.Volume" "RRGB.Volume"   
## [105] "M.Volume" "JBLU.Volume"   
## [107] "MonthYear" "portfolio\_DailyValue"   
## [109] "portfolio\_prevDay" "portfolio\_dailyValueChange"   
## [111] "portfolio\_ROI\_dollars" "Date"   
## [113] "DayOfWeek" "Month"   
## [115] "Year" "UE\_monthlyRate"   
## [117] "portfolio\_DailyVolume" "portfolio\_prevDayVolume"   
## [119] "portfolio\_dailyVolumeChange" "portfolio\_VolumeRatioDaily2Initial"

Add a value of stock daily to the initial value as a ratio.

Stocks$portfolio\_ValueRatioDaily2Initial <-  
 Stocks$portfolio\_DailyValue/Stocks$portfolio\_DailyValue[1]

Add a field that multiplies the daily value and daily volume ratios compared to the initial value and volume by the unemployment rate.

Stocks$portfolio\_DailyRatios\_X\_UE <-  
 Stocks$portfolio\_ValueRatioDaily2Initial\*Stocks$portfolio\_VolumeRatioDaily2Initial\*Stocks$UE\_monthlyRate

Add an exponential calculation field based on the unemployment rate for rate, and using t=1/12 for 12 months, and a binary value of 1 or 2 where the daily change is positive is assigned a 1 and a negative is a 2. This will make those values decreasing daily have a lower poisson and those values increasing a higher poisson value. This is a modified poisson used for probability of an outcome occuring with a constant rate. Added to rank daily changes based on unemployment rate of each month.

Stocks <- Stocks[complete.cases(Stocks$UE\_monthlyRate),]  
Stocks$dayOfMonth <- day(Stocks$Date)  
dayOfMonth <- day(Stocks$Date)  
ue1 <- Stocks$UE\_monthlyRate  
  
incrDecr <- ifelse(Stocks$portfolio\_dailyValueChange>0,1,2)  
  
Stocks$portfolio\_poisson <- round((exp(-(ue1\*1/12))\*(ue1\*1/12)^incrDecr)/(factorial(incrDecr)),5)  
  
summary(Stocks$portfolio\_poisson)

## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.   
## 0.03177 0.07392 0.22652 0.19506 0.29808 0.36217

write.csv(Stocks, 'StocksStats.csv', row.names=TRUE)

Make a daily ROI dollars column for each of the stocks in this set.

stocks1 <- Stocks[,1:53]  
colnames(stocks1)

## [1] "TGT.Close" "FTR.Close" "UBSI.Close" "HD.Close" "JPM.Close"   
## [6] "XOM.Close" "CVX.Close" "NSANY.Close" "MGM.Close" "TEVA.Close"   
## [11] "HST.Close" "WFC.Close" "WWE.Close" "INO.Close" "SCE.PB.Close"  
## [16] "FFIN.Close" "GOOG.Close" "WM.Close" "ONCY.Close" "S.Close"   
## [21] "F.Close" "ARWR.Close" "COST.Close" "AAL.Close" "JWN.Close"   
## [26] "NUS.Close" "ADDYY.Close" "KSS.Close" "MSFT.Close" "LUV.Close"   
## [31] "HMC.Close" "PCG.Close" "DLTR.Close" "KGJI.Close" "NKE.Close"   
## [36] "AMZN.Close" "ROST.Close" "WMT.Close" "TJX.Close" "TM.Close"   
## [41] "T.Close" "JNJ.Close" "C.Close" "EPD.Close" "VZ.Close"   
## [46] "HRB.Close" "NFLX.Close" "AAP.Close" "HOFT.Close" "SIG.Close"   
## [51] "RRGB.Close" "M.Close" "JBLU.Close"

stocks1$TGT\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$TGT.Close-stocks1$TGT.Close[1]  
stocks1$FTR\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$FTR.Close-stocks1$FTR.Close[1]  
stocks1$UBSI\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$UBSI.Close-stocks1$UBSI.Close[1]  
stocks1$HD\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$HD.Close-stocks1$HD.Close[1]  
stocks1$JPM\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$JPM.Close-stocks1$JPM.Close[1]  
  
stocks1$XOM\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$XOM.Close-stocks1$XOM.Close[1]  
stocks1$CVX\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$CVX.Close-stocks1$CVX.Close[1]  
stocks1$NSANY\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$NSANY.Close-stocks1$NSANY.Close[1]  
stocks1$MGM\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$MGM.Close-stocks1$MGM.Close[1]  
stocks1$TEVA\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$TEVA.Close-stocks1$TEVA.Close[1]  
  
stocks1$HST\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$HST.Close-stocks1$HST.Close[1]  
stocks1$WFC\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$WFC.Close-stocks1$WFC.Close[1]  
stocks1$WWE\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$WWE.Close-stocks1$WWE.Close[1]  
stocks1$INO\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$INO.Close-stocks1$INO.Close[1]  
stocks1$SCE.PB\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$SCE.PB.Close-stocks1$SCE.PB.Close[1]  
  
stocks1$FFIN\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$FFIN.Close-stocks1$FFIN.Close[1]  
stocks1$GOOG\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$GOOG.Close-stocks1$GOOG.Close[1]  
stocks1$WM\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$WM.Close-stocks1$WM.Close[1]  
stocks1$ONCY\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$ONCY.Close-stocks1$ONCY.Close[1]  
stocks1$S\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$S.Close-stocks1$S.Close[1]  
  
stocks1$F\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$F.Close-stocks1$F.Close[1]  
stocks1$ARWR\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$ARWR.Close-stocks1$ARWR.Close[1]  
stocks1$COST\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$COST.Close-stocks1$COST.Close[1]  
stocks1$AAL\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$AAL.Close-stocks1$AAL.Close[1]  
stocks1$JWN\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$JWN.Close-stocks1$JWN.Close[1]  
  
stocks1$NUS\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$NUS.Close-stocks1$NUS.Close[1]  
stocks1$HMC\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$HMC.Close-stocks1$HMC.Close[1]  
stocks1$AMZN\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$AMZN.Close-stocks1$AMZN.Close[1]  
stocks1$T\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$T.Close-stocks1$T.Close[1]  
stocks1$HRB\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$HRB.Close-stocks1$HRB.Close[1]  
stocks1$RRGB\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$RRGB.Close-stocks1$RRGB.Close[1]  
  
stocks1$ADDYY\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$ADDYY.Close-stocks1$ADDYY.Close[1]  
stocks1$PCG\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$PCG.Close-stocks1$PCG.Close[1]  
stocks1$ROST\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$ROST.Close-stocks1$ROST.Close[1]  
stocks1$JNJ\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$JNJ.Close-stocks1$JNJ.Close[1]  
stocks1$NFLX\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$NFLX.Close-stocks1$NFLX.Close[1]  
stocks1$M\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$M.Close-stocks1$M.Close[1]  
  
stocks1$KSS\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$KSS.Close-stocks1$KSS.Close[1]  
stocks1$DLTR\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$DLTR.Close-stocks1$DLTR.Close[1]  
stocks1$WMT\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$WMT.Close-stocks1$WMT.Close[1]  
stocks1$C\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$C.Close-stocks1$C.Close[1]  
stocks1$AAP\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$AAP.Close-stocks1$AAP.Close[1]  
stocks1$JBLU\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$JBLU.Close-stocks1$JBLU.Close[1]  
  
stocks1$MSFT\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$MSFT.Close-stocks1$MSFT.Close[1]  
stocks1$KGJI\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$KGJI.Close-stocks1$KGJI.Close[1]  
stocks1$EPD\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$EPD.Close-stocks1$EPD.Close[1]  
stocks1$TJX\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$TJX.Close-stocks1$TJX.Close[1]  
stocks1$HOFT\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$HOFT.Close-stocks1$HOFT.Close[1]  
  
stocks1$LUV\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$LUV.Close-stocks1$LUV.Close[1]  
stocks1$NKE\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$NKE.Close-stocks1$NKE.Close[1]  
stocks1$TM\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$TM.Close-stocks1$TM.Close[1]  
stocks1$VZ\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$VZ.Close-stocks1$VZ.Close[1]  
stocks1$SIG\_ROI\_dollars <- stocks1$SIG.Close-stocks1$SIG.Close[1]

These are the values of the stock the previous day that will be subtracted from each day to get the daily change from the day before in dollars.

TGTa <- c(0,stocks1$TGT.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
FTRa <- c(0, stocks1$FTR.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
UBSIa <- c(0,stocks1$UBSI.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
HDa <- c(0,stocks1$HD.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
JPMa <- c(0,stocks1$JPM.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
XOMa <- c(0,stocks1$XOM.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
CVXa <- c(0,stocks1$CVX.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
NSANYa <- c(0,stocks1$NSANY.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
MGMa <- c(0,stocks1$MGM.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
TEVAa <- c(0, stocks1$TEVA.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
HSTa <- c(0, stocks1$HST.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
WFCa <- c(0, stocks1$WFC.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
WWEa <- c(0, stocks1$WWE.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
INOa <- c(0,stocks1$INO.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
SCEa <- c(0,stocks1$SCE.PB.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
FFINa <- c(0,stocks1$FFIN.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
GOOGa <- c(0,stocks1$GOOG.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
WMa <- c(0,stocks1$WM.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
ONCYa <- c(0,stocks1$ONCY.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
Sa <- c(0,stocks1$S.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
Fa <- c(0,stocks1$F.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
ARWRa <- c(0,stocks1$ARWR.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
COSTa <- c(0,stocks1$COST.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
AALa <- c(0,stocks1$AAL.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
JWNa <- c(0,stocks1$JWN.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
NUSa <- c(0,stocks1$NUS.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
ADDYYa <- c(0,stocks1$ADDYY.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
KSSa <- c(0,stocks1$KSS.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
MSFTa <- c(0,stocks1$MSFT.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
LUVa <- c(0,stocks1$LUV.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
HMCa <- c(0,stocks1$HMC.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
PCGa <- c(0,stocks1$PCG.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
DLTRa <- c(0,stocks1$DLTR.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
KGJIa <- c(0,stocks1$KGJI.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
NKEa <- c(0,stocks1$NKE.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
AMZNa <- c(0,stocks1$AMZN.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
ROSTa <- c(0,stocks1$ROST.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
WMTa <- c(0,stocks1$WMT.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
TJXa <- c(0,stocks1$TJX.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
TMa <- c(0,stocks1$TM.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
Ta <- c(0,stocks1$T.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
JNJa <- c(0,stocks1$JNJ.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
Ca <- c(0,stocks1$C.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
EPDa <- c(0,stocks1$EPD.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
VZa <- c(0,stocks1$VZ.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
HRBa <- c(0,stocks1$HRB.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
NFLXa <- c(0,stocks1$NFLX.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
AAPa <- c(0,stocks1$AAP.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
HOFTa <- c(0,stocks1$HOFT.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
SIGa <- c(0,stocks1$SIG.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
RRGBa <- c(0,stocks1$RRGB.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
Ma <- c(0,stocks1$M.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])  
JBLUa <- c(0,stocks1$JBLU.Close[1:(length(stocks1$TGT.Close)-1)])

This creates the DailyChange per stock columns.

stocks1$TGT\_dailyChange <- stocks1$TGT.Close-TGTa  
stocks1$FTR\_dailyChange <- stocks1$FTR.Close-FTRa  
stocks1$UBSI\_dailyChange <- stocks1$UBSI.Close-UBSIa  
stocks1$HD\_dailyChange <- stocks1$HD.Close-HDa  
stocks1$JPM\_dailyChange <- stocks1$JPM.Close-JPMa  
  
stocks1$XOM\_dailyChange <- stocks1$XOM.Close-XOMa  
stocks1$CVX\_dailyChange <- stocks1$CVX.Close-CVXa  
stocks1$NSANY\_dailyChange <- stocks1$NSANY.Close-NSANYa  
stocks1$MGM\_dailyChange <- stocks1$MGM.Close-MGMa  
stocks1$TEVA\_dailyChange <- stocks1$TEVA.Close-TEVAa  
  
stocks1$HST\_dailyChange <- stocks1$HST.Close-HSTa  
stocks1$WFC\_dailyChange <- stocks1$WFC.Close-WFCa  
stocks1$WWE\_dailyChange <- stocks1$WWE.Close-WWEa  
stocks1$INO\_dailyChange <- stocks1$INO.Close-INOa  
stocks1$SCE.PB\_dailyChange <- stocks1$SCE.PB.Close-SCEa  
  
stocks1$FFIN\_dailyChange <- stocks1$FFIN.Close-FFINa  
stocks1$GOOG\_dailyChange <- stocks1$GOOG.Close-GOOGa  
stocks1$WM\_dailyChange <- stocks1$WM.Close-WMa  
stocks1$ONCY\_dailyChange <- stocks1$ONCY.Close-ONCYa  
stocks1$S\_dailyChange <- stocks1$S.Close-Sa  
  
stocks1$F\_dailyChange <- stocks1$F.Close-Fa  
stocks1$ARWR\_dailyChange <- stocks1$ARWR.Close-ARWRa  
stocks1$COST\_dailyChange <- stocks1$COST.Close-COSTa  
stocks1$AAL\_dailyChange <- stocks1$AAL.Close-AALa  
stocks1$JWN\_dailyChange <- stocks1$JWN.Close-JWNa  
  
stocks1$NUS\_dailyChange <- stocks1$NUS.Close-NUSa  
stocks1$HMC\_dailyChange <- stocks1$HMC.Close-HMCa  
stocks1$AMZN\_dailyChange <- stocks1$AMZN.Close-AMZNa  
stocks1$T\_dailyChange <- stocks1$T.Close-Ta  
stocks1$HRB\_dailyChange <- stocks1$HRB.Close-HRBa  
stocks1$RRGB\_dailyChange <- stocks1$RRGB.Close-RRGBa  
  
stocks1$ADDYY\_dailyChange <- stocks1$ADDYY.Close-ADDYYa  
stocks1$PCG\_dailyChange <- stocks1$PCG.Close-PCGa  
stocks1$ROST\_dailyChange <- stocks1$ROST.Close-ROSTa  
stocks1$JNJ\_dailyChange <- stocks1$JNJ.Close-JNJa  
stocks1$NFLX\_dailyChange <- stocks1$NFLX.Close-NFLXa  
stocks1$M\_dailyChange <- stocks1$M.Close-Ma  
  
stocks1$KSS\_dailyChange <- stocks1$KSS.Close-KSSa  
stocks1$DLTR\_dailyChange <- stocks1$DLTR.Close-DLTRa  
stocks1$WMT\_dailyChange <- stocks1$WMT.Close-WMTa  
stocks1$C\_dailyChange <- stocks1$C.Close-Ca  
stocks1$AAP\_dailyChange <- stocks1$AAP.Close-AAPa  
stocks1$JBLU\_dailyChange <- stocks1$JBLU.Close-JBLUa  
  
stocks1$MSFT\_dailyChange <- stocks1$MSFT.Close-MSFTa  
stocks1$KGJI\_dailyChange <- stocks1$KGJI.Close-KGJIa  
stocks1$EPD\_dailyChange <- stocks1$EPD.Close-EPDa  
stocks1$TJX\_dailyChange <- stocks1$TJX.Close-TJXa  
stocks1$HOFT\_dailyChange <- stocks1$HOFT.Close-HOFTa  
  
stocks1$LUV\_dailyChange <- stocks1$LUV.Close-LUVa  
stocks1$NKE\_dailyChange <- stocks1$NKE.Close-NKEa  
stocks1$TM\_dailyChange <- stocks1$TM.Close-TMa  
stocks1$VZ\_dailyChange <- stocks1$VZ.Close-VZa  
stocks1$SIG\_dailyChange <- stocks1$SIG.Close-SIGa

Combine the stocks1 stats of ROI and daily change in dollars per stock to the stocks stats data table.

stocks2 <- stocks1[,-c(1:53)]  
StocksSTATS <- cbind(Stocks,stocks2)

All the columns we now have are:

StocksSTATS <- StocksSTATS[,c(1:106,125:230,107:124)]  
colnames(StocksSTATS)

## [1] "TGT.Close" "FTR.Close"   
## [3] "UBSI.Close" "HD.Close"   
## [5] "JPM.Close" "XOM.Close"   
## [7] "CVX.Close" "NSANY.Close"   
## [9] "MGM.Close" "TEVA.Close"   
## [11] "HST.Close" "WFC.Close"   
## [13] "WWE.Close" "INO.Close"   
## [15] "SCE.PB.Close" "FFIN.Close"   
## [17] "GOOG.Close" "WM.Close"   
## [19] "ONCY.Close" "S.Close"   
## [21] "F.Close" "ARWR.Close"   
## [23] "COST.Close" "AAL.Close"   
## [25] "JWN.Close" "NUS.Close"   
## [27] "ADDYY.Close" "KSS.Close"   
## [29] "MSFT.Close" "LUV.Close"   
## [31] "HMC.Close" "PCG.Close"   
## [33] "DLTR.Close" "KGJI.Close"   
## [35] "NKE.Close" "AMZN.Close"   
## [37] "ROST.Close" "WMT.Close"   
## [39] "TJX.Close" "TM.Close"   
## [41] "T.Close" "JNJ.Close"   
## [43] "C.Close" "EPD.Close"   
## [45] "VZ.Close" "HRB.Close"   
## [47] "NFLX.Close" "AAP.Close"   
## [49] "HOFT.Close" "SIG.Close"   
## [51] "RRGB.Close" "M.Close"   
## [53] "JBLU.Close" "TGT.Volume"   
## [55] "FTR.Volume" "UBSI.Volume"   
## [57] "HD.Volume" "JPM.Volume"   
## [59] "XOM.Volume" "CVX.Volume"   
## [61] "NSANY.Volume" "MGM.Volume"   
## [63] "TEVA.Volume" "HST.Volume"   
## [65] "WFC.Volume" "WWE.Volume"   
## [67] "INO.Volume" "SCE.PB.Volume"   
## [69] "FFIN.Volume" "GOOG.Volume"   
## [71] "WM.Volume" "ONCY.Volume"   
## [73] "S.Volume" "F.Volume"   
## [75] "ARWR.Volume" "COST.Volume"   
## [77] "AAL.Volume" "JWN.Volume"   
## [79] "NUS.Volume" "ADDYY.Volume"   
## [81] "KSS.Volume" "MSFT.Volume"   
## [83] "LUV.Volume" "HMC.Volume"   
## [85] "PCG.Volume" "DLTR.Volume"   
## [87] "KGJI.Volume" "NKE.Volume"   
## [89] "AMZN.Volume" "ROST.Volume"   
## [91] "WMT.Volume" "TJX.Volume"   
## [93] "TM.Volume" "T.Volume"   
## [95] "JNJ.Volume" "C.Volume"   
## [97] "EPD.Volume" "VZ.Volume"   
## [99] "HRB.Volume" "NFLX.Volume"   
## [101] "AAP.Volume" "HOFT.Volume"   
## [103] "SIG.Volume" "RRGB.Volume"   
## [105] "M.Volume" "JBLU.Volume"   
## [107] "TGT\_ROI\_dollars" "FTR\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [109] "UBSI\_ROI\_dollars" "HD\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [111] "JPM\_ROI\_dollars" "XOM\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [113] "CVX\_ROI\_dollars" "NSANY\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [115] "MGM\_ROI\_dollars" "TEVA\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [117] "HST\_ROI\_dollars" "WFC\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [119] "WWE\_ROI\_dollars" "INO\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [121] "SCE.PB\_ROI\_dollars" "FFIN\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [123] "GOOG\_ROI\_dollars" "WM\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [125] "ONCY\_ROI\_dollars" "S\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [127] "F\_ROI\_dollars" "ARWR\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [129] "COST\_ROI\_dollars" "AAL\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [131] "JWN\_ROI\_dollars" "NUS\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [133] "HMC\_ROI\_dollars" "AMZN\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [135] "T\_ROI\_dollars" "HRB\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [137] "RRGB\_ROI\_dollars" "ADDYY\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [139] "PCG\_ROI\_dollars" "ROST\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [141] "JNJ\_ROI\_dollars" "NFLX\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [143] "M\_ROI\_dollars" "KSS\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [145] "DLTR\_ROI\_dollars" "WMT\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [147] "C\_ROI\_dollars" "AAP\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [149] "JBLU\_ROI\_dollars" "MSFT\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [151] "KGJI\_ROI\_dollars" "EPD\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [153] "TJX\_ROI\_dollars" "HOFT\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [155] "LUV\_ROI\_dollars" "NKE\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [157] "TM\_ROI\_dollars" "VZ\_ROI\_dollars"   
## [159] "SIG\_ROI\_dollars" "TGT\_dailyChange"   
## [161] "FTR\_dailyChange" "UBSI\_dailyChange"   
## [163] "HD\_dailyChange" "JPM\_dailyChange"   
## [165] "XOM\_dailyChange" "CVX\_dailyChange"   
## [167] "NSANY\_dailyChange" "MGM\_dailyChange"   
## [169] "TEVA\_dailyChange" "HST\_dailyChange"   
## [171] "WFC\_dailyChange" "WWE\_dailyChange"   
## [173] "INO\_dailyChange" "SCE.PB\_dailyChange"   
## [175] "FFIN\_dailyChange" "GOOG\_dailyChange"   
## [177] "WM\_dailyChange" "ONCY\_dailyChange"   
## [179] "S\_dailyChange" "F\_dailyChange"   
## [181] "ARWR\_dailyChange" "COST\_dailyChange"   
## [183] "AAL\_dailyChange" "JWN\_dailyChange"   
## [185] "NUS\_dailyChange" "HMC\_dailyChange"   
## [187] "AMZN\_dailyChange" "T\_dailyChange"   
## [189] "HRB\_dailyChange" "RRGB\_dailyChange"   
## [191] "ADDYY\_dailyChange" "PCG\_dailyChange"   
## [193] "ROST\_dailyChange" "JNJ\_dailyChange"   
## [195] "NFLX\_dailyChange" "M\_dailyChange"   
## [197] "KSS\_dailyChange" "DLTR\_dailyChange"   
## [199] "WMT\_dailyChange" "C\_dailyChange"   
## [201] "AAP\_dailyChange" "JBLU\_dailyChange"   
## [203] "MSFT\_dailyChange" "KGJI\_dailyChange"   
## [205] "EPD\_dailyChange" "TJX\_dailyChange"   
## [207] "HOFT\_dailyChange" "LUV\_dailyChange"   
## [209] "NKE\_dailyChange" "TM\_dailyChange"   
## [211] "VZ\_dailyChange" "SIG\_dailyChange"   
## [213] "MonthYear" "portfolio\_DailyValue"   
## [215] "portfolio\_prevDay" "portfolio\_dailyValueChange"   
## [217] "portfolio\_ROI\_dollars" "Date"   
## [219] "DayOfWeek" "Month"   
## [221] "Year" "UE\_monthlyRate"   
## [223] "portfolio\_DailyVolume" "portfolio\_prevDayVolume"   
## [225] "portfolio\_dailyVolumeChange" "portfolio\_VolumeRatioDaily2Initial"  
## [227] "portfolio\_ValueRatioDaily2Initial" "portfolio\_DailyRatios\_X\_UE"   
## [229] "dayOfMonth" "portfolio\_poisson"

write.csv(StocksSTATS, 'STOCKS\_STATS.csv', row.names=TRUE)

Lets us pick one stock, look at the stats we added for that stock and then pull out some googled articles of that stock as a company in the news since 2007 till today’s date of Feb. 18, 2020 to compare the sentiments on the company with words that we will count the number of times the company is in the news, the comments by readers, zoom in on the dates of those articles, and see how the company behaved. Lets choose the highest ROI in dollars out of our stocks and compare it to the lowest ROI in dollars.

m <- StocksSTATS[order(StocksSTATS$Date, decreasing=FALSE)[length(StocksSTATS$Date)], 107:159]  
t <- as.data.frame(t(m))  
colnames(t) <- row.names(m)  
t$StockROI <- row.names(t)  
  
Troi <- t[order(t$'2020-01-31', decreasing=TRUE),]  
  
mostLeast <- rbind(head(Troi,3),tail(Troi,3))  
mostLeast <- na.omit(mostLeast)  
mostLeast

## 2020-01-31 StockROI  
## AMZN\_ROI\_dollars 1968.300 AMZN\_ROI\_dollars  
## GOOG\_ROI\_dollars 1205.821 GOOG\_ROI\_dollars  
## SCE.PB\_ROI\_dollars 679.000 SCE.PB\_ROI\_dollars  
## MGM\_ROI\_dollars -40.520 MGM\_ROI\_dollars  
## FTR\_ROI\_dollars -225.200 FTR\_ROI\_dollars  
## C\_ROI\_dollars -436.090 C\_ROI\_dollars

The above table shows the three highest returns on investment and the three lowest since Jan 3, 2007 to Jan 31, 2020. Lets use the lowest stock for now (C is Citigroup bank), because AMZN (Amazon) is always in the news and it would fluctuate a lot I would think, but we could look at the quartiles for each and get the news releases of each date where the stock was in that quartile range, look at the median ROI, the min and max too, and cross referencing with the other stat fields.

amzn <- grep('AMZN', colnames(StocksSTATS))  
c <- grep('^C[.|\_]', colnames(StocksSTATS))  
C\_stock <- StocksSTATS[,c(c,213:230)]  
amzn\_stock <- StocksSTATS[,c(amzn,213:230)]

Citigroup is our C\_stock table and Amazon is our amzn\_stock table. Lets look at the daily ratios of volume and ROI in dollars times the unemployment rate column and the day of the week and day of the year and poisson columns.

ggplot(data = C\_stock, aes(x=Year, y=C\_ROI\_dollars,group=DayOfWeek)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=DayOfWeek))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Citigroup 2007-2020')+  
 ylab('ROI dollars Values')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired



We can see from the plot above that buying Citigroup stock anywhere before 2010, was a bad idea. But we also see that the stock would have been good to buy around 2010-2016, as it overall increased its return on investment in dollars initially invested.

Lets look at the years from 2016-2020 to see this plotted Citigroup stock.

y2015plus <- subset(C\_stock, C\_stock$Year>2014)  
  
ggplot(data = y2015plus, aes(x=Year, y=C.Close,group=DayOfWeek)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=DayOfWeek))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Citigroup Stock Value in Dollars 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Stock Value')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired



We see from the above plot that Citigroup was good to buy at the start of 2016 or 2019 if you want to see an increase all year long, but in 2017-2018 it decreased.Overall, if investing since 2016, the stock increased from the high $40 to the mid-high $70 range. This would be good to cross reference with unemployment rates and the news articles online text mined for public sentiment on Citigroup.

Lets look at amazon for the same quick plotted analysis as done with Citigroup.

ggplot(data = amzn\_stock, aes(x=Year, y=AMZN\_ROI\_dollars,group=DayOfWeek)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=DayOfWeek))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('AMAZON 2007-2020')+  
 ylab('ROI dollars Values')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired



We can see from the plot above that buying AMAZON stock anywhere before 2010, was a great idea. But we also see that the stock would have been good to buy around 2010-2018 or 2019 but not in 2018, as it overall increased its return on investment in dollars initially invested.In 2018, you bought high and it decreased the entire year. This would be great to see what happened in 2018 with the value. So we will.

Lets look at the years from 2018-2020 to see this plotted Citigroup stock.

y2015plus <- subset(amzn\_stock, amzn\_stock$Year>2017)  
  
ggplot(data = y2015plus, aes(x=Year, y=AMZN.Close,group=DayOfWeek)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=DayOfWeek))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('AMAZON Stock Value in Dollars 2018-2020')+  
 ylab('Stock Value')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired



The chart above shows how the value in dollars and day of the week from 2018-2020 decreases in 2018 and increases in 2019. If you bought in 2018, you lost money the entire year, but you gained it back in 2019 plus some additional earnings.

Lets group by the day of the month in this time series of the Citigroup stock and get the median value for the volumne of stocks traded for Citigroup by days 1-31 of the month.

v1 <- as.vector(colnames(C\_stock)[2])  
Citi <- C\_stock %>% group\_by(dayOfMonth) %>% summarise\_at(vars(v1), median,  
 na.rm=T)  
Citi <- as.data.frame(Citi)  
colnames(Citi)[2] <- 'Citi\_Median\_Volume'  
Citi <- Citi[order(Citi$Citi\_Median\_Volume, decreasing=T),]  
headTail\_Citi\_volume <- rbind(head(Citi,3), tail(Citi,3))  
headTail\_Citi\_volume

## dayOfMonth Citi\_Median\_Volume  
## 16 16 22388100  
## 31 31 22302200  
## 3 3 21221500  
## 25 25 17960700  
## 20 20 17548500  
## 2 2 17134600

From the above table we see that the most volume of trades for Citigroup is at the middle and end of the month, and the lowest volume of trades are at the beginning of the new month and the third week of the month.

Lets look at the statistics of citigroup.

summary(C\_stock)

## C.Close C.Volume C\_ROI\_dollars C\_dailyChange   
## Min. : 10.20 Min. : 1005100 Min. :-500.3 Min. :-298.300   
## 1st Qu.: 41.80 1st Qu.: 13019600 1st Qu.:-468.7 1st Qu.: -0.680   
## Median : 51.49 Median : 19493900 Median :-459.0 Median : -0.010   
## Mean : 93.38 Mean : 26987469 Mean :-417.1 Mean : 0.021   
## 3rd Qu.: 69.46 3rd Qu.: 33280800 3rd Qu.:-441.0 3rd Qu.: 0.650   
## Max. :552.50 Max. :377263800 Max. : 42.0 Max. : 510.500   
##   
## MonthYear portfolio\_DailyValue portfolio\_prevDay  
## Aug-2007: 23 Min. :1229 Min. :1229   
## Aug-2011: 23 1st Qu.:2821 1st Qu.:2821   
## Aug-2012: 23 Median :3542 Median :3541   
## Aug-2016: 23 Mean :3988 Mean :3986   
## Aug-2017: 23 3rd Qu.:5104 3rd Qu.:5104   
## Aug-2018: 23 Max. :7910 Max. :7910   
## (Other) :3155   
## portfolio\_dailyValueChange portfolio\_ROI\_dollars Date   
## Min. :-1014.322 Min. :-1748.9 Min. :2007-01-03   
## 1st Qu.: -39.065 1st Qu.: -157.4 1st Qu.:2010-04-12   
## Median : 2.276 Median : 563.9 Median :2013-07-18   
## Mean : 1.475 Mean : 1009.6 Mean :2013-07-16   
## 3rd Qu.: 43.517 3rd Qu.: 2126.4 3rd Qu.:2016-10-21   
## Max. : 1025.453 Max. : 4931.7 Max. :2020-01-31   
##   
## DayOfWeek Month Year UE\_monthlyRate   
## Length:3293 Length:3293 Min. :2007 Min. : 3.500   
## Class :character Class :character 1st Qu.:2010 1st Qu.: 4.600   
## Mode :character Mode :character Median :2013 Median : 5.600   
## Mean :2013 Mean : 6.282   
## 3rd Qu.:2016 3rd Qu.: 8.200   
## Max. :2020 Max. :10.000   
##   
## portfolio\_DailyVolume portfolio\_prevDayVolume portfolio\_dailyVolumeChange  
## Min. :1.133e+08 Min. :1.133e+08 Min. :-714176400   
## 1st Qu.:3.370e+08 1st Qu.:3.370e+08 1st Qu.: -50722061   
## Median :4.194e+08 Median :4.196e+08 Median : 250560   
## Mean :4.752e+08 Mean :4.753e+08 Mean : -55791   
## 3rd Qu.:5.716e+08 3rd Qu.:5.716e+08 3rd Qu.: 50561500   
## Max. :1.611e+09 Max. :1.611e+09 Max. : 620907605   
##   
## portfolio\_VolumeRatioDaily2Initial portfolio\_ValueRatioDaily2Initial  
## Min. :0.1981 Min. :0.4236   
## 1st Qu.:0.5891 1st Qu.:0.9720   
## Median :0.7333 Median :1.2206   
## Mean :0.8307 Mean :1.3742   
## 3rd Qu.:0.9992 3rd Qu.:1.7591   
## Max. :2.8163 Max. :2.7259   
##   
## portfolio\_DailyRatios\_X\_UE dayOfMonth portfolio\_poisson  
## Min. : 0.9658 Min. : 1.00 Min. :0.03177   
## 1st Qu.: 4.4923 1st Qu.: 8.00 1st Qu.:0.07392   
## Median : 5.6528 Median :16.00 Median :0.22652   
## Mean : 6.4285 Mean :15.74 Mean :0.19506   
## 3rd Qu.: 7.8497 3rd Qu.:23.00 3rd Qu.:0.29808   
## Max. :24.2627 Max. :31.00 Max. :0.36217   
##

From the above summary statistics of Citigroup, we see the min, quantiles, median, mean, and max numeric values as well as length and class type for the non-numeric features of this data set.

Some interesting insights into the above table are that considering an initial investment of 510 USD, the return on the initial investment in dollars is almost the entire amount invested but not quite. Definitely about 80% from the quantile and statistics on the ROI column.

The daily changes fluctuated from a loss of 298 USD in one day to a profit of 510 USD on another day. These are good indicators of where to look on these days, to see if the public sentiment on these dates for Citigroup would indicate more people getting rid of their Citi stock or buying up more of it.

Also, the max and min volume of stock is much more and less respectively than the median volume of trades for this Citigroup stock. These dates for information would also be an interesting place to start to find a pattern with buying/selling stock and combining web scraped text from news articles and comments about Citigroup on those dates.

First, we should grab those points of interest in the data and create a table to compare these values.

C\_stock\_minmaxValueChanges <- subset(C\_stock,  
 C\_stock$C\_dailyChange==min(C\_stock$C\_dailyChange) |  
 C\_stock$C\_dailyChange==max(C\_stock$C\_dailyChange) |  
 C\_stock$C.Volume==min(C\_stock$C.Volume) |  
 C\_stock$C.Volume==max(C\_stock$C.Volume))  
C\_stock\_minmaxValueChanges

## C.Close C.Volume C\_ROI\_dollars C\_dailyChange MonthYear  
## 2007-04-02 510.50 2282100 0.00 510.500000 Apr-2007  
## 2013-04-02 44.11 1005100 -466.39 0.320000 Apr-2013  
## 2015-12-28 52.38 377263800 -458.12 -0.329998 Dec-2015  
## 2008-06-02 214.60 15302800 -295.90 -298.300018 Jun-2008  
## portfolio\_DailyValue portfolio\_prevDay portfolio\_dailyValueChange  
## 2007-04-02 2901.650 2891.963 9.686608  
## 2013-04-02 3433.938 3354.901 79.037872  
## 2015-12-28 5005.455 4984.970 20.485009  
## 2008-06-02 3120.541 3144.698 -24.157199  
## portfolio\_ROI\_dollars Date DayOfWeek Month Year UE\_monthlyRate  
## 2007-04-02 -76.28907 2007-04-02 Monday Apr 2007 4.5  
## 2013-04-02 455.99978 2013-04-02 Tuesday Apr 2013 7.6  
## 2015-12-28 2027.51641 2015-12-28 Monday Dec 2015 5.0  
## 2008-06-02 142.60220 2008-06-02 Monday Jun 2008 5.6  
## portfolio\_DailyVolume portfolio\_prevDayVolume  
## 2007-04-02 572035712 572035712  
## 2013-04-02 258084601 330998801  
## 2015-12-28 975152259 752607802  
## 2008-06-02 464823559 265152951  
## portfolio\_dailyVolumeChange portfolio\_VolumeRatioDaily2Initial  
## 2007-04-02 0 1.0000000  
## 2013-04-02 -72914200 0.4511687  
## 2015-12-28 222544457 1.7047052  
## 2008-06-02 199670608 0.8125779  
## portfolio\_ValueRatioDaily2Initial portfolio\_DailyRatios\_X\_UE  
## 2007-04-02 1.000000 4.500000  
## 2013-04-02 1.183444 4.057888  
## 2015-12-28 1.725038 14.703404  
## 2008-06-02 1.075437 4.893707  
## dayOfMonth portfolio\_poisson  
## 2007-04-02 2 0.25773  
## 2013-04-02 2 0.33619  
## 2015-12-28 28 0.27468  
## 2008-06-02 2 0.06828

From the above information, Monday is the day of the week with the highest and lowest daily change, as well as the highest volume of trade. Tuesday is the day with the lowest volume of trade. The dates to pull an internet search of news articles about Citigroup to analyze public sentiment on Citi stock are:

* April 2, 2007
* April 2, 2013
* December 28, 2015
* June 2, 2008

This should be interesting to see what type of articles are available on line with a google search of those dates and citigroup.

Lets see if there are any other outlier dates to examine by looking at the standard deviation of the daily change on Citigroup stock. We want to see if there are any days where the stock has a daily change more than or less than this amount times three then times two. Because most values will be within the standard deviation for the Gaussian curve.

gg <- ggplot(C\_stock, aes(x=C\_dailyChange))  
gg <- gg + geom\_histogram(binwidth=2, colour="black",   
 aes(y=..density.., fill=..count..))  
gg <- gg + stat\_function(fun=dnorm,  
 color="red",  
 args=list(mean=mean(C\_stock$C\_dailyChange),   
 sd=sd(C\_stock$C\_dailyChange)))  
  
gg



sdC <- sd(C\_stock$C\_dailyChange)  
out <- sdC\*3  
sdC;out

## [1] 32.16953

## [1] 96.50858

The standard error for the daily change in dollars is 32.17 USD and our threshold to find dates outside this normal range of daily change dollar values is 96.51 USD.

Lets add another column to this data set called threshold3 for those daily change values inside the threshold and those outside the threshold.

C\_stock$Threshold3 <- ifelse(C\_stock$C\_dailyChange < out, 'inside','outside')  
  
C\_outer\_SD <- subset(C\_stock, C\_stock$Threshold3=='outside')  
summary(C\_outer\_SD)

## C.Close C.Volume C\_ROI\_dollars C\_dailyChange   
## Min. :330.6 Min. : 2282100 Min. :-179.90 Min. :266.2   
## 1st Qu.:471.2 1st Qu.:13456250 1st Qu.: -39.30 1st Qu.:399.6   
## Median :510.6 Median :19551450 Median : 0.15 Median :441.4   
## Mean :488.2 Mean :30425167 Mean : -22.32 Mean :424.4   
## 3rd Qu.:542.8 3rd Qu.:35952375 3rd Qu.: 32.27 3rd Qu.:475.4   
## Max. :552.5 Max. :81343800 Max. : 42.00 Max. :510.5   
##   
## MonthYear portfolio\_DailyValue portfolio\_prevDay portfolio\_dailyValueChange  
## Apr-2007:1 Min. :2724 Min. :2744 Min. :-85.034   
## Aug-2007:1 1st Qu.:2899 1st Qu.:2878 1st Qu.: -4.048   
## Dec-2007:1 Median :2974 Median :2942 Median : -1.393   
## Feb-2007:1 Mean :3104 Mean :3044 Mean : 59.150   
## Jan-2007:1 3rd Qu.:3343 3rd Qu.:3076 3rd Qu.: 20.755   
## Jul-2007:1 Max. :3656 Max. :3619 Max. :734.207   
## (Other) :6   
## portfolio\_ROI\_dollars Date DayOfWeek   
## Min. :-253.961 Min. :2007-01-03 Length:12   
## 1st Qu.: -79.356 1st Qu.:2007-03-25 Class :character   
## Median : -4.371 Median :2007-06-16 Mode :character   
## Mean : 125.597 Mean :2007-06-17   
## 3rd Qu.: 364.923 3rd Qu.:2007-09-10   
## Max. : 677.926 Max. :2007-12-03   
##   
## Month Year UE\_monthlyRate portfolio\_DailyVolume  
## Length:12 Min. :2007 Min. :4.400 Min. :2.160e+08   
## Class :character 1st Qu.:2007 1st Qu.:4.500 1st Qu.:3.962e+08   
## Mode :character Median :2007 Median :4.600 Median :4.644e+08   
## Mean :2007 Mean :4.617 Mean :5.398e+08   
## 3rd Qu.:2007 3rd Qu.:4.700 3rd Qu.:6.314e+08   
## Max. :2007 Max. :5.000 Max. :1.005e+09   
##   
## portfolio\_prevDayVolume portfolio\_dailyVolumeChange  
## Min. :198190500 Min. :-197842207   
## 1st Qu.:387785669 1st Qu.: -23781530   
## Median :564614969 Median : 26069930   
## Mean :528884214 Mean : 10878309   
## 3rd Qu.:594041737 3rd Qu.: 70618878   
## Max. :971072459 Max. : 124348468   
##   
## portfolio\_VolumeRatioDaily2Initial portfolio\_ValueRatioDaily2Initial  
## Min. :0.3776 Min. :0.9388   
## 1st Qu.:0.6926 1st Qu.:0.9989   
## Median :0.8118 Median :1.0248   
## Mean :0.9436 Mean :1.0696   
## 3rd Qu.:1.1038 3rd Qu.:1.1521   
## Max. :1.7576 Max. :1.2599   
##   
## portfolio\_DailyRatios\_X\_UE dayOfMonth portfolio\_poisson Threshold3   
## Min. :1.654 Min. :1.00 Min. :0.04659 Length:12   
## 1st Qu.:3.696 1st Qu.:1.00 1st Qu.:0.05008 Class :character   
## Median :4.400 Median :1.00 Median :0.05454 Mode :character   
## Mean :4.641 Mean :1.75 Mean :0.13836   
## 3rd Qu.:5.116 3rd Qu.:2.25 3rd Qu.:0.25948   
## Max. :8.297 Max. :4.00 Max. :0.26474   
##

We can see from the above statistics on the subset of Citigroup stock that are outside this threshold that there are 12 dates to select in the range of Jan 2007 through Sep 2008. So we will add those dates to our data set of text scraped news articles on Citigroup.

NLP\_dates\_Citi <- rbind(C\_stock\_minmaxValueChanges, C\_outer\_SD[,-23])  
NLP\_dates\_Citi

## C.Close C.Volume C\_ROI\_dollars C\_dailyChange MonthYear  
## 2007-04-02 510.50 2282100 0.000000 510.500000 Apr-2007  
## 2013-04-02 44.11 1005100 -466.389999 0.320000 Apr-2013  
## 2015-12-28 52.38 377263800 -458.119999 -0.329998 Dec-2015  
## 2008-06-02 214.60 15302800 -295.899994 -298.300018 Jun-2008  
## 2007-04-021 510.50 2282100 0.000000 510.500000 Apr-2007  
## 2007-08-01 468.50 13495700 -42.000000 397.800003 Aug-2007  
## 2007-12-03 330.60 81343800 -179.899994 266.250008 Dec-2007  
## 2007-02-01 547.30 80864600 36.799988 467.409989 Feb-2007  
## 2007-01-03 552.50 43508100 42.000000 488.520000 Jan-2007  
## 2007-07-02 516.40 32822200 5.900024 441.990020 Jul-2007  
## 2007-06-01 545.10 23057000 34.599976 473.939972 Jun-2007  
## 2007-03-01 510.80 8981300 0.299988 440.769989 Mar-2007  
## 2007-05-01 542.00 13337900 31.500000 479.779999 May-2007  
## 2007-11-01 385.10 33433800 -125.399994 322.950004 Nov-2007  
## 2007-10-01 477.20 16045900 -33.299988 402.080009 Oct-2007  
## 2007-09-04 472.10 15929600 -38.399994 400.240005 Sep-2007  
## portfolio\_DailyValue portfolio\_prevDay portfolio\_dailyValueChange  
## 2007-04-02 2901.650 2891.963 9.686608  
## 2013-04-02 3433.938 3354.901 79.037872  
## 2015-12-28 5005.455 4984.970 20.485009  
## 2008-06-02 3120.541 3144.698 -24.157199  
## 2007-04-021 2901.650 2891.963 9.686608  
## 2007-08-01 2778.299 2781.133 -2.834138  
## 2007-12-03 2723.978 2743.972 -19.993872  
## 2007-02-01 3279.015 3281.965 -2.949476  
## 2007-01-03 2977.939 2977.939 0.000000  
## 2007-07-02 2969.196 2946.619 22.576765  
## 2007-06-01 3003.989 3006.774 -2.785581  
## 2007-03-01 2889.381 2896.725 -7.344424  
## 2007-05-01 2957.539 2937.392 20.147648  
## 2007-11-01 3534.398 3619.433 -85.034241  
## 2007-10-01 3655.864 3611.738 44.126353  
## 2007-09-04 3571.178 2836.972 734.206543  
## portfolio\_ROI\_dollars Date DayOfWeek Month Year  
## 2007-04-02 -76.289072 2007-04-02 Monday Apr 2007  
## 2013-04-02 455.999776 2013-04-02 Tuesday Apr 2013  
## 2015-12-28 2027.516411 2015-12-28 Monday Dec 2015  
## 2008-06-02 142.602196 2008-06-02 Monday Jun 2008  
## 2007-04-021 -76.289072 2007-04-02 Monday Apr 2007  
## 2007-08-01 -199.639490 2007-08-01 Wednesday Aug 2007  
## 2007-12-03 -253.960930 2007-12-03 Monday Dec 2007  
## 2007-02-01 301.076786 2007-02-01 Thursday Feb 2007  
## 2007-01-03 0.000000 2007-01-03 Wednesday Jan 2007  
## 2007-07-02 -8.742779 2007-07-02 Monday Jul 2007  
## 2007-06-01 26.049900 2007-06-01 Friday Jun 2007  
## 2007-03-01 -88.557542 2007-03-01 Thursday Mar 2007  
## 2007-05-01 -20.399119 2007-05-01 Tuesday May 2007  
## 2007-11-01 556.459753 2007-11-01 Thursday Nov 2007  
## 2007-10-01 677.925528 2007-10-01 Monday Oct 2007  
## 2007-09-04 593.239860 2007-09-04 Tuesday Sep 2007  
## UE\_monthlyRate portfolio\_DailyVolume portfolio\_prevDayVolume  
## 2007-04-02 4.5 572035712 572035712  
## 2013-04-02 7.6 258084601 330998801  
## 2015-12-28 5.0 975152259 752607802  
## 2008-06-02 5.6 464823559 265152951  
## 2007-04-021 4.5 572035712 572035712  
## 2007-08-01 4.6 686001371 572681959  
## 2007-12-03 5.0 1005429691 971072459  
## 2007-02-01 4.5 933350159 809001691  
## 2007-01-03 4.6 613250413 565411759  
## 2007-07-02 4.7 460278863 658121070  
## 2007-06-01 4.6 381151267 397701502  
## 2007-03-01 4.4 215973129 198190500  
## 2007-05-01 4.4 314742689 233827359  
## 2007-11-01 4.7 468477291 563818179  
## 2007-10-01 4.7 401234791 446710205  
## 2007-09-04 4.7 425224899 358038171  
## portfolio\_dailyVolumeChange portfolio\_VolumeRatioDaily2Initial  
## 2007-04-02 0 1.0000000  
## 2013-04-02 -72914200 0.4511687  
## 2015-12-28 222544457 1.7047052  
## 2008-06-02 199670608 0.8125779  
## 2007-04-021 0 1.0000000  
## 2007-08-01 113319412 1.1992282  
## 2007-12-03 34357232 1.7576345  
## 2007-02-01 124348468 1.6316292  
## 2007-01-03 47838654 1.0720492  
## 2007-07-02 -197842207 0.8046331  
## 2007-06-01 -16550235 0.6663068  
## 2007-03-01 17782629 0.3775518  
## 2007-05-01 80915330 0.5502151  
## 2007-11-01 -95340888 0.8189651  
## 2007-10-01 -45475414 0.7014156  
## 2007-09-04 67186728 0.7433538  
## portfolio\_ValueRatioDaily2Initial portfolio\_DailyRatios\_X\_UE  
## 2007-04-02 1.0000000 4.500000  
## 2013-04-02 1.1834435 4.057888  
## 2015-12-28 1.7250378 14.703404  
## 2008-06-02 1.0754368 4.893707  
## 2007-04-021 1.0000000 4.500000  
## 2007-08-01 0.9574896 5.281943  
## 2007-12-03 0.9387687 8.250061  
## 2007-02-01 1.1300522 8.297218  
## 2007-01-03 1.0262916 5.061081  
## 2007-07-02 1.0232786 3.869810  
## 2007-06-01 1.0352692 3.173112  
## 2007-03-01 0.9957719 1.654204  
## 2007-05-01 1.0192614 2.467577  
## 2007-11-01 1.2180652 4.688499  
## 2007-10-01 1.2599262 4.153540  
## 2007-09-04 1.2307408 4.299916  
## dayOfMonth portfolio\_poisson  
## 2007-04-02 2 0.25773  
## 2013-04-02 2 0.33619  
## 2015-12-28 28 0.27468  
## 2008-06-02 2 0.06828  
## 2007-04-021 2 0.25773  
## 2007-08-01 1 0.05008  
## 2007-12-03 3 0.05723  
## 2007-02-01 1 0.04833  
## 2007-01-03 3 0.05008  
## 2007-07-02 2 0.26474  
## 2007-06-01 1 0.05008  
## 2007-03-01 1 0.04659  
## 2007-05-01 1 0.25411  
## 2007-11-01 1 0.05184  
## 2007-10-01 1 0.26474  
## 2007-09-04 4 0.26474

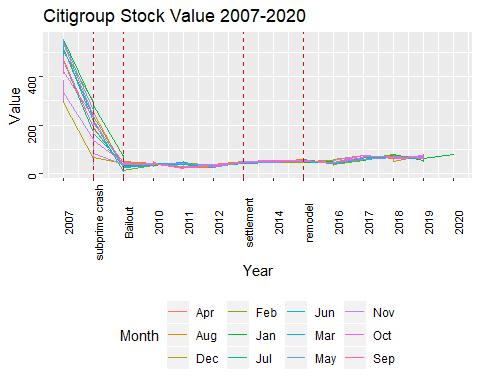
I am going to pull the data from these dates with the Google Search for the specific date on Citigroup stock, put it in a table with the date, the article title, reference, article content, and the comments if available.

Note: when searching the internet, there were limited articles and [most](https://www.nytimes.com/2008/11/23/business/23citi.html) were about Citi’s involvement in the sub-prime mortgage crisis of 2007-2008, and a [bailout](https://www.reuters.com/article/us-citigroup/citigroup-gets-massive-government-bailout-idUSTRE4AJ45G20081124) of Citigroup by the US. For the month and years of the two dates not in or around 2007-2008, there are only two for April 2013 and December 2015. Where Citi settled a [lawsuit](https://www.reuters.com/article/us-citigroup-settlement/citigroup-settles-shareholder-cdo-lawsuit-for-590-million-idUSBRE87S0UA20120829) for covering up bad mortgage loans in August 2012 and a [person reported](https://ficoforums.myfico.com/t5/Credit-Card-Approvals/Citi-Simplicity-Approved-Woohoooooo/td-p/4388074) on a forum about FICO scores how he was approved for a 4600 USD credit card with Citi. There isn’t enough data to rely on the web for NLP on Citigroup for these time frames.

Lets plot this as a simple line chart of the value of the stock over the years.

ggplot(data = C\_stock, aes(x=Year, y=C.Close, group=Month)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Month))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 scale\_x\_continuous(breaks=c(2007,2008,2009,2010,2011,2012,2013,2014,2015,2016,2017,2018,2019,2020),  
 labels=c(2007,'subprime crash','Bailout',2010,2011,2012,'settlement',2014,'remodel',2016,2017,2018,2019,2020))+  
 theme(axis.text = element\_text(colour = "black", angle=90, size = rel(.75)))+  
 geom\_vline(xintercept=c(2008,2009,2013,2015), linetype='dashed', color='red')+  
 ggtitle('Citigroup Stock Value 2007-2020')+  
 ylab('Value')

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We could pull based on the keywords: ‘settlement’, ‘bail-out’, ‘sub-prime loans’, but we would only get the obvious negative sentiment for these keywords. A New York Times article posted an article in Dec 2015 about the remodeling that Citigroup was doing to their offices, but the full article would have to be purchased. The fact that they spent money on remodeling could have some public sentiment of either they aren’t distributing their profits to shareholders or they are making enough profits to spend money on remodeling, which is also reported at the end of the year in 2015 to write off for that tax year. Although, I was told by an accountant that some corporations and small businesses have a different tax year and a quick search on Google returned the fiscal year is any consecutive 12-month business cycle that usually ends at the end of each quarter.

We can see that the volume of trades is highest in December 2015 from our dates, but we should compare this to which quantile this number is within for the volume of trades of Citi stock.

summary(C\_stock$C.Volume)

## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.   
## 1005100 13019600 19493900 26987469 33280800 377263800

We already know that this is the date that the most trades in stock of Citi occured as it is the reason we added this date to our NLP data set of dates to pull information from the web for. The above will refresh the comparisons of the trade volume to this date.

It looks like public sentiment thinks Citi is going back to its old bail-out days of 2007-2008 and not a trust-worthy stock for their personal portfolios. But they are still around, and the fact that people that have a less than trust-worthy credit profile were given a credit card with a high value could indicate some people also consider that they are building a new demographic of people to invest in by earning the trust of those who have sub-par trust worthiness with credit. And, yet some other investors could also think this is a bad move to make as it depends on those same people realizing their mistakes and not making them again. Which really turns into the reason some stocks are volatile to begin with and possibly a reason to understand Game Theory, a class I dropped in my undergrad college. But nonetheless I am a data scientist with other coventional and non-conventional ways of extracting useful information, and this approach uses my math and analytic skills to fully understand the stock market and certain stocks and trends with public sentiment.

On this highest trade day, the daily change in dollars was still within the standard error by only dropping 0.33 USD. Where the standard error is 32.00 USD.

Of note is whether or not those making these trades are doing so to lower their Capital Gains at the end of the year, because there is a slight loss on it to balance out the portfolio. Also, this is the end of the year, possibly the last trading day of the year as it is. Lets look at all monthYear dates equal to Dec-2015 to see if there are any other dates past Dec 28, 2015.

dec2015 <- subset(C\_stock, C\_stock$MonthYear=='Dec-2015')  
tail(dec2015)

## C.Close C.Volume C\_ROI\_dollars C\_dailyChange MonthYear  
## 2015-12-23 52.63 93423000 -457.87 0.620003 Dec-2015  
## 2015-12-24 52.71 119108100 -457.79 0.079998 Dec-2015  
## 2015-12-28 52.38 377263800 -458.12 -0.329998 Dec-2015  
## 2015-12-29 52.98 281369700 -457.52 0.599999 Dec-2015  
## 2015-12-30 52.30 62625000 -458.20 -0.680001 Dec-2015  
## 2015-12-31 51.75 49092600 -458.75 -0.549999 Dec-2015  
## portfolio\_DailyValue portfolio\_prevDay portfolio\_dailyValueChange  
## 2015-12-23 4998.690 4968.045 30.64500  
## 2015-12-24 4984.970 4998.690 -13.72002  
## 2015-12-28 5005.455 4984.970 20.48501  
## 2015-12-29 4738.190 5005.455 -267.26507  
## 2015-12-30 4800.285 4738.190 62.09506  
## 2015-12-31 4707.685 4800.285 -92.59999  
## portfolio\_ROI\_dollars Date DayOfWeek Month Year UE\_monthlyRate  
## 2015-12-23 2020.751 2015-12-23 Wednesday Dec 2015 5  
## 2015-12-24 2007.031 2015-12-24 Thursday Dec 2015 5  
## 2015-12-28 2027.516 2015-12-28 Monday Dec 2015 5  
## 2015-12-29 1760.251 2015-12-29 Tuesday Dec 2015 5  
## 2015-12-30 1822.346 2015-12-30 Wednesday Dec 2015 5  
## 2015-12-31 1729.746 2015-12-31 Thursday Dec 2015 5  
## portfolio\_DailyVolume portfolio\_prevDayVolume  
## 2015-12-23 903674159 619024059  
## 2015-12-24 752607802 903674159  
## 2015-12-28 975152259 752607802  
## 2015-12-29 1248436459 975152259  
## 2015-12-30 534260059 1248436459  
## 2015-12-31 504630159 534260059  
## portfolio\_dailyVolumeChange portfolio\_VolumeRatioDaily2Initial  
## 2015-12-23 284650100 1.5797513  
## 2015-12-24 -151066357 1.3156658  
## 2015-12-28 222544457 1.7047052  
## 2015-12-29 273284200 2.1824450  
## 2015-12-30 -714176400 0.9339628  
## 2015-12-31 -29629900 0.8821655  
## portfolio\_ValueRatioDaily2Initial portfolio\_DailyRatios\_X\_UE  
## 2015-12-23 1.722706 13.607238  
## 2015-12-24 1.717978 11.301424  
## 2015-12-28 1.725038 14.703404  
## 2015-12-29 1.632930 17.818897  
## 2015-12-30 1.654330 7.725412  
## 2015-12-31 1.622417 7.156201  
## dayOfMonth portfolio\_poisson Threshold3  
## 2015-12-23 23 0.27468 inside  
## 2015-12-24 24 0.05723 inside  
## 2015-12-28 28 0.27468 inside  
## 2015-12-29 29 0.05723 inside  
## 2015-12-30 30 0.27468 inside  
## 2015-12-31 31 0.05723 inside

We now know that Dec-28-2015 is not the last trading day of the year, because the 29th through 31st for Tuesday through Thursday are also trading days. There was a fluctuation in dollars earned and lost all under a dollar. Some useful information to add in would be who or where are these trades derived. Are they financial advisors, trust fund managers, independent investors, foreign or national investors, are they hobbyists just playing the stock market on an e-trade, are they educated, experienced, and so on?

To get this information we could first find out how much it costs for a hobbyist to make a trade online from e-trade or similar and whether or not this information is shared on demographics of the stock ownership. We could also look at the American Survey on Census data from the census bureau for numer of financial workers there are and how many people graduated with a BS, MS, or Phd in Finance or Economics. If there is location data on where these stock owners live attach this information gathered to it to make a better inference on this stock and what motivates the trades. Any volunteers?

For now, we will just continue with what we have on hand for Citi. We can answer the question of whether or not, historically there are more trades in December than any other month in our data by grouping by month year and getting the median trades per month and year.

Citi\_trades\_monthYear <- C\_stock %>% group\_by(MonthYear) %>%  
 summarise\_at(vars(colnames(C\_stock[2])), mean)  
Citi\_trades\_monthYear <- Citi\_trades\_monthYear[order(Citi\_trades\_monthYear$C.Volume,decreasing=TRUE),]  
Citi\_trades\_monthYear

## # A tibble: 157 x 2  
## MonthYear C.Volume  
## <fct> <dbl>  
## 1 Dec-2011 102284343.  
## 2 Dec-2012 97253820   
## 3 Feb-2007 94010711.  
## 4 Feb-2008 80151765   
## 5 Dec-2019 79458262.  
## 6 Aug-2019 72849682.  
## 7 Feb-2015 70393405.  
## 8 Dec-2015 67380332.  
## 9 Jan-2010 64943774.  
## 10 Jan-2012 63211745   
## # … with 147 more rows

From the above table ordered from most trades to least trades per month and year by mean number of trades per month, we see that December is in the top 10 month years of high trades in 2011,2012, 2015, and 2019. February has the next highest trades but the years are the same years of the sub-prime mortgage crisis that Citigroup was involved in, but also in 2015. looking at the next top ten months we see that Dec, Jan, and Feb are in the highest mean of the trades per day grouped by month and year. What do we know about Jan and Feb outside of the assumption about December being the last day of the tax year to offset capital gains with capital losses?

Well, I know that being a student, some people get their student loans around winter quarter in January and that many people expecting tax refunds get their refunds in February. We would have to see if there are any other assumptions about these months. But we would be able to ascertain if students receiving an education are investing, and if consumers with tax refunds are using some of that money to invest.There are certainly other assumptions that could be made for why the last month of the year and the first two months of the first quarter are high trade volume days. But for now lets stick with these assumptions.

July starts to show up in the following set of ten top month years from 21-30, as the 30th highest trade month year. Jan and Feb are still in the top 40 high volume trade month years, while June shows up three times in the 30-40 top high volume trade month and years. July could also be the start of the third quarter and the remaining balance on student loans made. Lets see where September/October show up in these top ordered volumes. They are near the end of the top trade months.

So, possibly this indicates no ties to student loan payments, but tax refunds could be likely for February being a high trade month. We definitely know December is a top trade day.

Lets plot this data.

Citi\_trades\_monthYear$Month <- gsub('-[0-9]{4}','',Citi\_trades\_monthYear$MonthYear)  
Citi\_trades\_monthYear$Year <- gsub('[a-zA-z]{3}-','',Citi\_trades\_monthYear$MonthYear)  
  
ggplot(data = Citi\_trades\_monthYear, aes(x=Month, y=C.Volume,group=Year)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Year))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Citigroup Mean Month-Year Trade Volume 2007-2020')+  
 ylab('Trade Volume')

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We can see that December is definitely the highest trading month, then February as the next highest, and January as the third highest trading month.

Lets look at the daily change mean values per month, by grouping by MonthYear and taking the mean value of the daily change, order by highest to smallest, and plot.

Citi\_meanMonthly\_dailyChange <- C\_stock %>% group\_by(MonthYear) %>%   
 summarise\_at(vars(as.vector(colnames(C\_stock))[4]), mean)

Citi\_meanMonthly\_dailyChange$Year <-  
 gsub('[a-zA-Z]{3}-','',Citi\_meanMonthly\_dailyChange$MonthYear)  
Citi\_meanMonthly\_dailyChange$Month <-  
 gsub('-[0-9]{4}','',Citi\_meanMonthly\_dailyChange$MonthYear)  
  
  
ggplot(data = Citi\_meanMonthly\_dailyChange, aes(x=Month, y=C\_dailyChange,group=Year)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Year))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Citigroup Mean Month-Year Daily Change 2007-2020')+  
 ylab('Mean Daily Change Dollars')

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From the above line chart, it is not obvious what years those years having almost no change are.The year 2007 is at the top with the highest positive mean daily change values fluctuating to around 20 USD per day. While the years 2008 and 2009 have the highest negative mean of daily change values per month with average daily decreases around a daily loss of 5-15 USD.

Lets make a bar chart of 2007, 2008, 2009, 2015, and 2019 of this data on mean daily value changes per month.

y4 <- subset(Citi\_meanMonthly\_dailyChange,  
 Citi\_meanMonthly\_dailyChange$Year==2008 |   
 Citi\_meanMonthly\_dailyChange$Year==2009 |   
 Citi\_meanMonthly\_dailyChange$Year==2007 |  
 Citi\_meanMonthly\_dailyChange$Year==2015 |  
 Citi\_meanMonthly\_dailyChange$Year==2019)  
ggplot(data = y4, aes(x=Month, y=C\_dailyChange,fill=Year)) +  
 geom\_bar(stat='identity', position=position\_dodge())+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette='Paired') +  
 geom\_hline(yintercept=0, linetype="dashed", color = "red")+  
 theme\_classic()+  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Citigroup Mean Monthly Daily Dollar Change 2007-2019')+  
 ylab('Mean Daily Change Values')



From the above, we can see the Citigroup stock had increases per day in value from the previous day in 2007, but that in 2008 and 2009 those daily increases turned to daily decreases from day to day as the sub-prime loans collapsed that Citigroup held. And in 2015 and 2019 years after Citigroup’s bailout there was a mean monthly daily change value next to nothing as the daily change from day to day fluctuated around zero dollars for the month.

This could mean it is gaining strength and remains as is safe to buy as it increases. But lets look at the years 2015-2019 to see how the value of the Citigroup stock has faired by month year to confirm this assertion just made.

y4value <- subset(C\_stock, C\_stock$Year>2014)  
y4valMY <- y4value %>% group\_by(MonthYear) %>%  
 summarise\_at(vars(as.vector(colnames(y4value)[1])), mean)

y4valMY$Year <- gsub('[a-zA-Z]{3}-','', y4valMY$MonthYear)  
y4valMY$Month <- gsub('-[0-9]{4}','', y4valMY$MonthYear)  
  
ggplot(data = y4valMY, aes(x=Month, y=C.Close,fill=Year)) +  
 geom\_bar(stat='identity', position=position\_dodge())+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette='Paired') +  
 geom\_hline(yintercept=min(y4valMY$C.Close), linetype="dashed", color = "red")+  
 geom\_hline(yintercept=mean(y4valMY$C.Close), linetype="dashed", color = "black")+  
 theme\_classic()+  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Citigroup Mean Monthly Dollar Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Mean Monthly Dollar Value')



From the above bar chart, we can see that the minimum value is the dashed red line which occured in February 2016. And that every month since 2016 has been above this minimum value. It has almost double from it’s minimum value in January and February 2020.The mean value from 2015-2020 (Jan-Feb) is just above 60 USD which is 1 1/2 times its minimum value.

Lets look at the line chart of this by years 2015-2020.

ggplot(data = y4valMY, aes(x=Year, y=C.Close,group=Month)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Month))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Citigroup Mean Monthly Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Mean Daily Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired



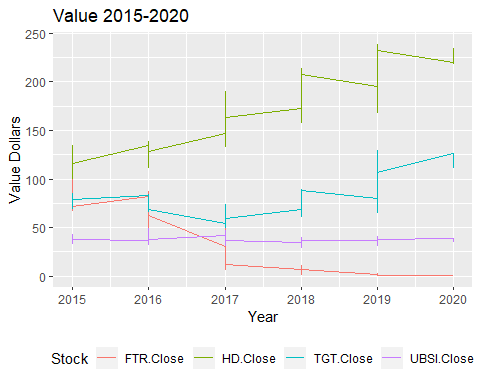
The above line chart of the mean monthly dollar value of the Citigroup stock show that all months move the same direction of decreasing in 2015, increasing in 2016, except for in 2017 and 2018 where 3-6 months decreased and 6-9 months increased monthly mean values. The span of 2019 through 2020 can’t be analyzed yet, but January increased since the year prior. Overall, since 2015 the value has increased from 50-60 USD to between 75-80 USD. This could make it a good stock to have in your portfolio as it has steadily been increasing since it’s historical rough patches of the sub-prime mortgage loan accounts, the public bailout, and the lawsuit settlement payout. But nothing has been in the news about them to discourage investors from dropping this stock from their stock folder.

We saw that Citigroup is maintaining its current value and slightly increasing over the last four years. Lets start subset sampling stocks and look at the changes they have made in value over the last four years. And see if we notice anything we want to further exploit.

Value1 <- StocksSTATS[,c(1:53,160:230)]  
Value2 <- subset(Value1, Year>2014)

sub1 <- Value2[,c(1:4,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:4)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired



The first four stocks in our set of 53 is shown in the line chart above from 2015-2020.

From the above line chart, it is obvious that over the last five years, the pink line for FTR is a terrible stock as it has been on the decline, but we would have to look at it further to see why it has been decreasing in value since 2015.

The olive color line for HD indicates it has been on a steady increase from the 120-125 USD range in 2015 to the 220-225 USD range in 2020.

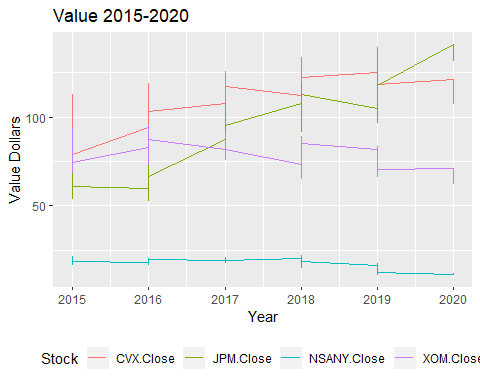
Also, increasing steadily is the blue line for TGT, which started at 75-80 in 2015 and is at 125 in 2020 in value.

The purple line for UBSI has been maintaining steadily from 45 range to 45 range over five years. \*\*\*

Lets look at the next four stocks.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(5:8,115)]  
  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:4)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired

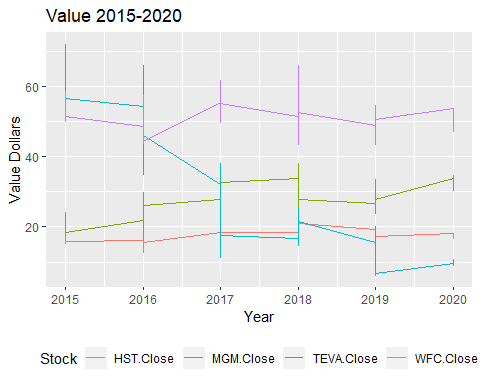


From the above subset of the next four stock in our 53 stocks, we can see that there are two stocks increasing significantly for JPM and CVX. We also note that the XOM and NSANY stocks have decreased over the last five years. \*\*\*

Now for the next four stocks.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(9:12,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:4)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired



The above line chart shows the third subset of four stocks of our 53 stocks.

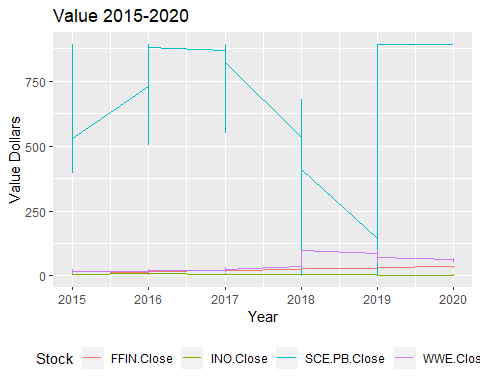
The MGM stock has increased significantly since 2005, and slight increases are shown for WFC and HST though not significantly. There is some cyclical movements in the WFC with 2016 giving a steady increase all year, then declining 2017-2019, and ending with a steady increase in 2019.

The TEVA stock has had a huge loss over the last five years, with the last year showing an an increase slightly. It started at the 55 range in 2015 and is at the 10 range in 2020. This could indicate that it is a good time to buy TEVA, since it is priced low and shows an increase in the last year, where the last four years it has been decreasing annually for each year. This would require further analysis for why it has been decreasing over the last five years. \*\*\*

Now for the next four stocks in our subset four.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(13:16,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:4)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired



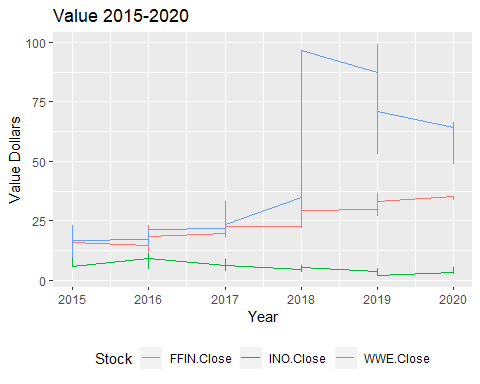
The above line chart shows that SCE.PB is on its own scale that outweighs the scale of the other smaller valued stocks, there is also volatility and cyclical movements in SCE.PB which makes it a good choice to further analyze with timelines of web article events that could have triggered these changes in value of a steady increase in 2015, a high jump increase in 2016, then a steep decline throughout 2017 and 2018, then a huge jump of an increase to the same level at 2016. This is a utility company so government contracts could be involved with all that entails, and possible fires causing damage and settlements in the declining years. But for now it is just speculation and assumptions.

The other stocks are getting limited spotlight above, and they need their own scale as SCE.PB pushed down their scaled visual line charts.

Now for the next four stocks in our subset four.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(13,14,16,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:3)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired



From the above line chart, we see that WWE had a huge jump in 2018 of an increase from the 40 range to the 90 range but then decreased during 2018 and 2019 to a price still much higher at the 60 range than its starting value in 2015 of the 20 range.

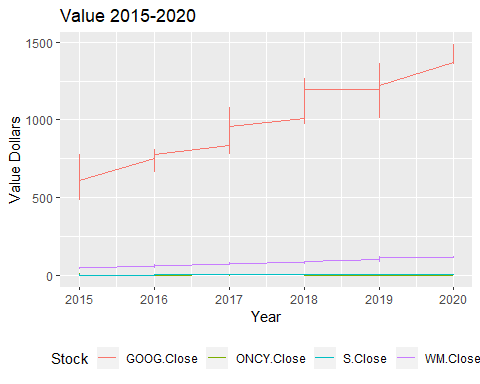
The FFIN stock has been steadily increasing over the last five years with a flat line on the value in 2017 and 2018.

The INO stock has declined since 2016 after an increasing year in 2015, but lost only slightly in value over a five year span returning no profits over that time span.

Now for the next stocks in our subset.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(17:20,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:4)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired

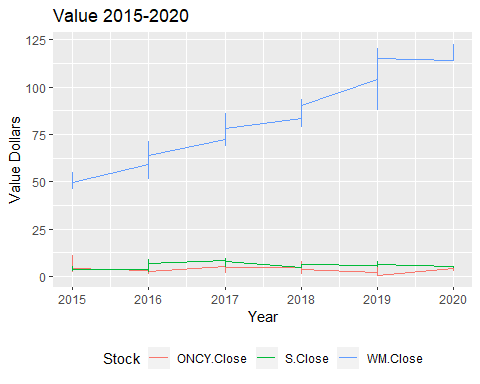


In the above subset of stocks, Google out scales the other three stocks and shows that it has been increasing steadily every year, except 2018 where it is almost the same price all year.

Lets look at the other three stocks that our on a lower scaled value to analyze them.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(18:20,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:3)  
  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 #geom\_hline(yintercept=m15, color='red')  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired



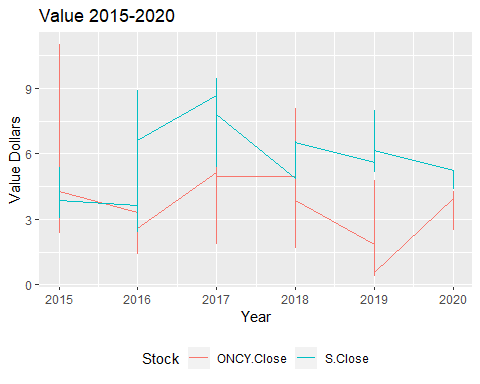
The line chart above shows that WM has increased significantly every year since 2015, with a slight decrease in 2019, but overall has increased from the 50 range in 2015 to the 113 range in 2020.

The ONCY and S stocks have had slight increases and decreases in the last five years but look like they have increased slightly overall from 2015-2020.

Lets look at S and ONCY stocks more closely.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(19:20,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:2)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired

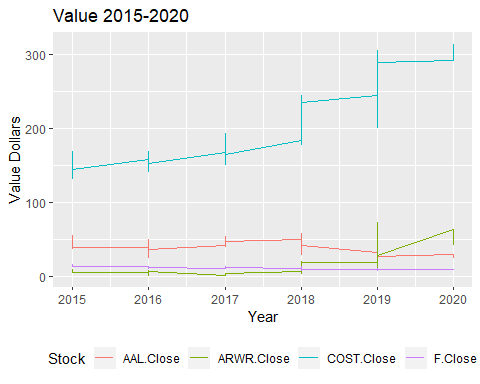


It looks like these two stocks, ONCY and S, have had cyclical patterns in the last five years, and if that is true, then S stock hasn’t reached its cyclical minimum and ONCY stock hasn’t reached it cyclical maximum. And if this is not the case then there are some triggers in the value of this stock in 2016, where they both increased, then steadily decreased in 2017. A global minimum in the last five years is seen in 2019 for ONCY stock, while the global maximums for both stock is in 2017. The start of 2016 showed both stocks had a local minima while S stock had its global minima this year, but only for this last five year period.

Now for the next stocks in our subset.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(21:24,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:4)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired

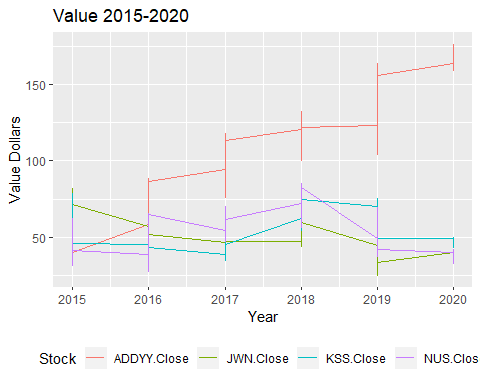


The above subset shows that ARWR and COST stock have been increasing the last two years, but ARWR stock had some near flat changes in value for years 2015, 2016, and 2017. The purple line for Ford is relatively maintaining value, but no increases or decreases of note for Ford in the last five years. The AAL stock had a global maxima in 2018 but overall decreased in value slightly in the last five years. \*\*\*

Now for the next stocks in our subset.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(25:28,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:4)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired

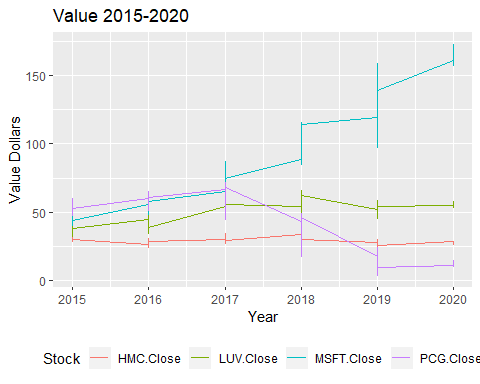


The above line chart shows that ADDYY has been significantly increasing over the last five years it jumped from the 40 USD range to the 165 USD range in 2020. The other three stocks all moved together with slightly different rates of increase and decrease. But the JWN stock lost value over the last five years, while KSS and NUS stocks both increased only marginally after some cyclical rise and falls in value. \*\*\*

Now for the next stocks in our subset.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(29:32,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:4)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired

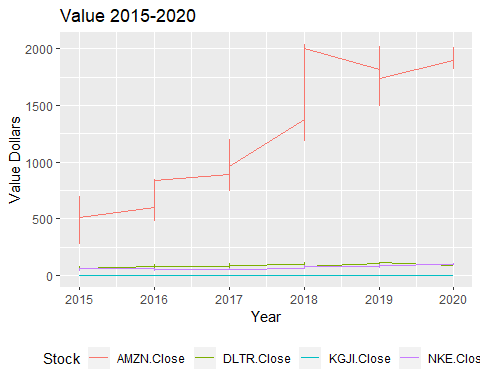


The above line chart shows that MSFT increased steadily the last five years with none of the years having declining values in stock. PCG stock had a local maxima in 2017 but a local minima in 2019 which led to an overall loss in value from 2015-2020. The LUV stock is the olive colored stock that had an increase overall in value by about 10 USD. And the HMC stock slightly stayed the same and may have decreased marginally in the last five years. \*\*\*

Now for the next stocks in our subset.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(33:36,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:4)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired

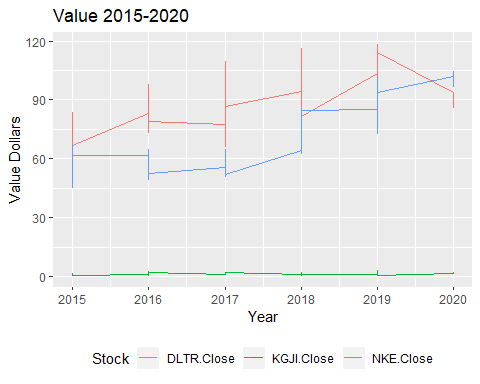


The above line chart shows that AMZN stock is on its own scale and has saw an overall huge jump in value in the last five years, with every year increasing, except in 2018 where it decreased from its local maxima at the start of 2018. Its value in 2015 was in the 500 USD range and at the start of 2020 was in the 1700-1800 USD range.

Lets look at the scale more appropriate for the other three stocks of DLTR, KGJI, and NKE.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(33:35,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:3)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired

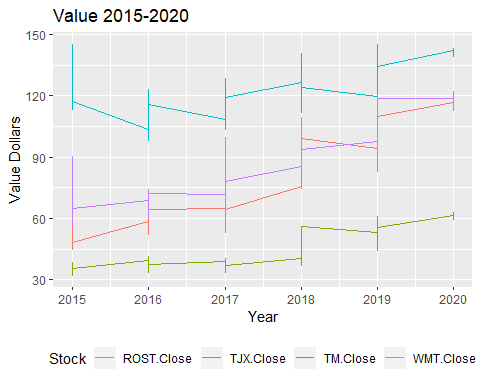


The above line chart shows the smaller scale value changes by year for DLTR, KGJI, and NKE. Both NKE and DLTR stocks have increased in value over the last five years, while DLTR did see a decreasing value throughout the last year of 2019. The KGJI stock showed marginal changes in value over the last five years, with no significant local minimas or local maximas.It does look like a slight increase overall from 2015-2020 for KGJI stock. \*\*\*

Now for the next stocks in our subset.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(37:40,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:4)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired

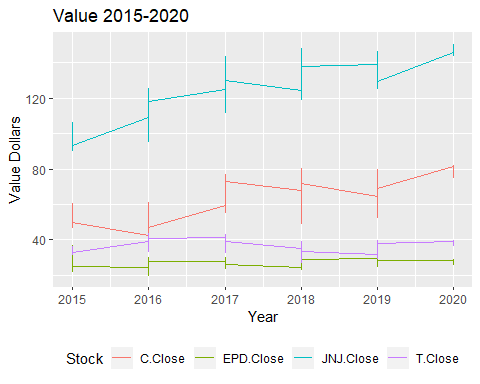


In the above line chart we see that all of the stocks increased noticeably in the last five years. The TM stock had some years that decreased in 2015, 2016, and 2018, but always starts the new year at a higher value than the year before. In 2018 WMT increased, while the other three stocks of TJX, TM, and ROST saw slight decreases. \*\*\*

Now for the next stocks in our subset.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(41:44,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:4)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired

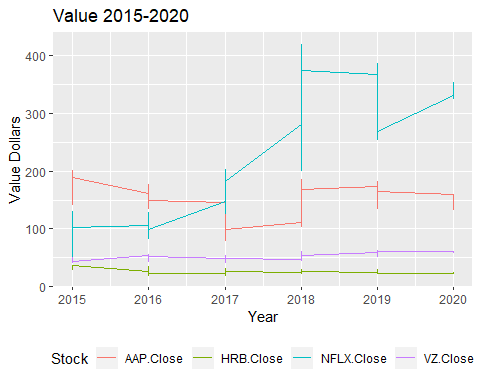


The above line chart also shows an overall increase in value over the last five years with significant jumps in value for C and JNJ stocks. In 2017, there were some decreases in value throughout the year for all these stocks of C, EPD, JNJ, and T stocks, but in two years they all started 2019 at the same values of 2017 and saw increasing values throughout 2019. \*\*\*

Now for the next stocks in our subset.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(45:48,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:4)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired



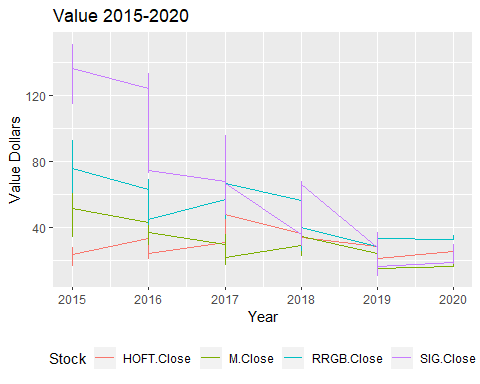
The above line chart shows that NFLX increased significantly while HRB and AAP saw losses over the last five years. VZ stock saw a slight increase in value over the last five years. In 2017 Netflix saw a huge inrease, while in 2018 it stayed somewhat stagnant with a sharp drop in value at the start of 2019 that saw an increasing year throughout 2019.

In 2017, there was a sharp drop in value for AAP, but by the start of 2018 the value increased to a value above the start of 2017.

Now for the last five stocks in our subset.

sub1 <- Value2[,c(49:53,115)]  
sub1tidy <- gather(sub1, 'Stock','Value',1:4)  
  
ggplot(data = sub1tidy, aes(x=Year, y=Value,group=Stock)) +  
 geom\_line(aes(color=Stock))+  
 scale\_y\_continuous()+  
 scale\_fill\_brewer(palette="paired") +  
 theme(legend.position="bottom")+  
 ggtitle('Value 2015-2020')+  
 ylab('Value Dollars')

## Warning in pal\_name(palette, type): Unknown palette paired



Our last set of stock show that RRGB and SIG saw significant losses over the last five years, while M stock showed a smaller loss. HOFT stock saw an increase over the last five years, but only marginally or slightly. In 2017 M stock saw an increasing year for its value after having two years from 2015-2016 see decreasing values throughout those years. M stock and HOFT stock seemed to be negatively correlated for years 2015-2018, with both stocks having different rates of decrease in 2018 and an increase in value of similar rates of increase in 2019. All of these stocks decreased at different rates in 2018, and increased at different rates in 2019. \*\*\*

Lets group by the year and get the mean values over the last five years for each stock value.

Value3 <- Value2[,c(1:53,112,115)]  
  
yearMeans <- Value3 %>% group\_by(Year) %>%  
 summarise\_at(vars(as.vector(colnames(Value3)[1:53])), mean)  
  
yearMeansTidy <- gather(yearMeans,'Stock','YearMeanValue',2:54)  
  
stock5yrMeans <- yearMeansTidy %>% group\_by(Stock) %>%  
 summarise\_at(vars(as.vector(colnames(yearMeansTidy)[3])), mean)  
colnames(stock5yrMeans)[2] <- 'stock5yrMeans'

Stock5year <- merge(stock5yrMeans,yearMeansTidy, by.x='Stock', by.y='Stock')

stock5yrOrdered <- Stock5year[with(Stock5year, order(Stock, Year)),]

Lets add a field that shows if the stock had an increase of 10% during the year and a field that shows if it decreased

ymn <- stock5yrOrdered$YearMeanValue  
YMN <- c(ymn[1],ymn[1:length(ymn)-1])  
  
stc2 <- stock5yrOrdered$Stock  
STC2 <- c('xyz',stc2[1:length(stc2)-1])  
  
STC3 <- ifelse(stc2==STC2, 1,0)  
  
stock5yrOrdered$Direction5yr10PercentChange <- ifelse(STC3==1 & stock5yrOrdered$YearMeanValue-YMN > .10\*YMN,'up10',  
 ifelse(STC3==1 & stock5yrOrdered$YearMeanValue-YMN <= -0.10\*YMN, 'down10',  
 ifelse(STC3==1 & stock5yrOrdered$YearMeanValue-YMN <= 0, 'down', ifelse(STC3==1 & stock5yrOrdered$YearMeanValue-YMN > 0, 'up', ''))))  
  
show1 <- cbind(head(stock5yrOrdered), tail(stock5yrOrdered))  
show1

## Stock stock5yrMeans Year YearMeanValue Direction5yr10PercentChange  
## 2 AAL.Close 38.67371 2015 45.12210   
## 3 AAL.Close 38.67371 2016 38.18385 down10  
## 4 AAL.Close 38.67371 2017 47.49072 up10  
## 1 AAL.Close 38.67371 2018 42.80195 down  
## 5 AAL.Close 38.67371 2019 30.87933 down10  
## 6 AAL.Close 38.67371 2020 27.56429 down10  
## Stock stock5yrMeans Year YearMeanValue Direction5yr10PercentChange  
## 2 XOM.Close 78.737 2015 82.82845   
## 3 XOM.Close 78.737 2016 86.21968 up  
## 4 XOM.Close 78.737 2017 81.86159 down  
## 1 XOM.Close 78.737 2018 79.95570 down  
## 5 XOM.Close 78.737 2019 73.73464 down  
## 6 XOM.Close 78.737 2020 67.82191 down

length(unique(stock5yrOrdered$Stock))

## [1] 53

Lets get these subsets of stocks that within the time span of 2015-2020 increased by more than 10% annually, decreased by 10% or more annually, decreased, or increased.

Stocks10PercentAnnualDecrease2015\_2020 <- subset(stock5yrOrdered, stock5yrOrdered$Direction5yr10PercentChange=='down10')  
  
stocks10Decr <- Stocks10PercentAnnualDecrease2015\_2020 %>% group\_by(Stock) %>% count(n=n())  
colnames(stocks10Decr)[2] <- 'nTimesDecr10\_5yr'  
stocks10Decr <- stocks10Decr[,-3]  
  
Stocks10PercentAnnualIncrease2015\_2020 <- subset(stock5yrOrdered, stock5yrOrdered$Direction5yr10PercentChange=='up10')  
  
stocks10Incr <- Stocks10PercentAnnualIncrease2015\_2020 %>% group\_by(Stock) %>% count(n=n())  
colnames(stocks10Incr)[2] <- 'nTimesIncr10\_5yr'  
stocks10Incr <- stocks10Incr[,-3]  
  
StocksAnnualIncrease2015\_2020 <- subset(stock5yrOrdered, stock5yrOrdered$Direction5yr10PercentChange=='up')  
  
StocksIncrZerobase <- StocksAnnualIncrease2015\_2020 %>% group\_by(Stock) %>% count(n=n())  
colnames(StocksIncrZerobase)[2] <- 'nTimesIncrFromZero\_5yrs'  
StocksIncrZerobase <- StocksIncrZerobase[,-3]  
   
StocksAnnualDecrease2015\_2020 <- subset(stock5yrOrdered, stock5yrOrdered$Direction5yr10PercentChange=='down')  
  
StocksDecrZerobase <- StocksAnnualDecrease2015\_2020 %>% group\_by(Stock) %>% count(n=n())  
colnames(StocksDecrZerobase)[2] <- 'nTimesDecrFromZero\_5yrs'  
StocksDecrZerobase <- StocksDecrZerobase[,-3]

Lets merge these sets together with outer joins.

Stocks5yrChanges\_outerJoin <- merge(stocks10Decr,stocks10Incr, by.x='Stock', by.y='Stock', all=TRUE)  
  
Stocks5yrChanges\_outerJoin1 <- merge(Stocks5yrChanges\_outerJoin,StocksDecrZerobase, by.x='Stock', by.y='Stock', all=TRUE)  
  
Stocks5yrChanges\_outerJoin2 <- merge(Stocks5yrChanges\_outerJoin1,StocksIncrZerobase, by.x='Stock', by.y='Stock', all=TRUE)  
  
stock\_5yr\_stats\_2015\_2020 <- merge(stock5yrOrdered,Stocks5yrChanges\_outerJoin2, by.x='Stock', by.y='Stock', all=TRUE)  
  
length(unique(stock\_5yr\_stats\_2015\_2020$Stock))

## [1] 53

Write this file out to analyze those stocks having decreased and increased the most in the last 5 years.

write.csv(stock\_5yr\_stats\_2015\_2020,'stocks\_STATS\_N\_Changes.csv', row.names=FALSE)

Lets attach the stock name to this data set above by reading in the file with the names on it when hand picking these stocks by searching manually in finance.yahoo.com.

stockNames <- read.csv('yahooStockBasket.csv', header=T, sep=',', na.strings=c('',' '))  
stock\_5yr\_stats\_2015\_2020$Stock <- gsub('[.]Close','', stock\_5yr\_stats\_2015\_2020$Stock)  
stockNames$stock <- gsub('-','.', stockNames$stock)  
  
stock\_5yr\_stats\_2015\_2020$Stock <- as.factor(stock\_5yr\_stats\_2015\_2020$Stock)  
StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020 <- merge(stockNames,stock\_5yr\_stats\_2015\_2020,  
 by.x='stock', by.y='Stock')  
  
StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesDecr10\_5yr <-  
 ifelse(is.na(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesDecr10\_5yr==TRUE),  
 0,StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesDecr10\_5yr)  
  
StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesIncr10\_5yr <-  
 ifelse(is.na(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesIncr10\_5yr==TRUE),  
 0,StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesIncr10\_5yr)  
  
StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesDecrFromZero\_5yrs <-  
 ifelse(is.na(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesDecrFromZero\_5yrs==TRUE),  
 0,StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesDecrFromZero\_5yrs)  
  
StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesIncrFromZero\_5yrs <-  
 ifelse(is.na(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesIncrFromZero\_5yrs==TRUE),  
 0,StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesIncrFromZero\_5yrs)  
  
StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$Direction5yr10PercentChange <-  
 ifelse(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$Direction5yr10PercentChange=='',0,StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$Direction5yr10PercentChange)  
  
write.csv(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020, 'StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020.csv', row.names=FALSE)  
  
show2 <- rbind(head(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020,3),tail(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020,3))  
show2

## stock  
## 1 AAL  
## 2 AAL  
## 3 AAL  
## 316 XOM  
## 317 XOM  
## 318 XOM  
## stockInfo  
## 1 American Airlines Group Inc. (AAL)\nNasdaqGS - NasdaqGS Real Time Price. Currency in USD  
## 2 American Airlines Group Inc. (AAL)\nNasdaqGS - NasdaqGS Real Time Price. Currency in USD  
## 3 American Airlines Group Inc. (AAL)\nNasdaqGS - NasdaqGS Real Time Price. Currency in USD  
## 316 Exxon Mobil Corporation (XOM)\nNYSE - NYSE Delayed Price. Currency in USD  
## 317 Exxon Mobil Corporation (XOM)\nNYSE - NYSE Delayed Price. Currency in USD  
## 318 Exxon Mobil Corporation (XOM)\nNYSE - NYSE Delayed Price. Currency in USD  
## stockExchange stock5yrMeans Year YearMeanValue Direction5yr10PercentChange  
## 1 Nasdaq 38.67371 2018 42.80195 down  
## 2 Nasdaq 38.67371 2017 47.49072 up10  
## 3 Nasdaq 38.67371 2020 27.56429 down10  
## 316 NYSE 78.73700 2017 81.86159 down  
## 317 NYSE 78.73700 2019 73.73464 down  
## 318 NYSE 78.73700 2015 82.82845 0  
## nTimesDecr10\_5yr nTimesIncr10\_5yr nTimesDecrFromZero\_5yrs  
## 1 3 1 1  
## 2 3 1 1  
## 3 3 1 1  
## 316 0 0 4  
## 317 0 0 4  
## 318 0 0 4  
## nTimesIncrFromZero\_5yrs  
## 1 0  
## 2 0  
## 3 0  
## 316 1  
## 317 1  
## 318 1

length(unique(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$stock))

## [1] 53

Lets the mean annual unemployment rates using the original table to combine with this table of the n times a stock increases/decreases per year in the last five years.

ue$Annual <- round(rowMeans(ue[,2:13], na.rm=T),2)  
ue\_15\_20 <- ue[9:14,c(1,14)]  
colnames(ue\_15\_20)[2] <- 'Annual\_UE'

Now, combine the unemployment and the newest stats with counts table.

stock\_5yrs\_ue <- merge(ue\_15\_20,StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020, by.x='Year', by.y='Year')

Add in a boolean field to show if the YearMeanValue is greater than the Stock5yrMeans column as a 1 if true and a 0 if not.

stock\_5yrs\_ue$YearMeanGreaterThan5yrMean <- ifelse(stock\_5yrs\_ue$YearMeanValue >  
 stock\_5yrs\_ue$stock5yrMeans,1,0)

write.csv(stock\_5yrs\_ue,'stock\_2015-2020\_ue.csv',row.names=FALSE)

Make separate portfolios for each of the stocks that increased by more than 10% annually more than at least 1 time, decreased more than 10% annually more than at least 1 time, then get the mean value of the YearMeanValue column. Compare this to the portfolio of the stocks that never decreased more than 10% annually.

sub\_D10 <- subset(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020, StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesDecr10\_5yr > 0)  
  
  
D10\_2015 <- subset(sub\_D10, sub\_D10$Year==2015)  
D10\_2020 <- subset(sub\_D10, sub\_D10$Year==2020)  
  
md10\_2015 <- mean(D10\_2015$YearMeanValue)  
md10\_2020 <- mean(D10\_2020$YearMeanValue)  
md10\_2015

## [1] 67.18499

md10\_2020

## [1] 65.57645

ROI\_D10 <- md10\_2020/md10\_2015  
ROI\_D10

## [1] 0.9760581

d10\_startValue <- md10\_2015\*length(unique(D10\_2015$stock))  
d10\_endValue <- md10\_2020\*length(unique(D10\_2020$stock))  
d10\_startValue

## [1] 2149.92

d10\_endValue

## [1] 2098.446

The above values show the 2015 average stock value of those stocks that decreased more than 10 percent in the last five years more than once was 67 USD. And in 2020 those stocks decreased in value to 66 USD giving it a five year ROI in the last five years of 0.976, or a decline of 2.4 percent in value. The 2015 value of this portfolio of stocks was 2150 USD, and in 2020 the portfolio value of the stocks was 2098 USD showing the dollar decrease over five years.

sub\_nvr\_D10 <- subset(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020, StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesDecr10\_5yr == 0)  
  
nD10\_2015 <- subset(sub\_nvr\_D10, sub\_nvr\_D10$Year==2015)  
nD10\_2020 <- subset(sub\_nvr\_D10, sub\_nvr\_D10$Year==2020)  
  
mnD10\_2015 <- mean(nD10\_2015$YearMeanValue)  
mnD10\_2020 <- mean(nD10\_2020$YearMeanValue)  
mnD10\_2015

## [1] 109.2018

mnD10\_2020

## [1] 272.5558

ROI\_nD10 <- mnD10\_2020/mnD10\_2015  
ROI\_nD10

## [1] 2.495891

nD10\_startValue <- mnD10\_2015\*length(unique(nD10\_2015$stock))  
nD10\_endValue <- mnD10\_2020\*length(unique(nD10\_2020$stock))  
nD10\_startValue

## [1] 2293.238

nD10\_endValue

## [1] 5723.671

The above numbers show the mean stock value of those stocks that never decreased by more than 10 percent in 2015-2020. The 2015 average stock price of these stocks was 109 USD, and in 2020 the average price was 273 USD. This was a ROI of 2.49 or 249 percent, which means it more than doubled in value over the last five years. The 2015 portfolio price of these specific stock were 2293 USD and in 2020 the portfolio price was 5724 USD. This shows that having a stock that never decreases by more than 10 percent in five years could be a good stock to buy.

Lets now do the reverse and look at those stocks that increased more than 10% at least three times in the last five years of 2015-2020 and compare the means.

sub\_I10 <- subset(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020,   
 StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesIncr10\_5yr > 3)  
  
sub\_nvr\_I10 <- subset(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020,  
 StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesIncr10\_5yr == 0)  
  
m2015 <- subset(sub\_I10, sub\_I10$Year==2015)  
m2020 <- subset(sub\_I10, sub\_I10$Year==2020)  
  
pm\_2015 <- mean(m2015$YearMeanValue)  
pm\_2020 <- mean(m2020$YearMeanValue)  
  
ROI\_incr10\_3x <- pm\_2020/pm\_2015  
ROI\_incr10\_3x

## [1] 2.553548

I10\_3\_startValue <- pm\_2015\*length(unique(m2015$stock))  
I10\_3\_endValue <- pm\_2020\*length(unique(m2020$stock))  
I10\_3\_startValue

## [1] 823.0797

I10\_3\_endValue

## [1] 2101.773

mn\_2015 <- subset(sub\_nvr\_I10, sub\_nvr\_I10$Year==2015)  
mn\_2020 <- subset(sub\_nvr\_I10, sub\_nvr\_I10$Year==2020)  
  
pmn\_2015 <- mean(mn\_2015$YearMeanValue)  
pmn\_2020 <- mean(mn\_2020$YearMeanValue)  
  
ROI\_nvr10 <- pmn\_2020/pmn\_2015  
ROI\_nvr10

## [1] 0.5342204

nI10\_startValue <- pmn\_2015\*length(unique(mn\_2015$stock))  
nI10\_endValue <- pmn\_2020\*length(unique(mn\_2020$stock))  
nI10\_startValue

## [1] 502.048

nI10\_endValue

## [1] 268.2043

From the above, we can see that those stocks that never increased by more than 10 percent during the last five years lost almost half their 2015 start value of 502 USD in 2015 and 268 USD in 2020 and having a ROI ratio of 0.53. On the other hand, the stocks that increased by more than 10 percent at least three times during the last five years had a ROI ratio of 2.55, a 2015 portfolio value of 823 USD and a 2020 portfolio value of 2102 USD.

Now lets look at those stocks that increased at least one time in the last five years but never by more than 10 percent.

sub\_Iz <- subset(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020, StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesIncrFromZero\_5yr > 0)  
  
Iz\_2015 <- subset(sub\_Iz, sub\_Iz$Year==2015)  
Iz\_2020 <- subset(sub\_Iz, sub\_Iz$Year==2020)  
  
Iz\_2015 <- subset(sub\_Iz, sub\_Iz$Year==2015)  
Iz\_2020 <- subset(sub\_Iz, sub\_Iz$Year==2020)  
  
m\_Iz\_2015 <- mean(Iz\_2015$YearMeanValue)  
m\_Iz\_2020 <- mean(Iz\_2020$YearMeanValue)  
m\_Iz\_2015

## [1] 100.1005

m\_Iz\_2020

## [1] 194.7926

ROI\_Iz <- m\_Iz\_2020/m\_Iz\_2015  
ROI\_Iz

## [1] 1.945971

p\_Iz\_2015 <- m\_Iz\_2015\*length(unique(sub\_Iz$stock))  
p\_Iz\_2020 <- m\_Iz\_2020\*length(unique(sub\_Iz$stock))  
p\_Iz\_2015

## [1] 3503.518

p\_Iz\_2020

## [1] 6817.742

From the data above, the 2015 average stock price of 100 USD for the stock that had an increasing year at least one time in the last five years but not by more than 10 percent of the last year value. The 2020 average stock price increased to 195 USD, with an ROI of 1.95 or 195 percent. The 2015 portfolio value was 3504 USD and in 2020 the portfolio value increased to 6818 USD. This makes sense that those stocks that increase are good to have as they are making you money, but even if they don’t increase by more than 10 percent in any year, when combined with other increasing stock they can nearly double your investment over five years.

Here are the stocks that never increased in the last five years.

sub\_nvr\_Iz <- subset(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020, StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$nTimesIncrFromZero\_5yr == 0)  
  
nIz\_2015 <- subset(sub\_nvr\_Iz, sub\_nvr\_Iz$Year==2015)  
nIz\_2020 <- subset(sub\_nvr\_Iz, sub\_nvr\_Iz$Year==2020)  
  
m\_nIz\_2015 <- mean(nIz\_2015$YearMeanValue)  
m\_nIz\_2020 <- mean(nIz\_2020$YearMeanValue)  
m\_nIz\_2015

## [1] 52.2022

m\_nIz\_2020

## [1] 55.79861

ROI\_nIz <- m\_nIz\_2020/m\_nIz\_2015  
ROI\_nIz

## [1] 1.068894

nIz\_startValue <- m\_nIz\_2015\*length(unique(nIz\_2015$stock))  
nIz\_endValue <- m\_nIz\_2020\*length(unique(nIz\_2020$stock))  
nIz\_startValue

## [1] 939.6396

nIz\_endValue

## [1] 1004.375

From the above we have a portfolio of stock that never increased from zero, but might have increased by more than 10 percent.This variable was designed to capture exactly those stocks that did not increase by more than 10 percent but did increase some. This portfolio has a 2015 average stock value of 52 USD and this value increases to 56 USD in 2020 with an ROI of 1.07 or a five year interest of 7 percent. The 2015 portfolio value was 940 USD and in 2020 the portfolio value was 1004 USD. \*\*\*

Lets get the entire 53 stock portfolio mean value in 2015 and compare to the same 53 stock portfolio mean value in 2020.

p2015 <- subset(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020, StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$Year==2015)  
p2020 <- subset(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020, StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$Year==2020)  
  
pm2015 <- mean(p2015$YearMeanValue)  
pm2020 <- mean(p2020$YearMeanValue)  
  
pm2015

## [1] 83.83316

pm2020

## [1] 147.5871

ROI\_all <- pm2020/pm2015  
ROI\_all

## [1] 1.760486

pm2015\*length(unique(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$stock))

## [1] 4443.157

pm2020\*length(unique(StockNames\_STATS\_2015\_2020$stock))

## [1] 7822.117

The portfolio mean was 84 USD in 2015 and 147 USD in 2020. The 2015 portfolio was valued at 4443 USD and in 2020 at 7822 USD for all stocks. The ROI is 1.76, which is good because you almost doubled the loan with all 53 of these stocks in five years spanning 2015-2020.

76/5

## [1] 15.2

So, with a return of 76% on top of the value invested in 2015 figuratively for this example, that is 15.2% annual interest earned each of five years. This is called pooling, that the wins over compensate for the losses and it is used in health insurance companies as well as financial portfolios like 401k investment tools.

What would the ROI be for all stocks that increased during the last five years by more than 10 per cent?

incr\_10\_2015 <- subset(sub\_I10, sub\_I10$Year==2015)  
mean\_incr\_10\_2015 <- mean(incr\_10\_2015$YearMeanValue)  
  
incr\_10\_2020 <- subset(sub\_I10, sub\_I10$Year==2020)  
mean\_incr\_10\_2020 <- mean(incr\_10\_2020$YearMeanValue)  
  
mean\_incr\_10\_2015

## [1] 117.5828

mean\_incr\_10\_2020

## [1] 300.2533

ROI\_Incr\_10 <- mean\_incr\_10\_2020/mean\_incr\_10\_2015  
ROI\_Incr\_10

## [1] 2.553548

value2015 <- mean\_incr\_10\_2015\*length(unique(sub\_I10$stock))  
value2020 <- mean\_incr\_10\_2020\*length(unique(sub\_I10$stock))  
  
value2015

## [1] 823.0797

value2020

## [1] 2101.773

The **return on investment** is more than doubled to 2102 USD over five years from a value of 823 USD in 2015 by selecting only the stocks in this portfolio of stocks that increased by more than 10% at least once in the last 5 years. The return of the ratio of the mean value in 2020 to 2015 is 2.55, which means the portfolio more than doubled.

But how do we or how can we know what stocks to select now that will increase many times as long as we have the investment? Can machine learning be built from this data set to find the stocks in this sample that produce good indicating features of other stocks that could be profitable to buy? We will develop this as we progress through this portfolio. We would also want indicators that would tell if certain stocks look like a good prospect but are actually going to be on a steady decline that translates to financial loss as long as you own them.

There are four sets of counts for those that increased more than 10%, decreased more than 10%, increased more than zero but less than 10%, and decreased more than zero but less than 10% within the five year span from 2015-2020. Lets see if there is a better subset of choices for a better market portfolio.

Lets add a five year poisson column using lambda=(unemployment rate), time=(nTimesIncr10\_5yr), and k=(YearMeanGreaterThan5yrMean).We will use the best subset so far of the stocks that increased by more than 10% annually in at least 3 out of the last five years.

ue2 <- stock\_5yrs\_ue$Annual\_UE  
t <- stock\_5yrs\_ue$nTimesIncr10\_5yr  
k <- stock\_5yrs\_ue$YearMeanGreaterThan5yrMean  
stock\_5yrs\_ue$poisson5yrUE <- round((exp(-ue2\*t)\*(ue2\*t)^k)/(factorial(k)),5)

Lets get a subset of those stocks that have cyclical patterns within five years, so that we have three years the stock increases more than 10% exactly 3 times, and two years where the stock decreases less than 10% exactly 2 times. Separately, get the stocks it increases greater than 10% exactly 3 times, and decreases more than 10% exactly 2 times. Also get the reverse of these values

cyclical <- subset(stock\_5yrs\_ue, stock\_5yrs\_ue$nTimesIncr10\_5yr==3 & (stock\_5yrs\_ue$nTimesDecr10\_5yr==2 | stock\_5yrs\_ue$nTimesDecrFromZero\_5yrs==2))  
  
cyclical2 <- subset(stock\_5yrs\_ue, stock\_5yrs\_ue$nTimesIncrFromZero\_5yrs >=2 & (stock\_5yrs\_ue$nTimesDecr10\_5yr >= 2 | stock\_5yrs\_ue$nTimesDecrFromZero\_5yrs >= 2))  
  
c1 <- as.character(unique(cyclical$stock))  
c2 <- as.character(unique(cyclical2$stock))  
cycle <- c(c1,c2)  
cycle1 <- as.data.frame(cycle)  
colnames(cycle1) <- 'Stock'  
  
portCycle <- merge(cycle1,stock\_5yrs\_ue, by.x='Stock', by.y='stock')  
portCycle\_2015 <- subset(portCycle, Year==2015)  
portCycle\_2020 <- subset(portCycle, Year==2020)  
  
pc\_mean2015 <- mean(portCycle\_2015$YearMeanValue)  
pc\_mean2020 <- mean(portCycle\_2020$YearMeanValue)  
  
pc\_mean2015

## [1] 36.228

pc\_mean2020

## [1] 37.91673

ROI\_pc <- pc\_mean2020/pc\_mean2015  
ROI\_pc

## [1] 1.046614

startValue <- pc\_mean2015\*length(unique(portCycle\_2015$Stock))  
endValue <- pc\_mean2020\*length(unique(portCycle\_2020$Stock))  
  
startValue

## [1] 434.736

endValue

## [1] 455.0007

The above shows that the **cyclical stocks that have highs and lows the time span of the loan aren’t great investments**, as these stocks started at 435 USD in 2015 but ended with a portfolio value of 455 USD over a five year time span from 2015-2020. The ratio of average stock in 2020 to average stock in 2015 is 1.04, which means it earned 4 perent interest over 5 years or less than 1 percent interest a year. This is equivalent to most bank savings accounts. It is good they at least stayed the same and didn’t cause the portfolio to lose money, and we can assume those stocks that do decrease continuously will be the stocks that lose money. We should look at the columns we added earlier that calculated the ROI dollars for each stock and see the average number of times the stock closes at a decreasing value over the span of the original data. Then use those outcomes to rank the stock a poor, average, good, or great stock to buy.

Lets use the StocksSTATS table with the 230 columns of ROI for each stock from the start in 2007 throughout 2020 and the daily changes for each stock for the same time span. We could add cumulative sum columns to each stock or just plot the daily changes for each of the 53 stocks and see if we notice any patterns and compare the the final recording ROI from the initial investment. Maybe see if some of these stocks are good to jump on, like a wave to increase value of the portfolio, or drop the stock at some point to keep the portfolio from dropping in value.

dailyChange <- grep('dailyChange',colnames(StocksSTATS))  
DailyChanges <- StocksSTATS[,c(dailyChange,218:222,229)]  
summary(DailyChanges)

## TGT\_dailyChange FTR\_dailyChange UBSI\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-66.41001 Min. :-81.00000 Min. :-16.2500   
## 1st Qu.: -0.51000 1st Qu.: -0.90000 1st Qu.: -0.3500   
## Median : 0.03000 Median : 0.00000 Median : 0.0000   
## Mean : 0.03247 Mean : 0.00026 Mean : 0.0115   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.57000 3rd Qu.: 0.75000 3rd Qu.: 0.3300   
## Max. : 59.93000 Max. :235.68000 Max. : 34.8000   
## HD\_dailyChange JPM\_dailyChange XOM\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-199.42000 Min. :-88.18999 Min. :-23.84000   
## 1st Qu.: -0.43999 1st Qu.: -0.51000 1st Qu.: -0.58000   
## Median : 0.06000 Median : 0.02000 Median : 0.00000   
## Mean : 0.07046 Mean : 0.03574 Mean : 0.02144   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.67000 3rd Qu.: 0.58000 3rd Qu.: 0.61000   
## Max. : 57.01999 Max. : 48.24000 Max. : 76.16000   
## CVX\_dailyChange NSANY\_dailyChange MGM\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-56.84000 Min. :-15.639999 Min. :-73.43000   
## 1st Qu.: -0.78000 1st Qu.: -0.170000 1st Qu.: -0.30000   
## Median : 0.08000 Median : 0.000000 Median : 0.01000   
## Mean : 0.03602 Mean : 0.003793 Mean : 0.00842   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.88000 3rd Qu.: 0.170000 3rd Qu.: 0.32000   
## Max. : 74.83000 Max. : 21.540001 Max. : 71.58000   
## TEVA\_dailyChange HST\_dailyChange WFC\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-30.11000 Min. :-13.010280 Min. :-18.84000   
## 1st Qu.: -0.38000 1st Qu.: -0.190000 1st Qu.: -0.37000   
## Median : -0.02000 Median : 0.010000 Median : 0.00000   
## Mean : 0.00209 Mean : 0.005251 Mean : 0.01532   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.34000 3rd Qu.: 0.200000 3rd Qu.: 0.38000   
## Max. : 38.18000 Max. : 26.206558 Max. : 34.01000   
## WWE\_dailyChange INO\_dailyChange SCE.PB\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-69.75000 Min. :-11.520000 Min. :-890.0000   
## 1st Qu.: -0.18000 1st Qu.: -0.120000 1st Qu.: -19.0000   
## Median : 0.01000 Median : 0.000000 Median : 0.0000   
## Mean : 0.02161 Mean : 0.000623 Mean : 0.2712   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.21000 3rd Qu.: 0.080000 3rd Qu.: 22.0000   
## Max. : 67.69000 Max. : 13.320000 Max. : 886.0000   
## FFIN\_dailyChange GOOG\_dailyChange WM\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-28.191665 Min. :-1170.0303 Min. :-84.98000   
## 1st Qu.: -0.120000 1st Qu.: -3.1314 1st Qu.: -0.23000   
## Median : 0.006667 Median : 0.2989 Median : 0.05000   
## Mean : 0.010121 Mean : 0.3702 Mean : 0.03492   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.155000 3rd Qu.: 4.4200 3rd Qu.: 0.34000   
## Max. : 9.840002 Max. : 344.4899 Max. : 34.65000   
## ONCY\_dailyChange S\_dailyChange F\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-25.08000 Min. :-14.830000 Min. :-6.200001   
## 1st Qu.: -0.28500 1st Qu.: -0.100000 1st Qu.:-0.120000   
## Median : 0.00000 Median : 0.000000 Median : 0.000000   
## Mean : 0.00017 Mean : 0.001874 Mean : 0.002782   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.19000 3rd Qu.: 0.090000 3rd Qu.: 0.120000   
## Max. : 41.23000 Max. : 19.299999 Max. : 9.780000   
## ARWR\_dailyChange COST\_dailyChange AAL\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-49.50000 Min. :-245.26999 Min. :-42.66000   
## 1st Qu.: -0.20000 1st Qu.: -0.60000 1st Qu.: -0.36000   
## Median : 0.00000 Median : 0.10000 Median : 0.00000   
## Mean : 0.00856 Mean : 0.08749 Mean : 0.00819   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.20000 3rd Qu.: 0.90000 3rd Qu.: 0.37000   
## Max. : 50.91000 Max. : 93.68001 Max. : 45.05000   
## JWN\_dailyChange NUS\_dailyChange HMC\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-38.08000 Min. :-96.59000 Min. :-13.20000   
## 1st Qu.: -0.54000 1st Qu.: -0.41000 1st Qu.: -0.31000   
## Median : 0.03000 Median : 0.02000 Median : 0.00000   
## Mean : 0.01022 Mean : 0.01292 Mean : 0.00792   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.58000 3rd Qu.: 0.52000 3rd Qu.: 0.30000   
## Max. : 53.74000 Max. : 95.71001 Max. : 34.69000   
## AMZN\_dailyChange T\_dailyChange HRB\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-1939.1100 Min. :-15.26000 Min. :-14.630001   
## 1st Qu.: -2.4300 1st Qu.: -0.22000 1st Qu.: -0.220001   
## Median : 0.3200 Median : 0.02000 Median : 0.010000   
## Mean : 0.5272 Mean : 0.01149 Mean : 0.007173   
## 3rd Qu.: 4.1200 3rd Qu.: 0.24000 3rd Qu.: 0.230001   
## Max. : 1078.1600 Max. : 39.46000 Max. : 21.260000   
## RRGB\_dailyChange ADDYY\_dailyChange PCG\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-43.2600 Min. :-138.60000 Min. :-36.91000   
## 1st Qu.: -0.5200 1st Qu.: -0.45000 1st Qu.: -0.34000   
## Median : 0.0000 Median : 0.04000 Median : 0.03000   
## Mean : 0.0101 Mean : 0.04728 Mean : 0.00304   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.5600 3rd Qu.: 0.57001 3rd Qu.: 0.35000   
## Max. : 42.7500 Max. : 48.06000 Max. : 49.44000   
## ROST\_dailyChange JNJ\_dailyChange NFLX\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-109.62500 Min. :-87.02000 Min. :-368.0886   
## 1st Qu.: -0.19000 1st Qu.: -0.38000 1st Qu.: -0.4286   
## Median : 0.02750 Median : 0.03000 Median : 0.0143   
## Mean : 0.03336 Mean : 0.03929 Mean : 0.0813   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.32500 3rd Qu.: 0.50000 3rd Qu.: 0.6243   
## Max. : 35.09000 Max. : 60.10000 Max. : 216.5200   
## M\_dailyChange KSS\_dailyChange DLTR\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-35.46000 Min. :-31.74000 Min. :-98.37333   
## 1st Qu.: -0.40000 1st Qu.: -0.59000 1st Qu.: -0.32667   
## Median : 0.02000 Median : 0.01000 Median : 0.02333   
## Mean : 0.00472 Mean : 0.01508 Mean : 0.03467   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.44000 3rd Qu.: 0.61000 3rd Qu.: 0.46000   
## Max. : 45.06000 Max. : 77.49000 Max. : 37.19000   
## WMT\_dailyChange C\_dailyChange AAP\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-74.62000 Min. :-298.300 Min. :-131.92001   
## 1st Qu.: -0.39000 1st Qu.: -0.680 1st Qu.: -0.74000   
## Median : 0.04000 Median : -0.010 Median : 0.04000   
## Mean : 0.03604 Mean : 0.021 Mean : 0.05023   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.46000 3rd Qu.: 0.650 3rd Qu.: 0.85001   
## Max. : 47.40000 Max. : 510.500 Max. : 87.86001   
## JBLU\_dailyChange MSFT\_dailyChange KGJI\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-10.390000 Min. :-140.49000 Min. :-7.820000   
## 1st Qu.: -0.139999 1st Qu.: -0.29000 1st Qu.:-0.020000   
## Median : 0.000000 Median : 0.03000 Median : 0.000000   
## Mean : 0.005087 Mean : 0.04222 Mean : 0.000182   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.140000 3rd Qu.: 0.39000 3rd Qu.: 0.020000   
## Max. : 14.690000 Max. : 56.19000 Max. : 9.090000   
## EPD\_dailyChange TJX\_dailyChange HOFT\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-14.510001 Min. :-53.93750 Min. :-23.229999   
## 1st Qu.: -0.170000 1st Qu.: -0.14250 1st Qu.: -0.240000   
## Median : 0.015000 Median : 0.02000 Median : 0.000000   
## Mean : 0.008679 Mean : 0.01693 Mean : 0.006511   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.195000 3rd Qu.: 0.21250 3rd Qu.: 0.250000   
## Max. : 15.875000 Max. : 21.21500 Max. : 22.400002   
## LUV\_dailyChange NKE\_dailyChange TM\_dailyChange VZ\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-42.8500 Min. :-88.72500 Min. :-47.61000 Min. :-25.92523   
## 1st Qu.: -0.2100 1st Qu.: -0.23250 1st Qu.: -0.84000 1st Qu.: -0.29000   
## Median : 0.0100 Median : 0.02750 Median : -0.02000 Median : 0.02814   
## Mean : 0.0164 Mean : 0.02852 Mean : 0.04084 Mean : 0.01833   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.2500 3rd Qu.: 0.31750 3rd Qu.: 0.85999 3rd Qu.: 0.31888   
## Max. : 25.0600 Max. : 29.47000 Max. :126.92000 Max. : 35.31607   
## SIG\_dailyChange Date DayOfWeek Month   
## Min. :-75.22000 Min. :2007-01-03 Length:3293 Length:3293   
## 1st Qu.: -0.61000 1st Qu.:2010-04-12 Class :character Class :character   
## Median : 0.03000 Median :2013-07-18 Mode :character Mode :character   
## Mean : 0.00509 Mean :2013-07-16   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.61000 3rd Qu.:2016-10-21   
## Max. : 50.72000 Max. :2020-01-31   
## Year UE\_monthlyRate dayOfMonth   
## Min. :2007 Min. : 3.500 Min. : 1.00   
## 1st Qu.:2010 1st Qu.: 4.600 1st Qu.: 8.00   
## Median :2013 Median : 5.600 Median :16.00   
## Mean :2013 Mean : 6.282 Mean :15.74   
## 3rd Qu.:2016 3rd Qu.: 8.200 3rd Qu.:23.00   
## Max. :2020 Max. :10.000 Max. :31.00

dailyChangesColSums <- as.data.frame(colSums(DailyChanges[1:53]))  
colnames(dailyChangesColSums) <- 'avgDailyChange\_2007\_2020'  
row.names(dailyChangesColSums) <- gsub('\_dailyChange','',row.names(dailyChangesColSums))  
head(dailyChangesColSums,5)

## avgDailyChange\_2007\_2020  
## TGT 106.91  
## FTR 0.87  
## UBSI 37.87  
## HD 232.02  
## JPM 117.69

The DOW Industrial Jones average was also downloaded from [Yahoo Finance](https://finance.yahoo.com/quote/%5EDJI/history/) to see a bigger picture of these daily changes by adding in the change in the DOW. We will upload it to our data and put the daily change values into a new column with the Close of the DOW daily.

dow <- read.csv('DOW.csv', sep=',', header=T, na.strings=c('',' '))  
head(dow)

## Date Open High Low Close Adj.Close Volume  
## 1 2007-01-03 12459.54 12580.35 12404.82 12474.52 12474.52 327200000  
## 2 2007-01-04 12473.16 12510.41 12403.86 12480.69 12480.69 259060000  
## 3 2007-01-05 12480.05 12480.13 12365.41 12398.01 12398.01 235220000  
## 4 2007-01-08 12392.01 12445.92 12337.37 12423.49 12423.49 223500000  
## 5 2007-01-09 12424.77 12466.43 12369.17 12416.60 12416.60 225190000  
## 6 2007-01-10 12417.00 12451.61 12355.63 12442.16 12442.16 226570000

Lets keep the date, close, and volume columns.

dow1 <- dow[,c(1,5,7)]  
colnames(dow1) <- c('Date','DOW\_Daily\_Close','DOW\_Daily\_Volume')  
head(dow1)

## Date DOW\_Daily\_Close DOW\_Daily\_Volume  
## 1 2007-01-03 12474.52 327200000  
## 2 2007-01-04 12480.69 259060000  
## 3 2007-01-05 12398.01 235220000  
## 4 2007-01-08 12423.49 223500000  
## 5 2007-01-09 12416.60 225190000  
## 6 2007-01-10 12442.16 226570000

Now add in a daily change column to the dow1 table.

dow\_a <- dow1$DOW\_Daily\_Close  
dow\_b <- c(0,dow\_a)  
dow\_c <- dow\_b[1:(length(dow\_b)-1)]  
dow1$DOW\_Daily\_Change <- dow1$DOW\_Daily\_Close-dow\_c  
head(dow1)

## Date DOW\_Daily\_Close DOW\_Daily\_Volume DOW\_Daily\_Change  
## 1 2007-01-03 12474.52 327200000 12474.519531  
## 2 2007-01-04 12480.69 259060000 6.170899  
## 3 2007-01-05 12398.01 235220000 -82.680664  
## 4 2007-01-08 12423.49 223500000 25.480468  
## 5 2007-01-09 12416.60 225190000 -6.890625  
## 6 2007-01-10 12442.16 226570000 25.560547

Lets attach the daily change of the DOW to the table of daily changes per stock we made earlier and compare.

dow1$Date <- as.Date(dow1$Date)  
DailyChanges2 <- merge(DailyChanges, dow1, by.x='Date', by.y='Date')  
colnames(DailyChanges2)

## [1] "Date" "TGT\_dailyChange" "FTR\_dailyChange"   
## [4] "UBSI\_dailyChange" "HD\_dailyChange" "JPM\_dailyChange"   
## [7] "XOM\_dailyChange" "CVX\_dailyChange" "NSANY\_dailyChange"   
## [10] "MGM\_dailyChange" "TEVA\_dailyChange" "HST\_dailyChange"   
## [13] "WFC\_dailyChange" "WWE\_dailyChange" "INO\_dailyChange"   
## [16] "SCE.PB\_dailyChange" "FFIN\_dailyChange" "GOOG\_dailyChange"   
## [19] "WM\_dailyChange" "ONCY\_dailyChange" "S\_dailyChange"   
## [22] "F\_dailyChange" "ARWR\_dailyChange" "COST\_dailyChange"   
## [25] "AAL\_dailyChange" "JWN\_dailyChange" "NUS\_dailyChange"   
## [28] "HMC\_dailyChange" "AMZN\_dailyChange" "T\_dailyChange"   
## [31] "HRB\_dailyChange" "RRGB\_dailyChange" "ADDYY\_dailyChange"   
## [34] "PCG\_dailyChange" "ROST\_dailyChange" "JNJ\_dailyChange"   
## [37] "NFLX\_dailyChange" "M\_dailyChange" "KSS\_dailyChange"   
## [40] "DLTR\_dailyChange" "WMT\_dailyChange" "C\_dailyChange"   
## [43] "AAP\_dailyChange" "JBLU\_dailyChange" "MSFT\_dailyChange"   
## [46] "KGJI\_dailyChange" "EPD\_dailyChange" "TJX\_dailyChange"   
## [49] "HOFT\_dailyChange" "LUV\_dailyChange" "NKE\_dailyChange"   
## [52] "TM\_dailyChange" "VZ\_dailyChange" "SIG\_dailyChange"   
## [55] "DayOfWeek" "Month" "Year"   
## [58] "UE\_monthlyRate" "dayOfMonth" "DOW\_Daily\_Close"   
## [61] "DOW\_Daily\_Volume" "DOW\_Daily\_Change"

Lets add an indicator for increasing or decreasing unemployment rate per month.

DailyChanges2$lastMonth\_UE\_rate <-  
 c(DailyChanges2$UE\_monthlyRate[1],  
 DailyChanges2$UE\_monthlyRate[1:length(DailyChanges2$UE\_monthlyRate)-1])  
  
DailyChanges2$increasingMonthly\_UE\_rate <- ifelse((DailyChanges2$UE\_monthlyRate-DailyChanges2$lastMonth\_UE\_rate) > 0, 1, 0)

Save this file to csv.

write.csv(DailyChanges2, 'DailyChanges\_UE\_DOW\_07\_20.csv', row.names=FALSE)

Lets see a summary of our date with summaries when the unemployment rate increased the next month and the DOW daily changes increased the next day and separately a subset of the DOW decreasing daily.This will see if the DOW is affected by the increasing unemployment rate or not. And also show which stocks are increasing when the DOW is decreasing and unemployment rate increasing to indicate great public sentiment for those stocks during poor public sentiment about the state of the economy.

dow\_up\_ue\_up <- subset(DailyChanges2, DailyChanges2$increasingMonthly\_UE\_rate==1 &   
 DailyChanges2$DOW\_Daily\_Change >= 0)  
  
dow\_down\_ue\_up <- subset(DailyChanges2, DailyChanges2$increasingMonthly\_UE\_rate==1 &   
 DailyChanges2$DOW\_Daily\_Change < 0)

Summary of the DOW up and unemployment up:

summary(dow\_up\_ue\_up)

## Date TGT\_dailyChange FTR\_dailyChange UBSI\_dailyChange   
## Min. :2007-04-02 Min. :-46.9000 Min. :-81.00 Min. :-10.700   
## 1st Qu.:2009-04-16 1st Qu.:-13.2650 1st Qu.:-40.95 1st Qu.: -4.000   
## Median :2013-01-02 Median : -6.5100 Median : -3.15 Median : -1.120   
## Mean :2013-03-11 Mean : -0.7819 Mean : 13.59 Mean : 0.489   
## 3rd Qu.:2017-02-15 3rd Qu.: 7.5500 3rd Qu.: 10.20 3rd Qu.: 3.860   
## Max. :2020-01-02 Max. : 59.9300 Max. :235.68 Max. : 34.800   
## HD\_dailyChange JPM\_dailyChange XOM\_dailyChange CVX\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-198.220 Min. :-83.210 Min. :-23.840 Min. :-40.880   
## 1st Qu.: -6.020 1st Qu.: -7.530 1st Qu.: -7.665 1st Qu.:-15.290   
## Median : 2.790 Median : 1.840 Median : -2.420 Median : 3.410   
## Mean : -8.685 Mean : -2.735 Mean : 1.085 Mean : -1.455   
## 3rd Qu.: 22.855 3rd Qu.: 7.700 3rd Qu.: 6.285 3rd Qu.: 8.180   
## Max. : 41.820 Max. : 48.240 Max. : 76.160 Max. : 74.830   
## NSANY\_dailyChange MGM\_dailyChange TEVA\_dailyChange HST\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-11.7900 Min. :-57.280 Min. :-23.680 Min. :-13.0103   
## 1st Qu.: -4.2400 1st Qu.: -8.315 1st Qu.: -6.195 1st Qu.: -4.3800   
## Median : 0.2600 Median : -0.780 Median : -1.280 Median : 0.1700   
## Mean : 0.1368 Mean : -1.060 Mean : 3.095 Mean : 0.1865   
## 3rd Qu.: 2.1000 3rd Qu.: 5.685 3rd Qu.: 9.995 3rd Qu.: 4.6449   
## Max. : 21.5400 Max. : 71.580 Max. : 37.410 Max. : 26.2066   
## WFC\_dailyChange WWE\_dailyChange INO\_dailyChange SCE.PB\_dailyChange  
## Min. :-18.840 Min. :-55.090 Min. :-10.8800 Min. :-878.000   
## 1st Qu.: -7.195 1st Qu.: -4.690 1st Qu.: -1.8000 1st Qu.:-414.000   
## Median : -2.110 Median : 0.290 Median : -1.0000 Median : 16.000   
## Mean : -1.618 Mean : 1.587 Mean : 0.3177 Mean : 6.774   
## 3rd Qu.: 3.285 3rd Qu.: 4.820 3rd Qu.: 3.2150 3rd Qu.: 362.500   
## Max. : 34.010 Max. : 67.690 Max. : 13.3200 Max. : 857.000   
## FFIN\_dailyChange GOOG\_dailyChange WM\_dailyChange ONCY\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-27.0050 Min. :-1170.03 Min. :-81.960 Min. :-15.105   
## 1st Qu.: -0.1725 1st Qu.: -72.16 1st Qu.: -1.530 1st Qu.: -4.037   
## Median : 0.8500 Median : 32.93 Median : 2.970 Median : -0.760   
## Mean : -0.6908 Mean : -41.75 Mean : -2.227 Mean : 2.146   
## 3rd Qu.: 3.0767 3rd Qu.: 168.05 3rd Qu.: 10.125 3rd Qu.: 5.035   
## Max. : 9.8400 Max. : 267.46 Max. : 34.650 Max. : 28.690   
## S\_dailyChange F\_dailyChange ARWR\_dailyChange COST\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-14.8300 Min. :-5.520 Min. :-49.500 Min. :-245.270   
## 1st Qu.: -4.0250 1st Qu.:-1.775 1st Qu.: -8.215 1st Qu.: -8.480   
## Median : -0.1800 Median :-0.600 Median : -0.470 Median : 12.580   
## Mean : 0.3581 Mean : 0.129 Mean : 1.236 Mean : -8.776   
## 3rd Qu.: 1.8500 3rd Qu.: 0.800 3rd Qu.: 9.550 3rd Qu.: 24.215   
## Max. : 19.3000 Max. : 9.780 Max. : 49.000 Max. : 76.860   
## AAL\_dailyChange JWN\_dailyChange NUS\_dailyChange HMC\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-28.6000 Min. :-36.350 Min. :-42.910 Min. :-9.7300   
## 1st Qu.: -6.9450 1st Qu.:-16.185 1st Qu.:-13.845 1st Qu.:-4.3500   
## Median : 0.0500 Median : -1.520 Median : -2.010 Median :-0.9600   
## Mean : -0.2045 Mean : -1.158 Mean : -4.774 Mean : 0.7997   
## 3rd Qu.: 5.3500 3rd Qu.: 7.755 3rd Qu.: 4.405 3rd Qu.: 3.1850   
## Max. : 45.0500 Max. : 53.740 Max. : 20.330 Max. :34.6900   
## AMZN\_dailyChange T\_dailyChange HRB\_dailyChange RRGB\_dailyChange  
## Min. :-1939.11 Min. :-13.89000 Min. :-14.6300 Min. :-33.04   
## 1st Qu.: -3.79 1st Qu.: -5.51000 1st Qu.: -3.9850 1st Qu.:-19.39   
## Median : 40.42 Median : -0.20000 Median : -0.1100 Median : 1.02   
## Mean : -33.22 Mean : 0.02839 Mean : -0.5958 Mean : -4.03   
## 3rd Qu.: 216.99 3rd Qu.: 3.72000 3rd Qu.: 2.0500 3rd Qu.: 7.43   
## Max. : 899.08 Max. : 39.46000 Max. : 21.2600 Max. : 39.10   
## ADDYY\_dailyChange PCG\_dailyChange ROST\_dailyChange JNJ\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-127.610 Min. :-24.670 Min. :-104.5000 Min. :-87.020   
## 1st Qu.: -12.300 1st Qu.: -2.170 1st Qu.: 0.4012 1st Qu.: -8.945   
## Median : 3.770 Median : 0.700 Median : 1.9225 Median : 0.850   
## Mean : -5.184 Mean : 3.108 Mean : -4.3563 Mean : -2.412   
## 3rd Qu.: 16.255 3rd Qu.: 6.950 3rd Qu.: 6.1050 3rd Qu.: 11.580   
## Max. : 44.310 Max. : 49.440 Max. : 35.0900 Max. : 60.100   
## NFLX\_dailyChange M\_dailyChange KSS\_dailyChange DLTR\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-342.307 Min. :-34.4400 Min. :-31.740 Min. :-95.987   
## 1st Qu.: -3.334 1st Qu.:-14.3050 1st Qu.: -9.950 1st Qu.: -3.310   
## Median : 2.124 Median : 1.1500 Median : -1.500 Median : 2.647   
## Mean : -4.954 Mean : -0.9623 Mean : 1.922 Mean : -5.528   
## 3rd Qu.: 26.558 3rd Qu.: 10.6000 3rd Qu.: 10.290 3rd Qu.: 8.771   
## Max. : 210.520 Max. : 45.0600 Max. : 77.490 Max. : 24.700   
## WMT\_dailyChange C\_dailyChange AAP\_dailyChange JBLU\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-73.960 Min. :-294.400 Min. :-127.1000 Min. :-9.9600   
## 1st Qu.: -6.650 1st Qu.: -17.600 1st Qu.: -4.7650 1st Qu.:-3.5800   
## Median : 0.540 Median : -1.570 Median : 4.3000 Median :-0.0200   
## Mean : -3.403 Mean : 11.267 Mean : 0.7365 Mean :-0.1635   
## 3rd Qu.: 8.530 3rd Qu.: 9.565 3rd Qu.: 23.3150 3rd Qu.: 1.6400   
## Max. : 47.400 Max. : 510.500 Max. : 87.8600 Max. :11.9000   
## MSFT\_dailyChange KGJI\_dailyChange EPD\_dailyChange TJX\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-140.490 Min. :-1.9700 Min. :-14.5100 Min. :-52.1600   
## 1st Qu.: -4.260 1st Qu.:-0.6050 1st Qu.: -3.1300 1st Qu.: -0.6175   
## Median : 6.110 Median :-0.3200 Median : -0.1400 Median : 1.8675   
## Mean : -3.038 Mean : 0.2361 Mean : -0.5506 Mean : -1.7903   
## 3rd Qu.: 14.225 3rd Qu.: 0.5200 3rd Qu.: 2.9700 3rd Qu.: 4.8825   
## Max. : 56.190 Max. : 7.5600 Max. : 15.8750 Max. : 21.2150   
## HOFT\_dailyChange LUV\_dailyChange NKE\_dailyChange TM\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-19.6400 Min. :-40.830 Min. :-81.700 Min. :-41.950   
## 1st Qu.: -4.4550 1st Qu.: -6.485 1st Qu.: -1.359 1st Qu.:-19.645   
## Median : -2.1300 Median : -1.450 Median : 2.765 Median : -6.110   
## Mean : -0.5397 Mean : -2.059 Mean : -2.018 Mean : -2.171   
## 3rd Qu.: 3.1850 3rd Qu.: 6.880 3rd Qu.: 11.512 3rd Qu.: 4.820   
## Max. : 20.9100 Max. : 21.740 Max. : 29.470 Max. :126.920   
## VZ\_dailyChange SIG\_dailyChange DayOfWeek Month   
## Min. :-20.6356 Min. :-55.5000 Length:31 Length:31   
## 1st Qu.: -3.7856 1st Qu.:-19.9650 Class :character Class :character   
## Median : -0.1100 Median : -1.1300 Mode :character Mode :character   
## Mean : -0.1209 Mean : -0.4039   
## 3rd Qu.: 4.5250 3rd Qu.: 17.5700   
## Max. : 35.3161 Max. : 50.7200   
## Year UE\_monthlyRate dayOfMonth DOW\_Daily\_Close  
## Min. :2007 Min. :3.600 Min. :1.000 Min. : 7762   
## 1st Qu.:2009 1st Qu.:4.450 1st Qu.:1.000 1st Qu.:11253   
## Median :2013 Median :5.100 Median :1.000 Median :13668   
## Mean :2013 Mean :6.142 Mean :1.581 Mean :16184   
## 3rd Qu.:2016 3rd Qu.:8.500 3rd Qu.:2.000 3rd Qu.:20192   
## Max. :2020 Max. :9.900 Max. :4.000 Max. :28869   
## DOW\_Daily\_Volume DOW\_Daily\_Change lastMonth\_UE\_rate  
## Min. : 74050000 Min. : 2.471 Min. :3.500   
## 1st Qu.:148865000 1st Qu.: 36.360 1st Qu.:4.350   
## Median :213700000 Median :114.949 Median :5.000   
## Mean :217756129 Mean :129.052 Mean :5.977   
## 3rd Qu.:307650000 3rd Qu.:200.670 3rd Qu.:8.300   
## Max. :388480000 Max. :348.580 Max. :9.800   
## increasingMonthly\_UE\_rate  
## Min. :1   
## 1st Qu.:1   
## Median :1   
## Mean :1   
## 3rd Qu.:1   
## Max. :1

Summary of the DOW down and unemployment down:

summary(dow\_down\_ue\_up)

## Date TGT\_dailyChange FTR\_dailyChange UBSI\_dailyChange   
## Min. :2007-12-03 Min. :-47.520 Min. :-72.150 Min. :-16.220   
## 1st Qu.:2008-10-17 1st Qu.:-20.555 1st Qu.:-53.700 1st Qu.: -5.790   
## Median :2009-09-01 Median : -7.550 Median : -5.250 Median : -0.850   
## Mean :2011-04-15 Mean : -8.380 Mean :-11.453 Mean : -3.033   
## 3rd Qu.:2013-09-02 3rd Qu.: -1.405 3rd Qu.: 2.175 3rd Qu.: 1.535   
## Max. :2019-10-01 Max. : 22.310 Max. :192.700 Max. : 4.450   
## HD\_dailyChange JPM\_dailyChange XOM\_dailyChange CVX\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-199.420 Min. :-64.650 Min. :-19.6700 Min. :-29.880   
## 1st Qu.: -7.195 1st Qu.: -7.430 1st Qu.:-10.5250 1st Qu.:-14.040   
## Median : 0.670 Median : -0.300 Median : 0.5000 Median : -5.660   
## Mean : -6.023 Mean : -5.855 Mean : -0.9374 Mean : -2.875   
## 3rd Qu.: 11.375 3rd Qu.: 4.255 3rd Qu.: 7.5250 3rd Qu.: 8.705   
## Max. : 55.200 Max. : 7.560 Max. : 24.9600 Max. : 34.630   
## NSANY\_dailyChange MGM\_dailyChange TEVA\_dailyChange HST\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-15.640 Min. :-73.43 Min. :-13.220 Min. :-12.247   
## 1st Qu.: -7.670 1st Qu.:-53.83 1st Qu.: -3.925 1st Qu.: -9.090   
## Median : -3.450 Median : -5.75 Median : 2.760 Median : -2.130   
## Mean : -3.421 Mean :-18.56 Mean : 3.083 Mean : -3.406   
## 3rd Qu.: 1.000 3rd Qu.: 3.68 3rd Qu.: 6.490 3rd Qu.: 1.055   
## Max. : 10.350 Max. : 56.48 Max. : 38.180 Max. : 4.810   
## WFC\_dailyChange WWE\_dailyChange INO\_dailyChange SCE.PB\_dailyChange  
## Min. :-18.260 Min. :-55.790 Min. :-8.8000 Min. :-879.0   
## 1st Qu.: -7.755 1st Qu.: -3.205 1st Qu.:-2.6800 1st Qu.:-608.5   
## Median : -5.520 Median : -1.320 Median :-1.0000 Median : -58.0   
## Mean : -2.947 Mean : -3.239 Mean :-0.1611 Mean :-103.1   
## 3rd Qu.: 3.100 3rd Qu.: 0.610 3rd Qu.: 3.0900 3rd Qu.: 285.0   
## Max. : 9.350 Max. : 15.740 Max. : 7.2000 Max. : 729.0   
## FFIN\_dailyChange GOOG\_dailyChange WM\_dailyChange ONCY\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-24.2067 Min. :-848.61 Min. :-84.980 Min. :-19.950   
## 1st Qu.: -0.1592 1st Qu.: -60.75 1st Qu.: -3.010 1st Qu.: -8.645   
## Median : 1.0133 Median : 25.88 Median : -1.300 Median : -5.700   
## Mean : -0.1642 Mean : -35.57 Mean : -2.921 Mean : -1.166   
## 3rd Qu.: 1.8629 3rd Qu.: 79.80 3rd Qu.: 3.305 3rd Qu.: 2.708   
## Max. : 3.6650 Max. : 165.49 Max. : 25.400 Max. : 34.010   
## S\_dailyChange F\_dailyChange ARWR\_dailyChange COST\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-11.980 Min. :-5.380 Min. :-31.200 Min. :-227.820   
## 1st Qu.:-10.695 1st Qu.:-3.500 1st Qu.:-25.150 1st Qu.: -14.105   
## Median : -2.190 Median :-1.710 Median : -5.500 Median : 5.930   
## Mean : -3.012 Mean :-1.140 Mean : -9.518 Mean : -6.886   
## 3rd Qu.: 1.510 3rd Qu.: 1.135 3rd Qu.: -0.890 3rd Qu.: 14.720   
## Max. : 9.050 Max. : 4.780 Max. : 15.420 Max. : 55.300   
## AAL\_dailyChange JWN\_dailyChange NUS\_dailyChange HMC\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-33.490 Min. :-32.290 Min. :-75.570 Min. :-13.200   
## 1st Qu.: -9.750 1st Qu.:-19.460 1st Qu.: -8.070 1st Qu.: -6.905   
## Median : -6.380 Median :-12.070 Median : -1.180 Median : -2.430   
## Mean : -4.933 Mean : -8.785 Mean : -3.667 Mean : -2.399   
## 3rd Qu.: 3.420 3rd Qu.: 3.345 3rd Qu.: 3.035 3rd Qu.: 1.020   
## Max. : 20.530 Max. : 12.880 Max. : 41.580 Max. : 9.830   
## AMZN\_dailyChange T\_dailyChange HRB\_dailyChange RRGB\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-1685.38 Min. :-15.260 Min. :-10.1000 Min. :-29.840   
## 1st Qu.: -14.44 1st Qu.: -9.550 1st Qu.: -2.5000 1st Qu.:-21.235   
## Median : 11.82 Median : -2.150 Median : -0.0300 Median : -7.640   
## Mean : -58.88 Mean : -2.689 Mean : 0.1426 Mean : -6.002   
## 3rd Qu.: 57.96 3rd Qu.: 3.460 3rd Qu.: 2.2100 3rd Qu.: 4.840   
## Max. : 254.85 Max. : 9.980 Max. : 14.5700 Max. : 20.720   
## ADDYY\_dailyChange PCG\_dailyChange ROST\_dailyChange JNJ\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-114.700 Min. :-36.9100 Min. :-99.39750 Min. :-60.6500   
## 1st Qu.: -14.550 1st Qu.: -6.8350 1st Qu.: 0.06875 1st Qu.: -7.9600   
## Median : 0.950 Median : 0.5500 Median : 2.10500 Median : 2.6200   
## Mean : -4.267 Mean : -0.7774 Mean : -2.43053 Mean : -0.2811   
## 3rd Qu.: 9.335 3rd Qu.: 2.4800 3rd Qu.: 3.72000 3rd Qu.: 9.0450   
## Max. : 45.600 Max. : 36.1400 Max. : 12.96000 Max. : 31.4200   
## NFLX\_dailyChange M\_dailyChange KSS\_dailyChange DLTR\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-290.35286 Min. :-23.290 Min. :-31.300 Min. :-91.7233   
## 1st Qu.: -0.00286 1st Qu.:-17.480 1st Qu.:-16.285 1st Qu.: -1.3917   
## Median : 1.10714 Median :-13.550 Median : -7.260 Median : 3.6000   
## Mean : -12.92707 Mean : -6.327 Mean : -7.433 Mean : -0.2938   
## 3rd Qu.: 3.03357 3rd Qu.: 5.530 3rd Qu.: 2.655 3rd Qu.: 4.8650   
## Max. : 30.90000 Max. : 14.980 Max. : 20.100 Max. : 28.9500   
## WMT\_dailyChange C\_dailyChange AAP\_dailyChange JBLU\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-66.390 Min. :-298.30 Min. :-102.160 Min. :-10.390   
## 1st Qu.: -3.830 1st Qu.:-201.40 1st Qu.: -5.170 1st Qu.: -4.100   
## Median : 5.480 Median : -91.20 Median : 2.260 Median : -0.200   
## Mean : 1.438 Mean : -97.17 Mean : 1.378 Mean : -1.680   
## 3rd Qu.: 10.335 3rd Qu.: 2.37 3rd Qu.: 7.135 3rd Qu.: 0.445   
## Max. : 17.570 Max. : 266.25 Max. : 46.750 Max. : 2.850   
## MSFT\_dailyChange KGJI\_dailyChange EPD\_dailyChange TJX\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-104.940 Min. :-3.7200 Min. :-12.7250 Min. :-47.8125   
## 1st Qu.: -9.850 1st Qu.:-0.6300 1st Qu.: -3.2000 1st Qu.: -0.2062   
## Median : -1.670 Median :-0.3400 Median : -0.0800 Median : 1.0200   
## Mean : -5.594 Mean :-0.4168 Mean : -0.3142 Mean : -1.1578   
## 3rd Qu.: 3.825 3rd Qu.:-0.1200 3rd Qu.: 2.5650 3rd Qu.: 2.5537   
## Max. : 30.260 Max. : 1.4100 Max. : 6.8200 Max. : 5.8875   
## HOFT\_dailyChange LUV\_dailyChange NKE\_dailyChange TM\_dailyChange   
## Min. :-15.410 Min. :-38.580 Min. :-67.750 Min. :-47.61   
## 1st Qu.: -5.810 1st Qu.: -3.530 1st Qu.: -2.794 1st Qu.:-30.57   
## Median : -1.770 Median : -0.010 Median : 0.765 Median : -7.82   
## Mean : -3.428 Mean : -1.265 Mean : -2.084 Mean :-12.20   
## 3rd Qu.: 0.075 3rd Qu.: 2.575 3rd Qu.: 2.931 3rd Qu.: 5.45   
## Max. : 4.060 Max. : 16.720 Max. : 17.240 Max. : 19.53   
## VZ\_dailyChange SIG\_dailyChange DayOfWeek Month   
## Min. :-17.933 Min. :-51.310 Length:19 Length:19   
## 1st Qu.: -7.713 1st Qu.:-18.580 Class :character Class :character   
## Median : -1.522 Median :-15.490 Mode :character Mode :character   
## Mean : -2.523 Mean : -3.959   
## 3rd Qu.: 1.765 3rd Qu.: 15.620   
## Max. : 9.990 Max. : 42.810   
## Year UE\_monthlyRate dayOfMonth DOW\_Daily\_Close  
## Min. :2007 Min. : 3.6 Min. :1.000 Min. : 6763   
## 1st Qu.:2008 1st Qu.: 5.7 1st Qu.:1.000 1st Qu.: 9415   
## Median :2009 Median : 6.7 Median :1.000 Median :12290   
## Mean :2011 Mean : 6.9 Mean :1.789 Mean :12912   
## 3rd Qu.:2014 3rd Qu.: 8.1 3rd Qu.:3.000 3rd Qu.:14973   
## Max. :2019 Max. :10.0 Max. :3.000 Max. :26573   
## DOW\_Daily\_Volume DOW\_Daily\_Change lastMonth\_UE\_rate  
## Min. : 75630000 Min. :-679.95 Min. :3.500   
## 1st Qu.:131975000 1st Qu.:-241.33 1st Qu.:5.550   
## Median :199090000 Median : -59.98 Median :6.500   
## Mean :213377895 Mean :-147.22 Mean :6.668   
## 3rd Qu.:263550000 3rd Qu.: -23.12 3rd Qu.:7.750   
## Max. :568670000 Max. : -5.18 Max. :9.800   
## increasingMonthly\_UE\_rate  
## Min. :1   
## 1st Qu.:1   
## Median :1   
## Mean :1   
## 3rd Qu.:1   
## Max. :1

From the above subset of stock daily changes during a time of increasing monthly unemployment rate and decreasing DOW daily value, there are only three stocks that all had increasing daily median and mean values for those time periods: TEVA, WMT, and AAP. There are some stocks that only had median increasing values: HD, XOM, FFIN, GOOG, COST, AMZN, ADDY, PCG, ROST, JNJ, NFLX, DLTR, TJX, and NKE. One stock only had an increasing daily change mean value but not median value: HRB.

Lets look at these stocks that increased during decreasing public outlook on economy assumed from decreasing DOW value (losses in investments/future/retirement) and increasing unemployment (more people not working) from month before.

stocksGood <- subset(stockNames, stockNames$stock == 'TEVA' |  
 stockNames$stock == 'WMT'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'AAP'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'HD'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'XOM'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'FFIN'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'GOOG'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'COST'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'AMZN'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'ADDY'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'PCG'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'ROST'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'JNJ'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'NFLX'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'DLTR'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'TJX'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'NKE'|  
 stockNames$stock == 'HRB')  
stocksGood$stockInfo

## [1] The Home Depot, Inc. (HD)\nNYSE - NYSE Delayed Price. Currency in USD   
## [2] Exxon Mobil Corporation (XOM)\nNYSE - NYSE Delayed Price. Currency in USD   
## [3] Teva Pharmaceutical Industries Limited (TEVA)\nNYSE - NYSE Delayed Price. Currency in USD   
## [4] First Financial Bankshares, Inc. (FFIN)\nNasdaqGS - NasdaqGS Real Time Price. Currency in USD  
## [5] Alphabet Inc. (GOOG)\nNasdaqGS - NasdaqGS Real Time Price. Currency in USD   
## [6] Costco Wholesale Corporation (COST)\nNasdaqGS - NasdaqGS Real Time Price. Currency in USD   
## [7] PG&E Corporation (PCG)\nNYSE - NYSE Delayed Price. Currency in USD   
## [8] Dollar Tree, Inc. (DLTR)\nNasdaqGS - NasdaqGS Real Time Price. Currency in USD   
## [9] NIKE, Inc. (NKE)\nNYSE - NYSE Delayed Price. Currency in USD   
## [10] Amazon.com, Inc. (AMZN)\nNasdaqGS - NasdaqGS Real Time Price. Currency in USD   
## [11] Ross Stores, Inc. (ROST)\nNasdaqGS - NasdaqGS Real Time Price. Currency in USD   
## [12] Walmart Inc. (WMT)\nNYSE - NYSE Delayed Price. Currency in USD   
## [13] The TJX Companies, Inc. (TJX)\nNYSE - NYSE Delayed Price. Currency in USD   
## [14] Johnson & Johnson (JNJ)\nNYSE - NYSE Delayed Price. Currency in USD   
## [15] H&R Block, Inc. (HRB)\nNYSE - NYSE Delayed Price. Currency in USD   
## [16] Netflix, Inc. (NFLX)\nNasdaqGS - NasdaqGS Real Time Price. Currency in USD   
## [17] Advance Auto Parts, Inc. (AAP)\nNYSE - NYSE Delayed Price. Currency in USD   
## 65 Levels: adidas AG (ADDYY)\nOther OTC - Other OTC Delayed Price. Currency in USD ...

From the above, the stocks of companies that paint a picture of Murphy’s Law where anything bad could happen does, it seems investors believe so. Auto parts, cheap department and goods, health and beauty products, Nike sports shoes for people wanting to workout and not spend money to occupy time or to predict an increase in low crime robberies (assumptions made by real person not AI), Google for job searches, Amazon because ever expanding and employing many workers, costco for middle class workers and families, Ross and TJ Maxx for low cost business/dress attire and goods, electric company, fuel, home improvement/repair stores, and low cost movie entertainment at home.