Spatial Economics - Assignment 3

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The code that was used in compiling the assignment is available on GitHub at https://github.com/gustavpirich/spatial_econ/blob/main/03_assignment/03_assignment.Rmd.

Exercise B

```
raster_Africa <- read_sf("./data/03_assignment/dataset/raster_Africa.shp")</pre>
geoconflict_main <- read_dta("./data/03_assignment/dataset/geoconflict_main.dta")</pre>
intersect_coord <- read_dta("./data/03_assignment/dataset/intersect_coord.dta")</pre>
area <- st_area(raster_Africa)</pre>
raster_Africa %>%
    mutate(area = st_area(geometry))
## Simple feature collection with 2757 features and 4 fields
## Geometry type: POLYGON
## Dimension:
                  xmin: -17.96222 ymin: -34.822 xmax: 52.03778 ymax: 38.178
## Bounding box:
## Geodetic CRS: WGS 84
## # A tibble: 2,757 x 5
##
      CELLID latitude_m longitude_
                                                                     geometry
                                                                                 area
##
       <int>
                  <dbl>
                                                                <POLYGON [°]>
                                                                                [m^2]
##
          42
                  -34.5
                               18.5 ((19.03778 -33.822, 19.03778 -34.822, 1~ 1.02e10
   1
## 2
          43
                  -34.5
                               19.5 ((20.03778 -33.822, 20.03778 -34.822, 1~ 1.02e10
## 3
                  -34.5
                               20.5 ((21.03778 -33.822, 21.03778 -34.822, 2~ 1.02e10
          44
##
   4
                  -34.5
                               21.5 ((22.03778 -33.822, 22.03778 -34.822, 2~ 1.02e10
          45
                              22.5 ((23.03778 -33.822, 23.03778 -34.822, 2~ 1.02e10
## 5
                  -34.5
          46
                              23.5 ((24.03778 -33.822, 24.03778 -34.822, 2~ 1.02e10
##
   6
          47
                  -34.5
                               24.5 ((25.03778 -33.822, 25.03778 -34.822, 2~ 1.02e10
##
   7
          48
                  -34.5
## 8
          49
                  -34.5
                               25.5 ((26.03778 -33.822, 26.03778 -34.822, 2~ 1.02e10
## 9
                  -33.5
                               17.5 ((18.03778 -32.822, 18.03778 -33.822, 1~ 1.03e10
         131
                               18.5 ((19.03778 -32.822, 19.03778 -33.822, 1~ 1.03e10
## 10
         132
                  -33.5
## # i 2,747 more rows
data <- data.frame(Cells = c("Min", "Mean", "Median", "Max"), Stats = c(min(area),</pre>
    mean(area), median(area), max(area)))
kable(data)
```

Cells	Stats
Min	9785713765 [m^2]
Mean	11698674731 [m^2]
Median	11904427037 [m^2]
Max	12364312149 [m^2]

The unit of observation are 'subnational' cells in a raster grid of 1 degree of latitude \times 1 degree longitude. At the equator this corresponds to a side length of 110 km. The areal extension of the cells varies with the latitude. If you go forther away from the equator, the area of a cell decreases.