#### 6.3 Seštevanje in odštevanje ulomkov

# Seštevanje ulomkov

Ulomke seštevamo tako, da jih razširimo na skupni imenovalec, nato seštejemo števce, imenovalce pa prepišemo.

$$\frac{x}{y} + \frac{z}{w} = \frac{xw}{yw} + \frac{yz}{yw} = \frac{xw + yz}{yw}; \quad x, z \in \mathbb{Z} \land y, w \in \mathbb{Z} \backslash \{0\}$$

# Odštevanje ulomkov

Ulomke **odštevamo** tako, da prištejemo nasprotni ulomek.

$$\frac{x}{y} - \frac{z}{w} = \frac{x}{y} + \left(-\frac{z}{w}\right) = \frac{xw}{yw} + \frac{-yz}{yw} = \frac{xw - yz}{yw}; \quad x, z \in \mathbb{Z} \land y, w \in \mathbb{Z} \backslash \{0\}$$

Naloga 6.12. Izračunajte.

Naloga 6.13. Izračunajte.

- $\left(\frac{2}{3} 2\frac{1}{4}\right) + \frac{1}{12}$   $\frac{2}{7} \frac{3}{4} + \left(\frac{1}{2} 2\right)$   $\left(\frac{2}{3} \left(\frac{1}{3} 3\right) + \frac{1}{4}\right) \frac{1}{2}$   $1 \left(2 \left(3 4 \left(5 \frac{1}{2}\right)\right) + \frac{1}{3}\right)$

Naloga 6.14. Poenostavite.

- $\frac{x}{x-1} \frac{x}{x+1}$   $\frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{4}{x^3} \frac{1}{x}$
- $\frac{3}{x^2 4x} \left(\frac{1}{x 4} + \frac{2}{x^2 5x + 4}\right)$   $\frac{2}{xy} + \frac{3}{x} \frac{2}{y}$

Naloga 6.15. Poenostavite.

- aloga 6.15. Poenostavite.  $\frac{(x-3)^2 + (x+3)^2}{x^2 + 9} \frac{3x^2}{2x^2 x^2}$   $\frac{(a-3)^3 (a-1)^3 + 26}{6a} + \left(-\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-1}$   $\frac{x^3 2x^2 x + 2}{-x(1-x) 2} \left(\frac{x-1}{x} 1\right)^{-1}$   $\left(\frac{x}{2} \left(\frac{x}{3} \left(\frac{x}{4} \frac{x}{5}\right)\right)\right) \left(\frac{60}{x}\right)^{-1}$

### Množenje ulomkov 6.4

Ulomka **množimo** tako, da števce množimo s števci, imenovalce pa množimo z imenovalci.

$$\frac{x}{v} \cdot \frac{z}{w} = \frac{xz}{vw}; \quad x, z \in \mathbb{Z} \land y, w \in \mathbb{Z} \backslash \{0\}$$

Produkt danega in njemu obratnega ulomka je enak 1.

$$\frac{x}{y} \cdot \left(\frac{x}{y}\right)^{-1} = \frac{x}{y} \cdot \frac{y}{x} = 1$$

Naloga 6.16. Izračunajte.

• 
$$\frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{3}{7}$$
  
•  $\frac{-2}{13} \cdot \left(-\frac{39}{4}\right)$ 

• 
$$\frac{2}{5} \cdot \frac{4}{9}$$

• 
$$2\frac{1}{3} \cdot 3\frac{3}{4}$$

• 
$$\frac{-3}{5} \cdot 4^{\frac{7}{2}}$$

• 
$$3 \cdot \frac{2}{3}$$

Naloga 6.17. Poenostavite.

• 
$$\frac{x^2-9}{x^2+3x+9}$$
 •  $\frac{x^3-27}{x^2-6x+9}$ 

• 
$$\frac{x^2+5x}{-x+2}$$
 •  $\frac{2x^2-8}{x^2+7x+10}$ 

$$\begin{array}{l} \bullet \quad \frac{x^2 - 9}{x^2 + 3x + 9} \cdot \frac{x^3 - 27}{x^2 - 6x + 9} \\ \bullet \quad \frac{x^2 + 5x}{-x + 2} \cdot \frac{2x^2 - 8}{x^2 + 7x + 10} \\ \bullet \quad \frac{x^3 - 4x^2 - 4x + 16}{2x + 4} \cdot \frac{6x}{3x - 6} \\ \bullet \quad 2 \cdot \frac{x}{x - 1} \cdot \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 + x} \end{array}$$

$$\bullet \quad 2 \cdot \frac{x}{x-1} \cdot \frac{x^2-1}{x^2+x}$$

**Naloga 6.18.** *Poenostavite.*  
• 
$$\frac{x^2-4}{x^2-1} \cdot \frac{x^3-1}{x^3+x^2+x} \cdot \frac{x^2+x}{2-x}$$

• 
$$\left(\frac{6-x}{x^2+6x} - \frac{x}{36-x^2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{2x-6}{x^2+6x}\right)^{-1} + \frac{x}{6-x}$$

• 
$$\left(xy + y^2 - \frac{xy + y^2}{3xy - 3x^2}\right) \cdot \left(\frac{x+y}{3x}\right)^{-1} - \left(-\frac{y-x}{y}\right)^{-1}$$

#### Deljenje ulomkov 6.5

Ulomek delimo z neničelnim ulomkom tako, da prvi ulomek množimo z obratno vrednostjo drugega ulomka.

$$\frac{x}{y}: \frac{z}{w} = \frac{x}{y} \cdot \left(\frac{z}{w}\right)^{-1} = \frac{x}{y} \cdot \frac{w}{z} = \frac{xw}{yz}; \quad x \in \mathbb{Z} \land y, z, w \in \mathbb{Z} \backslash \{0\}$$

Deljenje ulomkov lahko zapišemo kot dvojni ulomek.

$$\frac{x}{y}:\frac{z}{w}=\frac{\frac{x}{y}}{\frac{z}{w}};\quad x\in\mathbb{Z}\wedge y, z,w\in\mathbb{Z}\backslash\{0\}$$

Naloga 6.19. Izračunajte.

Naloga 6.20. Izračunajte.

$$\bullet \quad \frac{\frac{3}{5}}{-2}$$

• 
$$\frac{-\frac{1}{2}}{2-1}$$

Naloga 6.21. Poenostavite. •  $\frac{x^2+x-6}{x+2}$  : (x-2)•  $\frac{x-1}{2x^2-4x}$  :  $\frac{x^2}{x-2}$ • x :  $\frac{x^2+x}{x^3+1}$ 

• 
$$\frac{x^2+x-6}{x+2}:(x-2)$$

• 
$$\frac{x-1}{2x^2-4x}$$
 :  $\frac{x^2}{x-2}$ 

• 
$$x: \frac{x^2+x}{x^3+1}$$

Naloga 6.22. Poenostavite.

• 
$$\frac{x-1}{x^2+4}$$
 :  $\frac{1-x^2}{x-2}$ 

• 
$$\frac{x-1}{x^2+4}$$
 :  $\frac{1-x^2}{x-2}$   
•  $\frac{x-2}{(x+2)-1}$  :  $\left(\frac{1}{x^2-1}\right)^{-1}$   
•  $\frac{3-x}{2-x}$  :  $\frac{x-3}{x-2}$ 

• 
$$\frac{3-x}{2-x}$$
 :  $\frac{x-3}{x-2}$